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EDITION PETERS

No. 1900a.

# CHOPIN

## Compositionen.

(Scholtz.)

Band I.

# Fr. Chopin's

Sämmtliche

# Pianoforte-Werke.

Kritisch revidirt und mit Fingersatz versehen

von

HERRMANN SCHOLTZ.

Band I. Band II.

Band III.

Eigenthum des Verlegers.

LEIPZIG
C. F. PETERS.

152

# INHALT.

**A.** WALZER ..... Pag. 3

**B.** MAZURKAS ..... „ 55

**C.** POLONAISEN ..... „ 153

**D.** NOCTURNES ..... „ 215

1335
III 1

## Vorwort zur zweiten Auflage.

Als dem Herausgeber vor einigen Jahren von der C. F. Peters-schen Verlagshandlung in Leipzig der ehrenvolle Auftrag zu Theil wurde, die kritische Revision und Fingersatzbearbeitung sämmtlicher Clavierwerke Fr. Chopin's zu übernehmen, war er sich der Grösse der Aufgabe und der Schwierigkeiten, welche sich ihrer vollkommenen Lösung entgegenstellen, wohl bewusst; die innige Verehrung für den genialen Tondichter, sowie langjähriges und intimes Studium seiner Werke, liessen es ihm indess als künstlerische Pflicht erscheinen, der an ihn ergangenen Aufforderung Folge zu leisten.

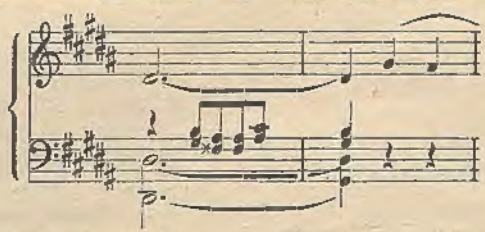
Die Hauptschwierigkeiten seiner Arbeit lagen vor Allem in der correcten Feststellung des Textes, da die vorhandenen französischen, deutschen und englischen Originalausgaben, von denen nur ältere Drucke hier in Betracht kommen, zahlreiche Fehler enthielten, welche zum grössten Theil auch in alle späteren Ausgaben, die aber für die kritische Revision keine Bedeutung haben, übergegangen sind.

Zunächst war der Herausgeber bemüht, die oben genannten Originalausgaben mit einander genau zu vergleichen. Bekanntlich hatte Chopin nach Aussage seiner Schüler die Gewohnheit, bei Herausgabe seiner Manuscripte im letzten Augenblick Aenderungen (resp. Verbesserungen) vorzunehmen, so dass sich bei einer Stelle manchmal zwei oder sogar drei Lesarten vorfinden. In solchen Fällen ist stets derjenigen der Vorzug gegeben worden, die sich durch grössere Feinheit, sei es in melodischer, harmonischer und rhythmischer Beziehung, oder in Betreff durchsichtigerer Stimmführung, auszeichnete.

Besonders erwähnenswerth sind hier folgende Stellen:

1. In der neuesten französischen Originalausgabe ist im G-dur Nocturne Op. 37 No. 2 (Edition Peters: 1900 [a], Seite 251, System 2) Takt 3 und (Edition Peters: 1904, Seite 57, System 4) Takt 4 eliminirt worden.

2. Im Gis-moll Praeludium Op. 28 No. 12 sind in der französischen Originalausgabe (Edition Peters: 1900 [b], Seite 501, System 6 und Edition Peters: 1908, Seite 19, System 6) zwischen dem vorletzten und drittletzten Takt nachstehende 2 Takte eingeschaltet:



Da sie sich aber im Autograph, welches bei der Revision vorlag, nicht finden, so sind dieselben im Text ausgelassen worden.

3. Im Finale der B moll Sonate Op. 35 (Edition Peters: 1900 [c], Seite 616, System 6, Takt 3 und Takt 1 des nächstfolgenden Systems und Edition Peters: 1909, Seite 56, System 4, Takt 2 und 3) hat Chopin die beiden obengenannten Takte, die sich aber in sämmtlichen Originalausgaben befinden, laut Angabe seiner Schüler, später eigenhändig gestrichen.

4. In der deutschen Originalausgabe der As-dur Ballade Op. 47 (Edition Peters: 1900 [b], Seite 300, System 4 und Edition Peters: 1905, Seite 31, System 4) fehlte der dritte Takt. Derselbe befindet sich aber im Autograph, welches bei der Revision dieser zweiten Auflage dem Herausgeber vorlag, wie auch in der französischen Originalausgabe. Dadurch ist jedoch nicht ausgeschlossen, dass die Lesart in der deutschen Originalausgabe nicht ebenfalls Chopin zum Urheber hat, denn die obigen Beispiele zeigen ja deutlich, dass Chopin bisweilen später Kürzungen in seinen Werken vornahm. Nach des Herausgebers Ansicht ist auch die bisherige deutsche Version durchaus gerechtfertigt, weil darin die Oberstimme grösseren melodischen Fluss und der Bass eine wirksamere Fortschreitung erhält; während für Beibehaltung der französischen Lesart lediglich die vollkommnere Symmetrie des Satzbaues sprechen dürfte.

## Preface of the second Edition.

When the Editor some years ago received from the firm of C. F. Peters, Publisher in Leipzig, the honorable commission to undertake a critical revision and fingering of the collective Pianoforte works of Fr. Chopin, he was fully conscious of the magnitude of the charge entrusted to him, and the difficulties that stood in the way of a complete fulfilment of his task; nevertheless, his warm admiration for this eminently poetic composer, as well as the intimate study of his works during many years, rendered it an artistic duty to obey the call made upon him.

The principal difficulty of his work lay above all, in establishing the correctness of the text, as the existing French, German and English editions, of which only the earlier impressions are here taken into consideration, contain numerous errors, which for the most part have passed into all the later editions, but are of no importance in a critical revision.

In the next place the Editor had to compare exactly the above mentioned original editions with each other —. As is well known, Chopin had the habit (according to the report of his pupils) of making alterations (improvements) in his manuscripts at the last moment before their publication, so that there are sometimes to be found two or even three readings of one passage. — In such cases the preference is always given to those distinguished by greater refinement, either in reference to Melody, Harmony and Rhythm, or as regards the clearer developement of the parts.

Especially deserving of mention here are the following passages:

1. In the newest French original edition in the Nocturne in g-major op. 37 No. 2 (Peters Ed. 1900 [a], page 251, stave 2), bar 3 and Peters Ed. 1904, page 57, stave 4, bar 4 is omitted.

2. In the Prelude g♯ minor, op. 28 No. 12 (Peters Ed. 1900 [b], page 501, stave 6 and Peters Ed. 1908, page 19, stave 6) the following two bars are inserted in the French original edition, between the last bar but one and the last but three:

As however these bars are not found in the Autograph, which was before the Editor, they are wanting in the text.

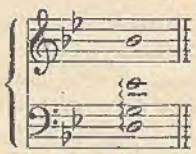
3. In the Finale of the Sonate in B-minor, op. 35 (Peters Ed. 1900 [c], page 616, stave 6, bar 3 and bar 1 of the following stave and Peters Ed. 1909, page 56, stave 4, bar 2 and 3) Chopin — as his pupils assert — later struke out with his own hand the two bars 2 and 3, which are to be found in all other original Editions.

4. In the German original Edition of the Ballad in A♭ major op. 47 (Peters Ed. 1900 [b], page 300, stave 4 and Peters Ed. 1905, page 31, stave 4) the third bar is wanting; but it exists in the French original Edition as well as in the Manuscript, which lay before the Editor at the revision of the second Edition.

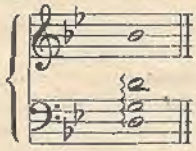
Nevertheless this does not prove Chopin not to be the author of the text of the German original Edition, for the three above examples prove that Chopin, at a later period, sometimes used abbreviations in his works.

It is the Editors opinion, that the German version hitherto used, is quite justified, because the treble has a greater flow of melody and the bass a more effective progression; whilst the sole argument in favour of the French version would be the more symmetrical construction of the movement.

5. In der französischen Originalausgabe (Edition Peters: 1900 b, Seite 279, und Edition Peters: 1905, Seite 3) lautet der siebente Takt der G-moll Ballade Op. 23:



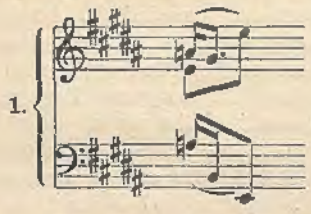
während in der deutschen Originalausgabe wie in der französischen Ausgabe von Tellefsen (Chopin's Schüler) dieser Takt folgende Gestalt hat:



für welche Lesart sich auch der Herausgeber entschied.

Ferner sind hier noch 2 Stellen aus der F-dur Etude Op. 25 No. 3 zu erwähnen, die nach des Herausgebers Ansicht auf einen in der Partie der rechten Hand befindlichen Schreibfehler Chopin's basiren.

Sämmtliche Ausgaben bringen (Edition Peters: 1900 b, Seite 448, System 4, Takt 2 und 4; Edition Peters: 1907, Seite 69, System 2, Takt 2 u. 4) folgende Lesarten auf dem ersten Viertel:




Es erscheint hier bei der ersten Stelle mit dem Vorhalt a in der linken Hand gleichzeitig die Auflösung gis in der rechten Hand; bei der zweiten der Vorhalt g mit der Auflösung fis, — eine Satzunreinheit, die Chopin vorher bei den analogen Stellen vermieden, — weshalb sich der Herausgeber zu der im Text befindlichen eigenmächtigen Verbesserung entschlossen hat.

Von Autographen dienten folgende als Vorlage:

1. 24 Praeludien, Op. 28.
2. Scherzo, E-dur, Op. 54.
3. Impromptu, Ges-dur, Op. 51.
4. 2 Notturnos, C-moll und Fis-moll, Op. 48.
5. Mazurka, F-moll, Op. 7 No. 3.
6. Skizze zur Mazurka, Op. 30 No. 4.
7. „La ci darem la mano" de l'opéra: „Don Juan," Varié Op. 2.
8. Ballade, As-dur, Op. 47.

Ausserdem erhielt der Herausgeber durch die Güte einer Schülerin Chopin's, der Frau Generalin von Heygendorf geborene von Könneritz in Dresden (Chopin dedicirte dieser Dame seine letzten beiden Notturnos Op. 62) 3 Bände seiner Compositionen, u. A. sämmtliche Notturnos in der ältesten französischen Ausgabe, in denen sich von Chopin's Hand Verbesserungen, Berichtigungen von Druckfehlern und Ergänzungen dynamischer Zeichen vorfanden, zur Durchsicht.

Ferner hatte der Herausgeber das Glück, im vorjährigen Sommer während seines Aufenthaltes in Paris, Herrn Georges Mathias (ein langjähriger Schüler von Chopin und gegenwärtig Professor am dortigen Conservatorium) kennen zu lernen, der ihn bei vielen zweifelhaften Stellen mit seinem Rath dankenswerth unterstützte.

Um den Notentext für den Spieler bequemer lesbar zu machen, war es nothwendig, alle diejenigen Stellen, welche in den bisherigen Ausgaben auf ein System zusammengedrängt waren, auf beide Systeme zu vertheilen; ferner einige in schwierigen Tonarten notirte Partien (wie z. B. eine Episode im Mittelsatze der Romanze aus dem E-moll Concert) zu enharmonisiren.

5. In the French original Edition the seventh bar of the Ballad in g-minor, Opus 23 (Peters Ed. 1900 b, page 279 and Peters Ed. 1905, page 3) is as follows:



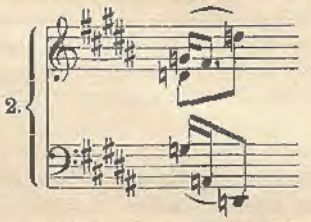
but in the German original Edition as well as in the French Edition of Tellefsen (pupil of Chopin) this same bar is as follows:



which reading has been adopted by the Editor.

Further must be mentioned two passages that occur in the Study in Fmaj. Op. 25 No. 3 which in the right hand (in the Editors opinion) have their origin in an error, or slip of the pen of Chopin himself.

In every edition (Peters Ed. 1900 b, page 448, system 4, bar 4, and Peters Ed. 1907, page 69, stave 2, bar 2 u. 4) is to be found the following reading on the 1st beat:




In the first passage there appears with the leading note A on the left hand the resolution g♯ in the right hand — the leading note g with the resolution f♯ — a piece of false writing which Chopin avoided in similar passages; on which account, the Editor has taken upon himself to make the corrections found in the text.

Of the Autographs, the following are used:

1 — 24 Préludes, Op. 28.
2 — Scherzo, Emaj., Op. 54.
3 — Impromptu, G♭maj., Op. 51.
4 — 2 Nocturnes, Cmin. F♯ min., Op. 48.
5 — Mazurka, Fmin., Op. 7 No. 3.
6 — Sketch for a Mazurka, Op. 30 No. 4.
7 — „La ci darem la mano" de l'opéra: „Don Juan," Varié Op. 2.
8 — Ballad, A♭major, Op. 47.

In addition to these, the Editor obtained through the kindness of a pupil of Chopin, the Frau General von Heygendorf, née von Könneritz of Dresden (Chopin dedicated his last two Nocturnes Op. 62 to this lady) 3 vol. of his compositions for examination, amongst others, the whole of the Nocturnes in the earliest, French edition, in which occur corrections, amendments of printers, mistakes, supplementary additions, and marks of expression in Chopins own hand.

Further, the Editor had the good fortune, during a stay in Paris, the summer before last, to make the acquaintance of Mr Georges Mathias (for many years a pupil of Chopin, and at the present time Professor in the Paris Conservatoire) who most kindly assisted him with his valuable counsel on many doubtful passages.

In order to make the text more conveniently readable for the player, it was desirable that all those passages which were crowded together upon one stave in the former edition, should be shared by both staves; and further it was expedient to harmonise some parts that are written in difficult keys; for instance: an Episode in the middle movement of the Romance, out of the E min. Concerto.

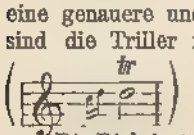
Im Interesse der leichteren Spielbarkeit ist bei polyphonen Stellen (wie z. B. im Durchführungstheil des ersten Satzes der H-moll Sonate Op. 58) zuweilen ein und dieselbe Stimme ablösend an beide Hände vertheilt worden.

Bei grösseren schwierigeren Figuren, die Chopin fast stets in Achtelnoten ausschrieb, schien eine Eintheilung in Gruppen angemessen, um die feinste rhythmische und melodische Ausführung anzudeuten.

In gewissen Sätzen, in denen die Melodietöne nicht unmittelbar dem Auge kenntlich sind, wodurch dem subjectiven Ermessen zu viel Spielraum gelassen wird (wie z. B. im Mittelsatz des H-moll Scherzo Op. 20) hielt es der Herausgeber für zweckentsprechend, die Melodienoten nach seiner Interpretation auszuschreiben.

Bezüglich der Phrasirung, die namentlich in Chopin's früheren Werken (wie z. B. in den Rondos und einem grossen Theil der Oeuvres posthumes) öfters nur skizzenhaft angedeutet ist, war es dringend geboten, detaillirender zu verfahren, da man bekanntlich in früherer Zeit auf dieses, zur klaren Darstellung des musikalischen Gedankens unerlässliche Hilfsmittel zu wenig Werth legte.

Chopin's orthographische Darstellung leidet — das werden auch seine grössten Verehrer eingestehen müssen — an manchen Schwächen. Aus diesem Grunde ist bei manchen Stellen eine genauere und übersichtlichere Notation gewählt worden. So sind die Triller mit Schleiferanfang, deren frühere Schreibweise




Anlass zu argen Missverständnissen gegeben hat, in zweifelloser Deutlichkeit dargestellt.

Die Richtigstellung dynamischer Vortragszeichen war ebenfalls ein Punkt, welcher ernstliche Erwägungen erforderte, zumal die bisherigen Ausgaben darin oft sehr divergirten; bei vielen Stellen war es sogar nothwendig, Ergänzungen hinzuzufügen, da manche Stücke sehr dürftig mit Vortragszeichen bedacht waren.

Auch die vorhandenen Pedalbezeichnungen, die von Chopin, oder durch ein Versehen des Stechers oder Correctors, ziemlich ungenau notirt sind, erschienen in vielen Fällen der Verbesserung bedürftig; ist doch der häufige Harmoniewechsel eine hervortretende Styl-Eigenthümlichkeit Chopin's.

Betreffs der Applicatur, welche der Herausgeber als den Schwerpunkt seiner Arbeit betrachtet, insofern dadurch die Ausgabe ein gewisses instructives Gepräge erhält, diente ihm die epochemachende Methode seines hochverehrten Lehrers, Herrn Dr. Hans von Bülow, zur Richtschnur. Namentlich ist den Verzierungen, die bei Chopin eine so bedeutende Rolle spielen, die eingehendste Aufmerksamkeit gewidmet. Dabei ist das Princip des Fingerwechsels für repetirende Töne stets consequent durchgeführt worden und zwar nicht nur, wenn die Repetitionen sich unmittelbar folgen, sondern auch dann, wenn ein oder mehrere andere Töne dazwischen treten. So ist z. B. der Pralltriller stets mit drei Fingern bezeichnet worden, weil nur dadurch eine glatte Ausführung gewährleistet wird. Denn falls ein und derselbe Finger für die erste und letzte Note desselben genommen wird, so muss die letztere nothwendigerweise unter dem Gesetze der Trägheit leiden, welches dem niederfallenden Finger nicht gestattet, schnell genug seine Taste zu verlassen, um sie erneut mit der erforderlichen Deutlichkeit und Leichtigkeit anschlagen zu können. Dieses physische Gesetz äussert aber bei allen ähnlichen schnellen Figuren (Doppelschlag, Schleifer und Doppelschlag, wie Arpeggio mit repetirter Anfangsnote) seinen hemmenden Einfluss, und dieser ist nur dadurch unwirksam zu machen, dass man bei solchen Tonfolgen einen Fingerwechsel für die sich repetirenden Töne herbeiführt. Dadurch allein wird eine virtuose Ausführung gesichert und einer vorzeitigen Ermüdung der Finger resp. der Hand vorgebeugt.

Eignes Studium, sowie vielfache Erfahrungen der Lehrpraxis haben den Herausgeber überzeugt, dass aus der consequenten Befolgung der hier ausgesprochenen Principien sich überraschende Vortheile und Feinheiten für das technische Gelingen gewinnen lassen.

With the view of promoting an easier execution of the polyphonic passages (as for instance, in the working out of the 1st movement of the B min. Sonata, Op. 58), one and the same theme is often shared alternately by both hands.

In passages of greater difficulty which Chopin almost always wrote in quavers, a division into groups appeared desirable in order to mark more clearly the means to secure the most refined, melodious, and rhythmical performance.

In certain movements in which the eye does not immediately recognise the notes of the melody, whereby too much scope is given to the players own fancy (for example in the middle movement of B min. Scherzo Op. 20) the Editor has deemed it suitable for attaining the object in view, to write the notes of the melody according to his own interpretation.

In reference to the phrasing, which in Chopins earlier works, namely the Rondos and the greater part of his „Posthumous works" was often merely sketched, it was urgently necessary to go into fuller detail, because in former times, as is well known, too little value was set upon this indispensable means of assistance to the clear interpretation of musical thought.

Chopin's orthography suffered — as even his most ardent admirers must confess — from many weaknesses. On this account a more exact and careful notation has been chosen. — Thus, the shake, commencing with an appoggiatura, which through the former method of writing gave rise to serious misunderstanding, is now represented with a clearness that cannot be mistaken.

The proper arrangement of the marks of Expression as directions for the style of performance was also a point demanding earnest consideration, in as much as the former editions varied widely in this matter; in many places, it was even necessary to make additions, as a number of pieces were very sparingly supplied with Signs for effective performance. Also the Pedal Signs, which either by Chopin, or through the inadvertence of the engraver or corrector are very indistinctly indicated, appeared in many cases to need improvement. The continual change in the harmony, is indeed a striking peculiarity, in Chopin's style.

As regards the fingering, which the Editor looks upon as the most important point in his work, as this edition receives through it a certain instructive stamp, he has adopted the renowned method of his highly venerated teacher Dr. Hans v. Bülow, as his model. To the embellishments specially, which by Chopin play such a considerable part, he has devoted the most scrupulous attention and thereby strictly carried out the principle of the change of finger on repeated notes, and indeed, not only when the repetitions follow close upon each other, but also when one or more notes intervene between them.

Thus for example, the transient shake (𝆖) is always marked with three fingers, because only by the employment of these means can a smooth execution be effected; for in case one and the same finger should be used for the first and last note, the last would of necessity suffer under the natural law of inertness, which will not allow the falling finger to quit its note with sufficient rapidity to enable it to strike again with renewed clearness and lightness. This physical law however, exercises its repressive influence in all similar embellishments — the Turn, Ascending Turn and Double Beat, as well as the Arpeggio with the first note repeated, — and can only be effectually met by a change of finger on the repeating notes. Through this means alone can the highest excellence in execution be assured, and a premature weariness of the fingers and hand avoided.

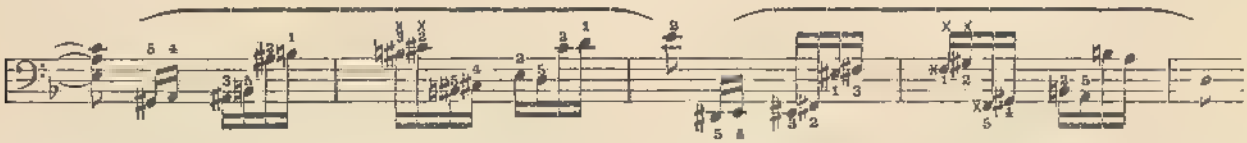
The Editor is convinced, by his own study, as well as through an extensive experience in teaching, that the strict observance of the principle here inculcated will lead to the most surprising results as an adjunct to the attainment of technical refinement.

Was die theilweise von Chopin selbst angegebenen Fingersätze betrifft, so konnten dieselben nicht in allen Fällen adoptirt werden, da sich die Kunst des Fingersatzes in den letzten Decennien — Dank den eifrigen Bestrebungen Liszt's, Bülow's, Tausig's und Kroll's — in hohem Grade vervollkommnet hat. Dies betrifft namentlich den häufigen Gebrauch des Daumens auf Obertasten.

Bei den 4 nachfolgenden Takten aus dem Krakowiak (Edition Peters: 1900 c, Seite 832, System 6; und Edition Peters: 1912, Seite 66, System 1)

The fingering, which Chopin himself has marked here and there, cannot be adopted in all cases, as the Art of fingering, during the last decade — thanks to the zealous endeavours of Liszt, Bülow, Tausig and Kroll — has reached a high degree of perfection. This has especial reference to the frequent use of the thumb on the black keys.

In the following 4 bars, in the Krakoviak (Peters Edition 1900 c, page 832, stave 6, and Peters Edition 1912, page 66, stave 1)




liesse sich bei den mit * bezeichneten Stellen mit der linken Hand ein feines Legato mit dem angegebenen Fingersatze Chopins kaum erzielen. Andererseits ist nicht zu läugnen, dass schon Chopin das Verdienst gebührt, für consequente Figuren consequente Fingersätze durchgeführt zu haben, um auf diese Weise eine ruhigere Handhaltung und daraus resultirend eine grössere Glätte des Spiels zu erreichen.

Wenn diese Ausgabe dazu beitragen sollte, auch den weniger bekannten, zum Theil technisch schwierigen Werken des Meisters die durchaus verdiente Popularität zu gewinnen, so würde der Herausgeber dies als die schönste Frucht seiner mehrjährigen Arbeit betrachten.

it is almost impossible to effect a fine Legato in the left hand with the fingering marked by Chopin. It cannot be denied, on the other side, that Chopin had the merit of determining a certain fingering for certain passages, in order, by means of a steadier position of the hand, to secure a more complete smoothness of execution.

If this Edition should help to win for the less known, technically difficult works of the master the popularity they deserve, the Editor will consider this success as the happiest fruit of his many years' labour.

**Herrmann Scholtz.** **Herrmann Scholtz.**

# Eintheilung der beiden Chopin-Ausgaben.

## Ausgabe in 3 Bänden: Edition Peters 1900 a—c.

Band I. 1900a:
Walzer, Mazurkas, Polonaisen, Nocturnes.

Band II. 1900b:
Balladen, Impromptus, Scherzos, F-moll Fantasie, Etuden, Präludien, Rondos.

Band III. 1900c:
Sonaten, Diverse Stücke, (Berceuse, Barcarolle, Bolero, Tarantelle, Allegro de Concert, Variations brillantes op. 12, Variations sur un air allemand op. posth., Marche funèbre op. posth., 3 Ecossaises), Concerte, Concertstücke (Là ci darem la mano, Fantaisie sur des airs polonais, Krakowiak, Grande Polonaise op. 22.)

## Ausgabe in 12 Bänden: Edition Peters 1901—12.

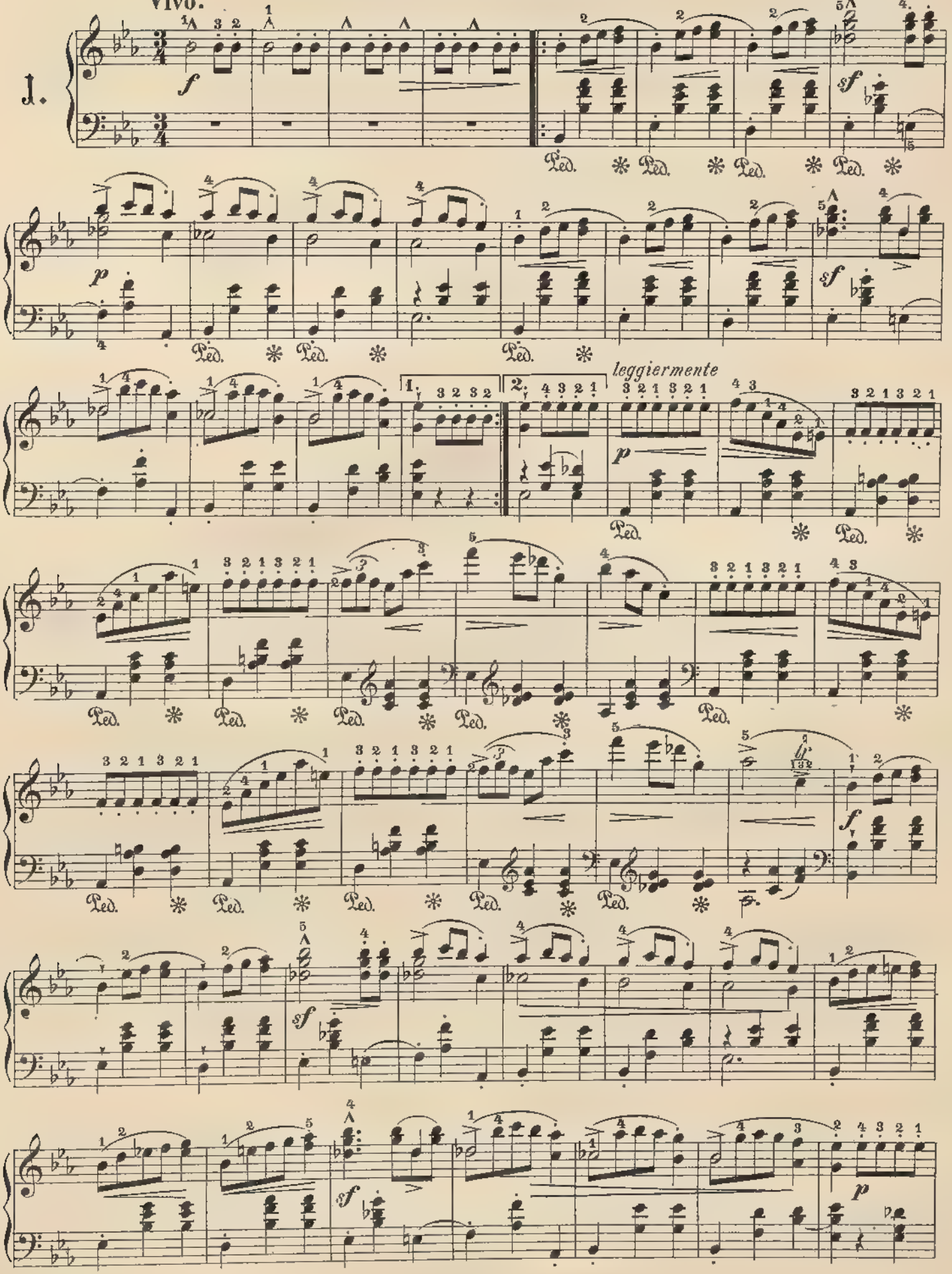
Band I. 1901: Walzer.
„ II. 1902: Mazurkas.
„ III. 1903: Polonaisen.
„ IV. 1904: Nocturnes.
„ V. 1905: Balladen und Impromptus.
„ VI. 1906: Scherzos u. F-moll Fantasie.
Band VII. 1907: Etuden.
„ VIII. 1908: Präludien und Rondos.
„ IX. 1909: Sonaten.
„ X. 1910: Diverse Stücke (Berceuse, Barcarolle, Bolero, Tarantelle, Allegro de Concert, Variations brillantes op. 12, Variat. sur un air allemand op. posth., Marche funèbre op. posth., 3 Ecossaises).
Band XI. 1911: Concerte.
„ XII. 1912: Concertstücke (Là ci darem la mano, Fantaisie sur des airs polonais, Krakowiak, Grande Polonaise op. 22).

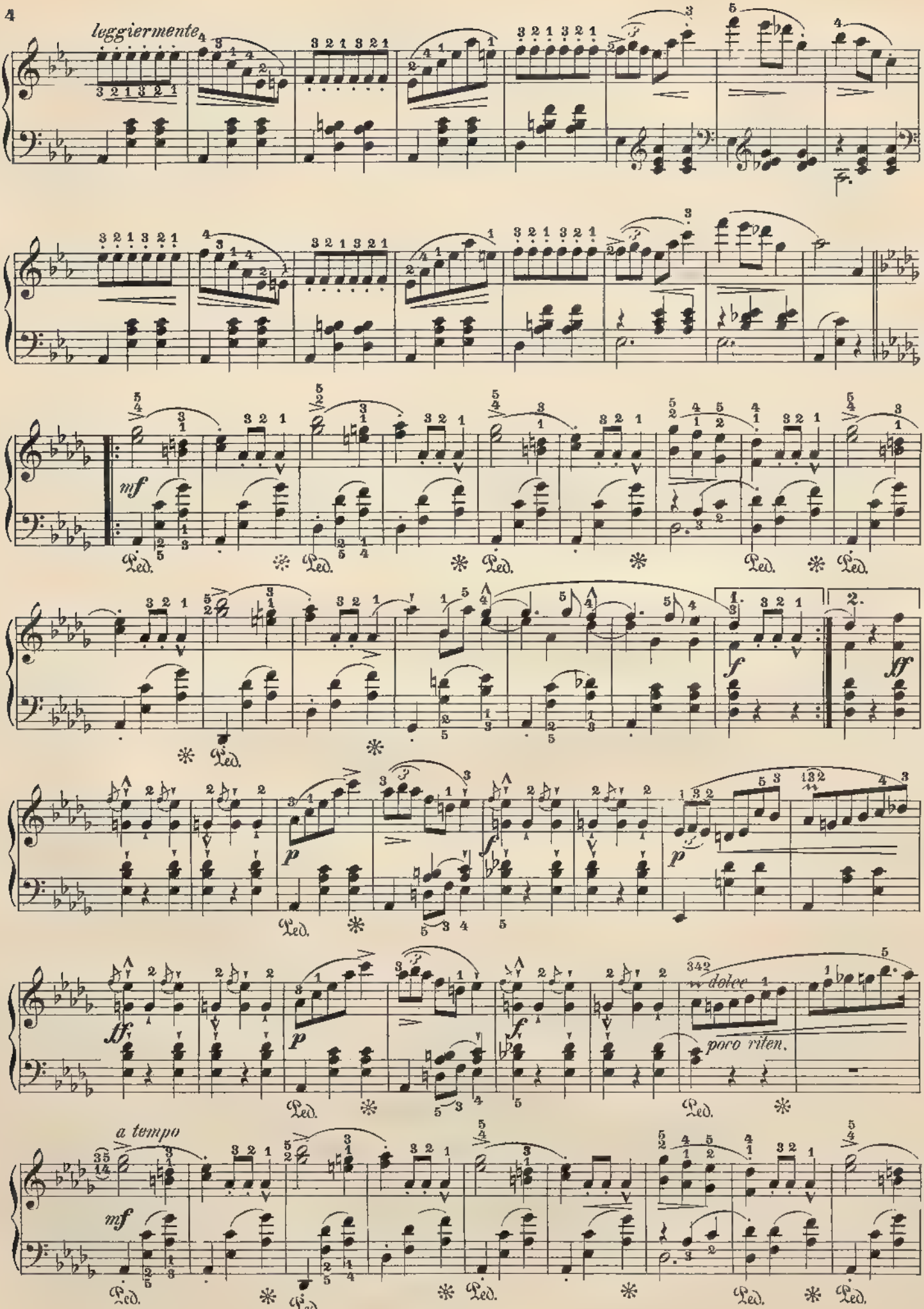
Der Vertrieb der nachgelassenen Werke von Chopin in England geschieht mit Genehmigung des Eigenthümers Herrn Robert Lienau in Berlin.

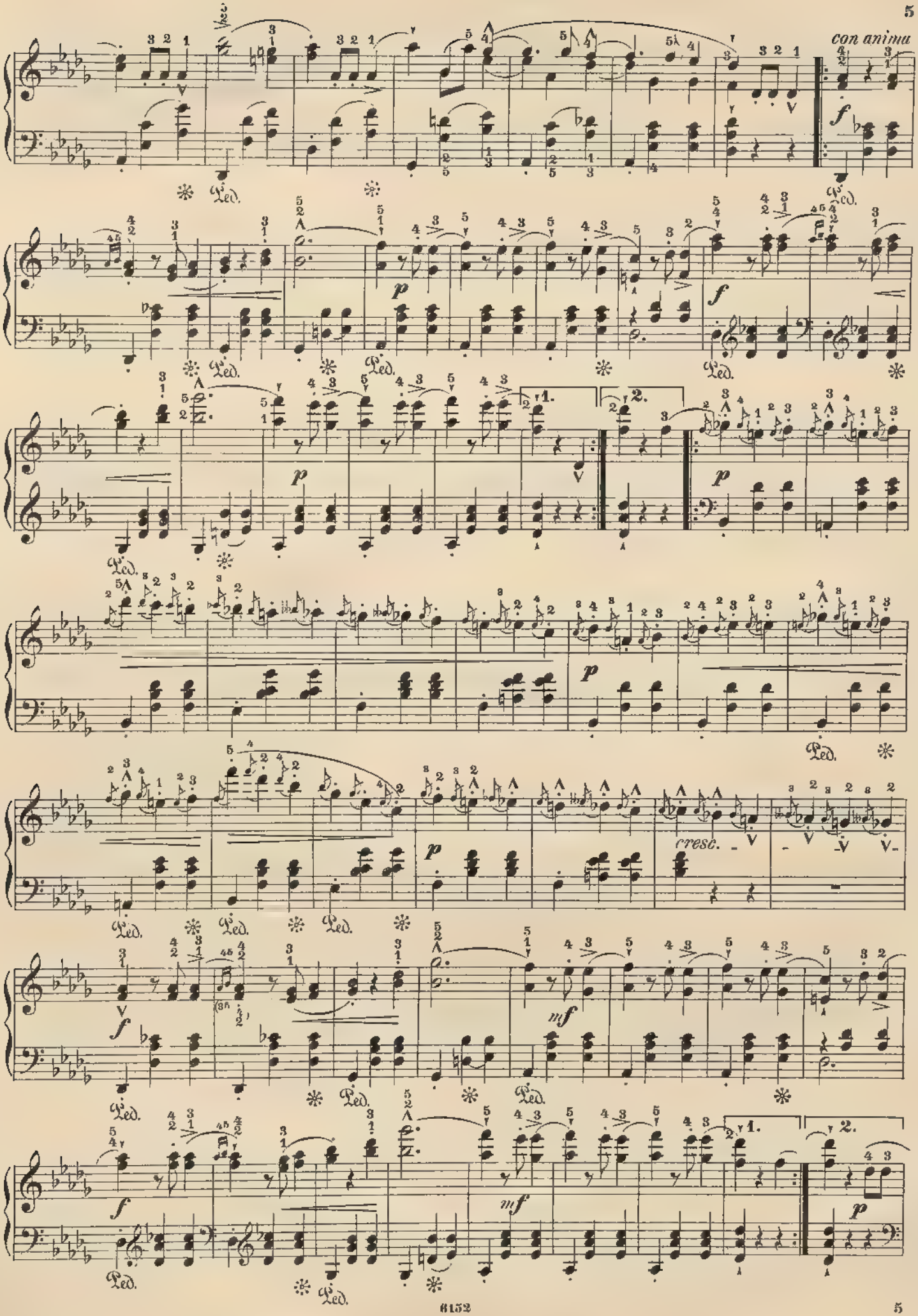
# Grande Valse brillante.

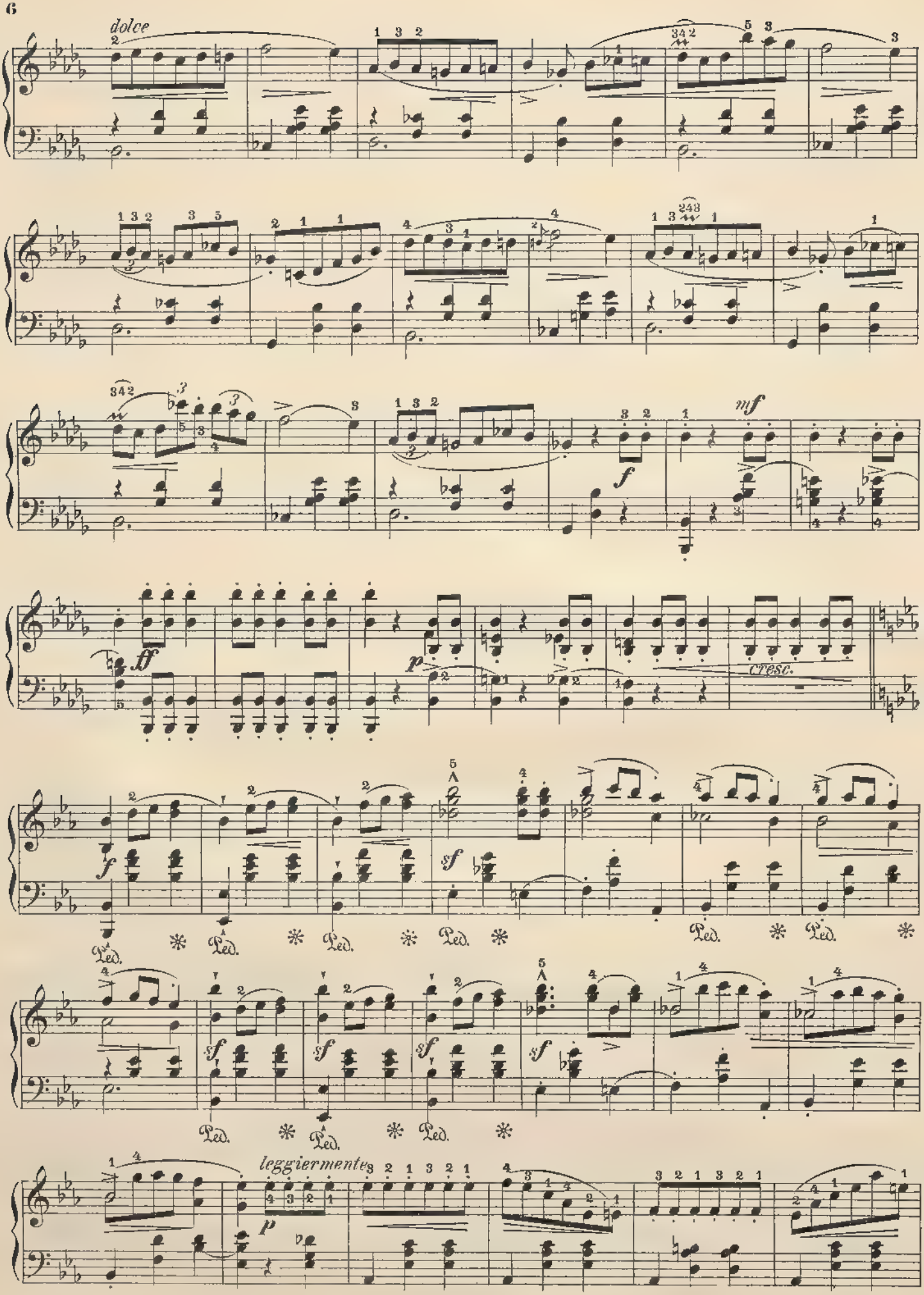
Chopin, Op. 18.

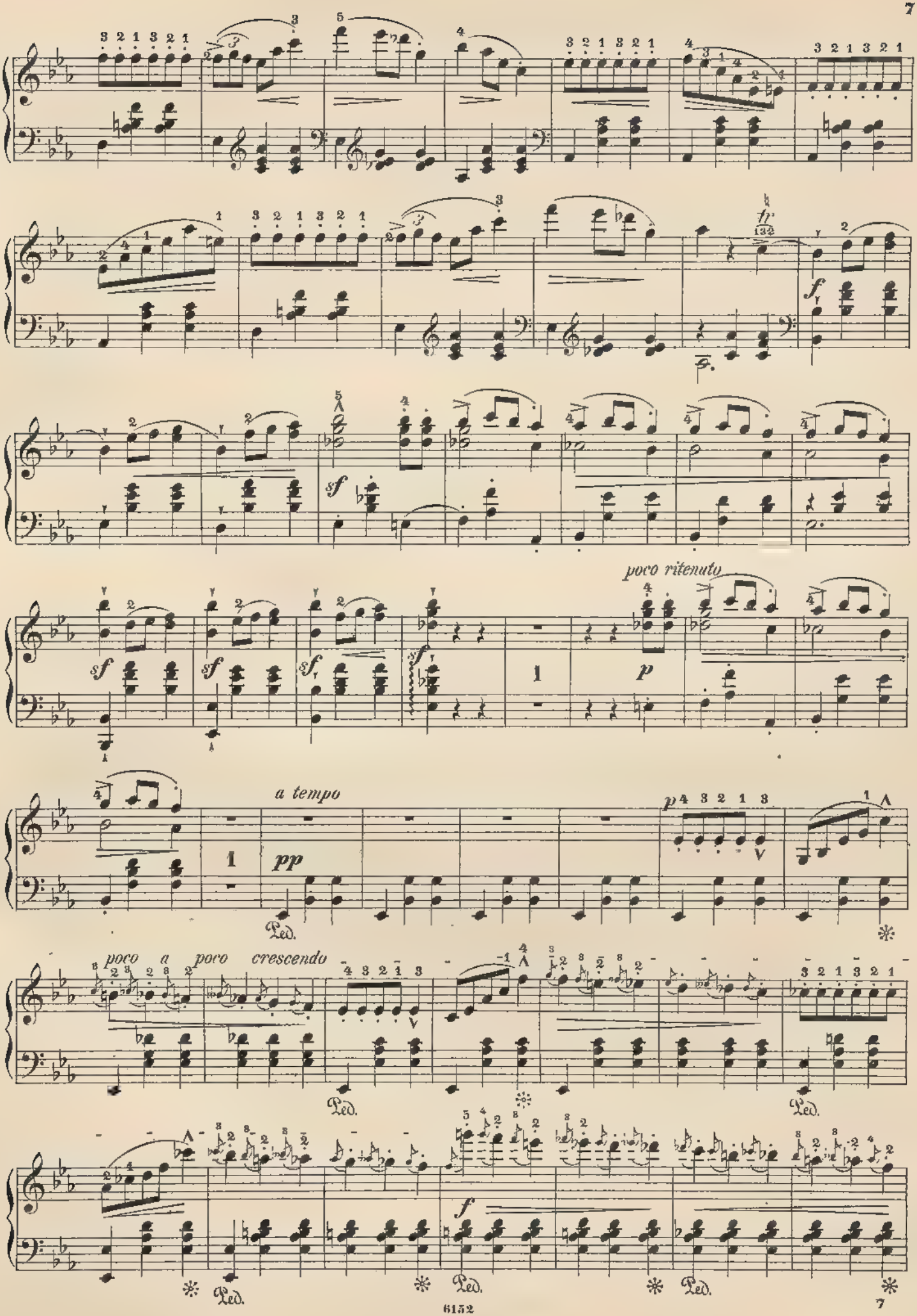
Vivo.

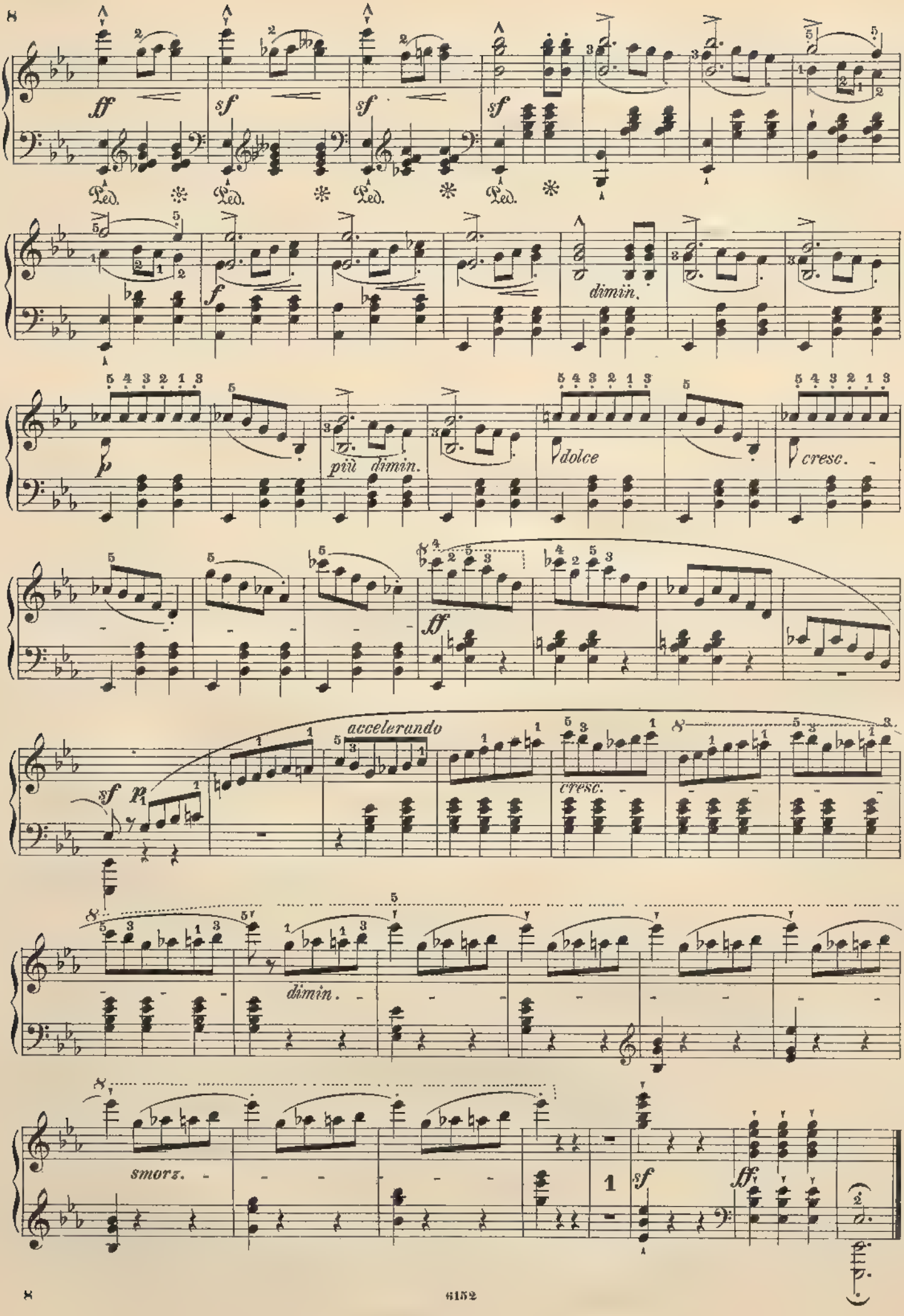



leggiermente
mf
f
ff
p
f
p
ff
dolce
poco riten.
a tempo
mf
Ped.


con anima
f
Ped.
p
1.
2.
cresc.
mf


dolce
mf
f
ff
p
cresc.
sf
Ped.
leggiermente

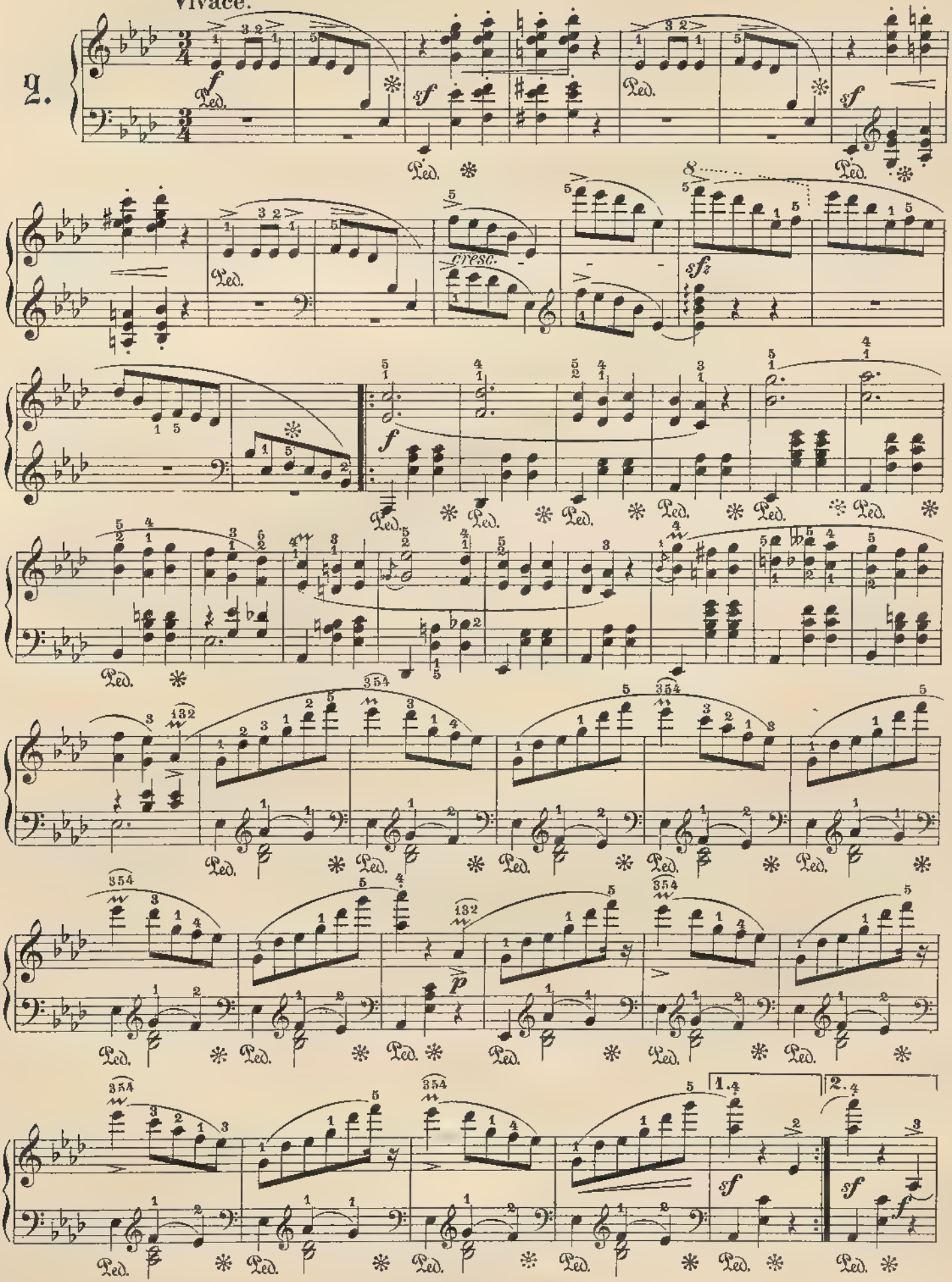

fz
132
sf
poco ritenuto
p
a tempo
pp
poco a poco crescendo
Ped.
f

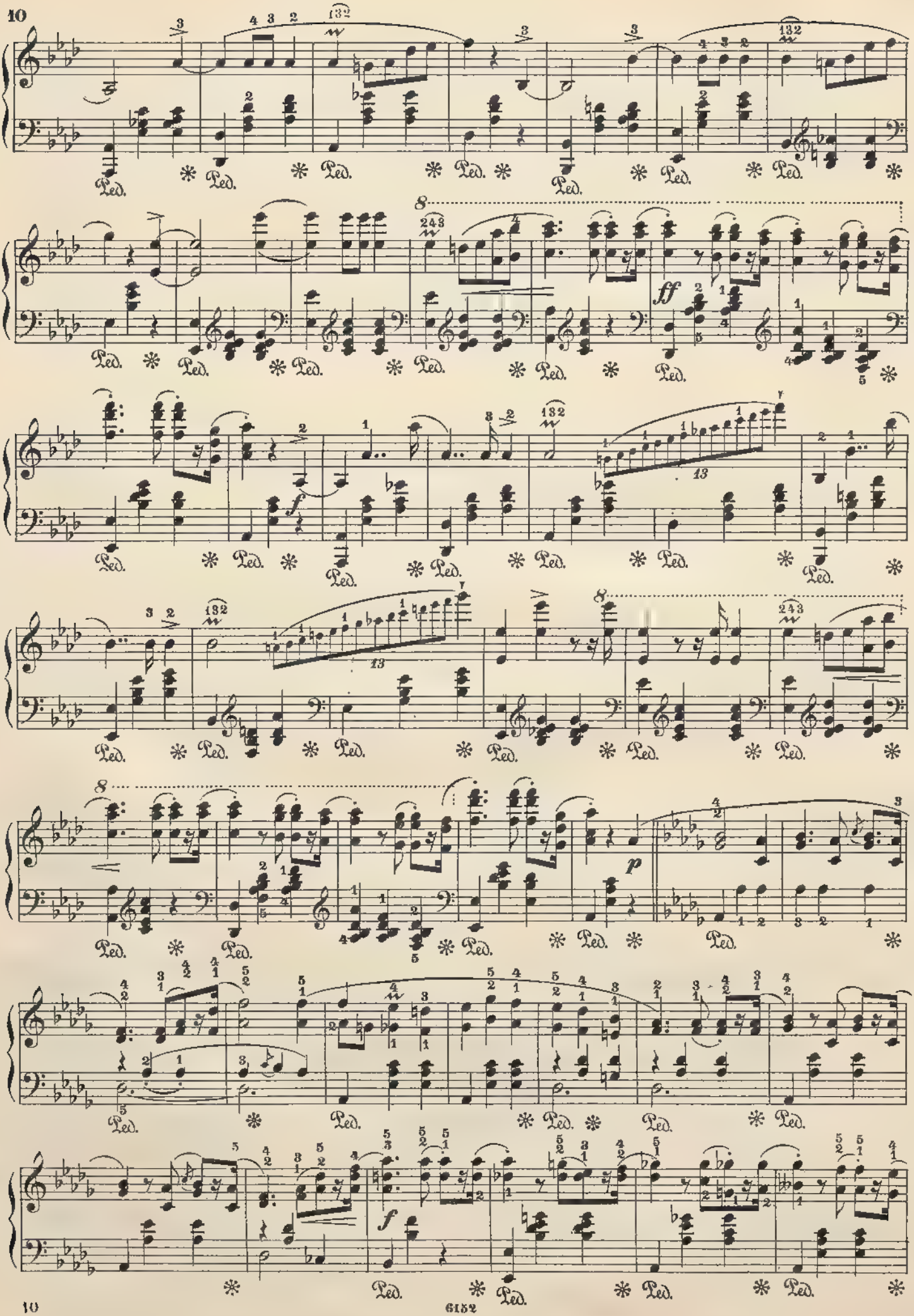

8
fff
sf
sf
sf
Ped.
Ped.
Ped.
Ped.
f
dimin.
più dimin.
dolce
cresc.
sf
accelerando
sf
cresc.
dimin.
smorz.
1
sf
fff
8
6152

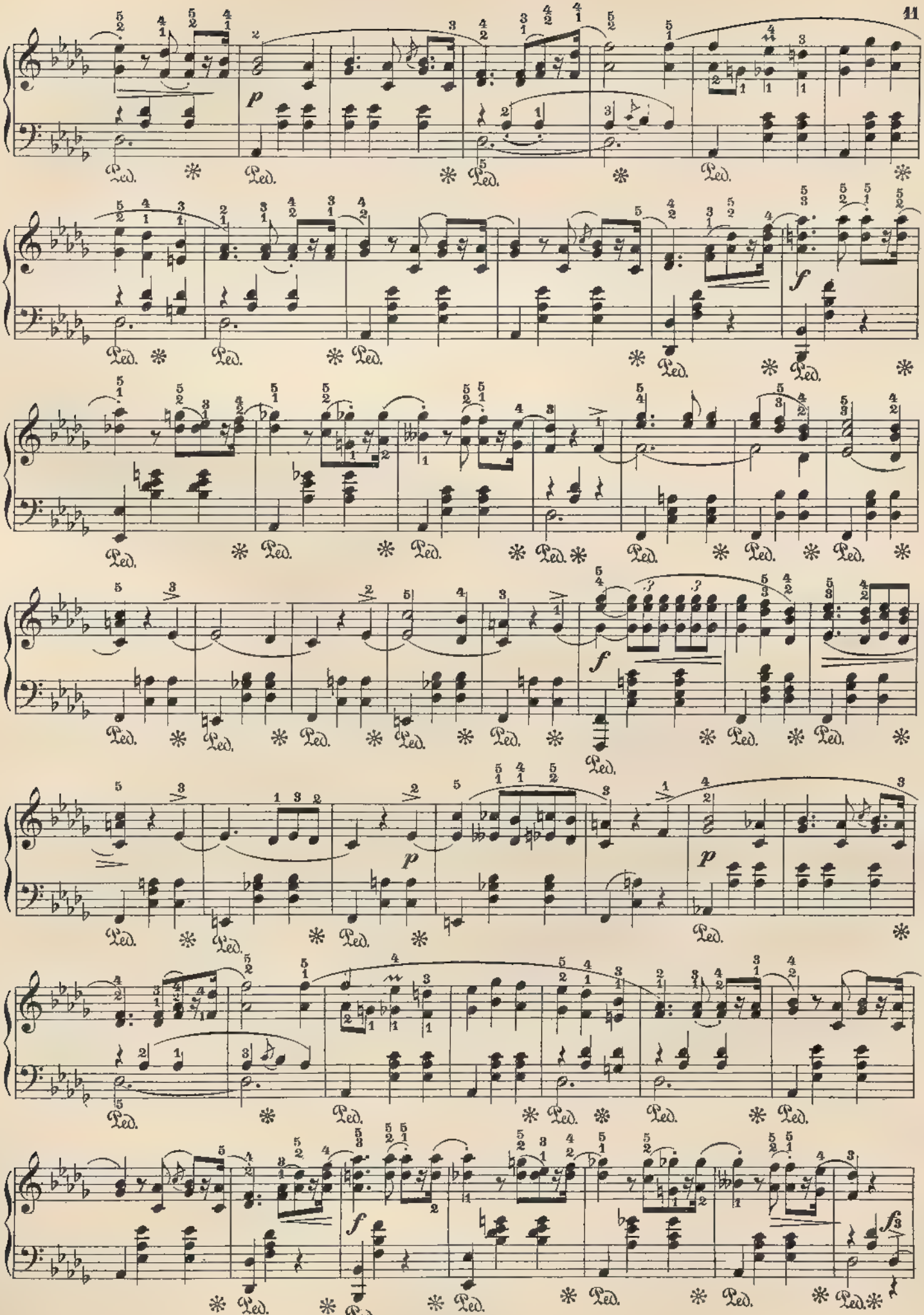
# Valse brillante.

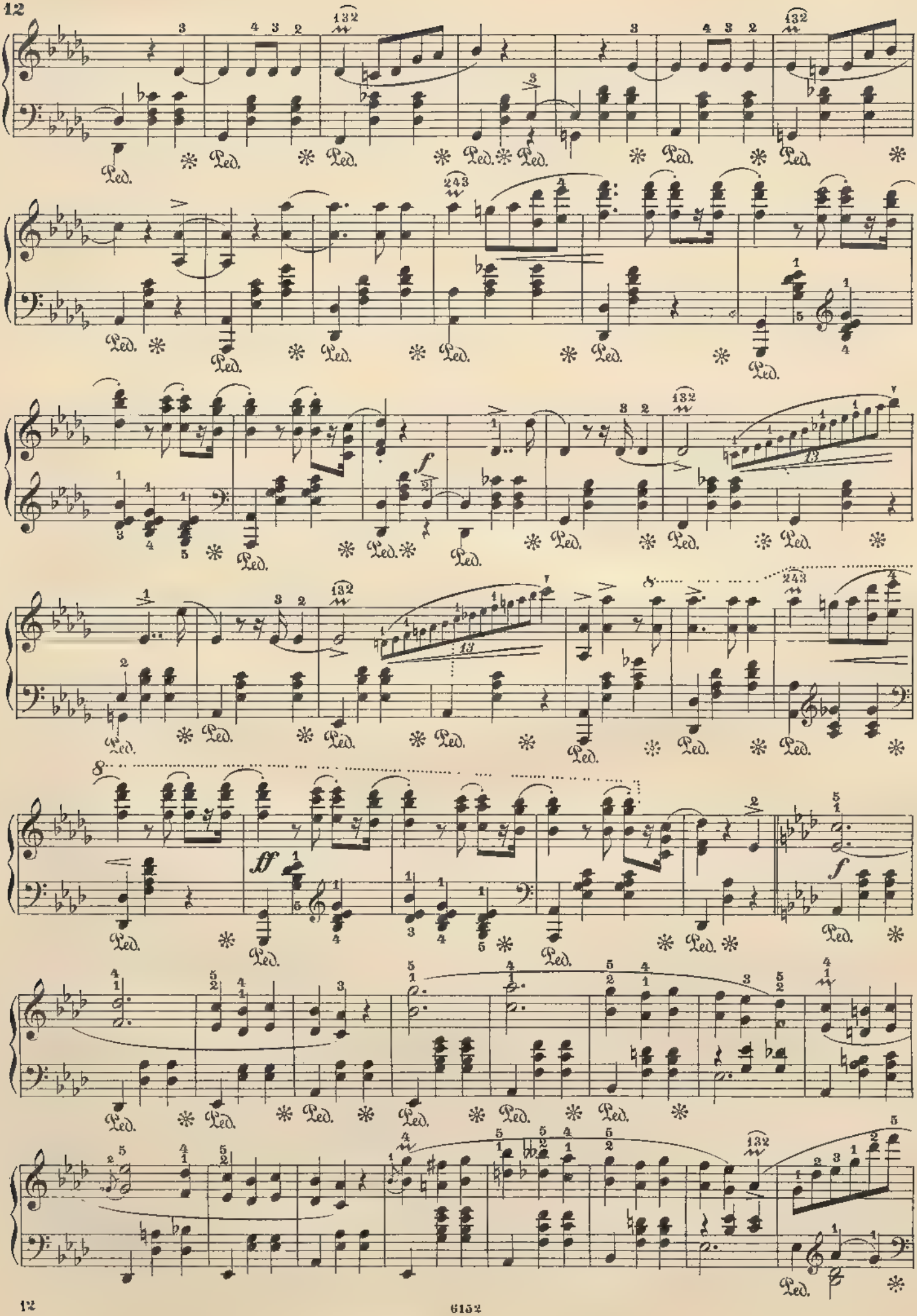
Opus 34, № 1.

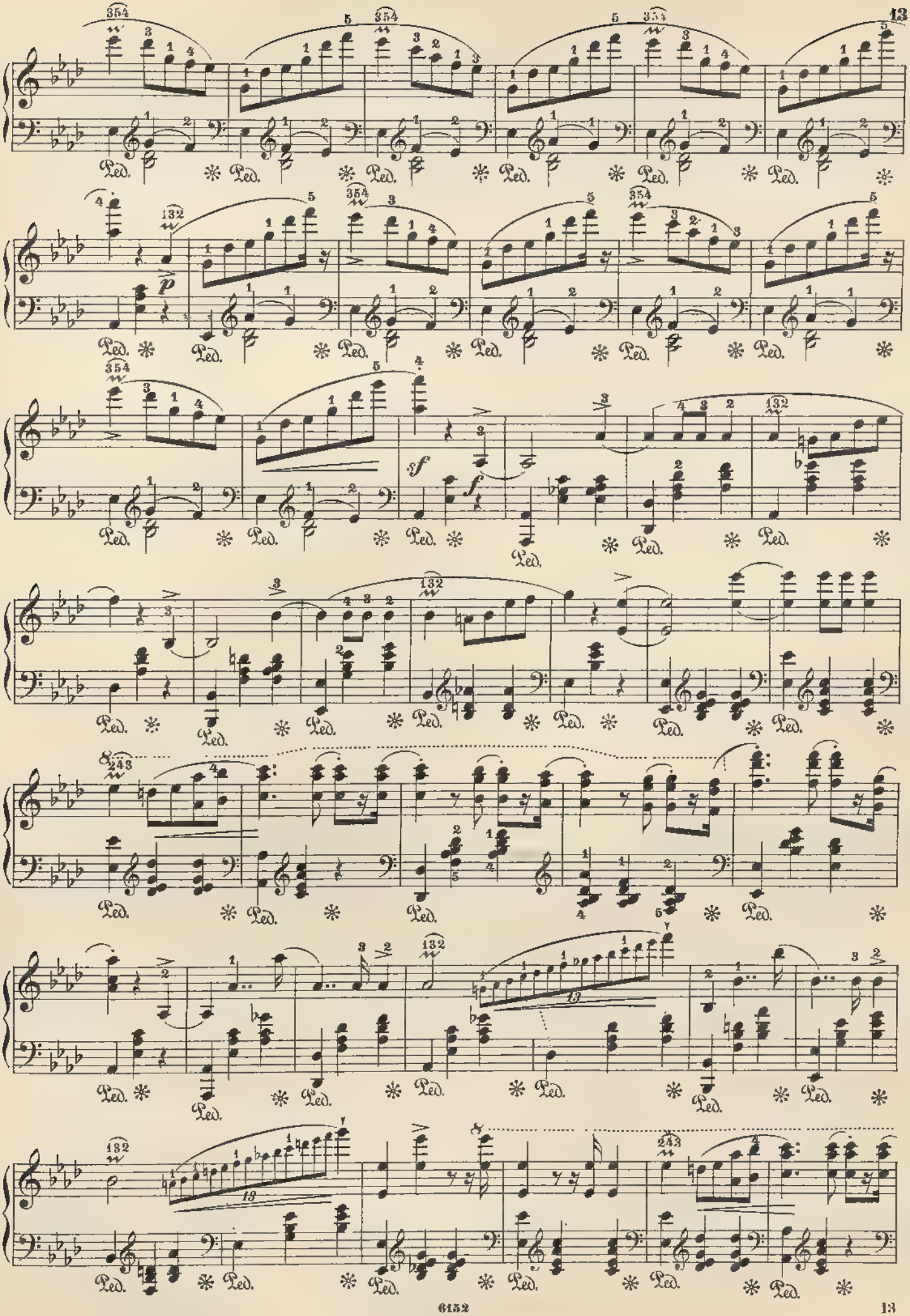
Vivace.

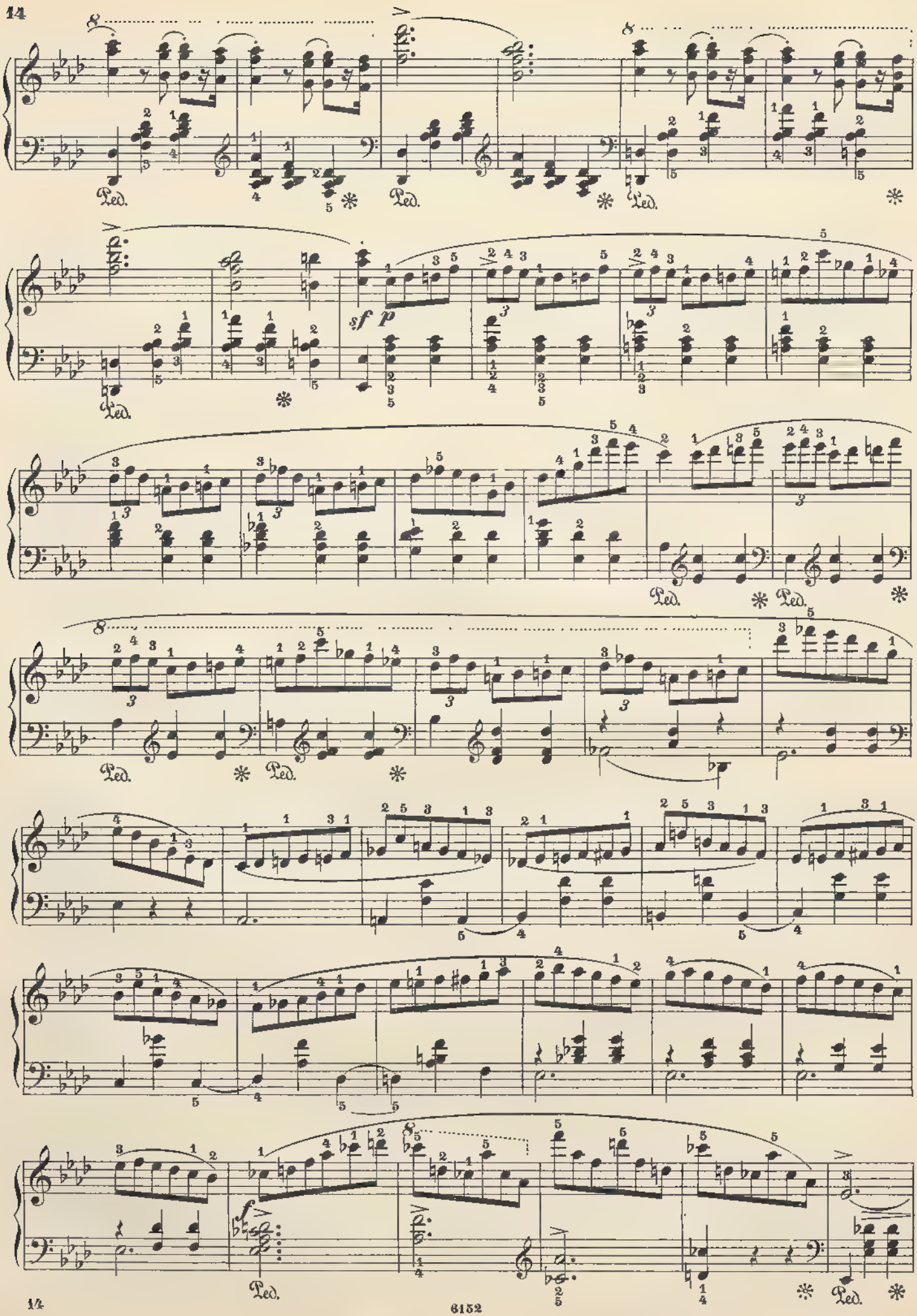


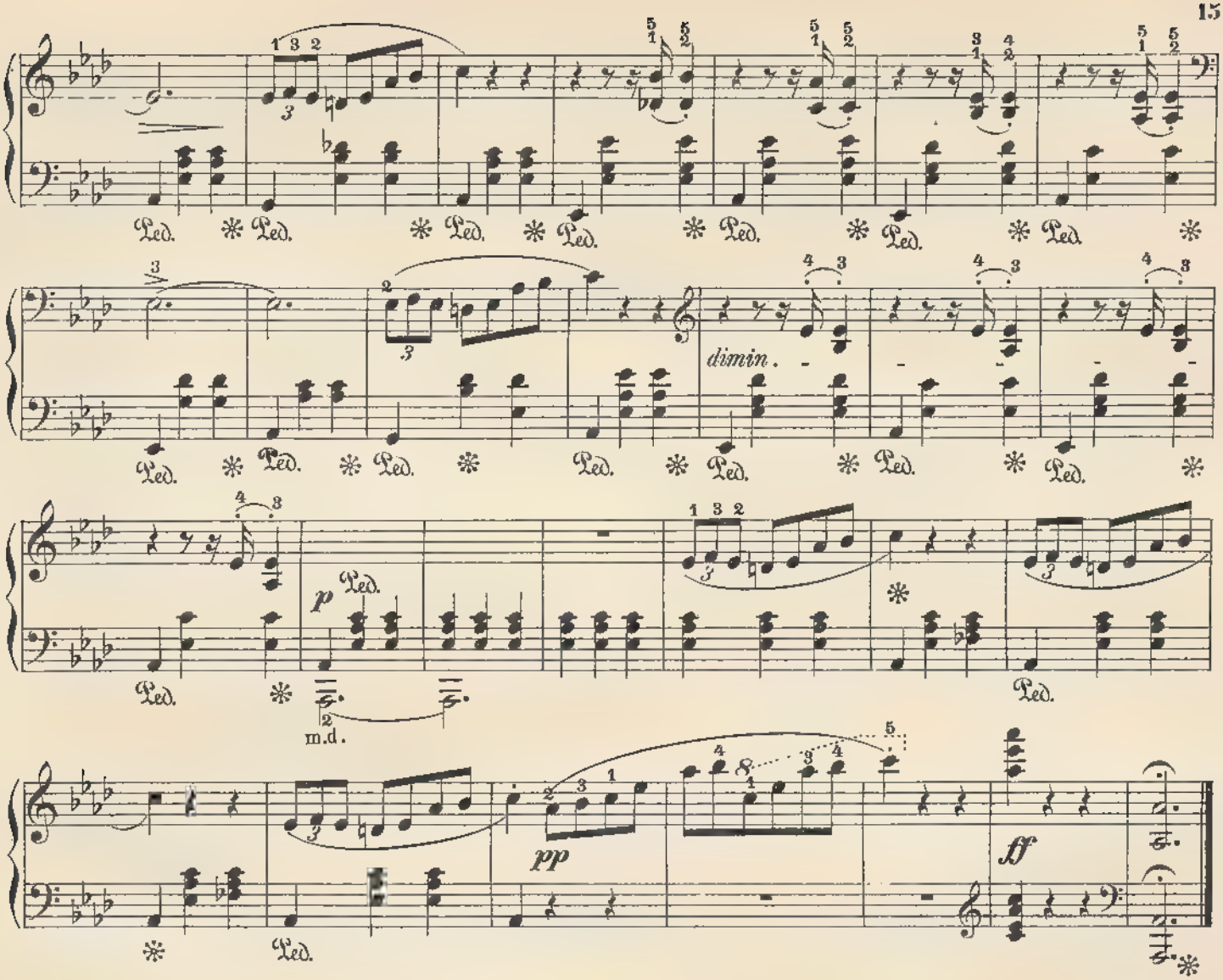

10
Ped.
8
ff
f
p
13


p
f
p
f
p
f
f


Ped.
f
ff

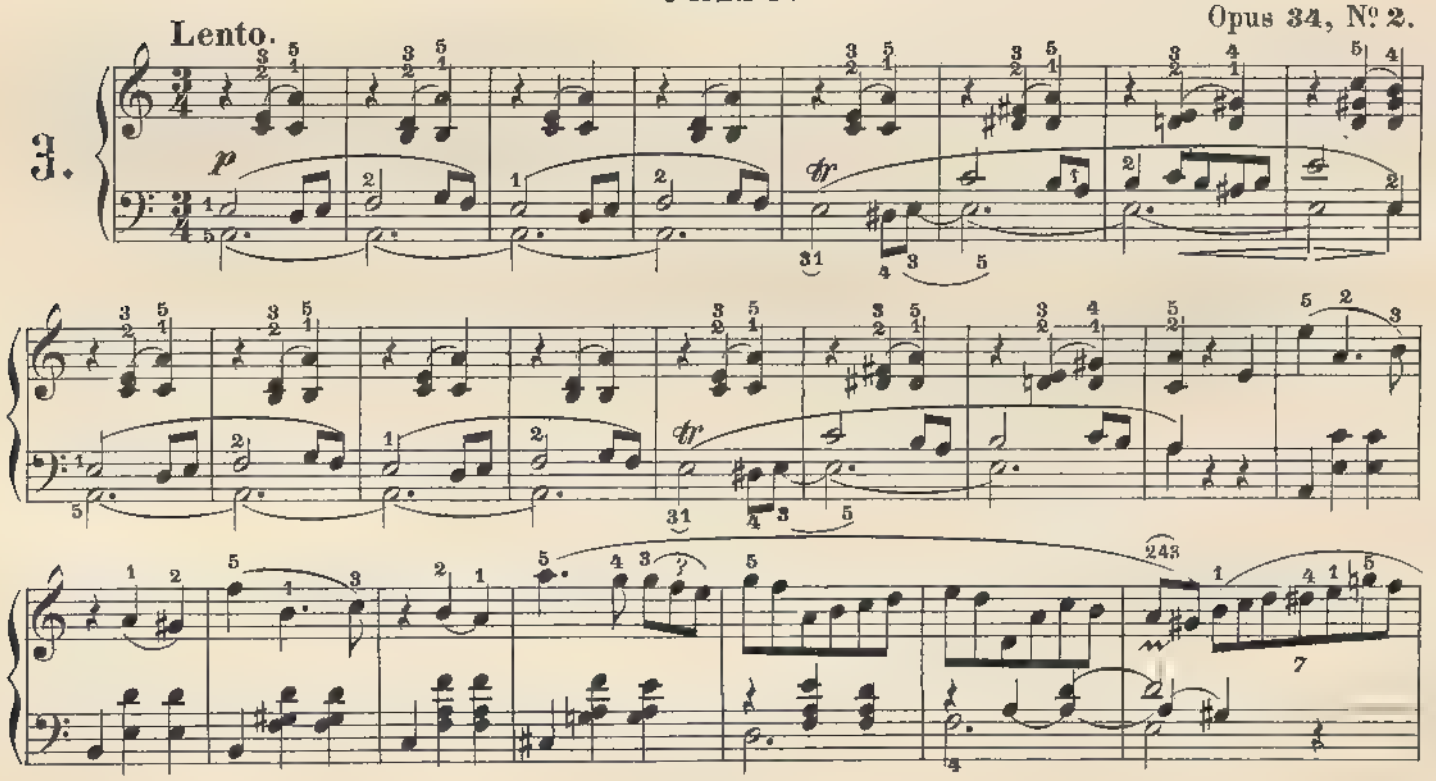

Ped.
*
354
132
243
p
sf
f
13

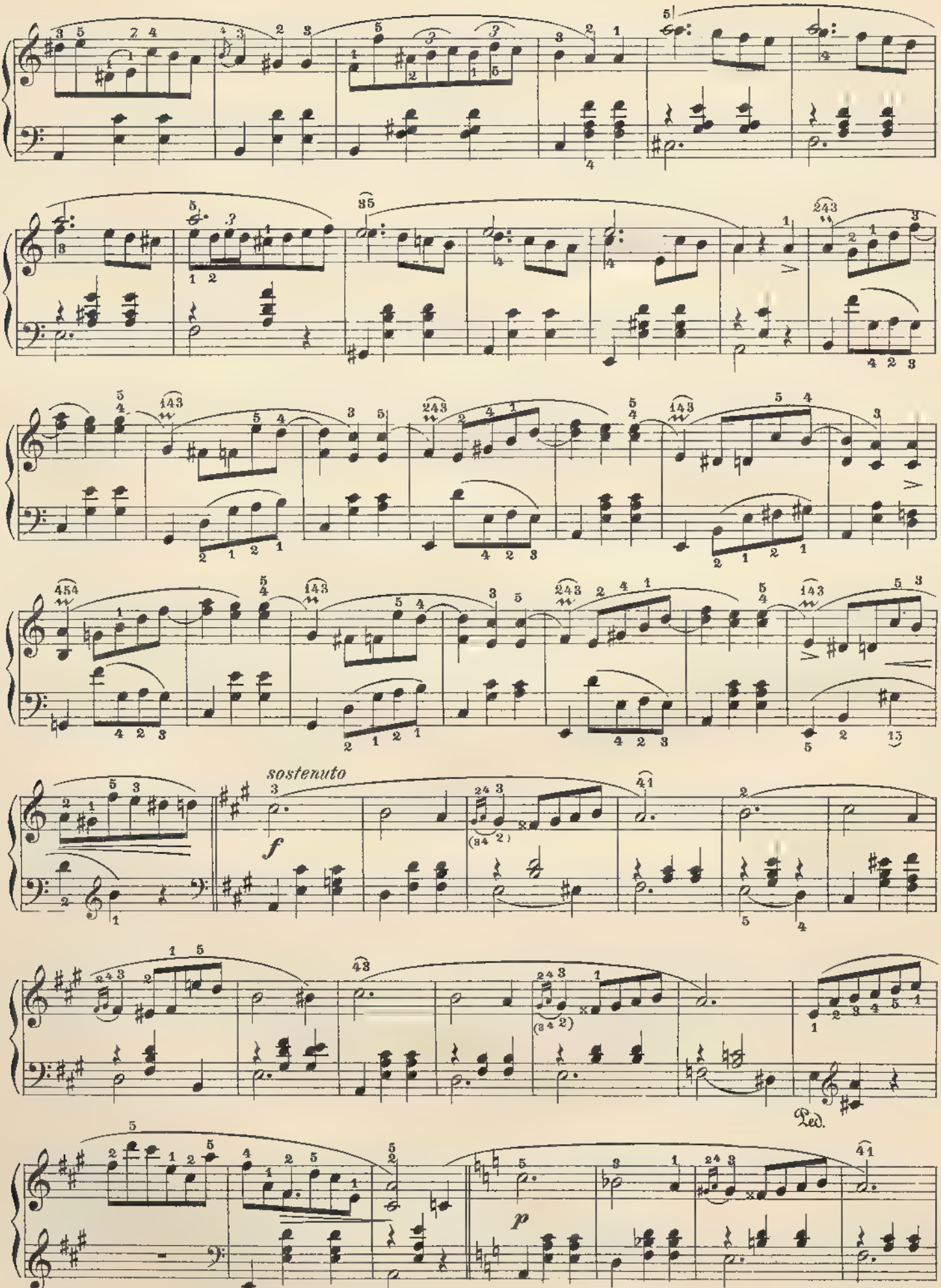

Ped.
sf p
f

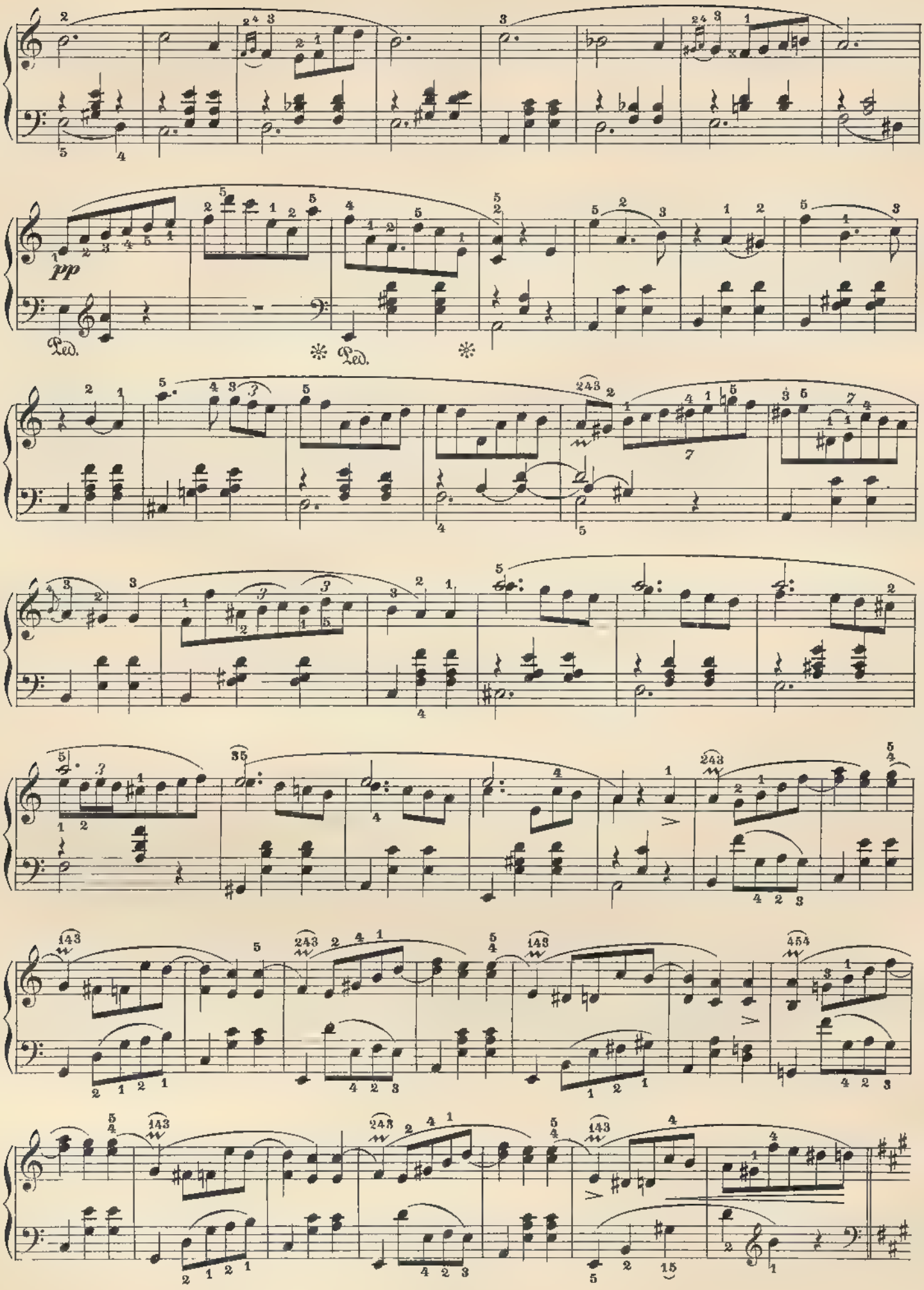


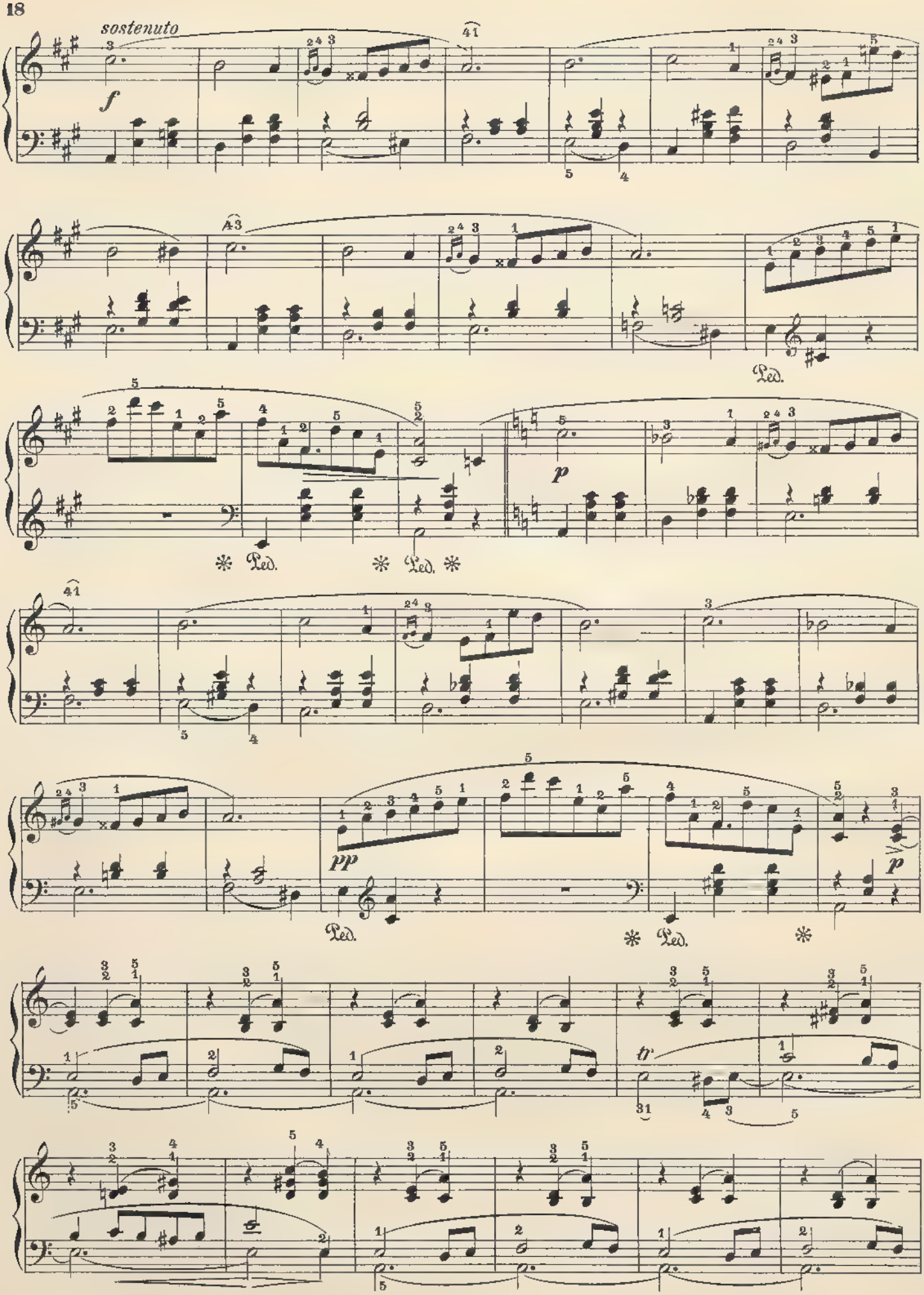

# Valse.

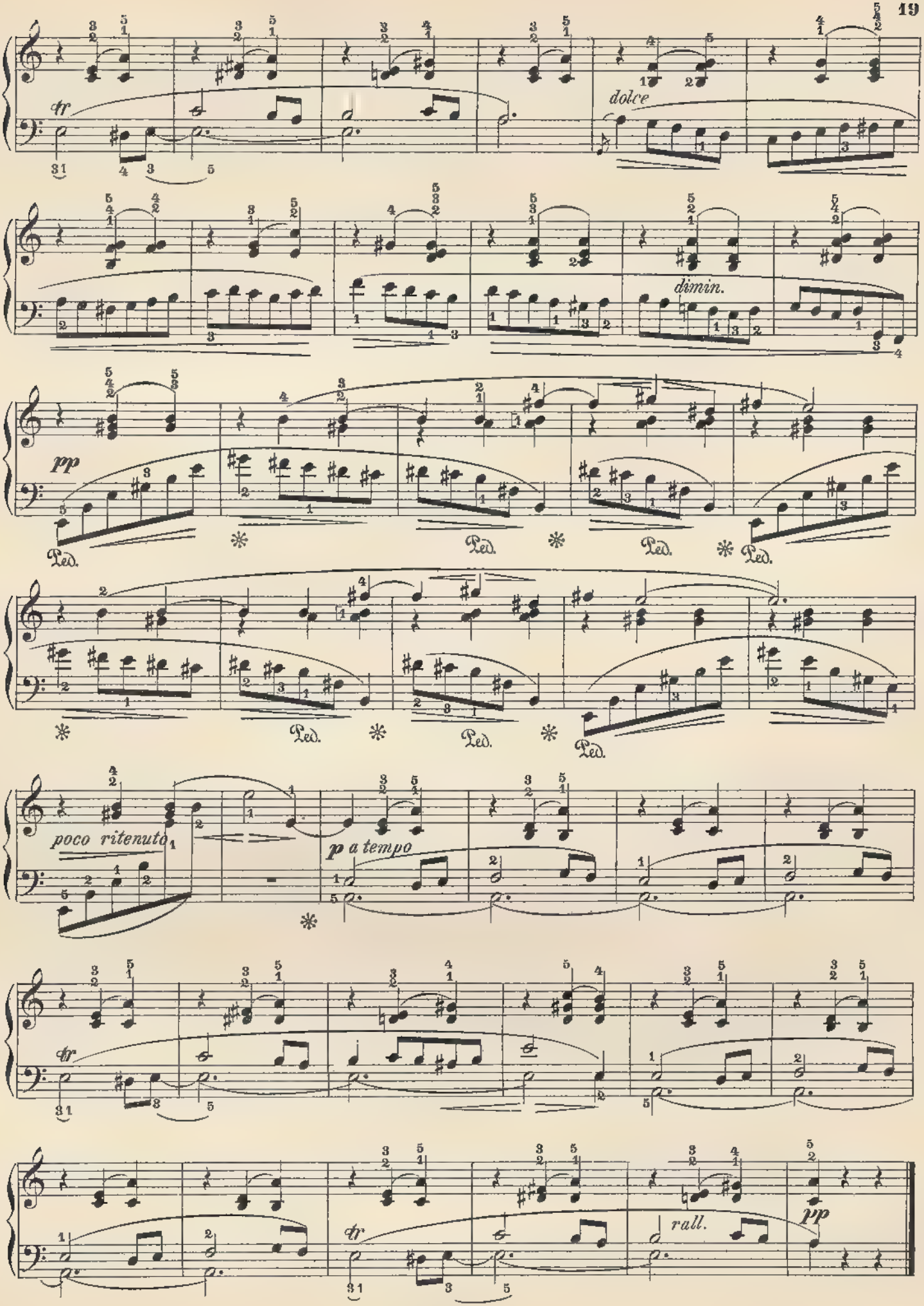
Opus 34, № 2.




sostenuto
f
p
Ped.
Ped.
Ped.


pp
Ped.
Ped.

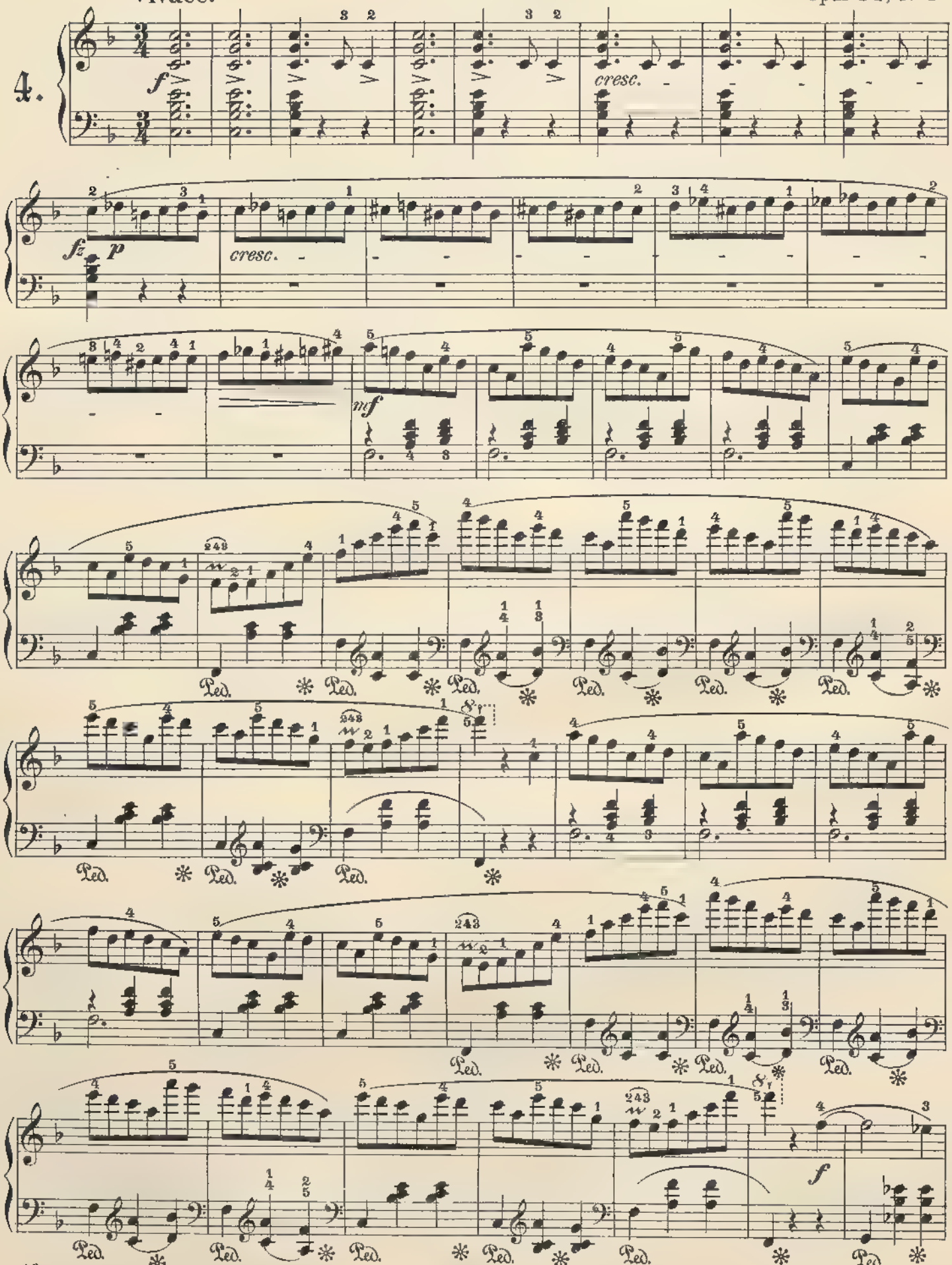

sostenuto
f
41
A3
Ped.
p
pp
tr

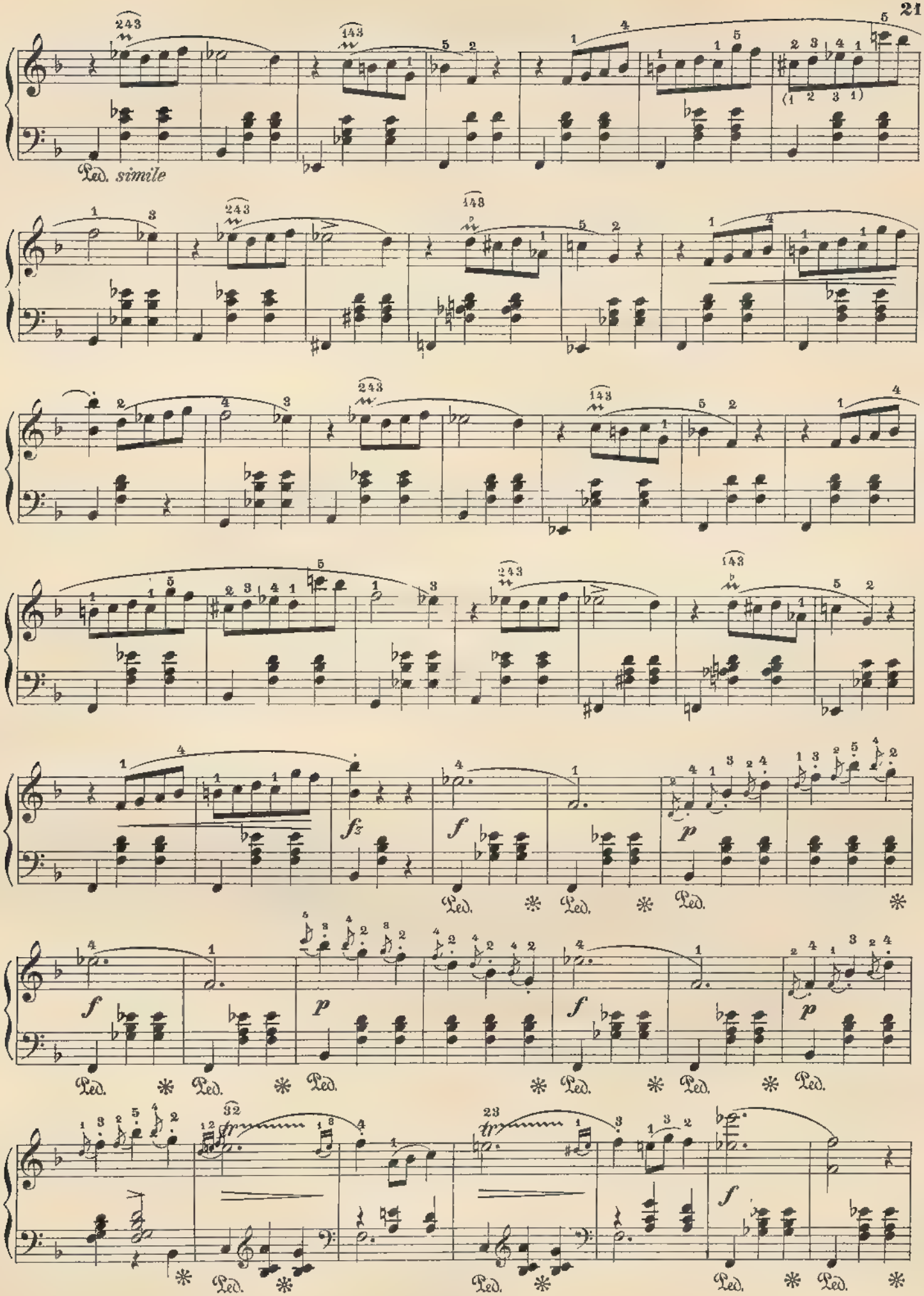

tr
dolce
dimin.
pp
Ped.
poco ritenuto
p a tempo
tr
rall.
pp

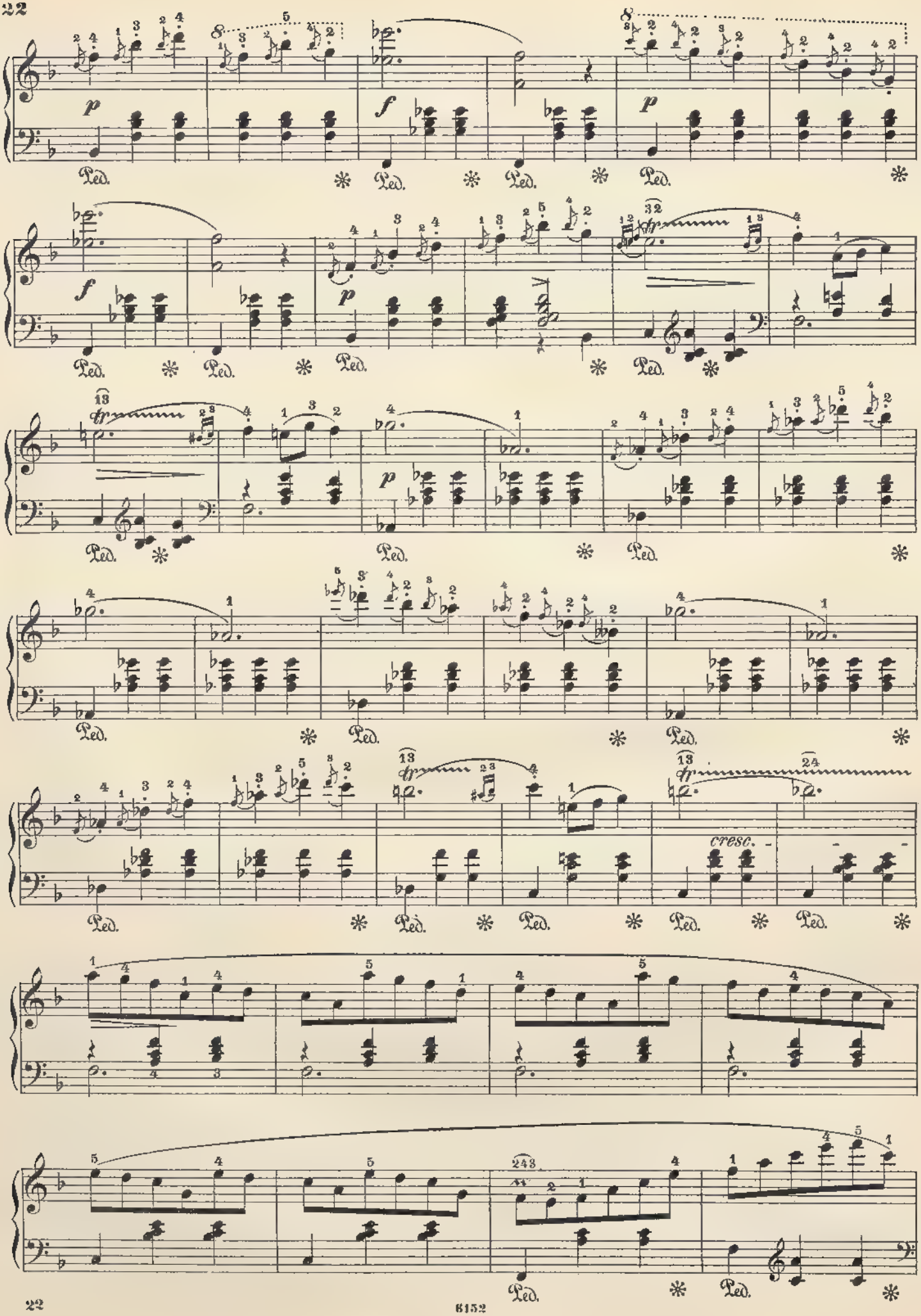
# Valse brillante.

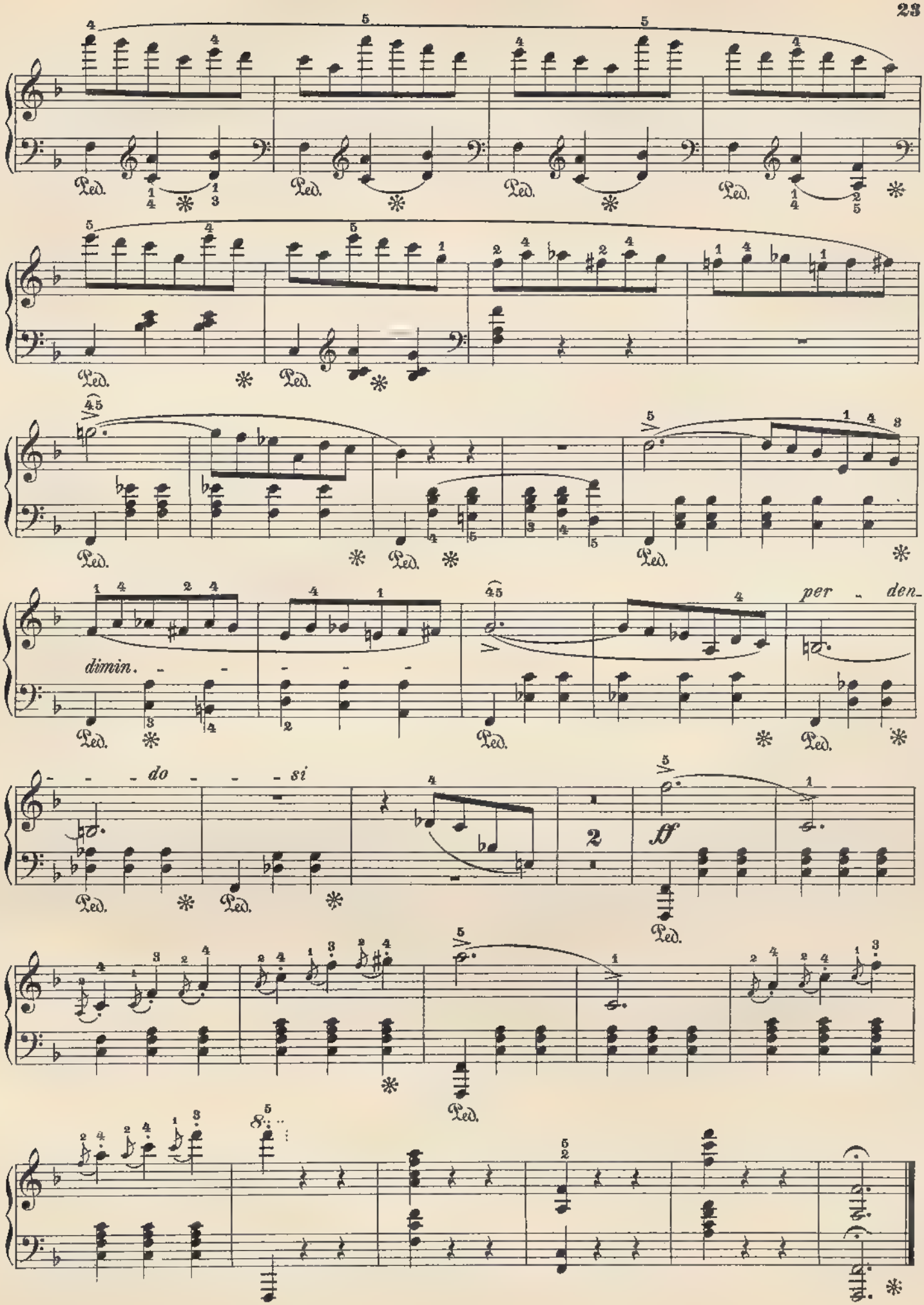
Vivace.

Opus 34, № 3.




Ped. simile
fz
f
p
f
p
f
p
f

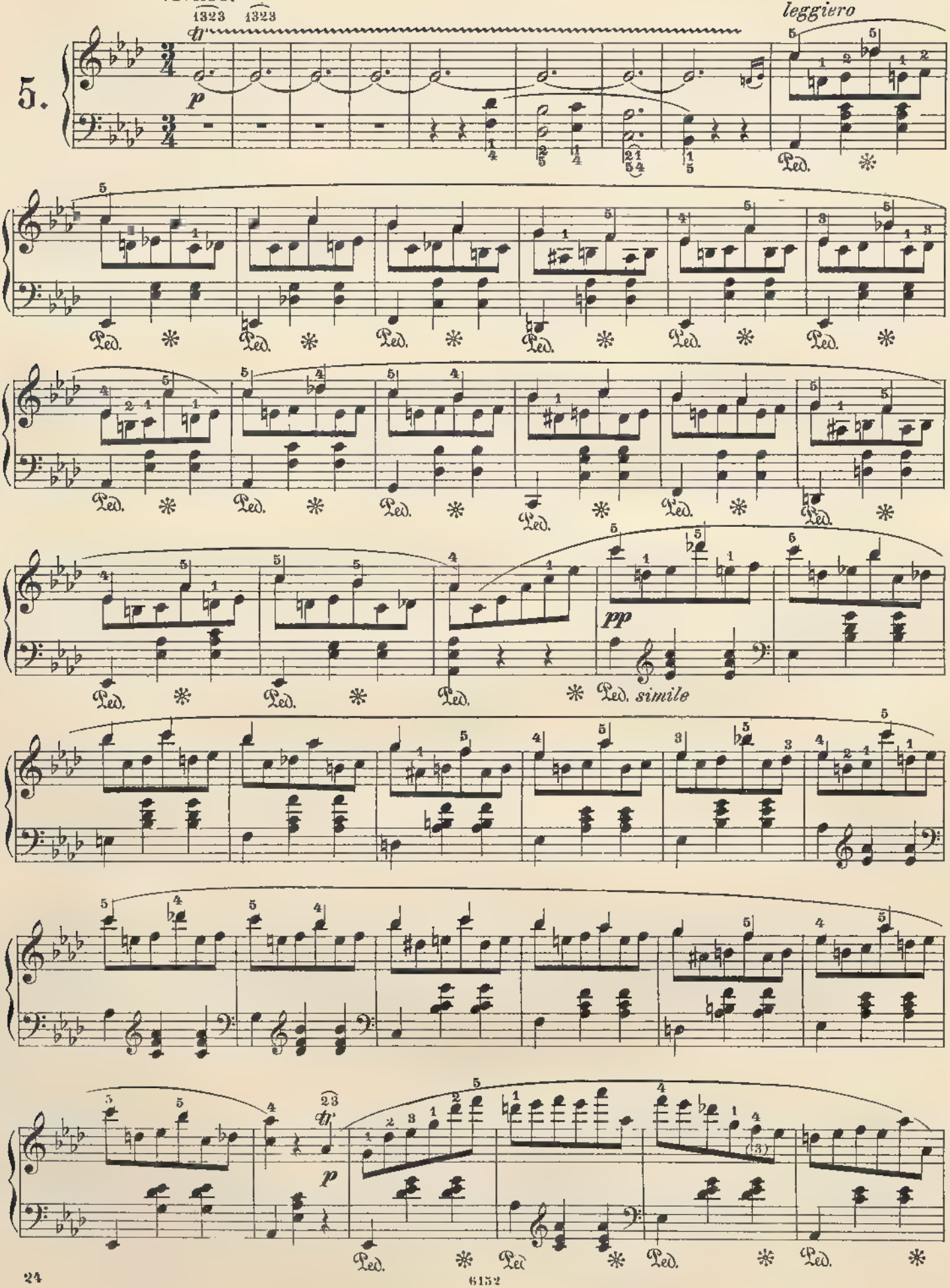

p
f
p
f
p
tr
cresc.

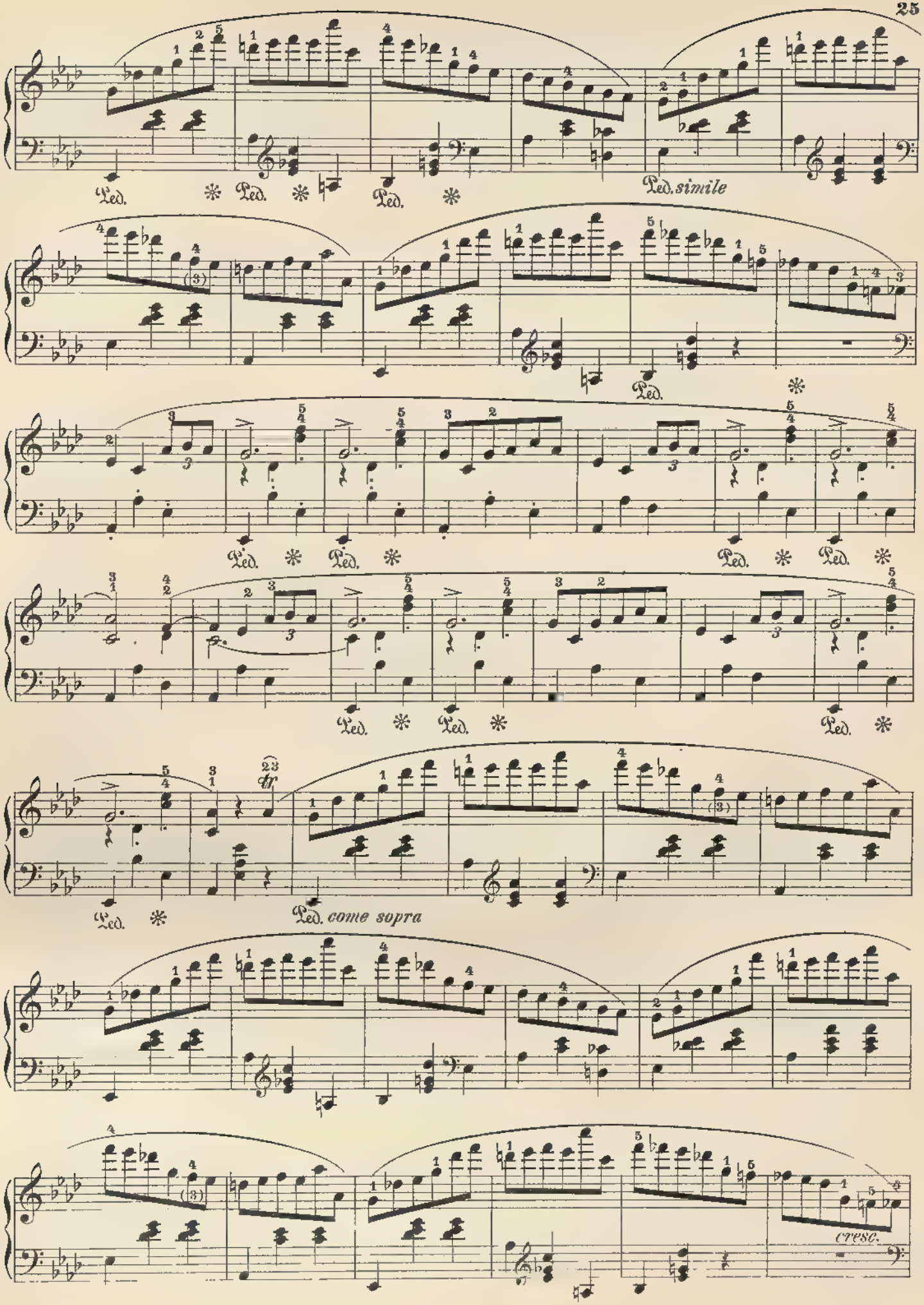

Ped.
dimin.
per - den-
- - - do - - - si
ff

# Grande Valse.

Vivace.

Opus 42.




Ped. * Ped. * Ped. *
Ped. simile
Ped.
Ped. * Ped. *
Ped. * Ped. *
Ped. * Ped. *
Ped. * Ped. come sopra
cresc.

cresc.

*f*

*ff*

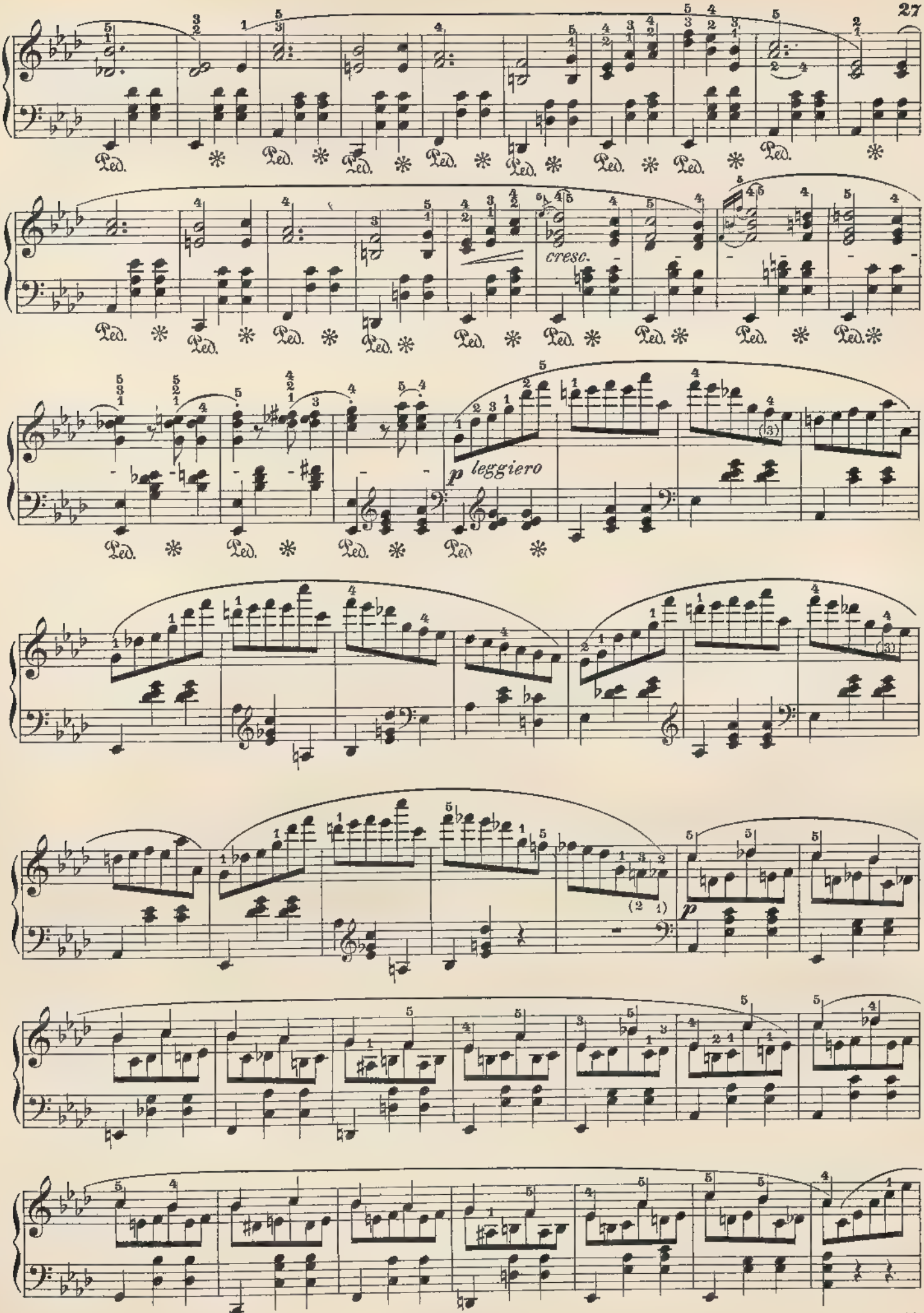
*leggiero*

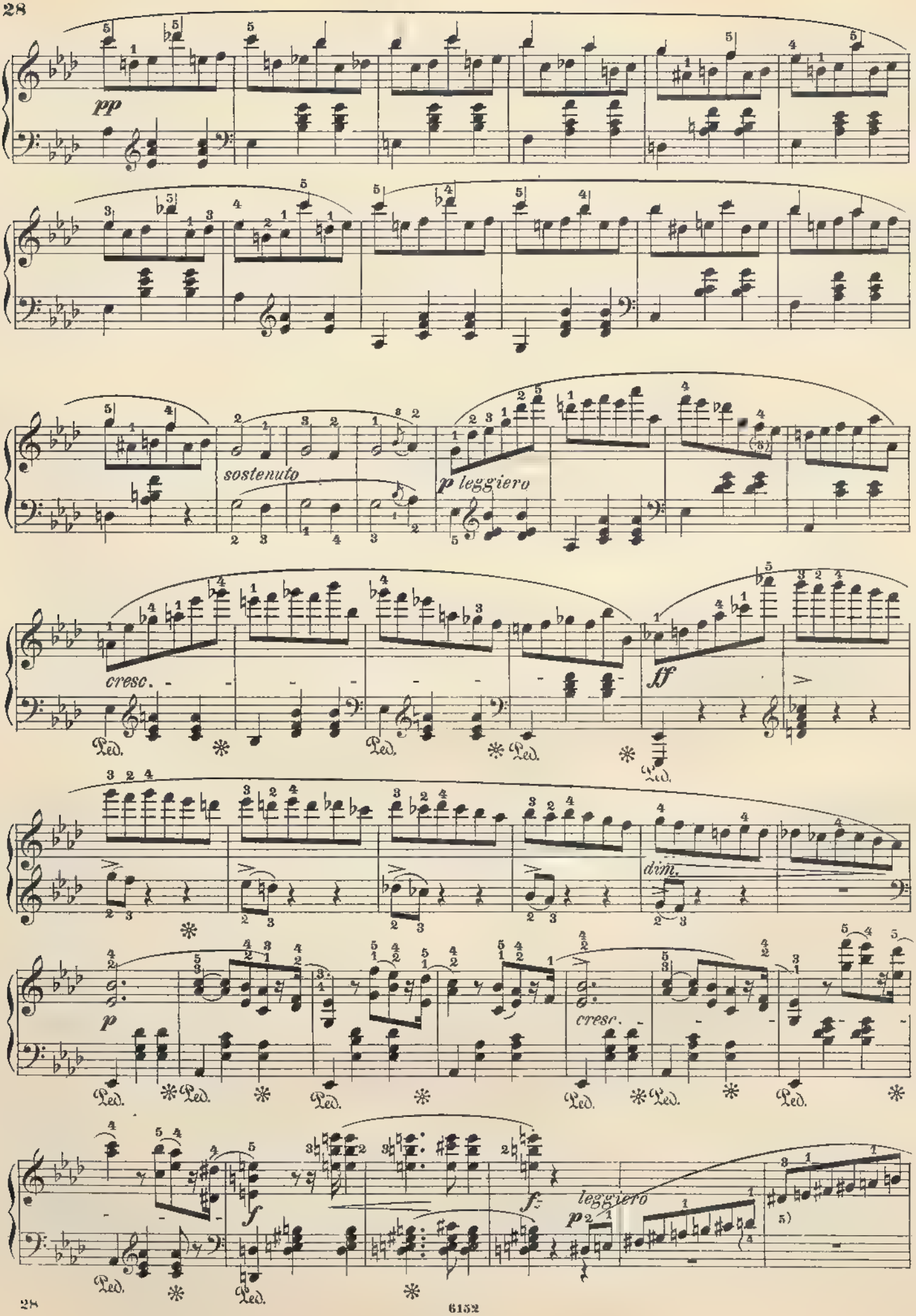
*p*

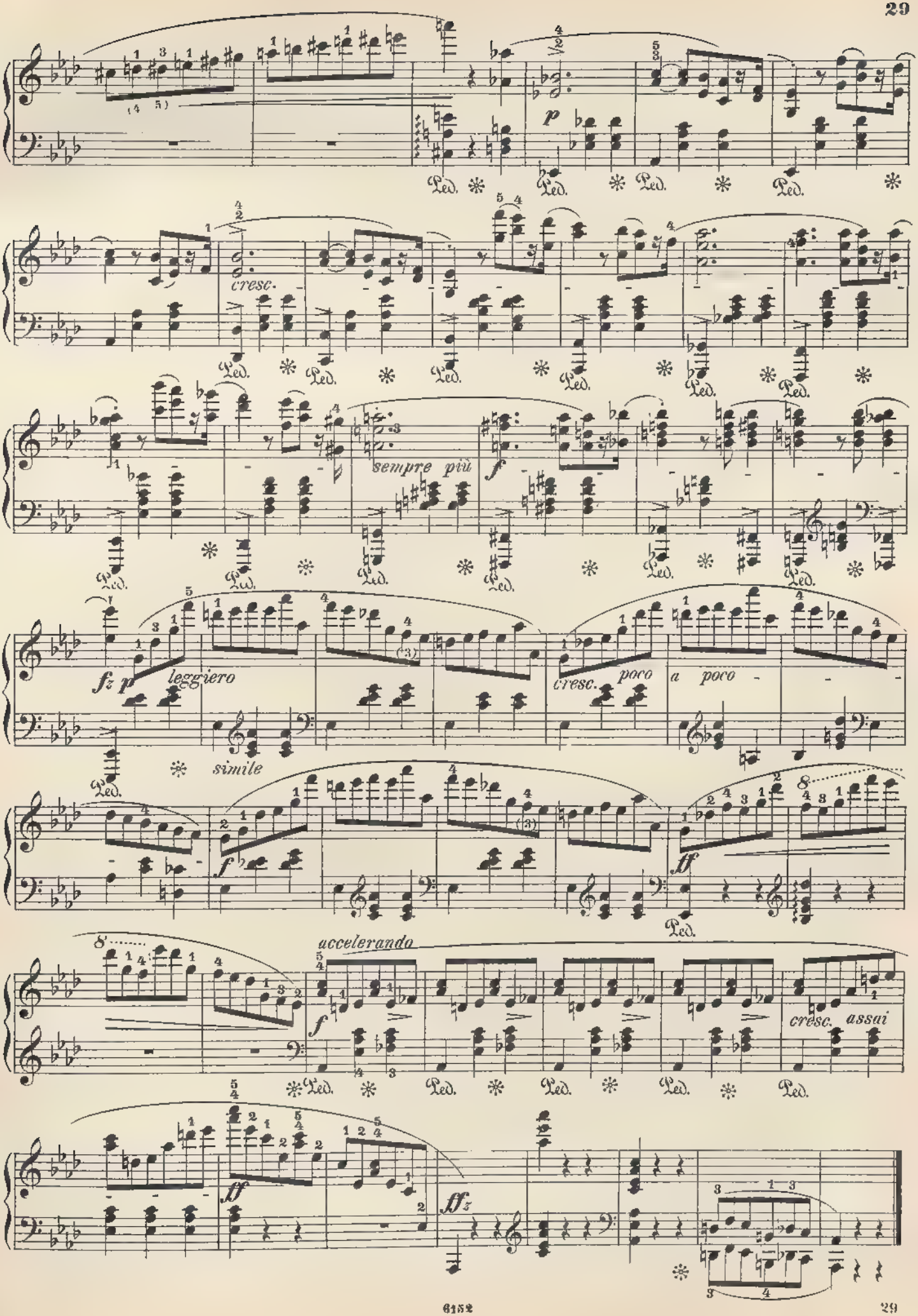
*sostenuto*

*mf*

Ped. * Ped. * Ped. *


cresc.
p leggiero
p

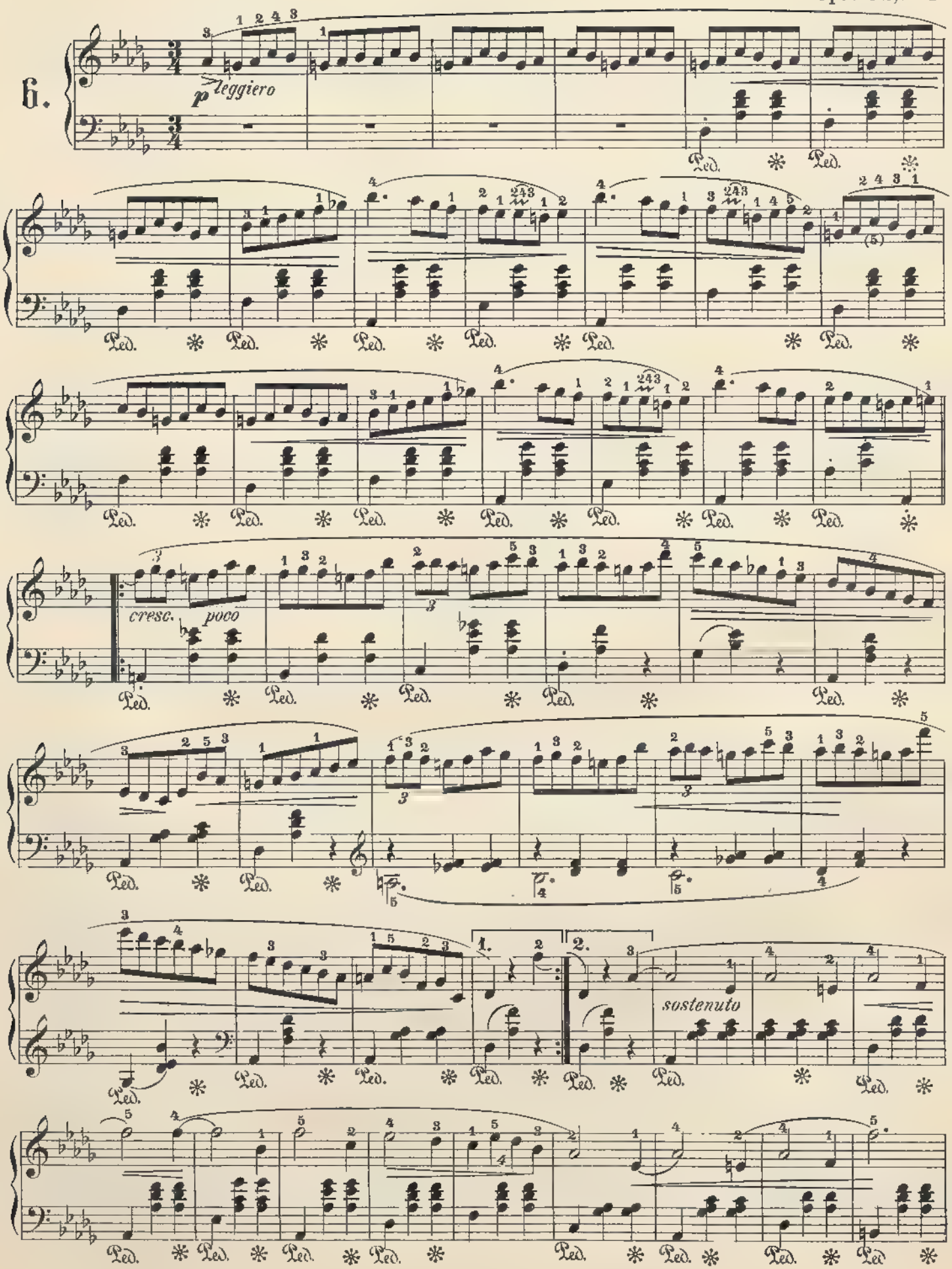

pp
sostenuto
p leggiero
cresc.
ff
dim.
p
cresc.
f
f
leggiero
p
Ped.

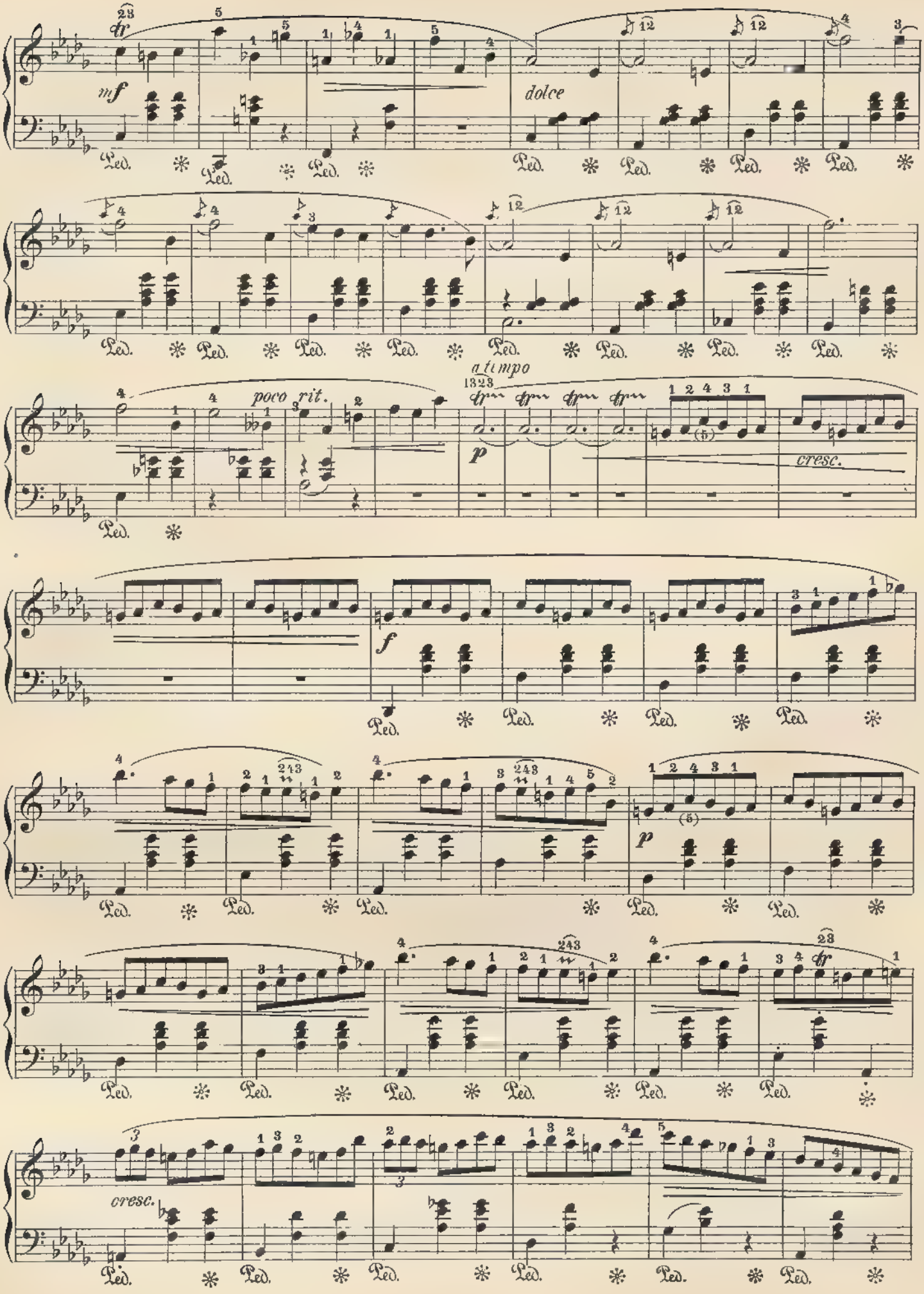

cresc.
sempre più
leggiero
simile
cresc. poco a poco
accelerando
cresc. assai

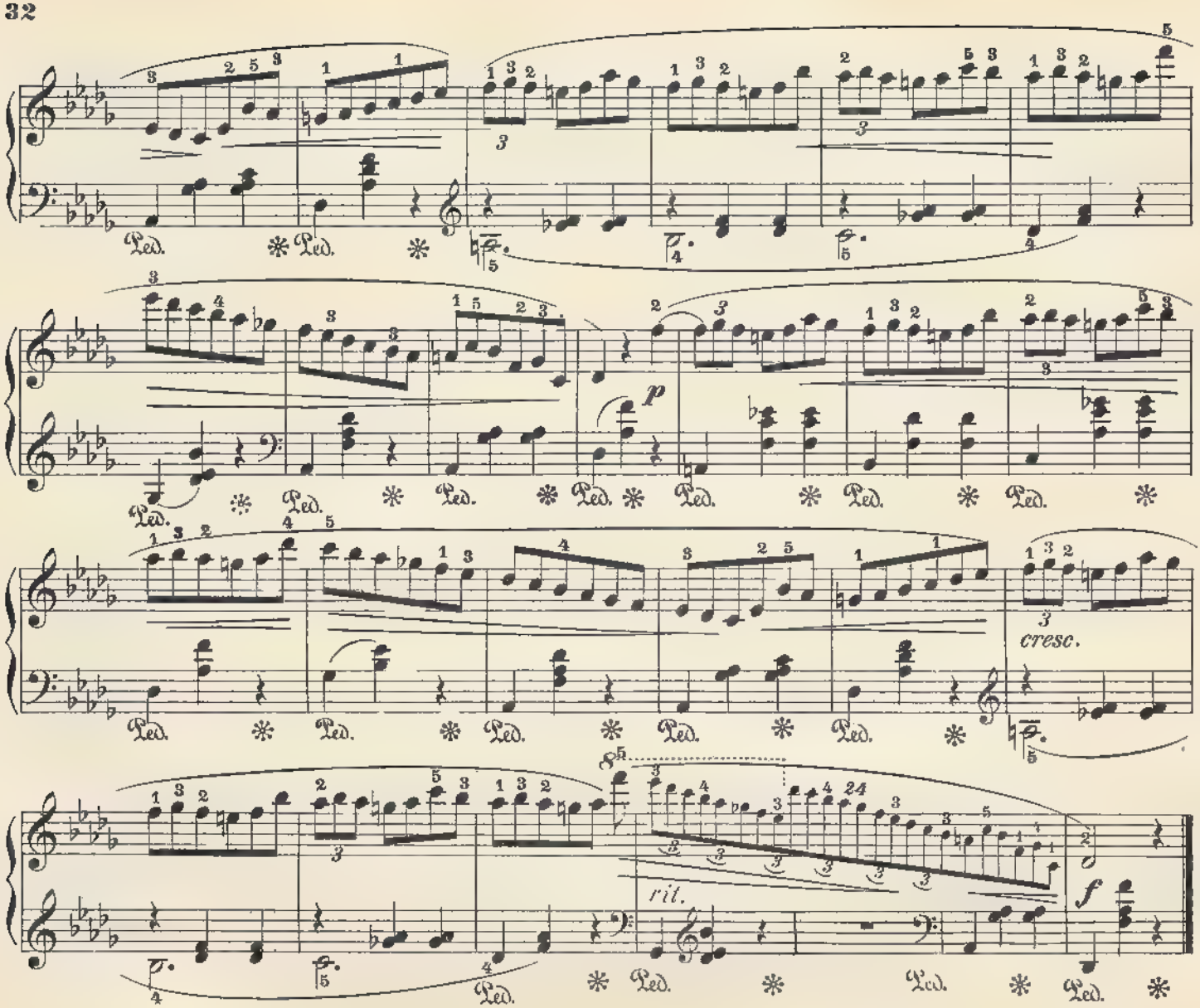
# Valse.

Molto vivace.

Opus 64, № 1.




mf
dolce
poco rit.
a tempo
p
cresc.
f
p
cresc.

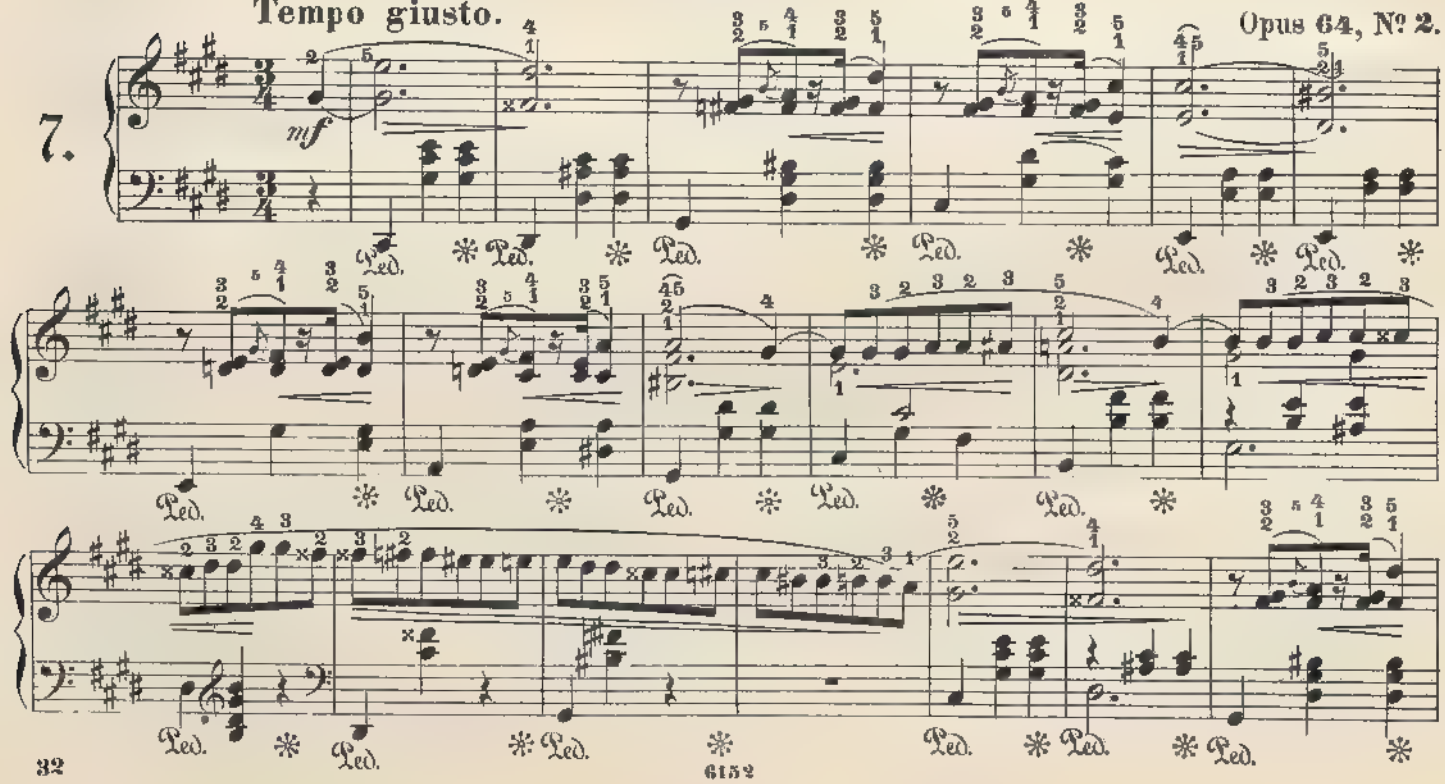


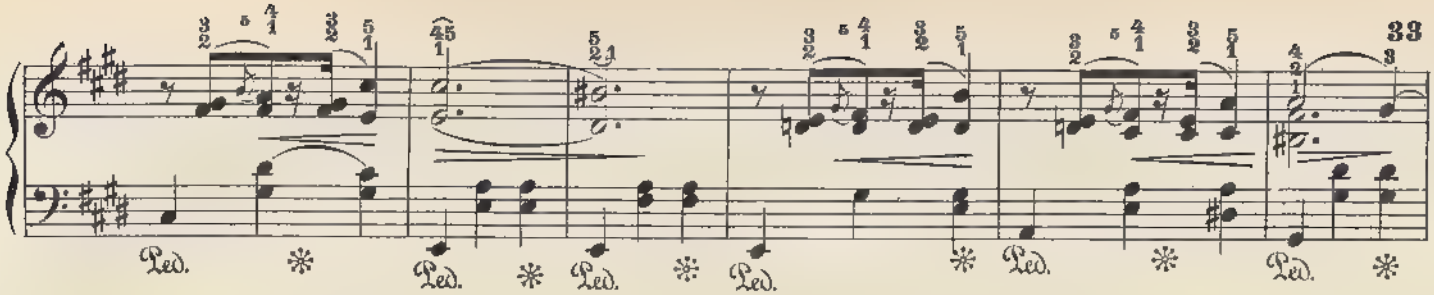

## Valse.

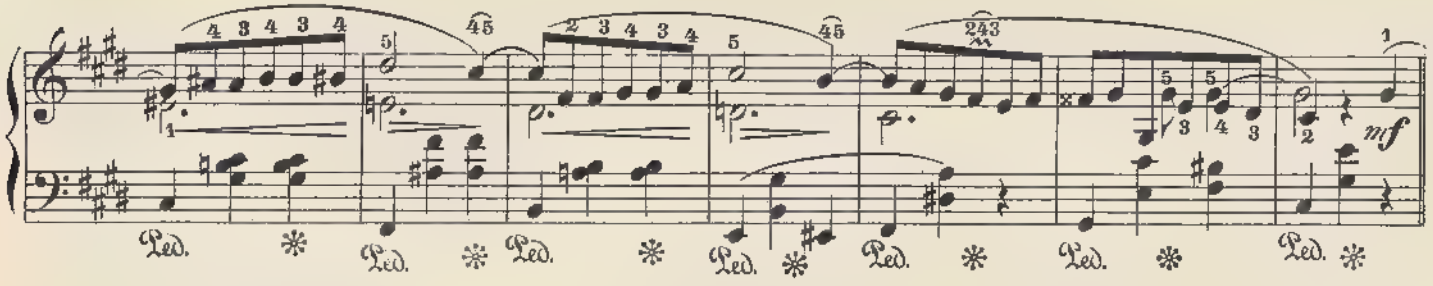
Tempo giusto.

Opus 64, № 2.

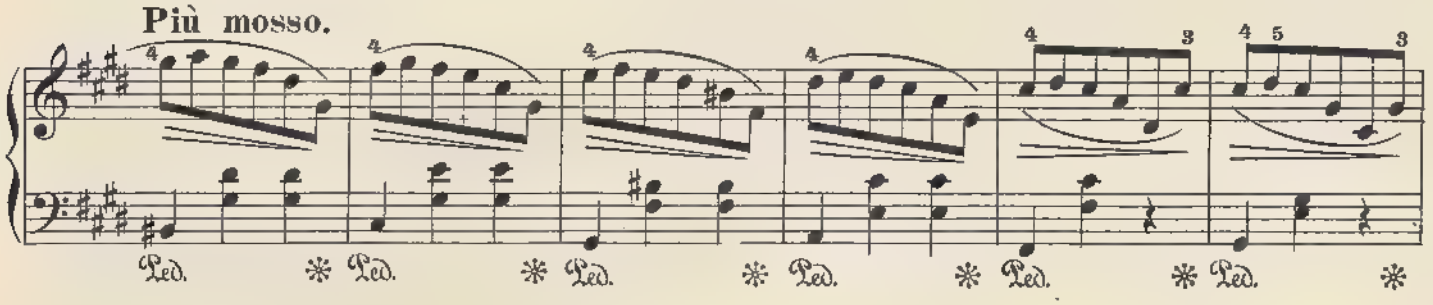
7.

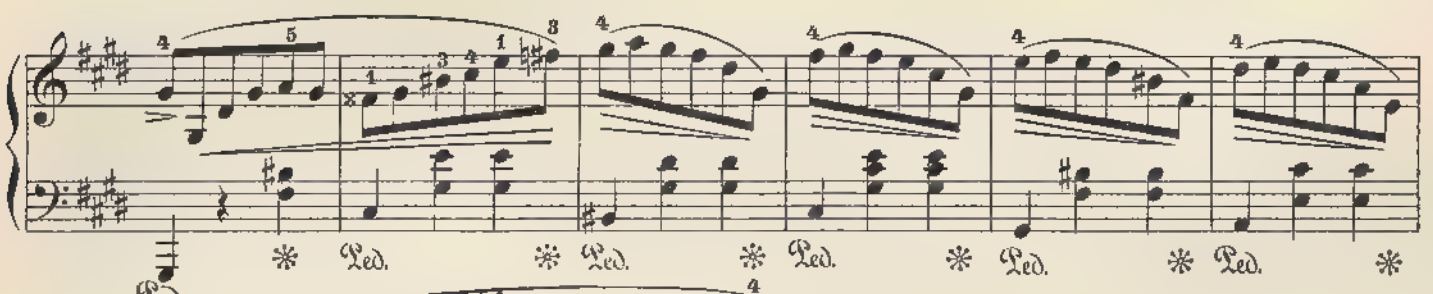


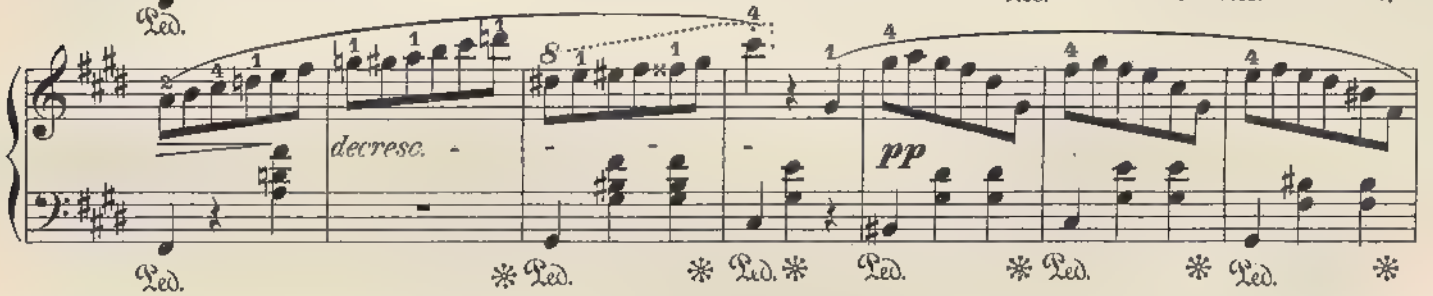


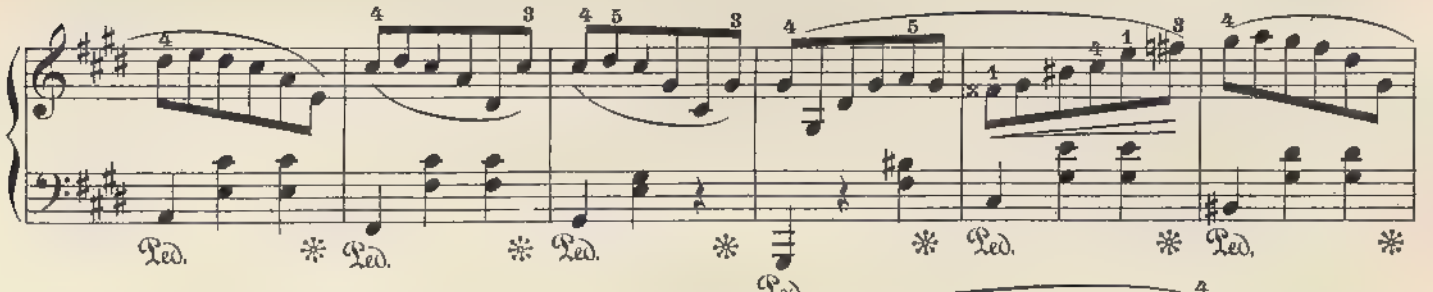



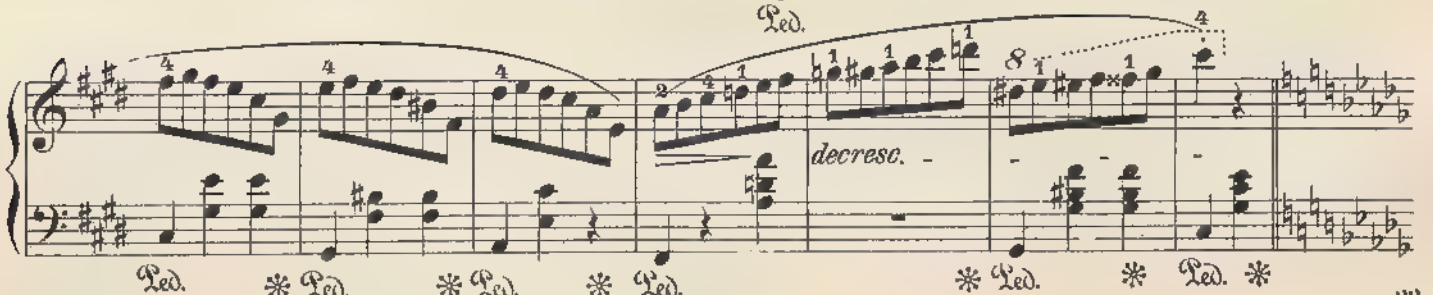

**Più mosso.**

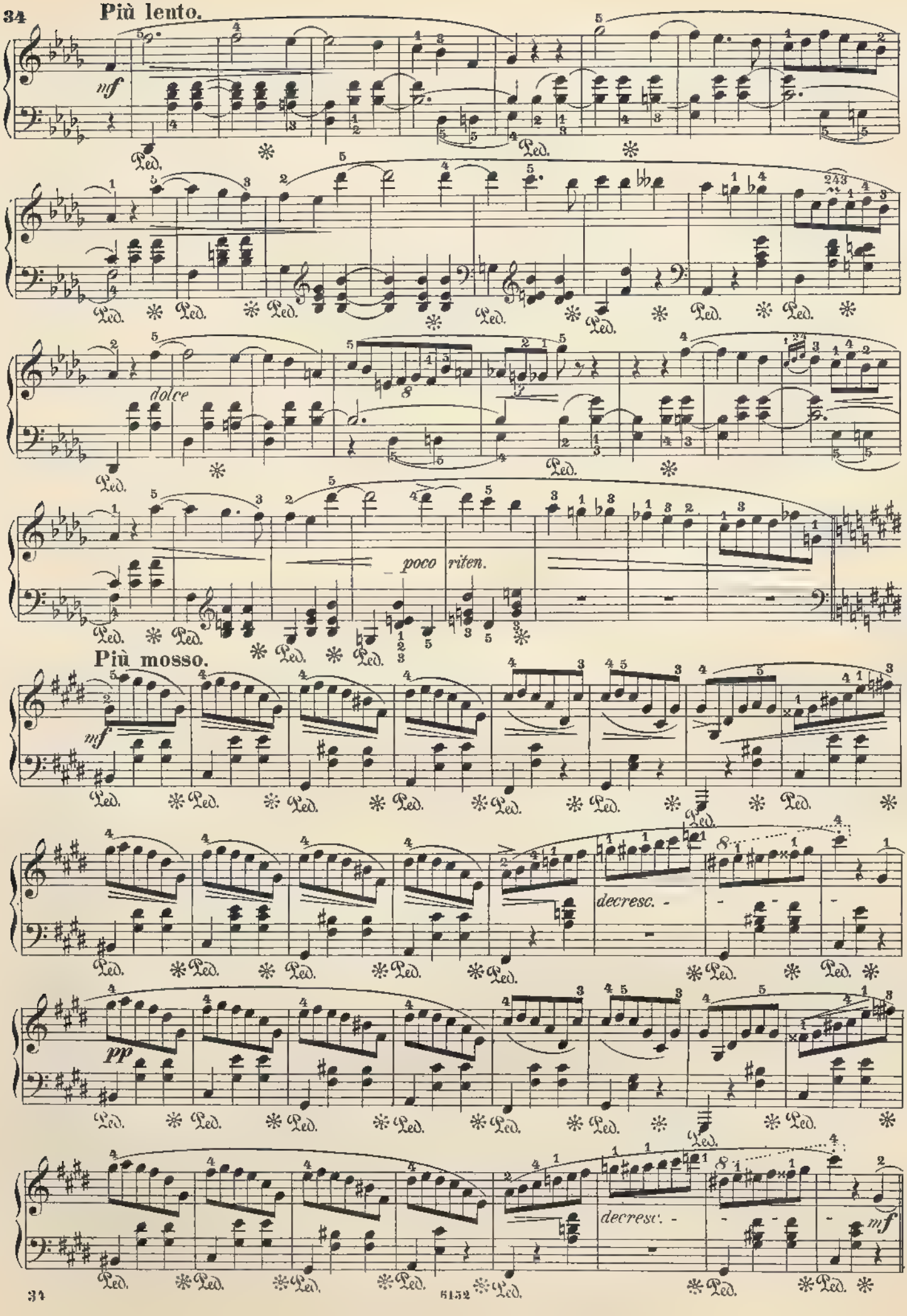


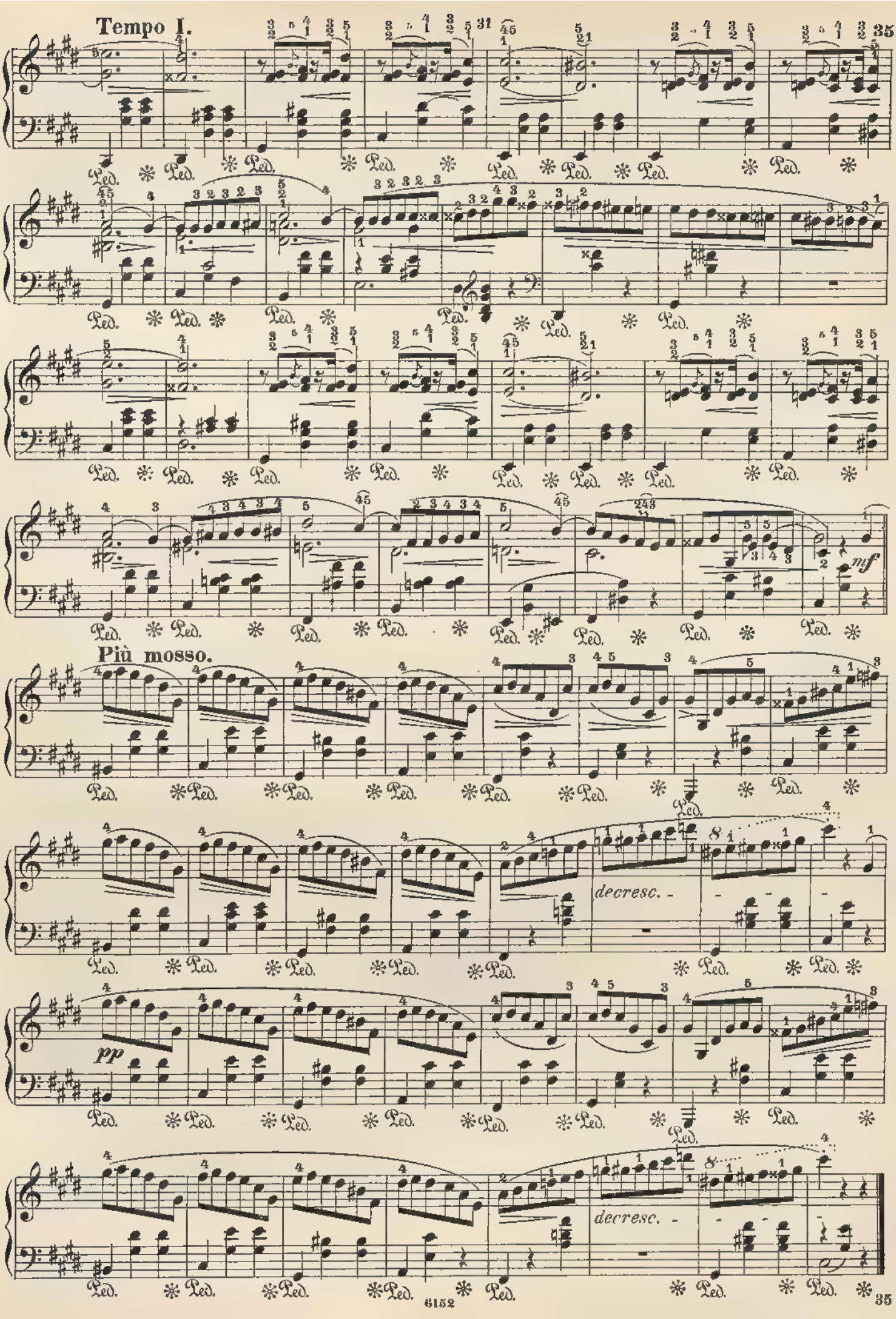




Più lento.
nf
dolce
poco riten.
Più mosso.
nf
decresc.
pp
decresc.
mf

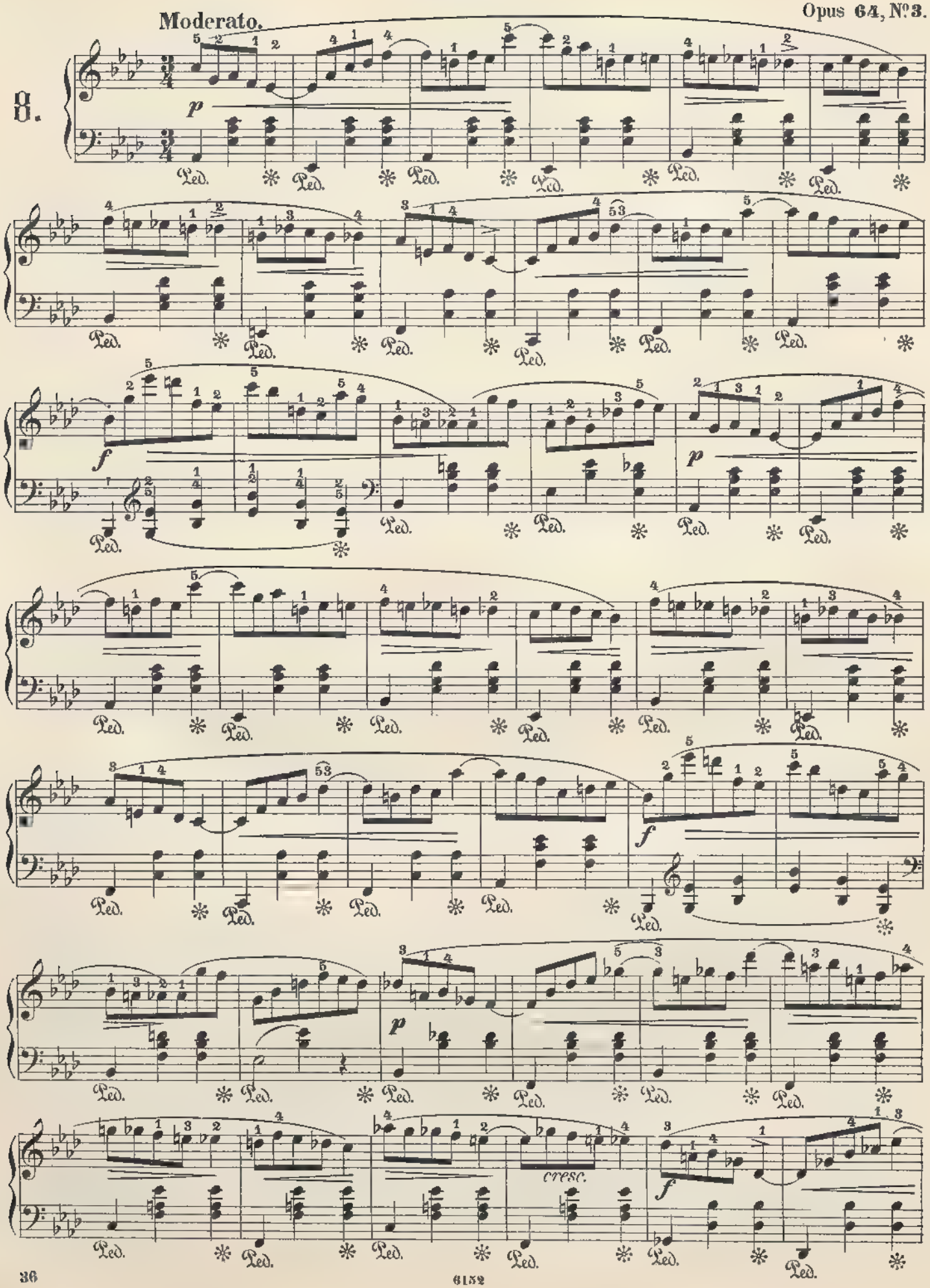

Tempo I.
Più mosso.
decresc.
pp
decresc.

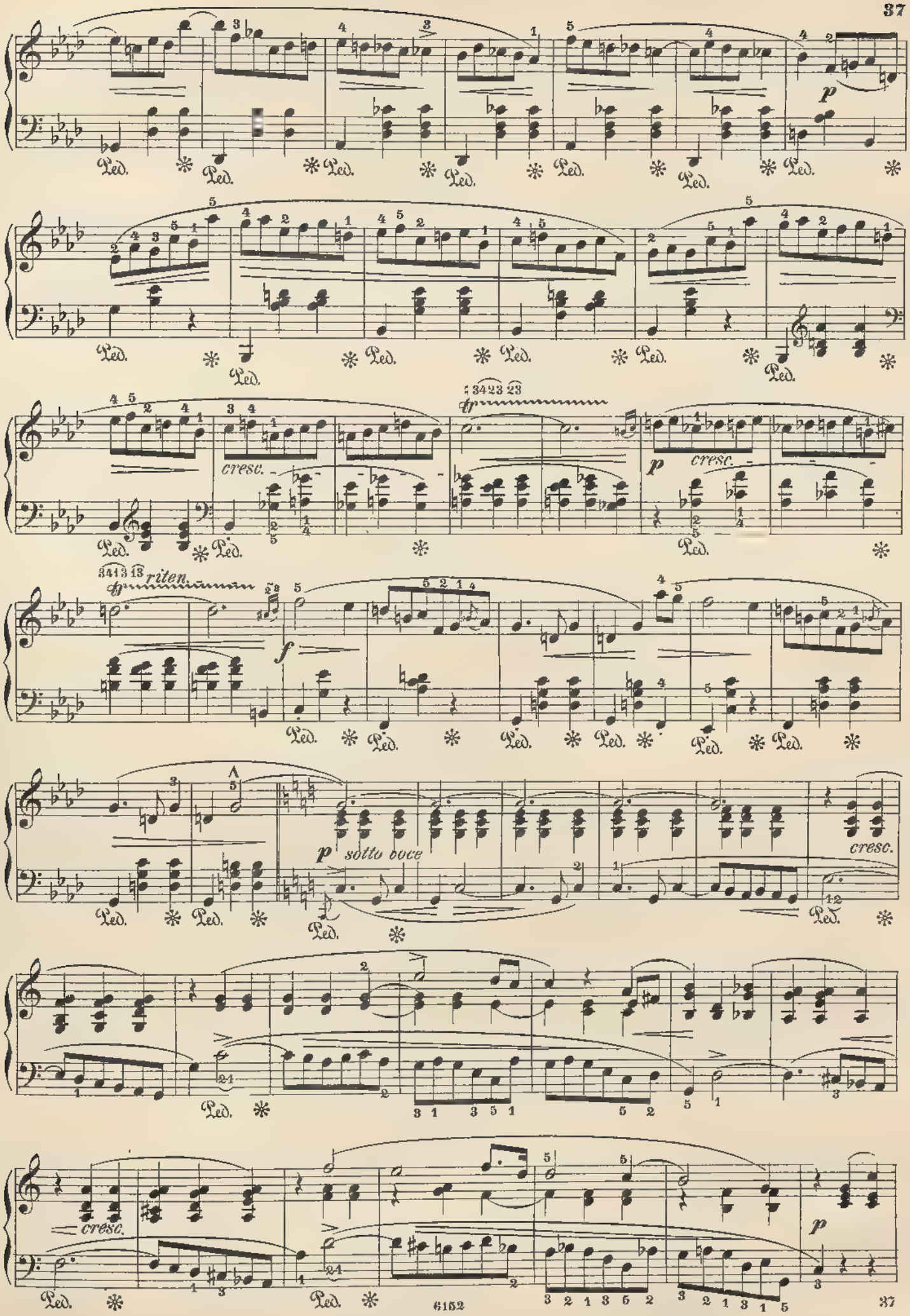
# Valse.

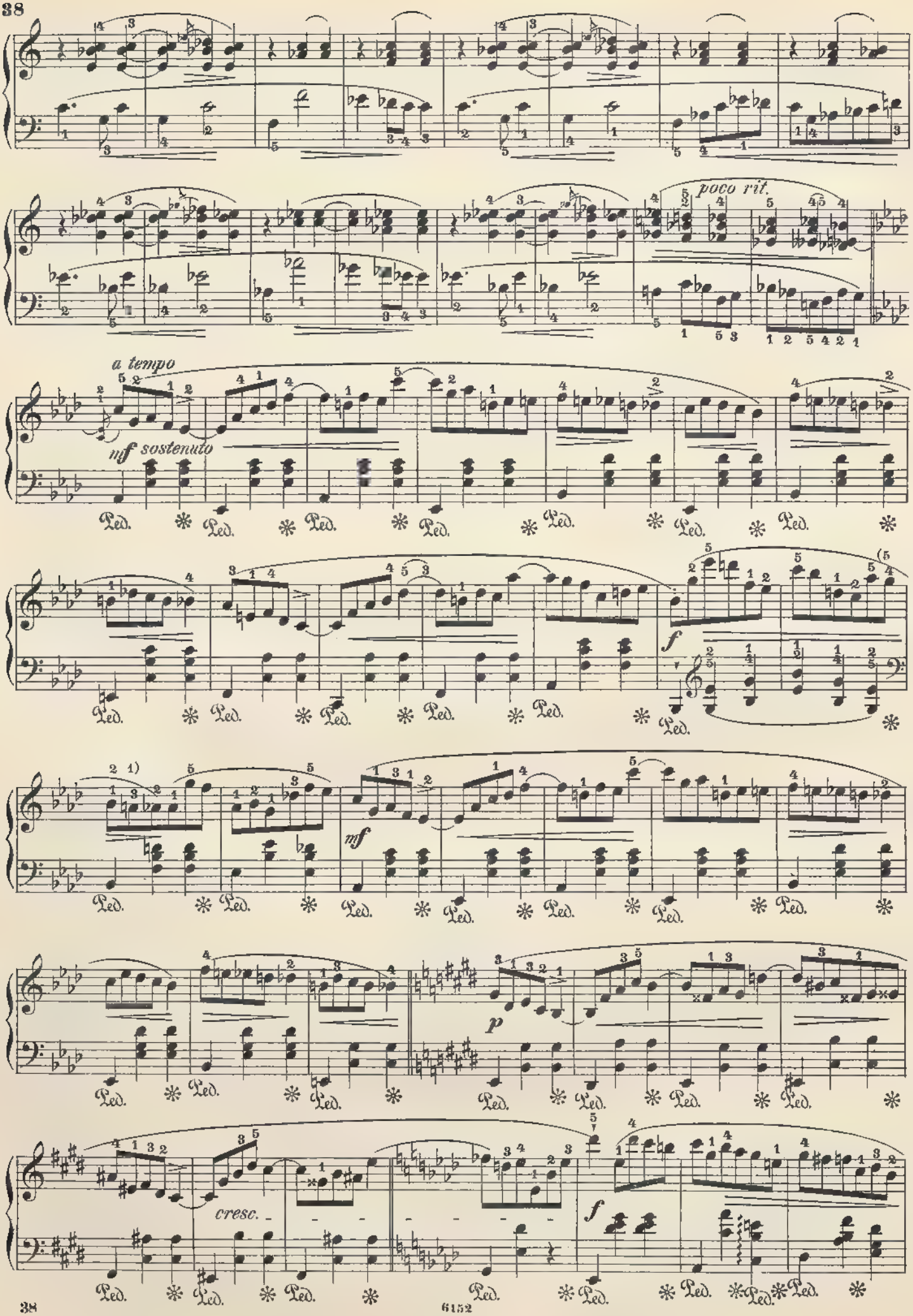
Opus 64, №3.

Moderato.

8.




Ped.
p
cresc.
fp
riten.
f
p sotto voce
cresc.
cresc.
p


poco rit.
a tempo
mf sostenuto
Ped.
f
mf
p
cresc.

poco a poco accelerando

f dim. p

sin al fine

cresc. f

decresc.

cresc.

m.g.

m.d.

# Valse.

Opus 69, Nº 1.

Lento. (♩= 138.)

9.

p con espressione

cresc.

f p

riten. a tempo

cresc.

f

p

riten.

a tempo

con anima

mf

p

riten.

cresc.

a tempo

con forza

p

cresc.

f

p

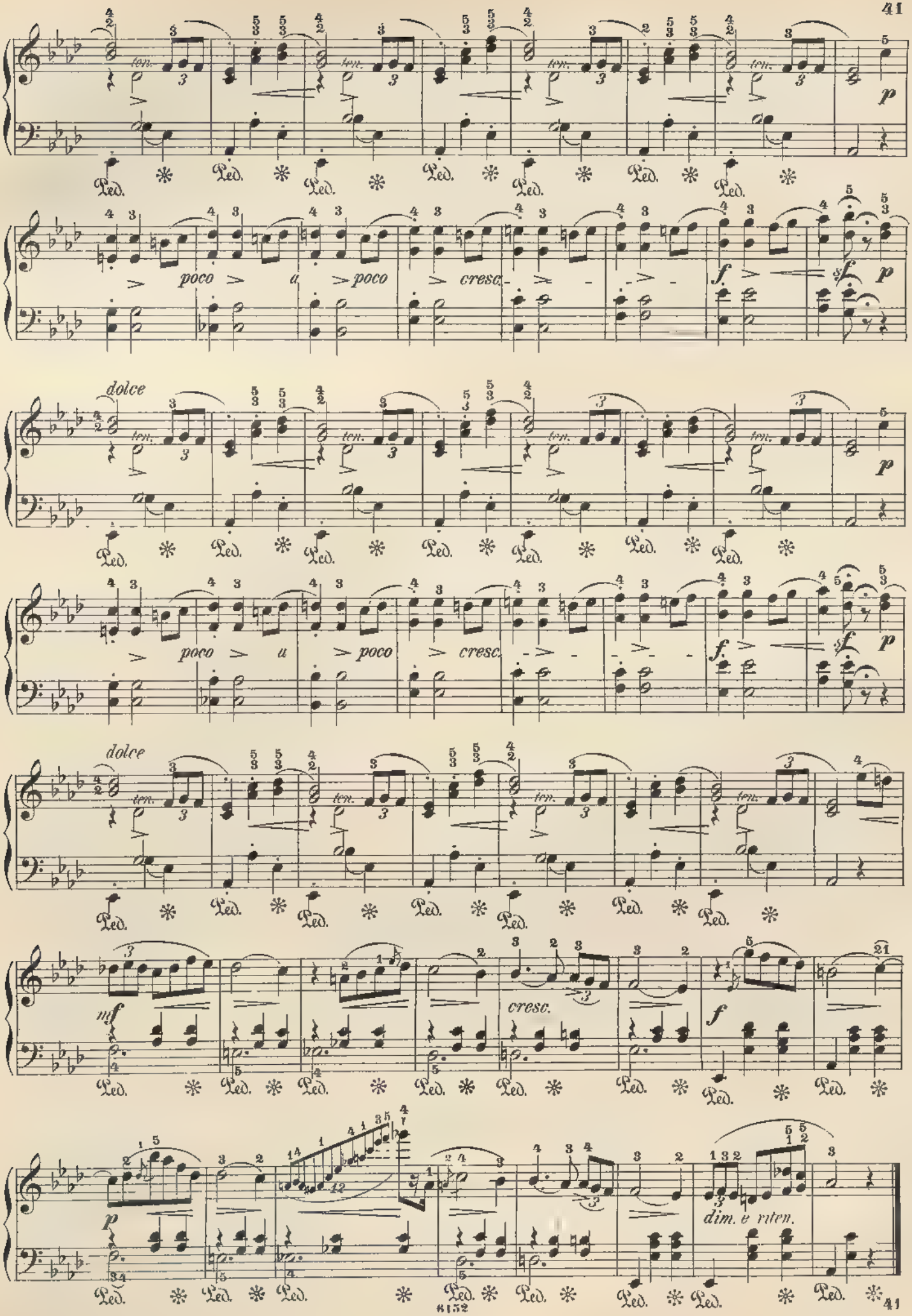
riten.

1. a tempo

2. a tempo

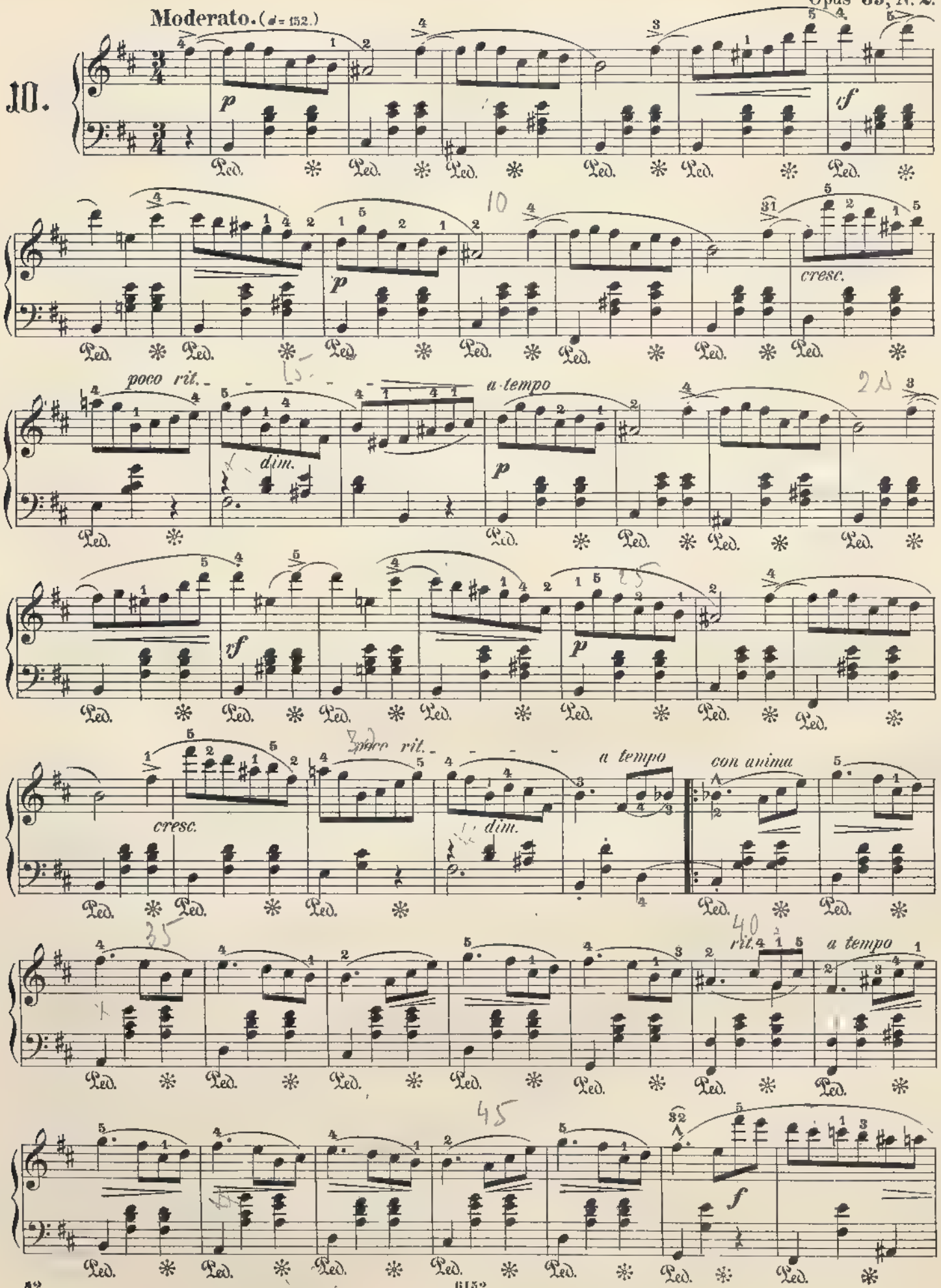
dolce

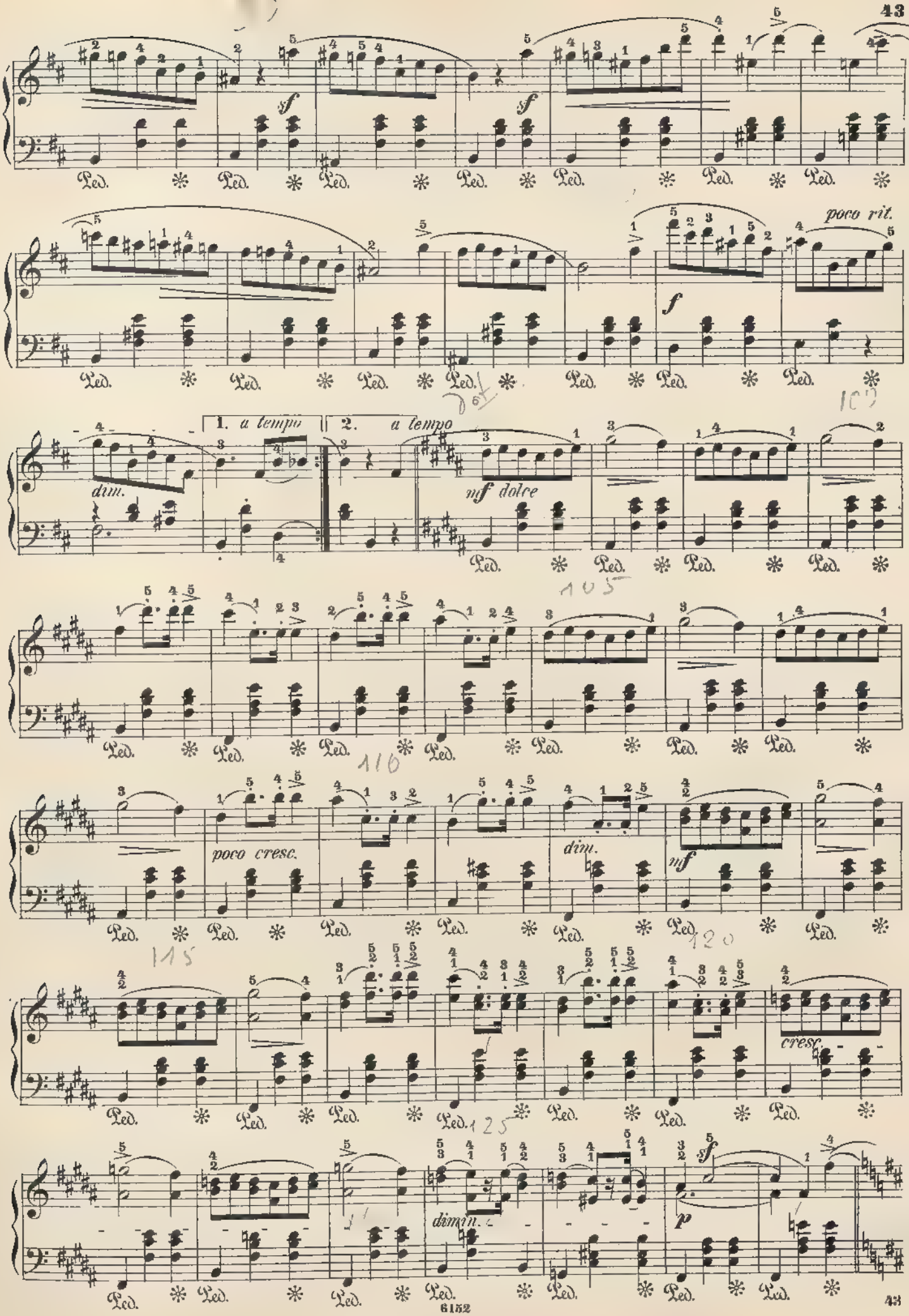
ten.

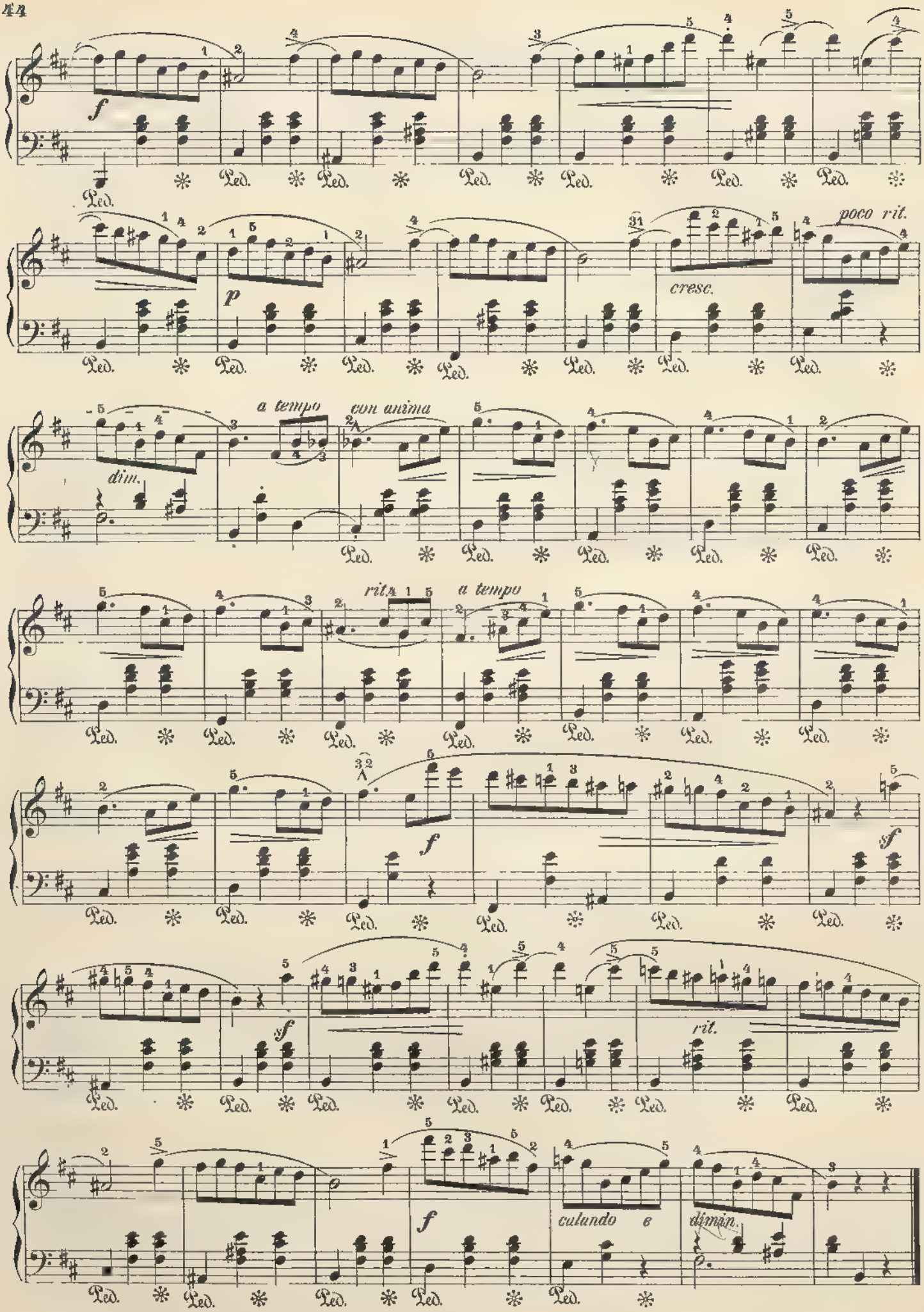

ten.
p
poco a poco cresc.
f
sf
dolce
mf
cresc.
dim. e riten.
Ped.

# Valse.

Opus 69, No. 2.



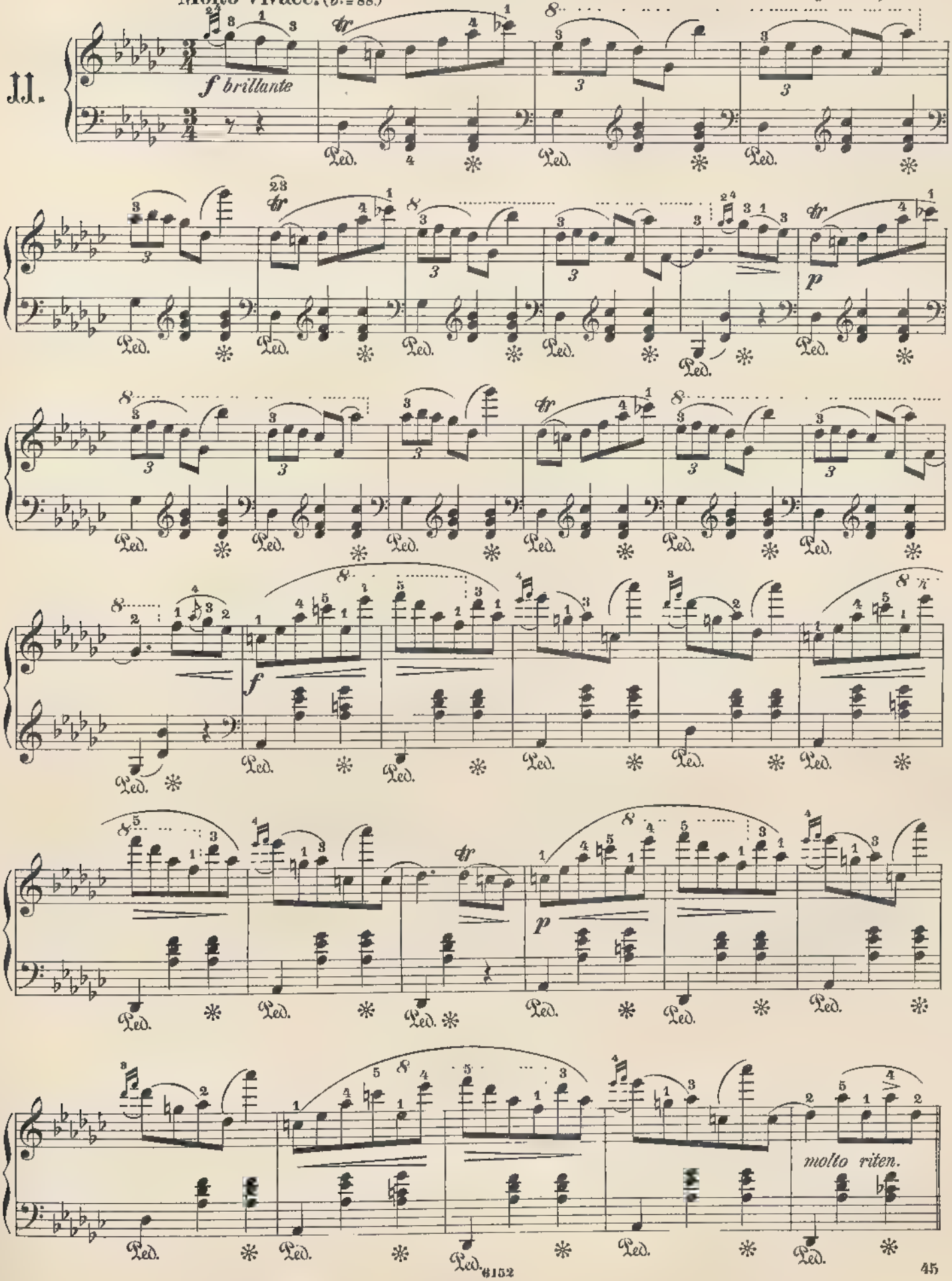

sf
sf
poco rit.
f
1. a tempo
2. a tempo
dim.
mf dolce
poco cresc.
dim.
mf
cresc.
dimin.
p
sf
Ped.

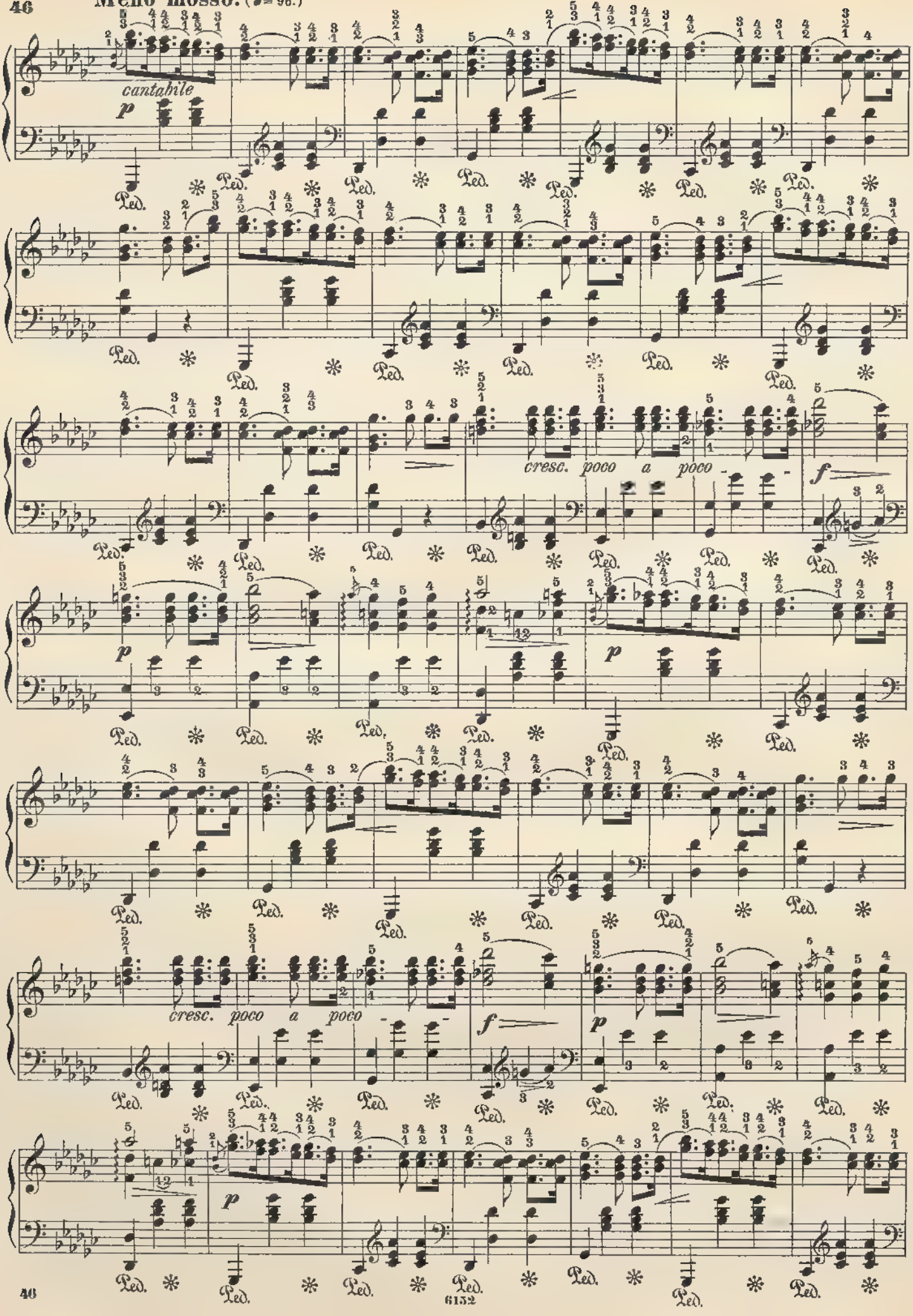

f
Ped.
p
cresc.
poco rit.
dim.
a tempo
con anima
rit.
a tempo
f
sf
rit.
calando e
dimin.

# Valse.

Molto vivace. (♩. = 88.)

Opus 70, № 1.




Meno mosso. (♩= 96.)
cantabile
p
Ped.
cresc. poco a poco
f
p
cresc. poco a poco
f
p
p

Tempo I.

*f brillante*

*p*

# Valse.

Opus 70, No 2.

Tempo giusto. (♩= 144.)

12.

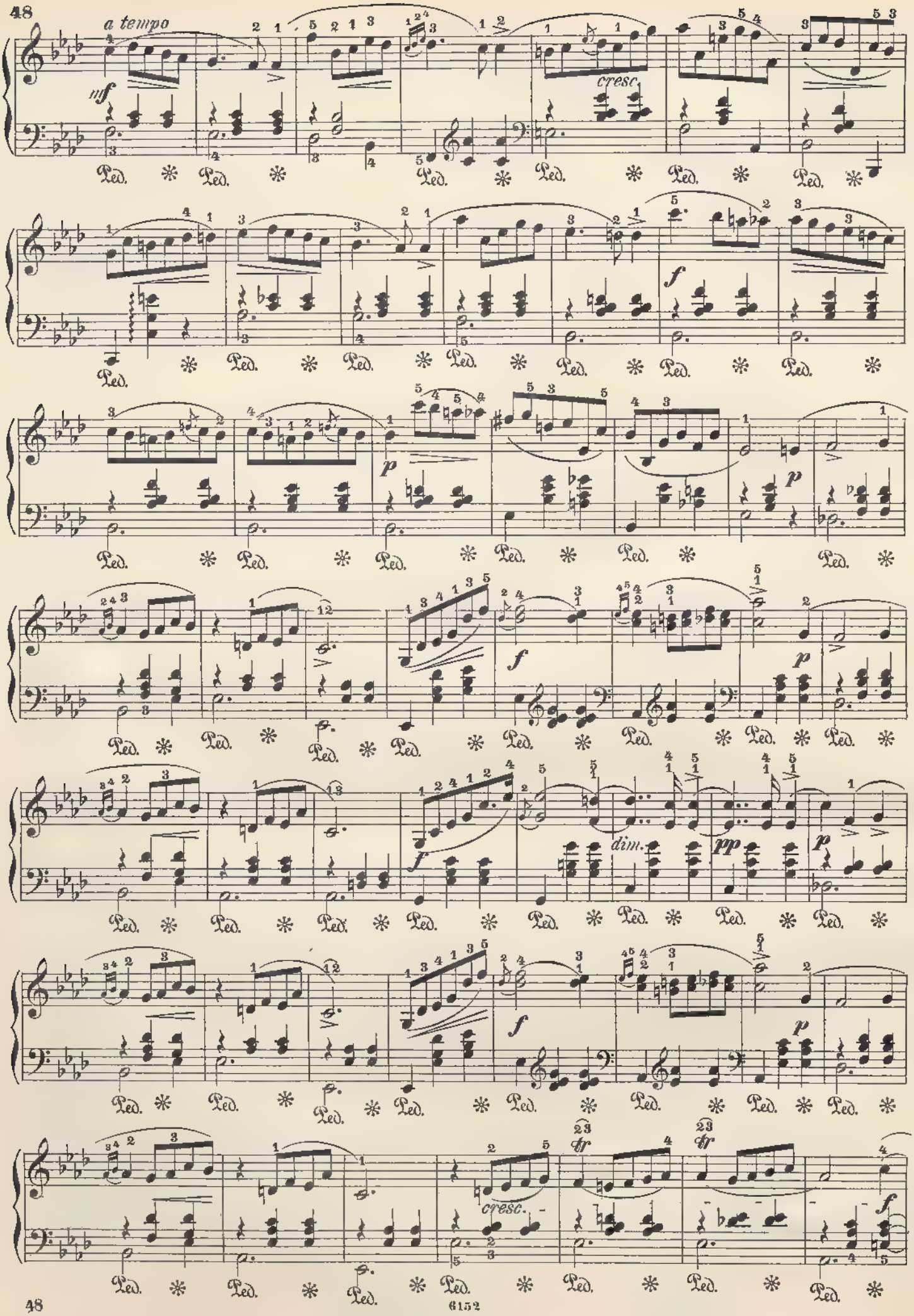
*mf*

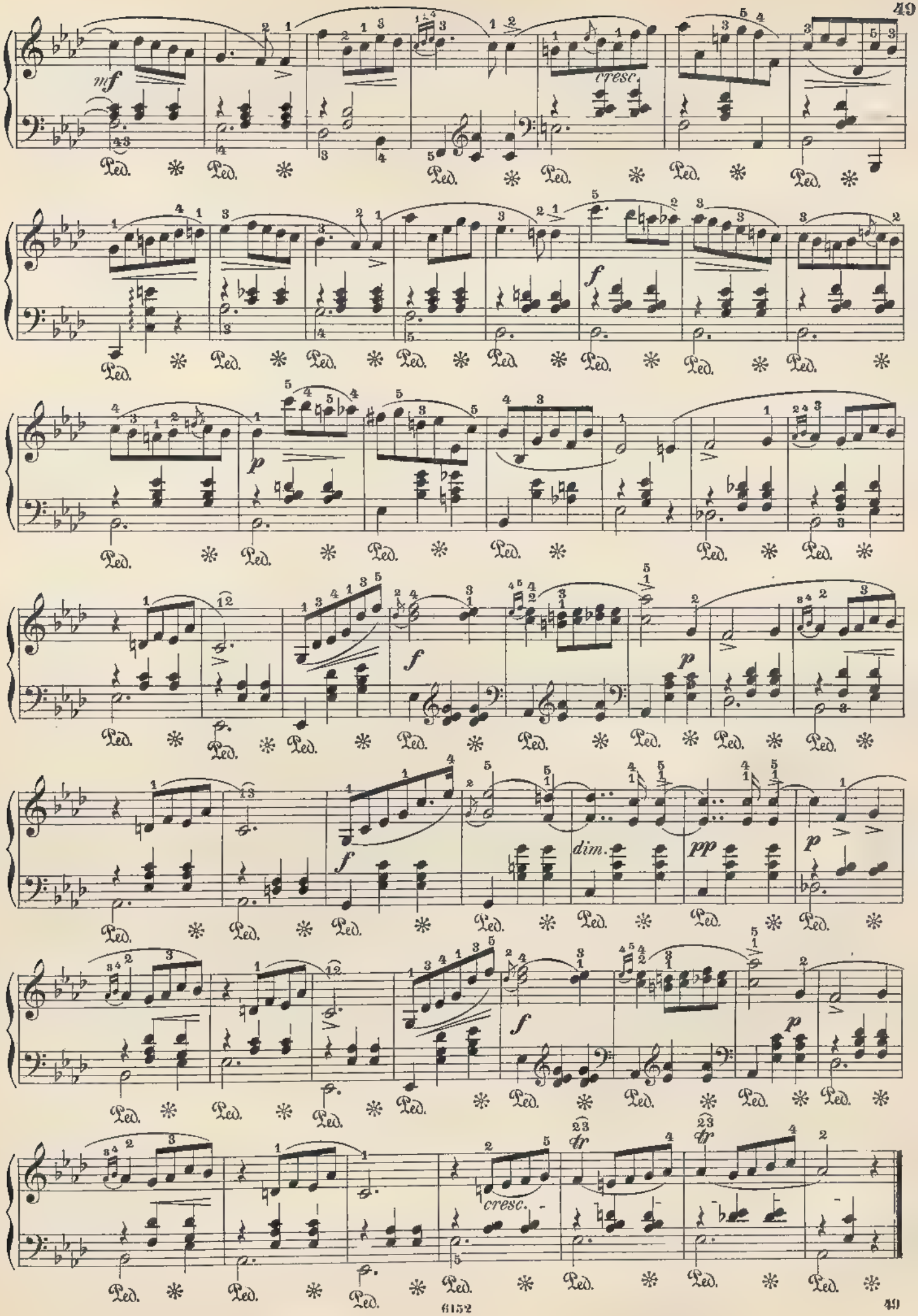
*cresc.*

*f*

*p*

*riten.*


a tempo
mf
cresc.
f
p
p
f
p
f
dim.
pp
p
f
p
cresc.
fr
fr
f


mf
cresc.
f
p
f
p
dim.
pp
f
p
f
p
cresc.
tr
tr
Ped.

# Valse.

Opus 70, No 3.

**Moderato.** (♩ = 108.)

13.

*dolce e legato*

*cresc.*

*dim.*

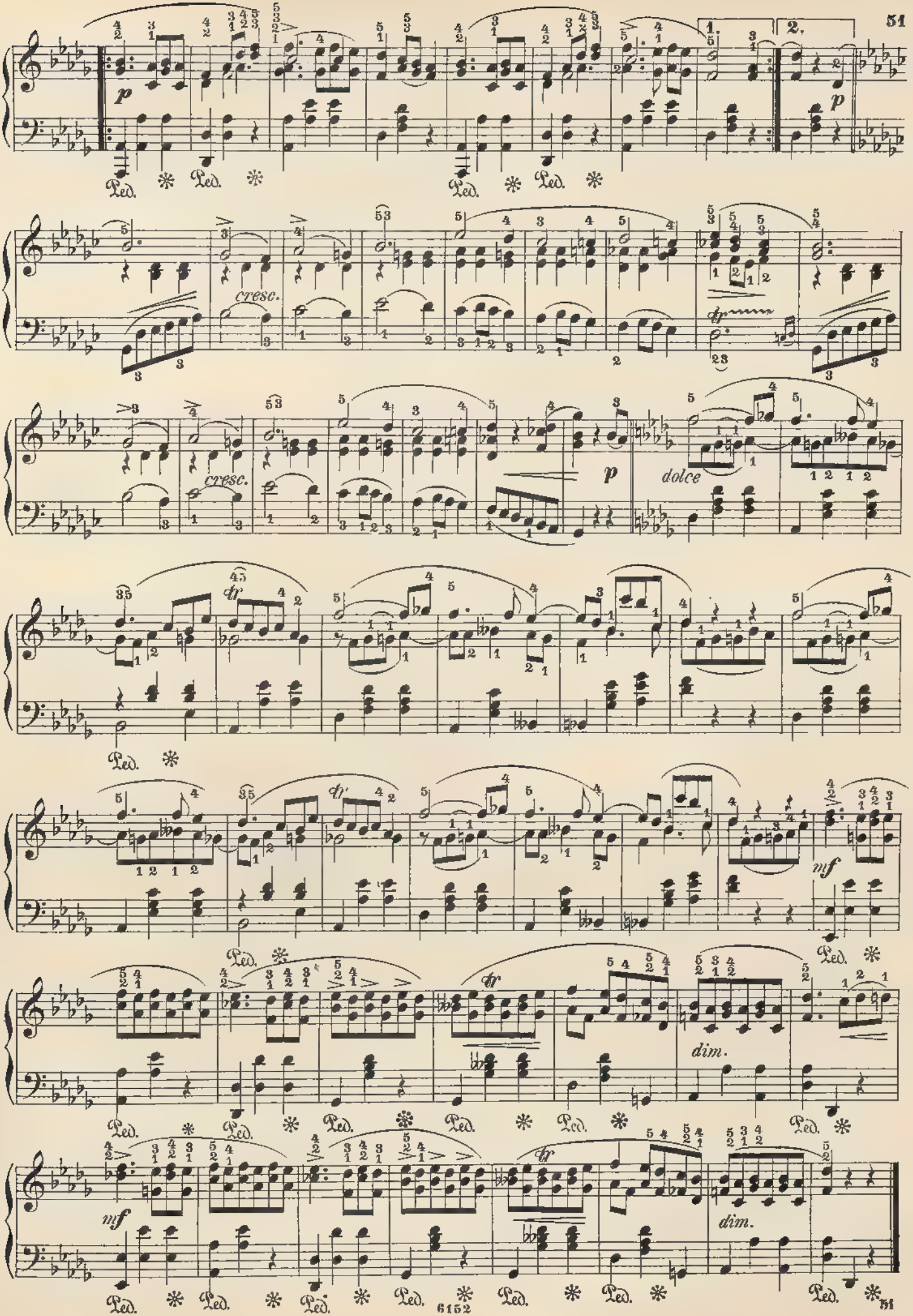
*mf*

*p*

*tr*

Ped. ✻

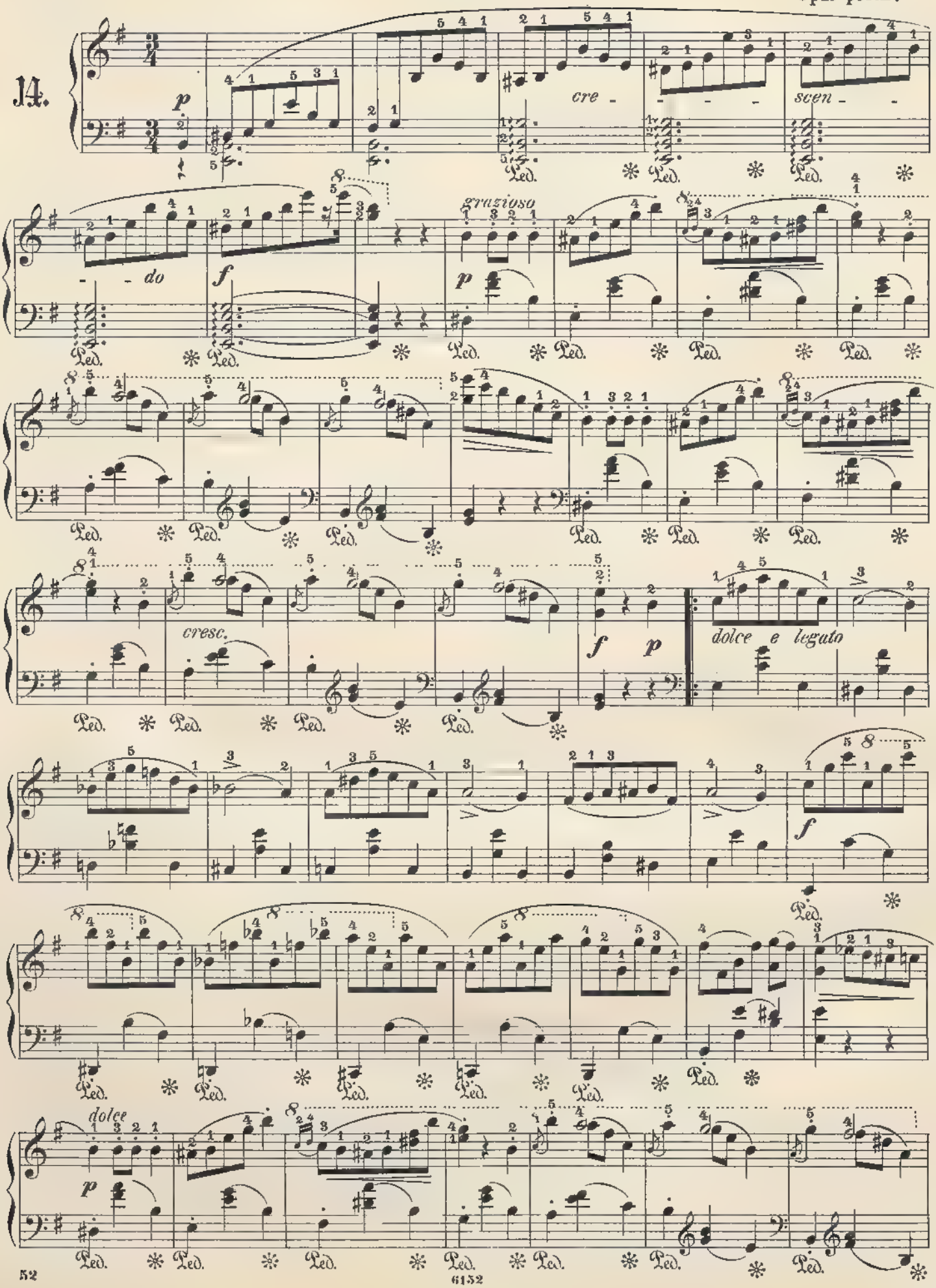
1. 2.

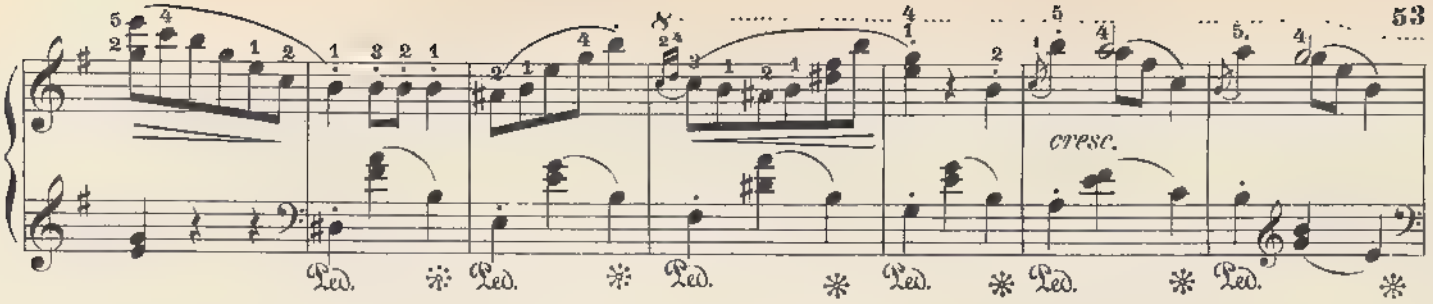

1.
2.
p
cresc.
dolce
tr
mf
dim.
Ped.

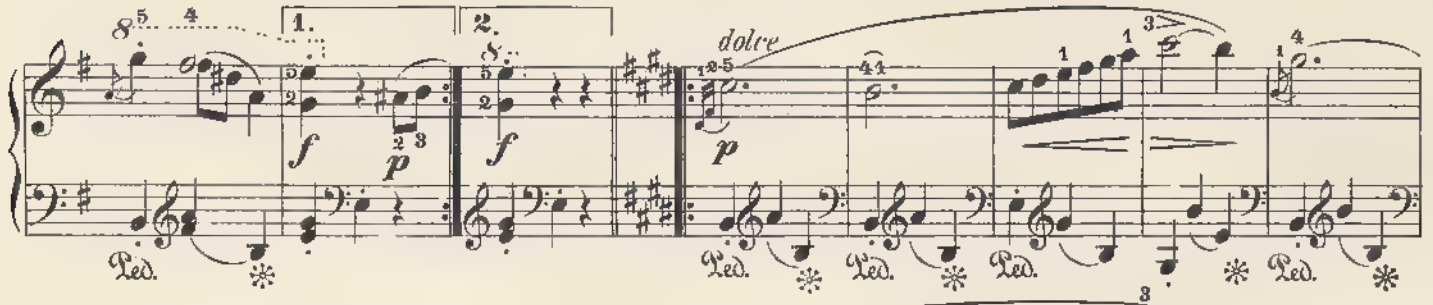
# Valse.

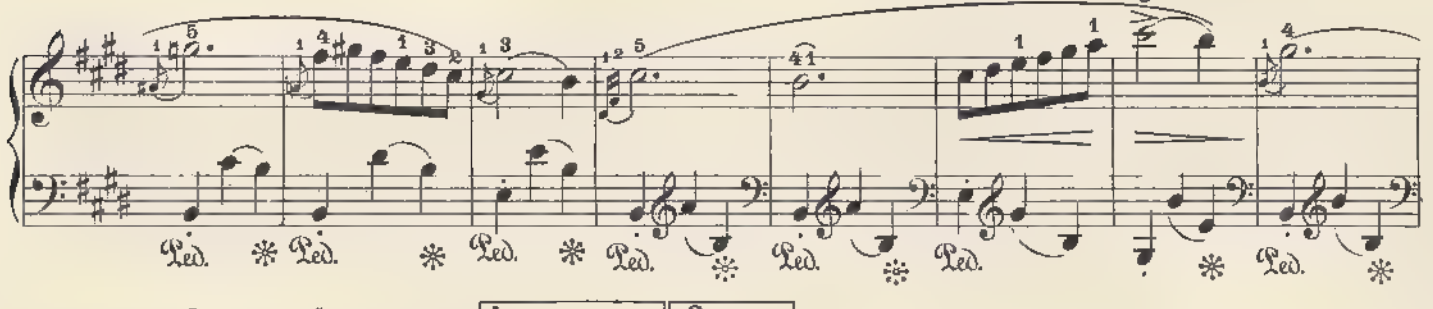
Opus posth.

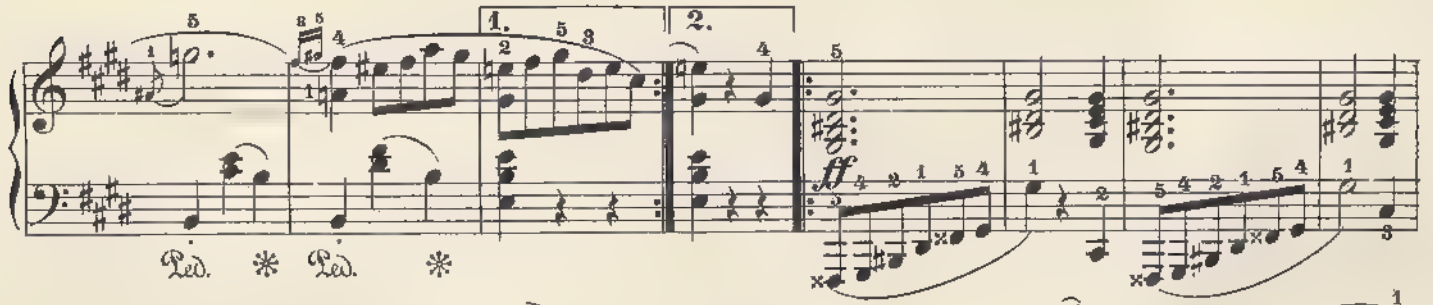
14.

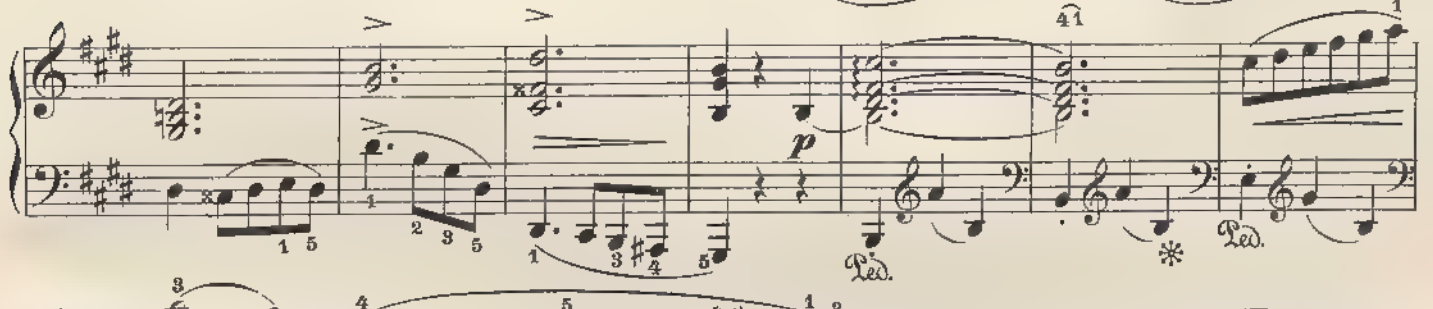


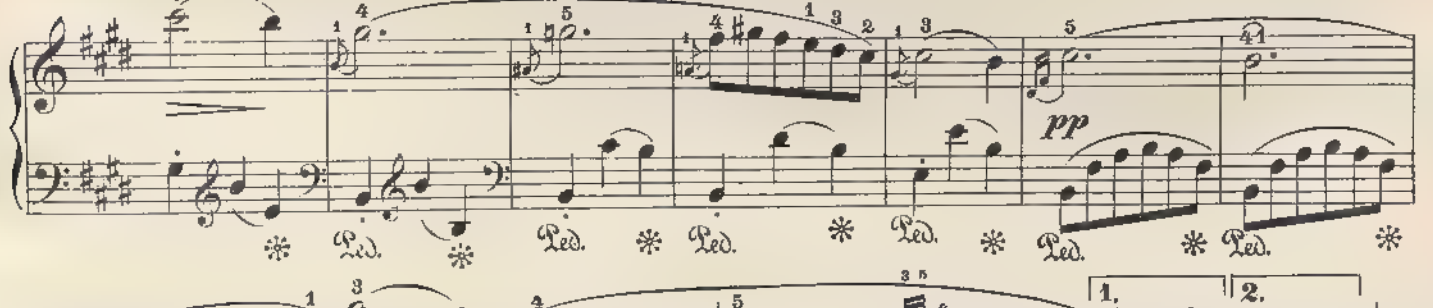

cresc.

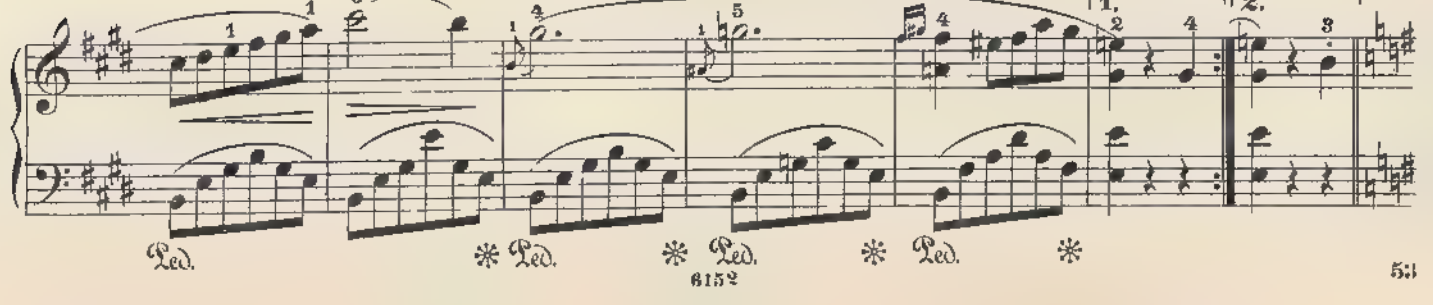

1.
2.
f
p
dolce

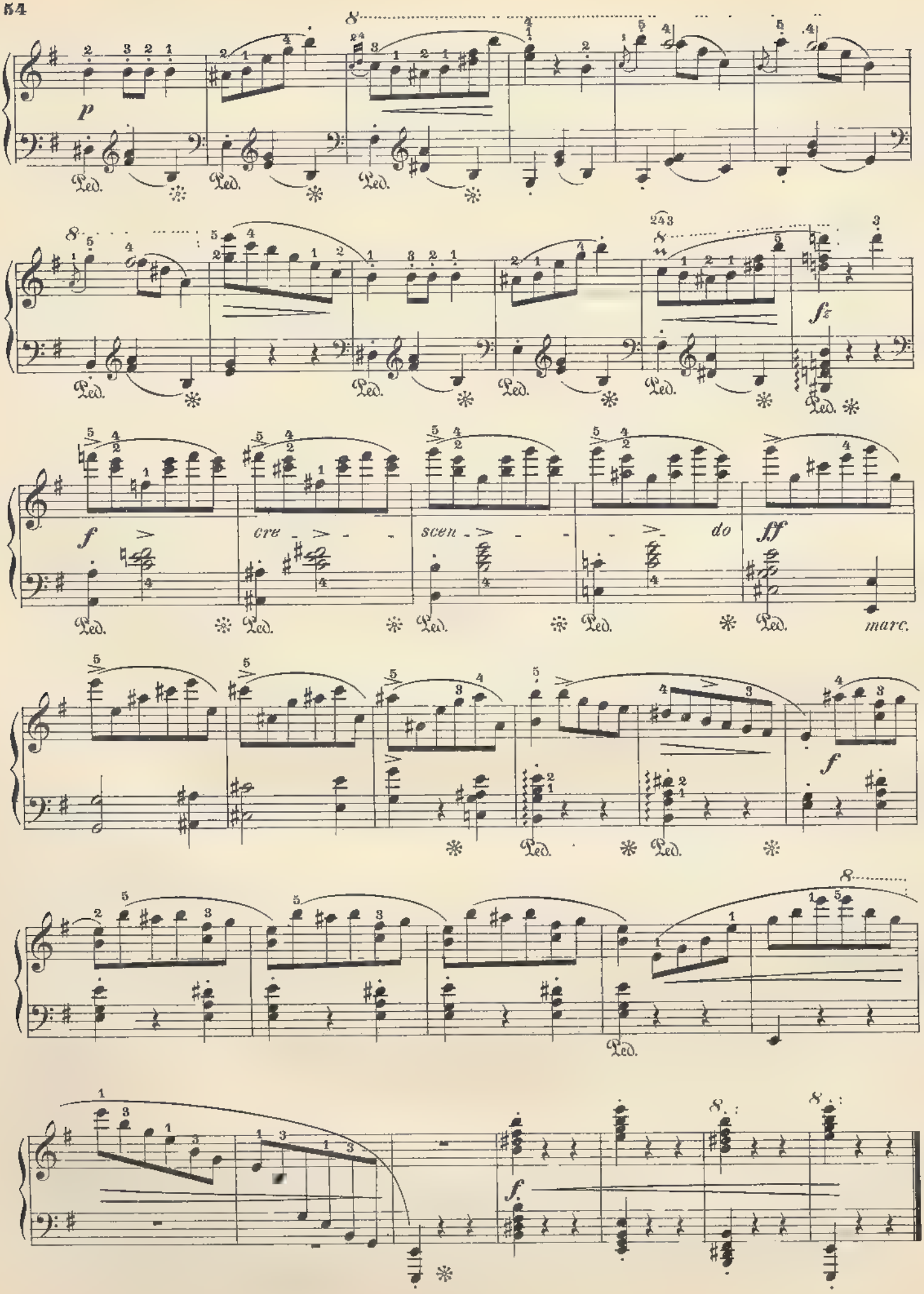



1.
2.
ff


p

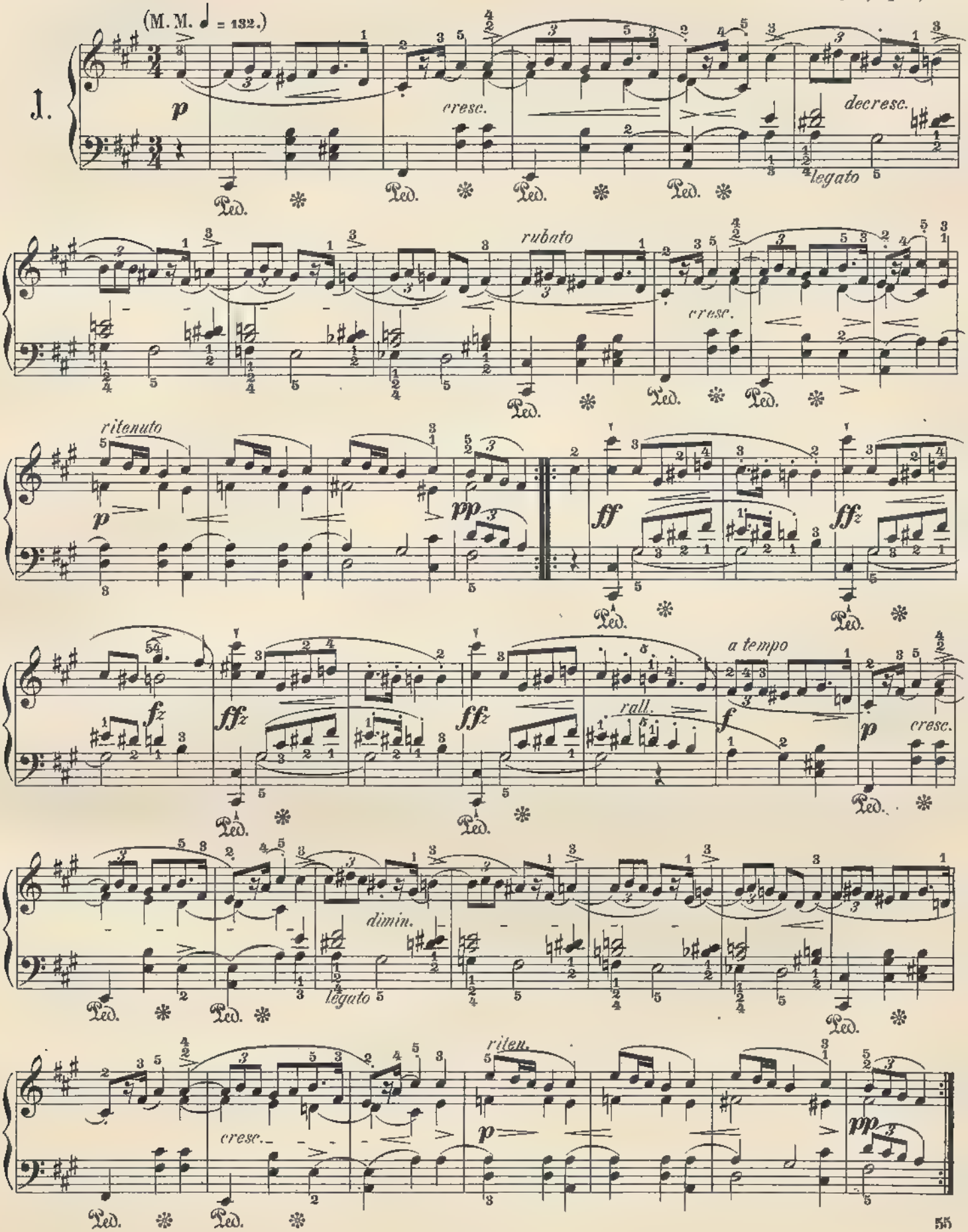

pp


1.
2.


p
Ped.
fz
f
cre - scen - do
ff
marc.
f
f

# Mazurkas.

Chopin, Op. 6, №1.



*f* *scherz.* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz*

*ritenuto* *a tempo* *p* *cresc.*

*decresc.* *legato* *cresc.*

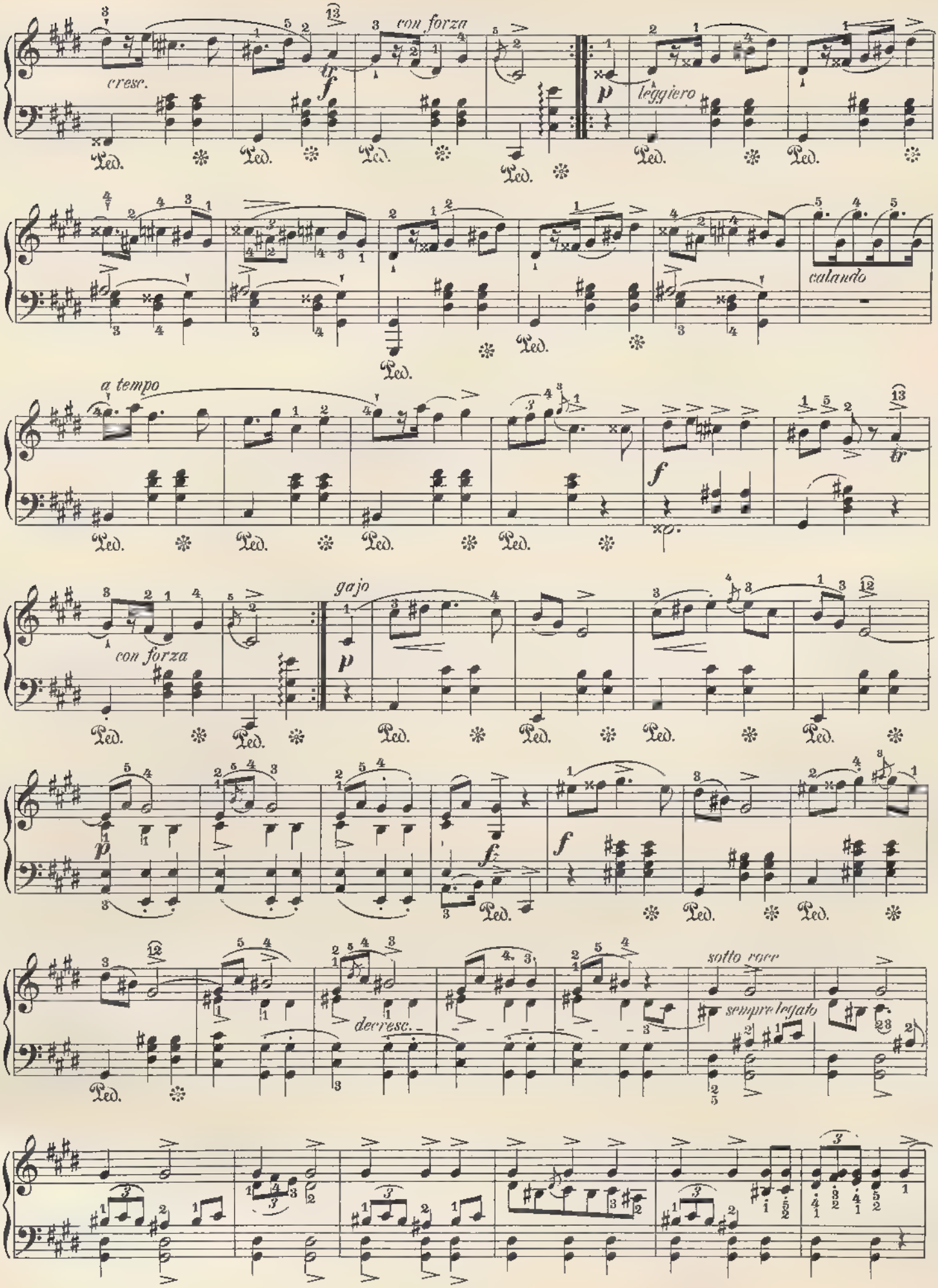
*p ritenuto* *pp*

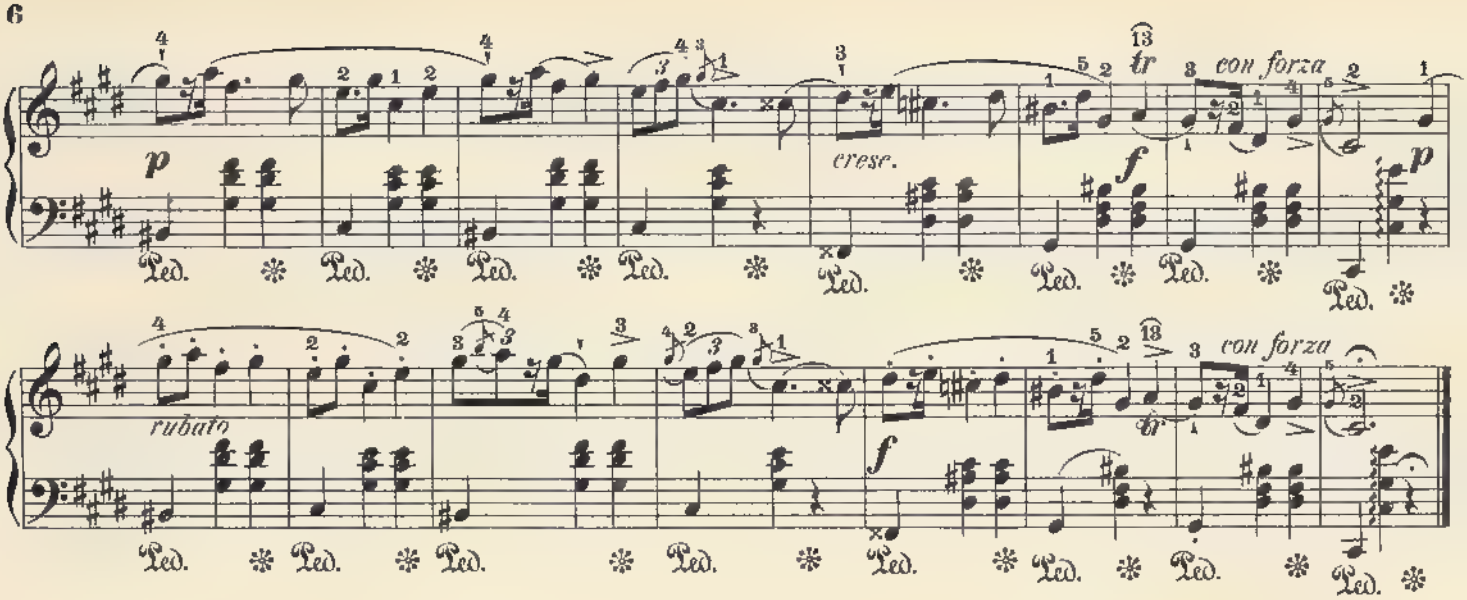
Op. 6, No 2.

**Sotto voce.** (♩ = 60.)

2. *p legato*

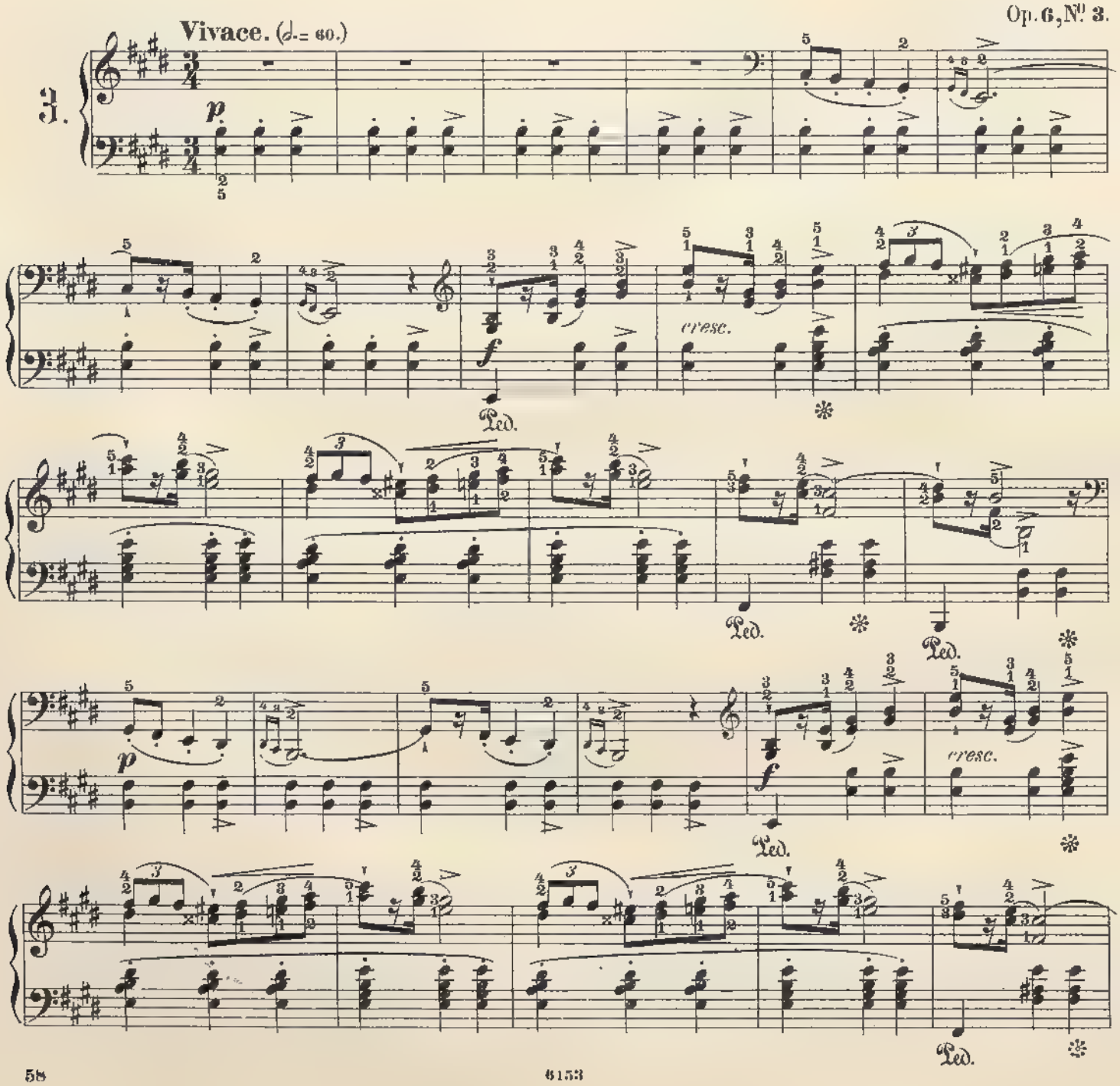
*p*

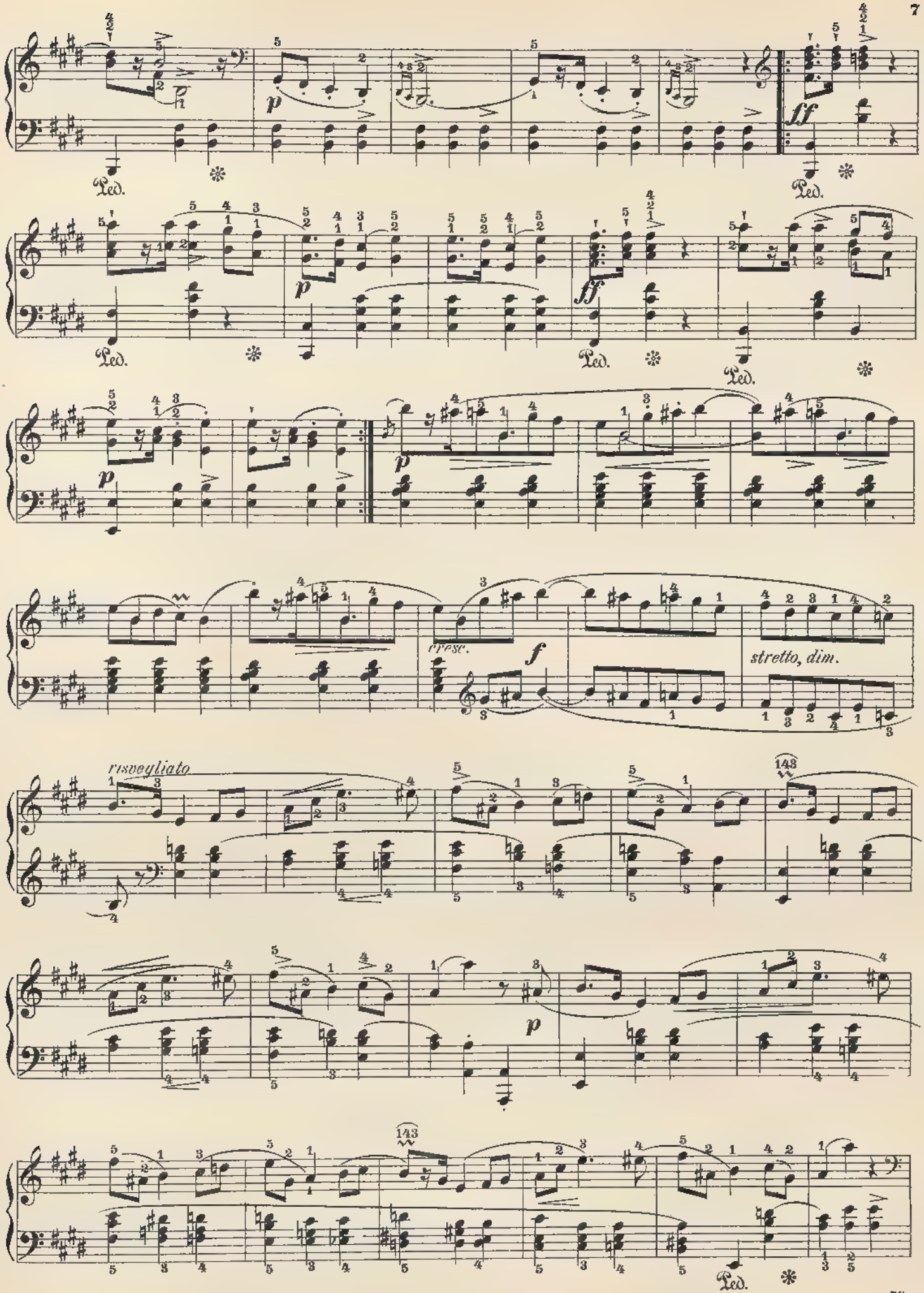

cresc.
con forza
leggiero
calando
a tempo
gajo
con forza
decresc.
sotto voce
sempre legato

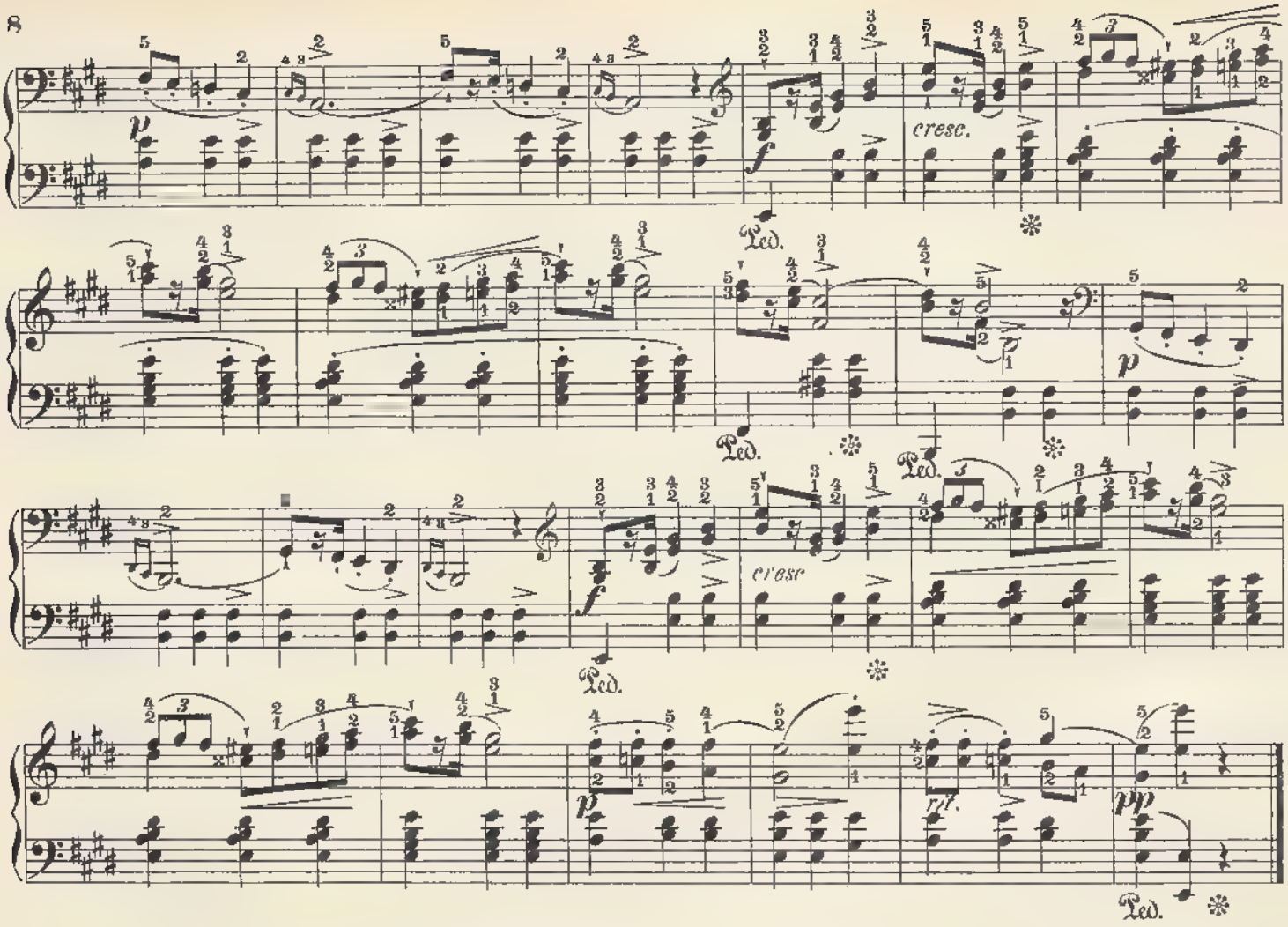

p
cresc.
f
con forza
p
rubato
con forza

Op. 6, N° 3.

3.


Vivace. (♩.= 80.)
p
f
cresc.
p
f
cresc.

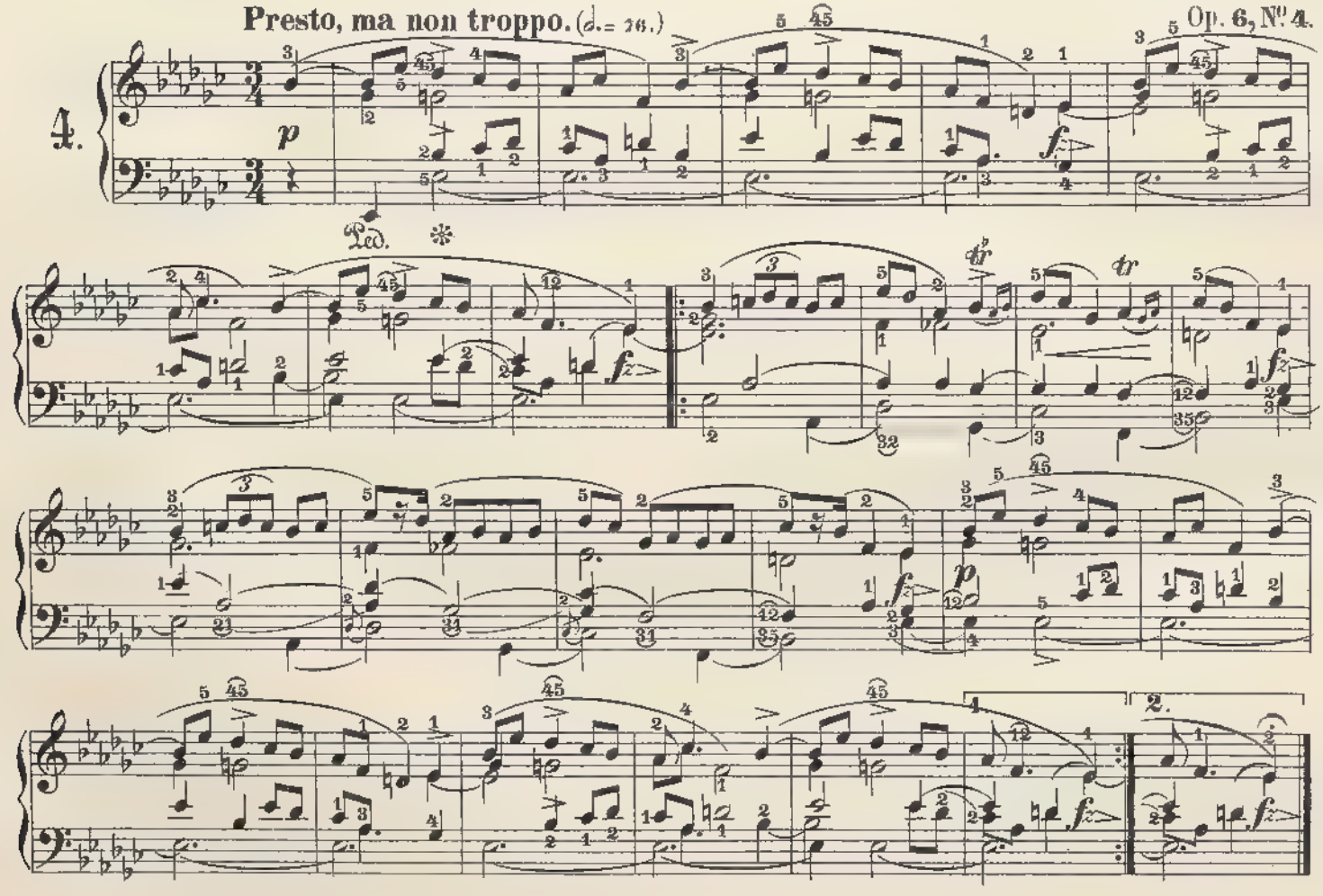

Ped.
Ped.
Ped.
Ped.
Ped.
p
ff
f
risvegliato
stretto, dim.
143
143




**Presto, ma non troppo.** (♩.= 76.)

Op. 6, N.º 4.

4.



5.

**Vivace.** (♩. = 50.)

*f* *cresc.* *ff* *fz* *p scherz.*

Ped. Ped. Ped. Ped. Ped.

*f* *cresc.* *ff* *fz* *p*

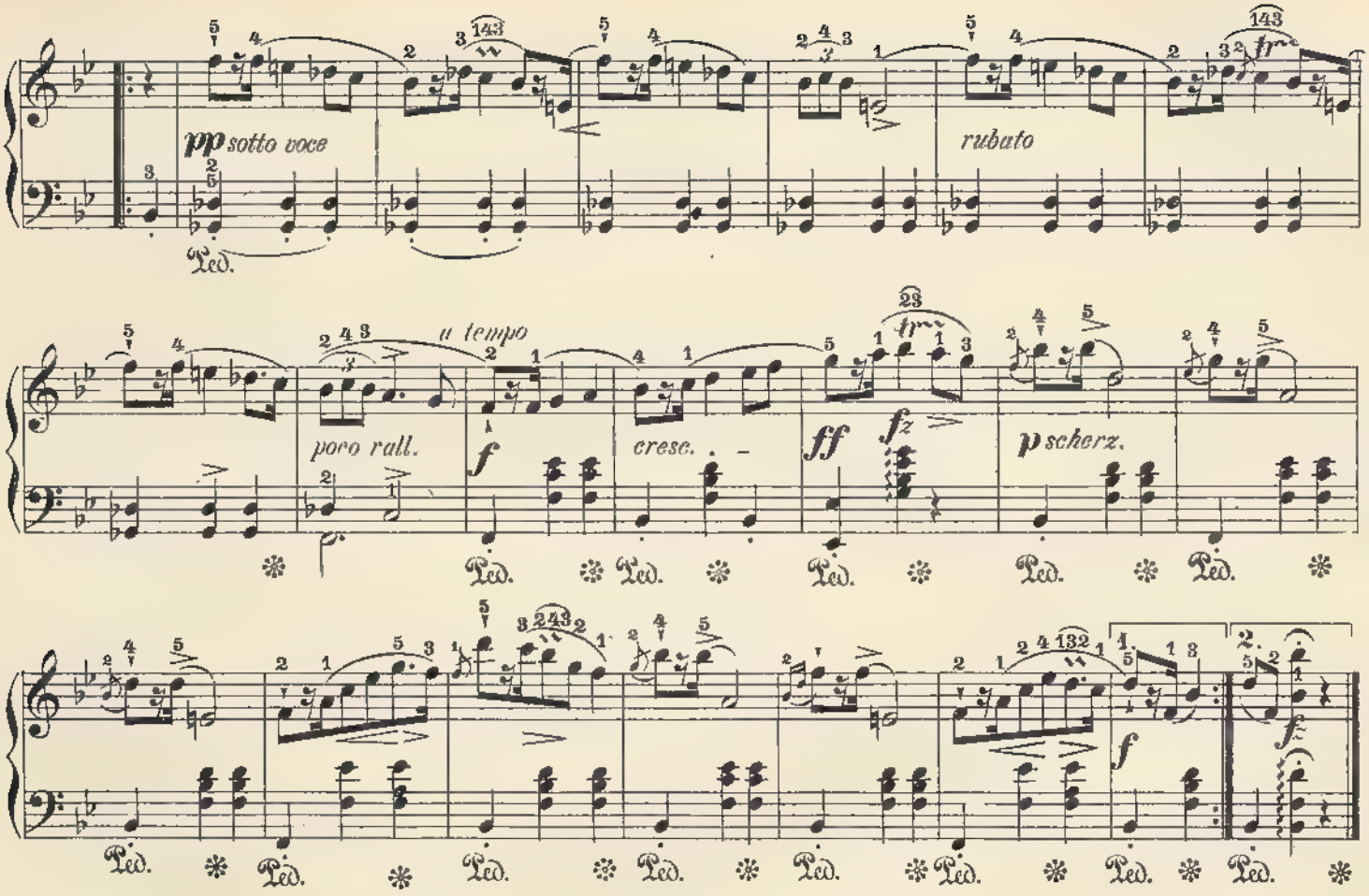
Ped. Ped. *simile*

*p* *stretto*

*legato e senza Ped.*

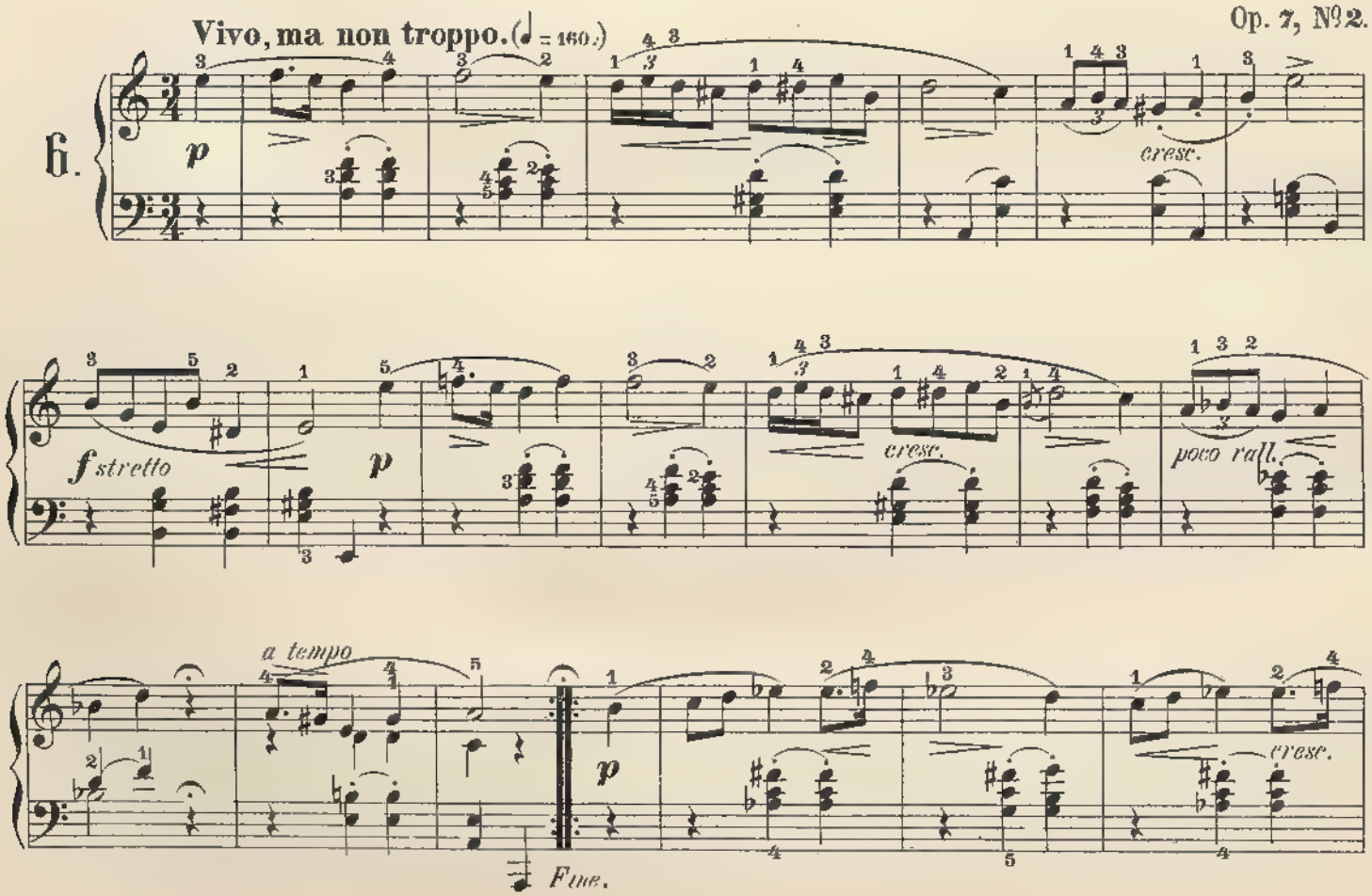
*poco rall.* *a tempo* *f* *cresc.* *ff* *fz* *p*

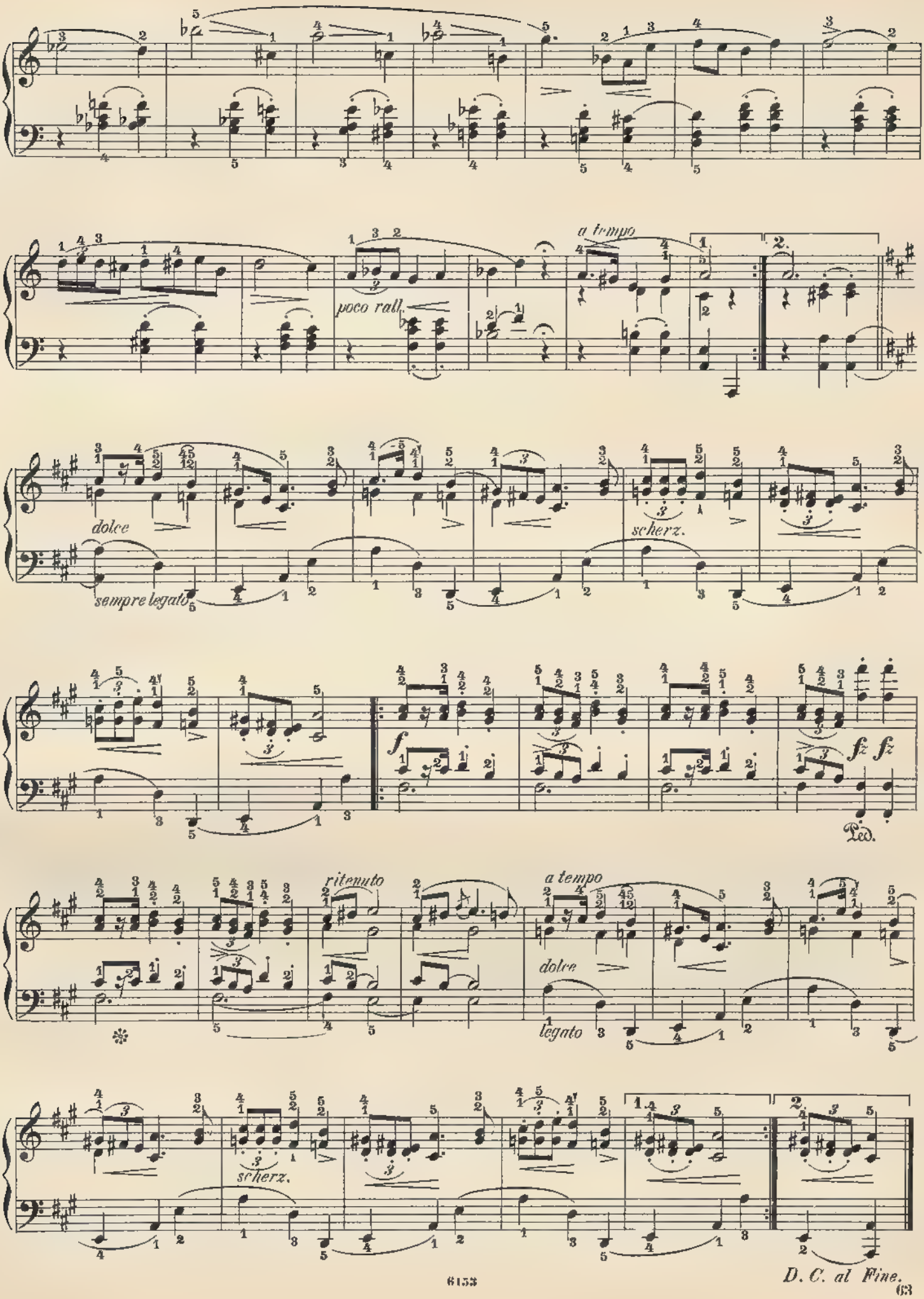
Ped. *come sopra*

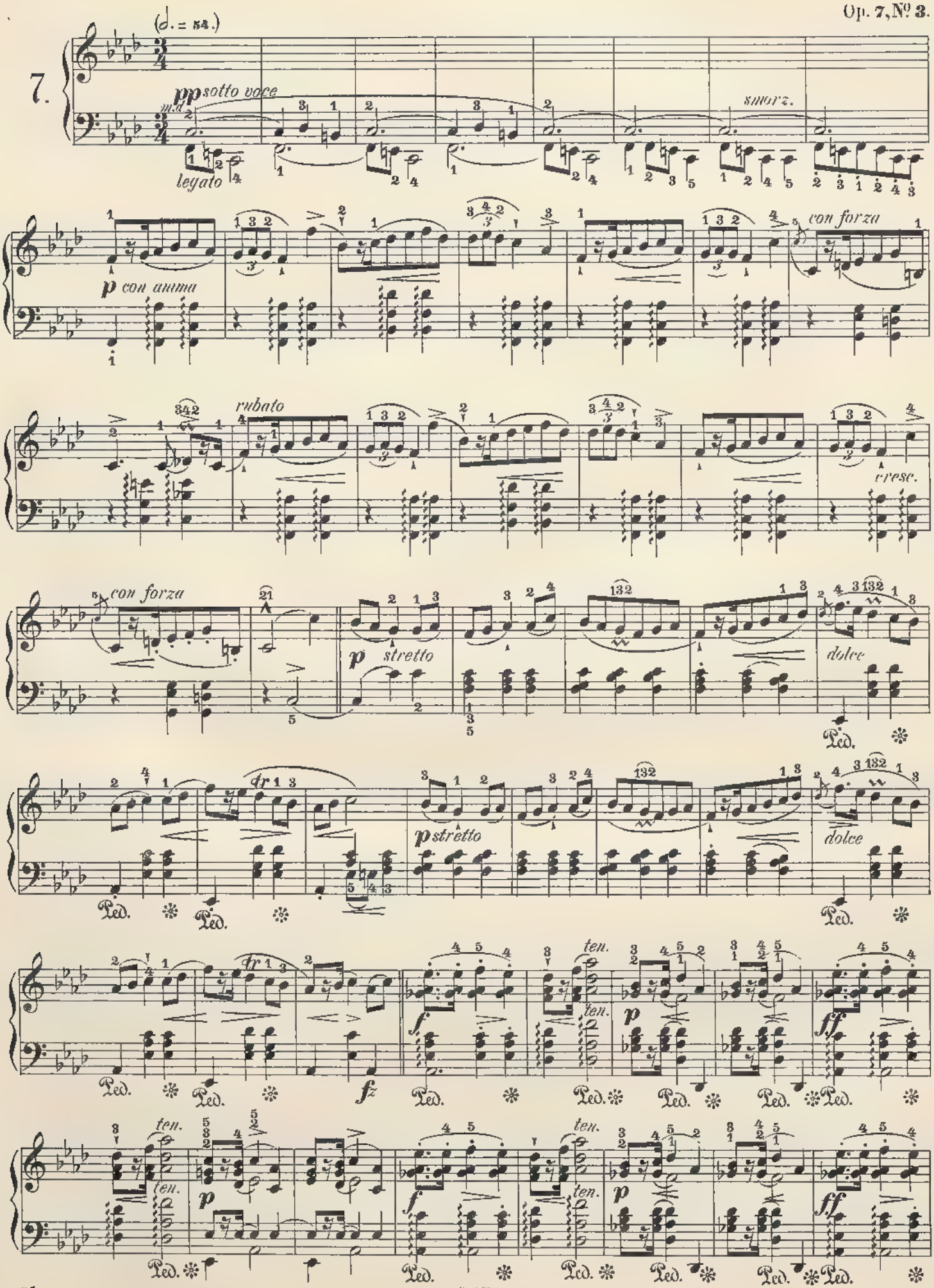



Op. 7, №2.

## 6. Vivo, ma non troppo. (♩ = 160.)




poco rall.
a tempo
1.
2.
dolce
sempre legato
scherz.
f
fz
fz
Ped.
ritenuto
a tempo
dolce
legato
scherz.
D. C. al Fine.


(♩. = 54.)
7.
pp sotto voce
m.d.
legato
smorz.
p con anima
con forza
rubato
cresc.
con forza
p stretto
dolce
Ped.
tr
p stretto
dolce
Ped.
fz
f
ten.
p
ff
ten.
f
ten.
p
ff

ten. ten.
p
Ped. *
p
marcato
smorz.
pp ritenuto e sotto voce
Ped. * Ped. * Ped. *
pp
legato
a tempo
p
con forza
rubato
p
pp
Ped. * Ped. *

Presto, ma non troppo. (♩= 76.)

Op. 7, No. 4.

8va

f legato

fz p

f

fz p

p

scherz.

p

Ped.

p

cresc.

f

fz p

f

fz p

1. 2.

dolcissimo

staccato

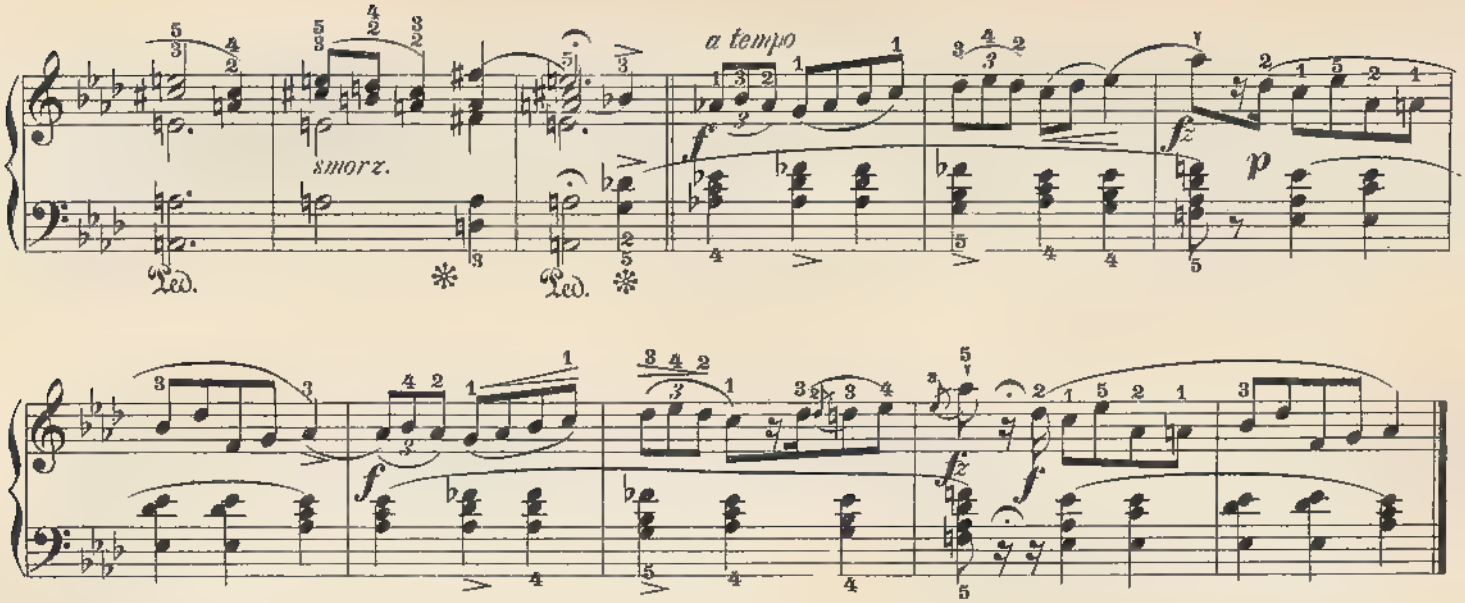
p ritenuto

sempre legato

molto rallent.

pp sotto voce

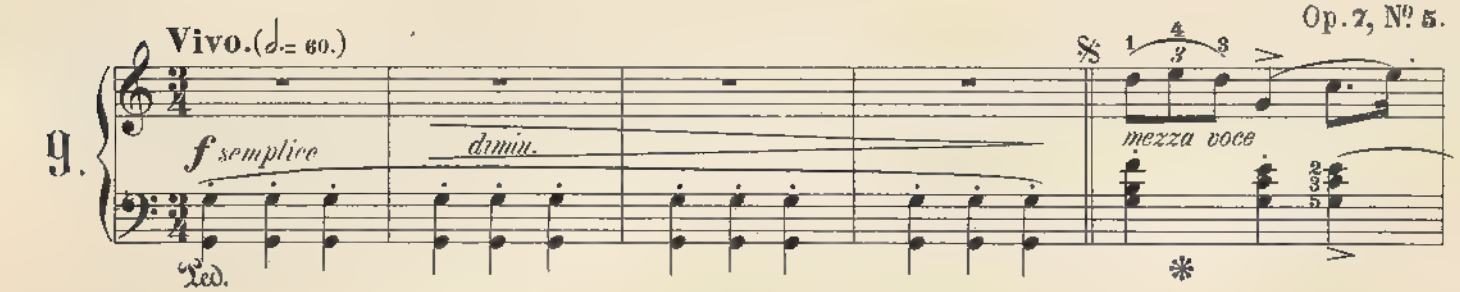
Ped.

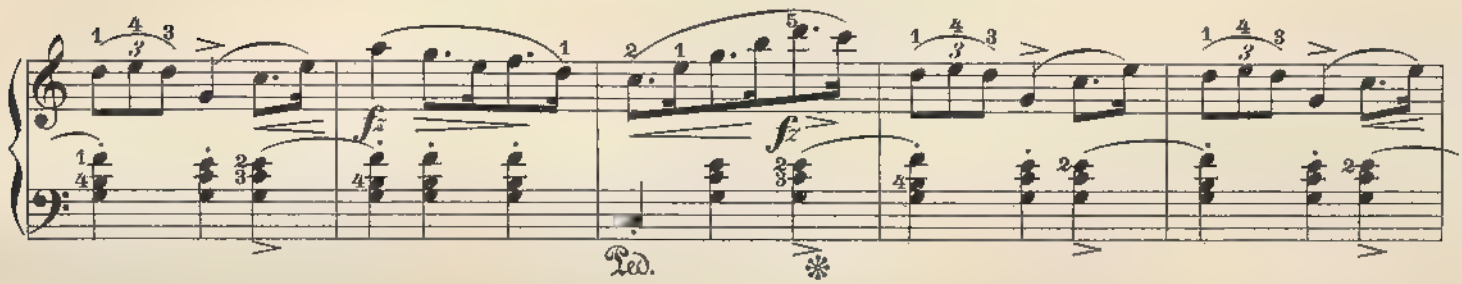


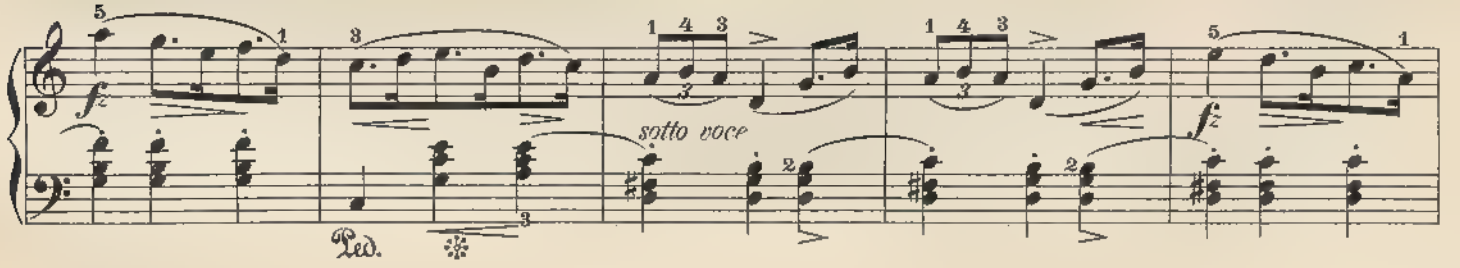


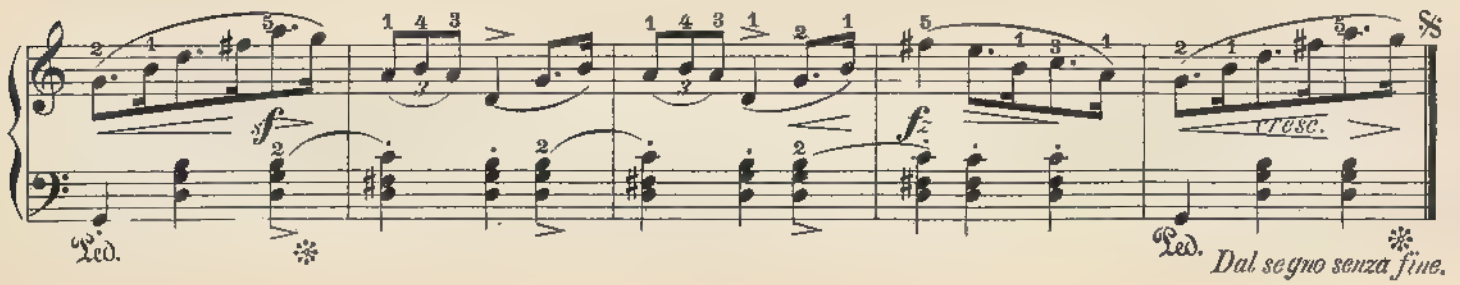

Op. 7, № 5.

9. **Vivo.** (♩.= 60.)



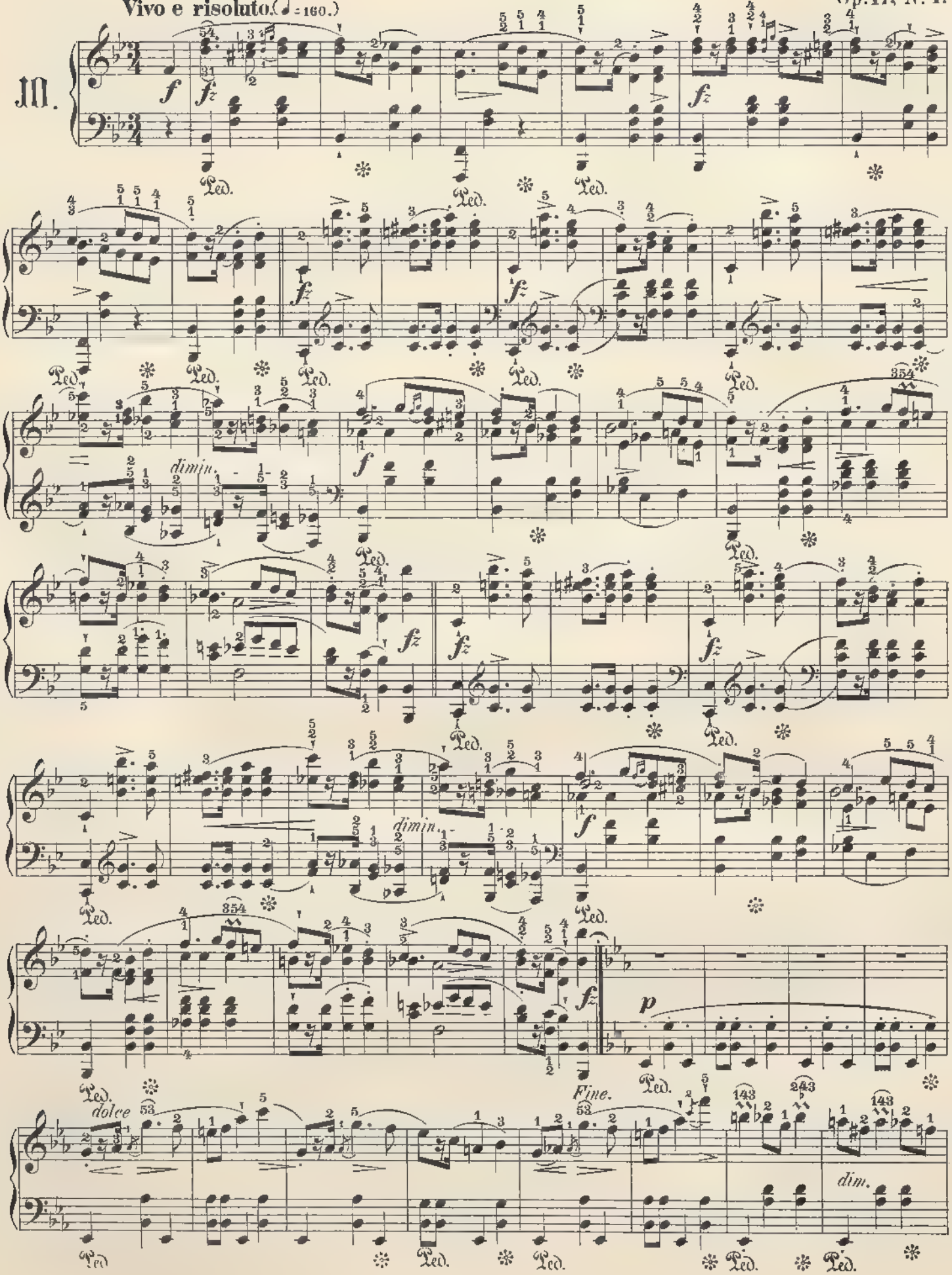



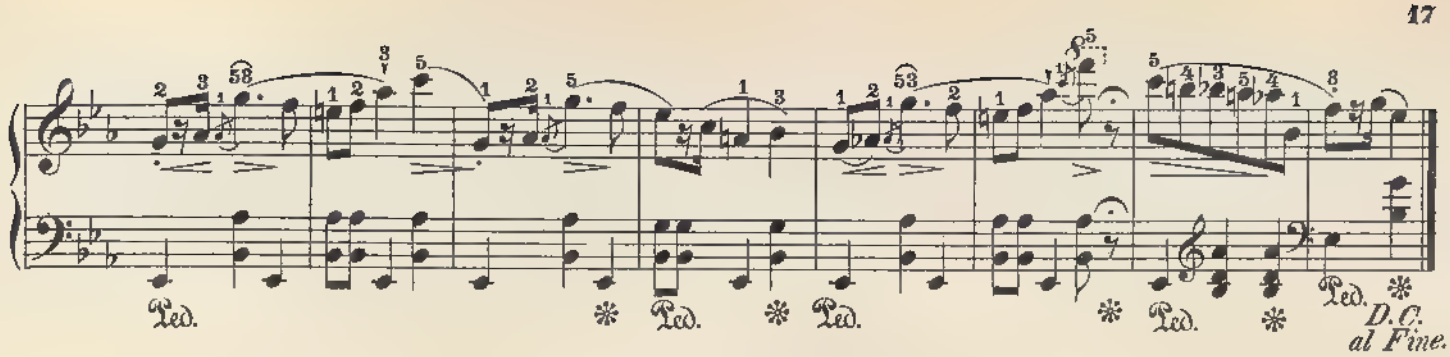



Vivo e risoluto. (♩ = 160.)

Op. 17, № 1.

III.

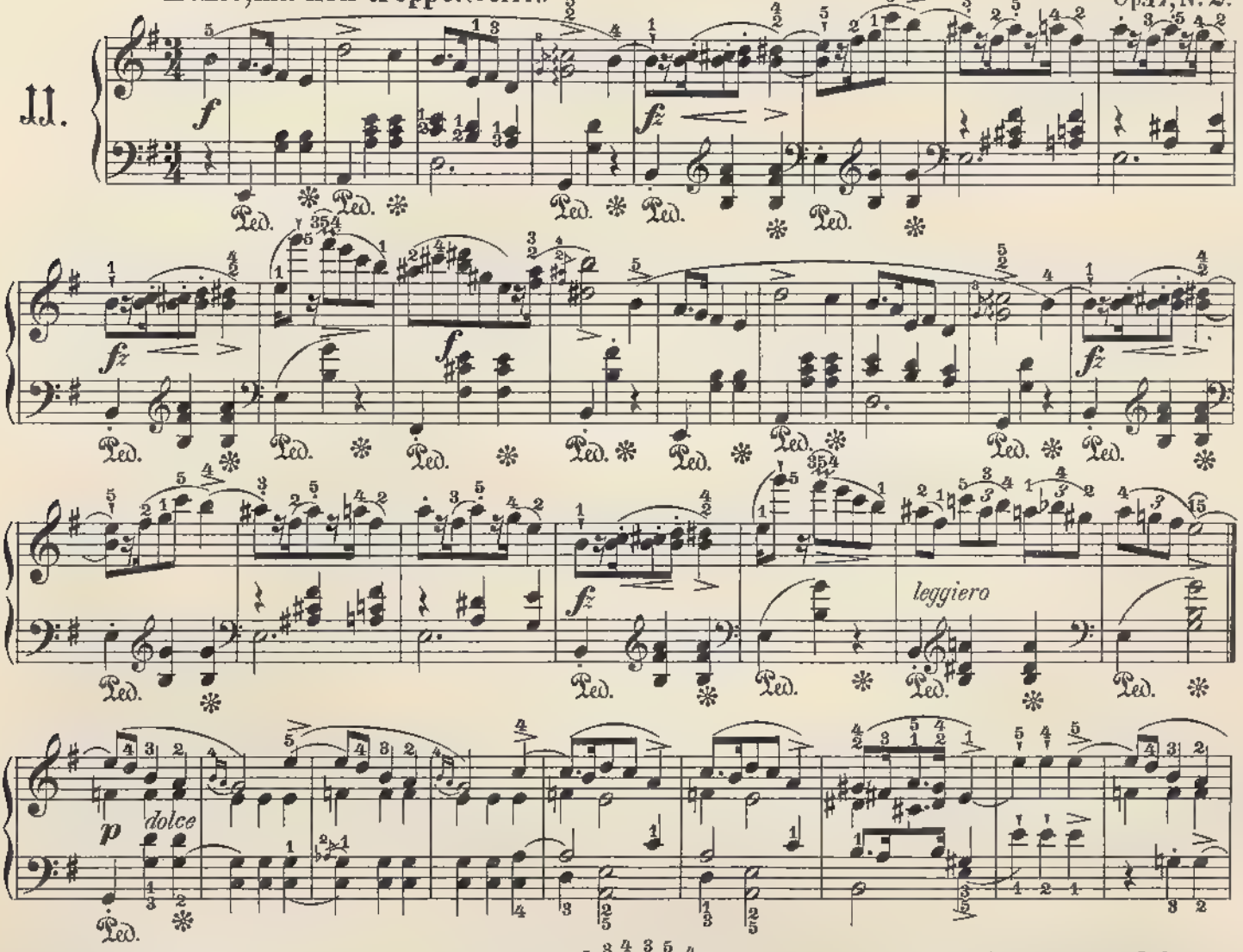


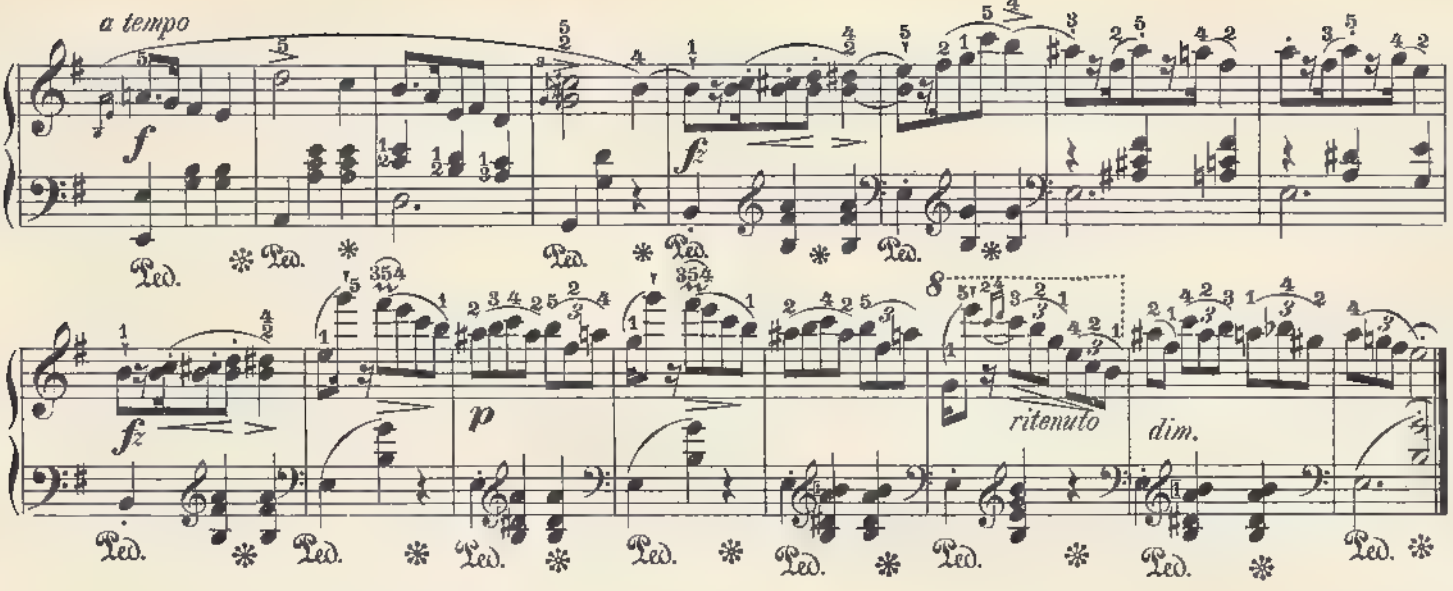



**Lento, ma non troppo.** (♩=144.)

Op. 17, No. 2.

II.

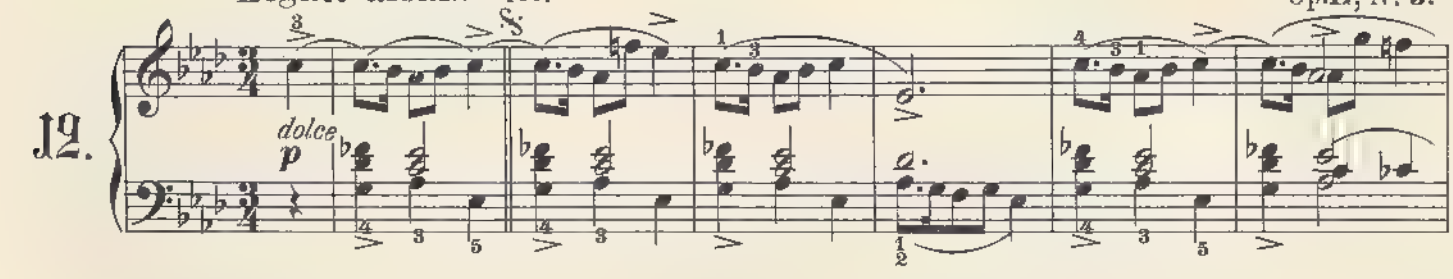


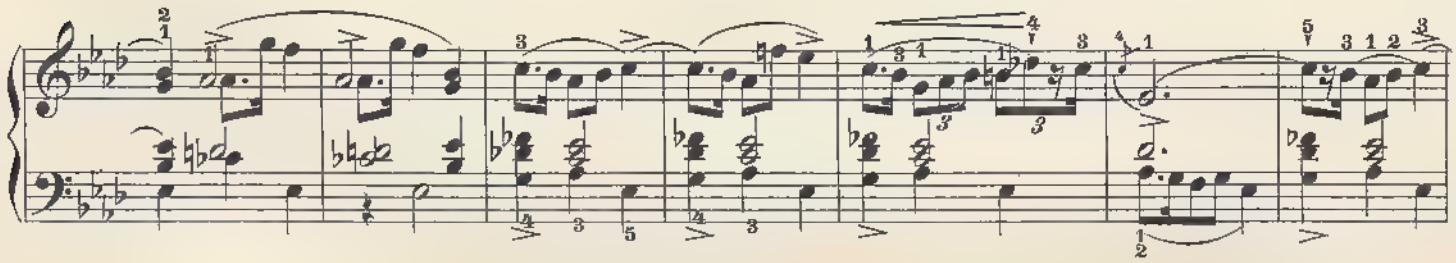


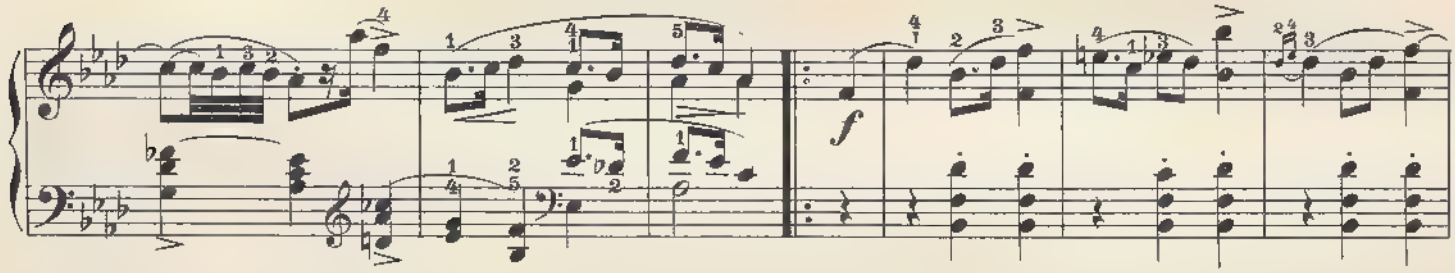

Legato assai. (♩=144.)

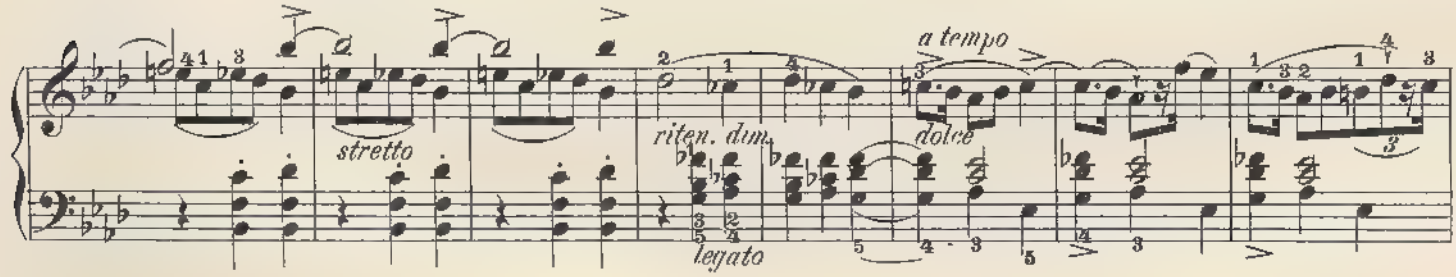
Op. 17, No. 3.

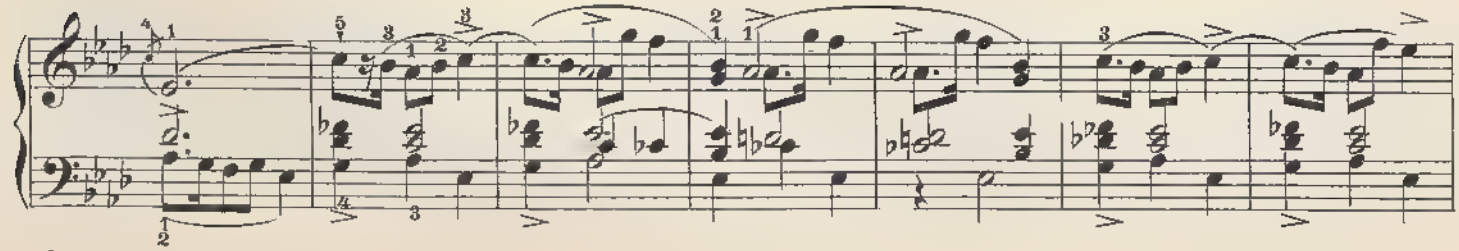
12.

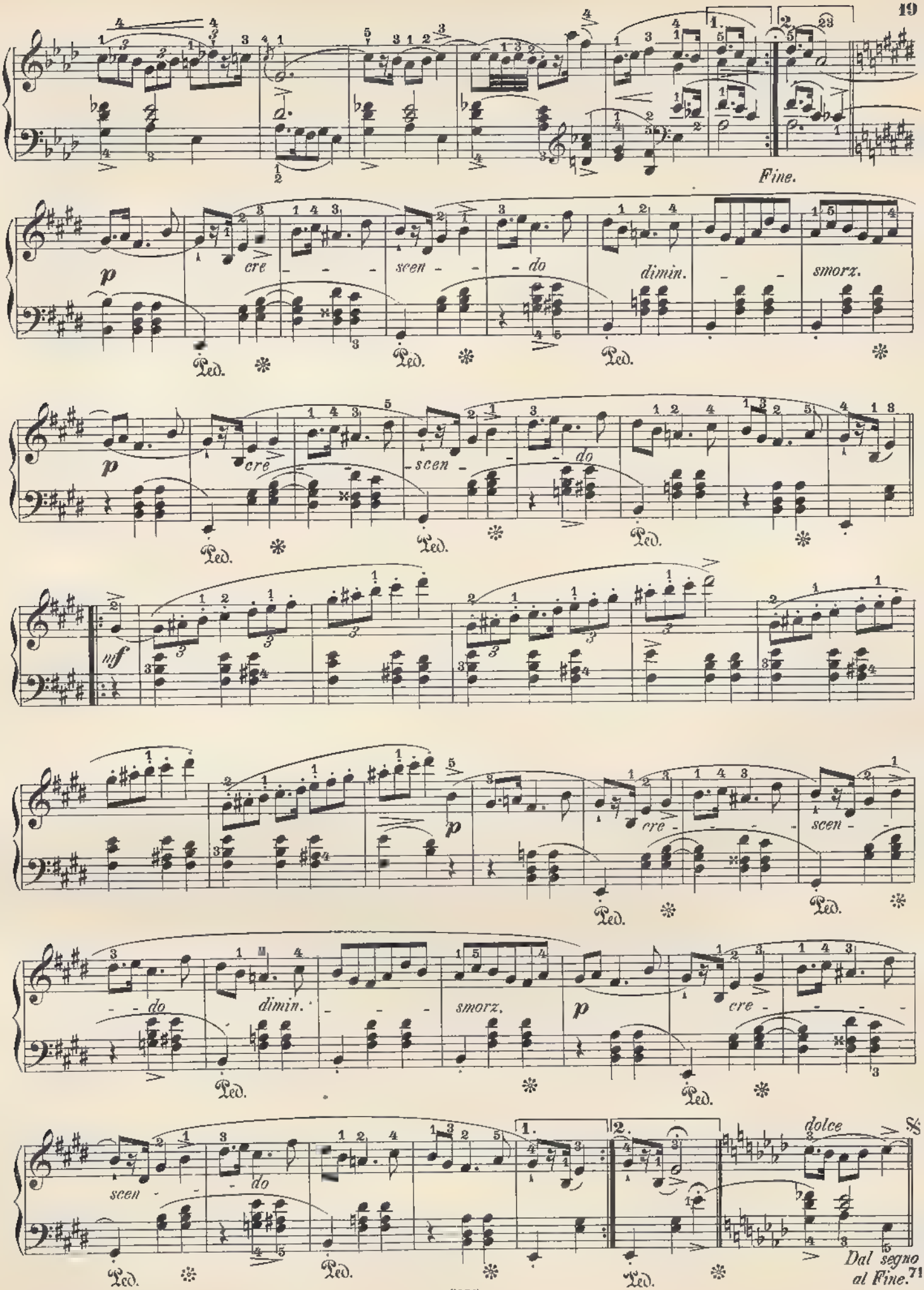





Fine.
p
cre - - - scen - - - do
dimin. - - smorz.
Ped.
p
cre - scen - do
Ped.
nf
p
cre - scen -
Ped.
do
dimin. - - - smorz.
p
cre - - - -
Ped.
scen - do
1.
2.
dolce
Dal segno
al Fine.
Ped.

13. Lento, ma non troppo. (♩ = 152.)

pp

sotto voce

espressivo

ten.

p

delicatissimo 15

ten.

Ped. ✻

ten.

Ped. ✻

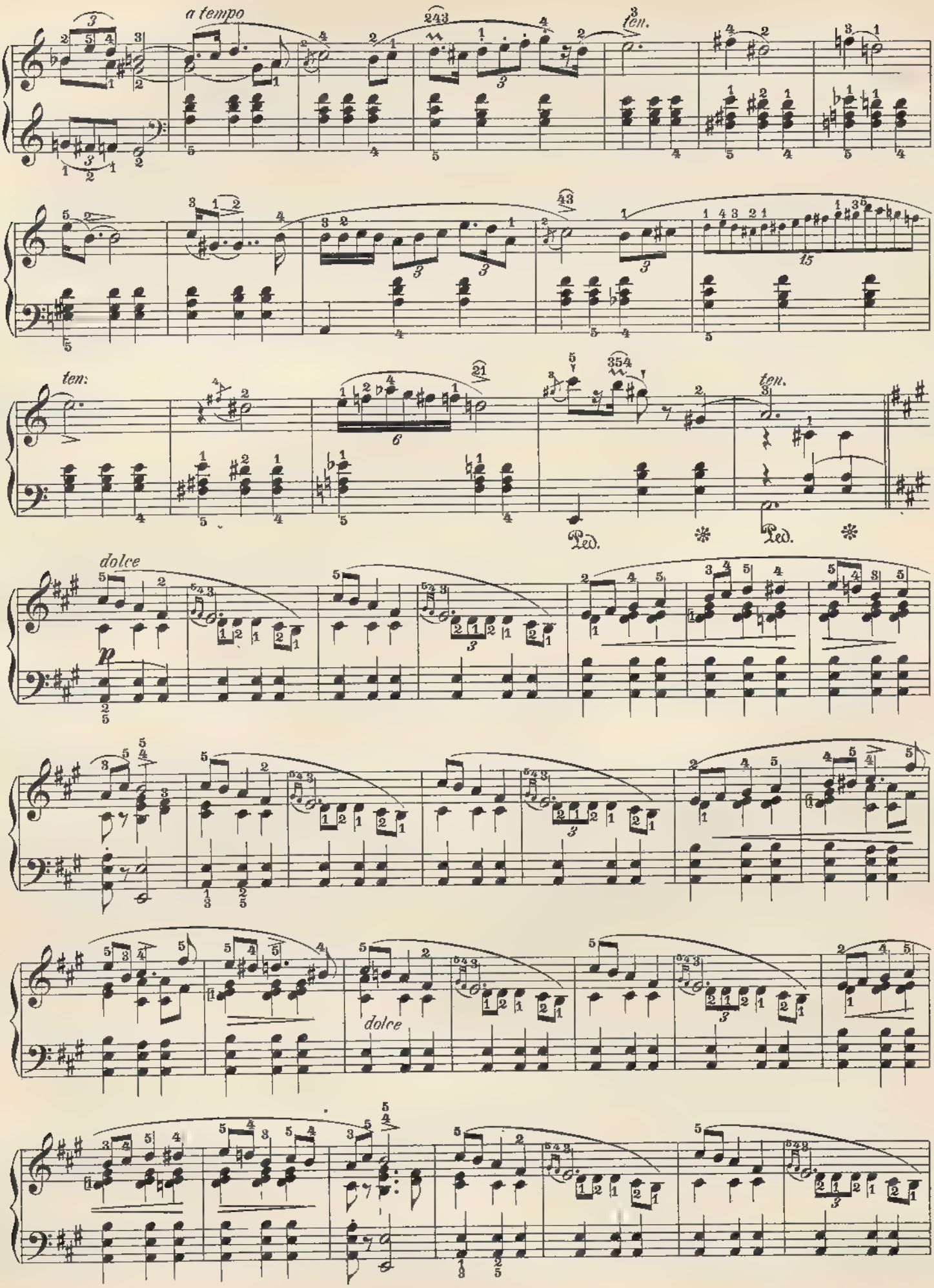
ten.

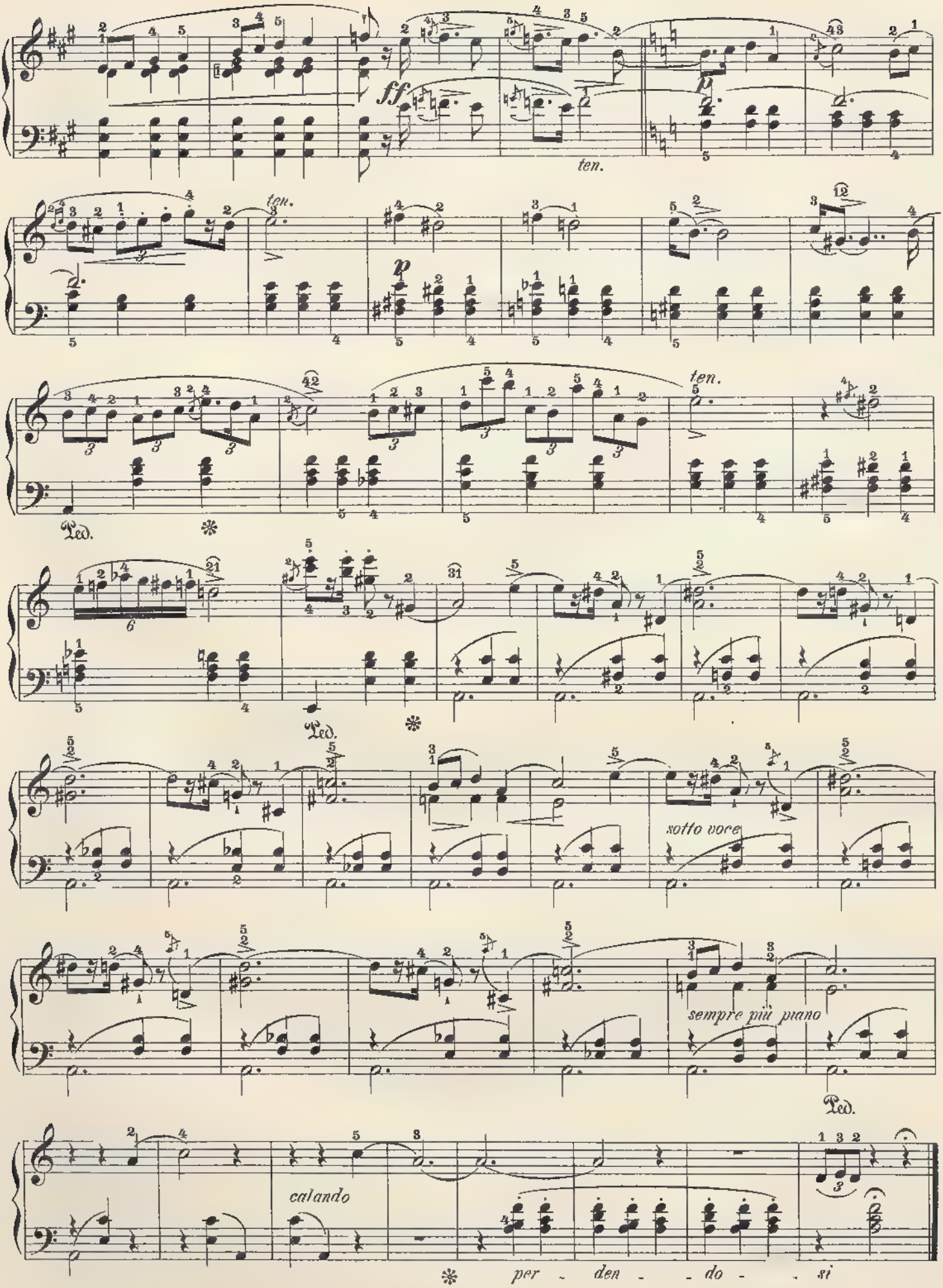
Ped. ✻

Ped. ✻ Ped. ✻ Ped. ✻

poco ritenuto

Ped. ✻ Ped. ✻ Ped. ✻ Ped. ✻

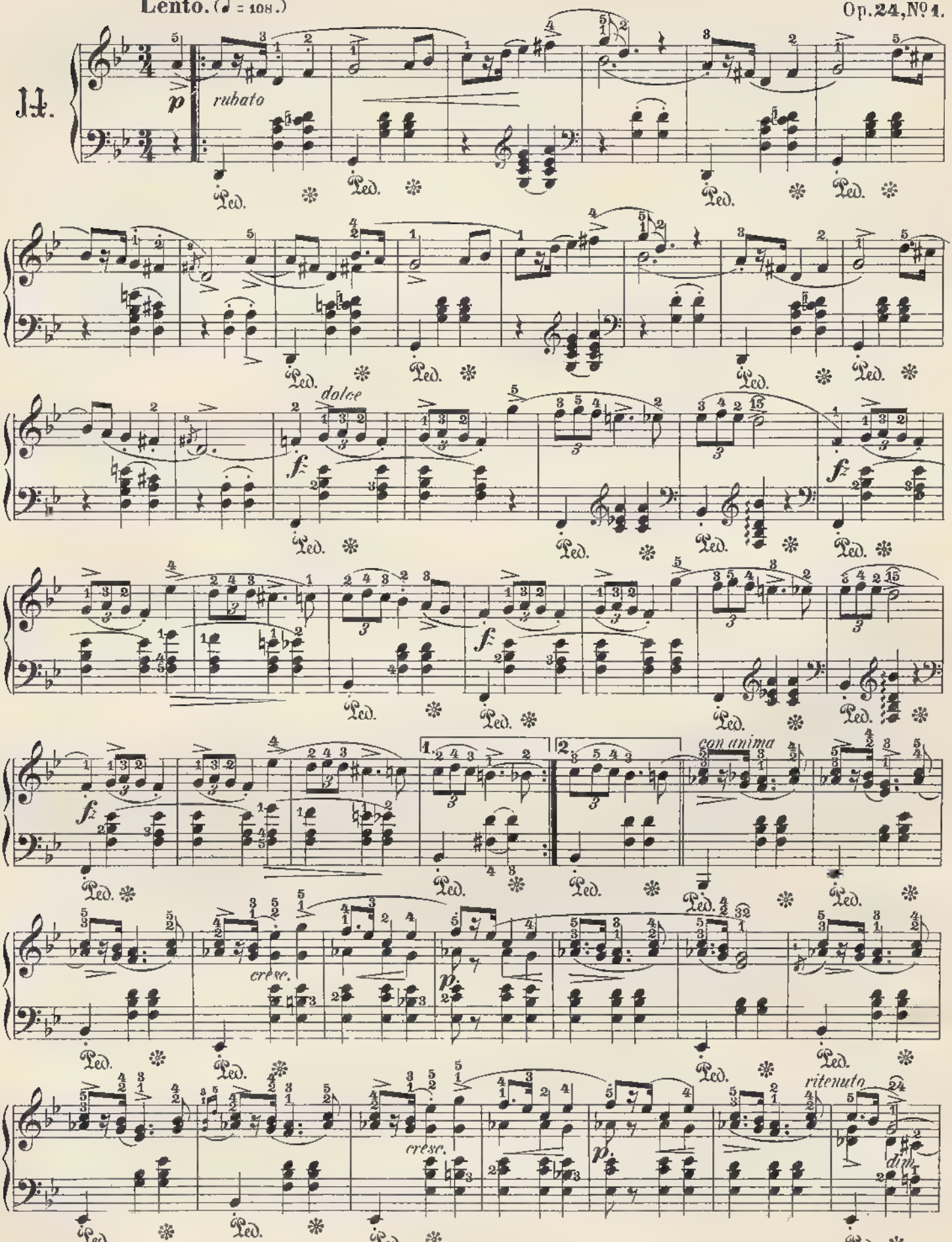

a tempo
ten.
ten.
ten.
dolce
dolce

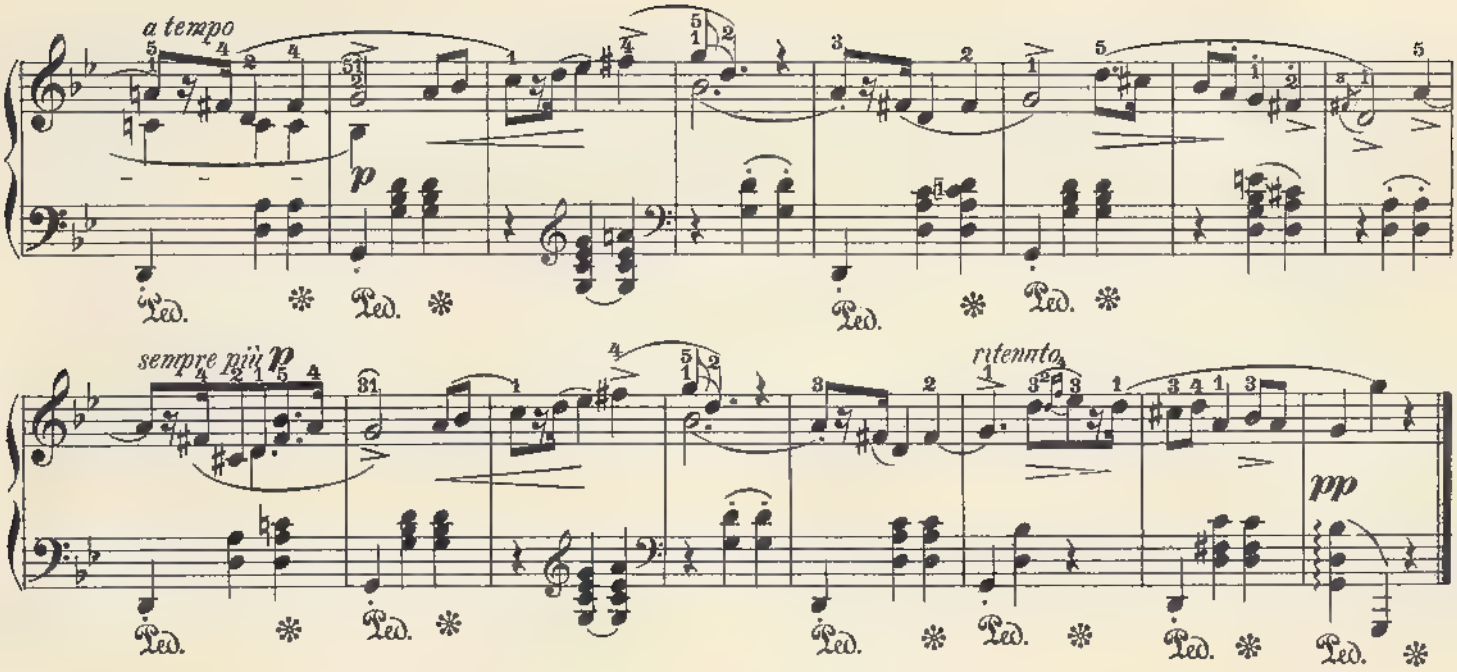

ff
ten.
ten.
p
ten.
Ped.
Ped.
sotto voce
sempre più piano
Ped.
calando
per - den - - do - si

Lento. (♩ = 108.)

Op. 24, № 1.

14.

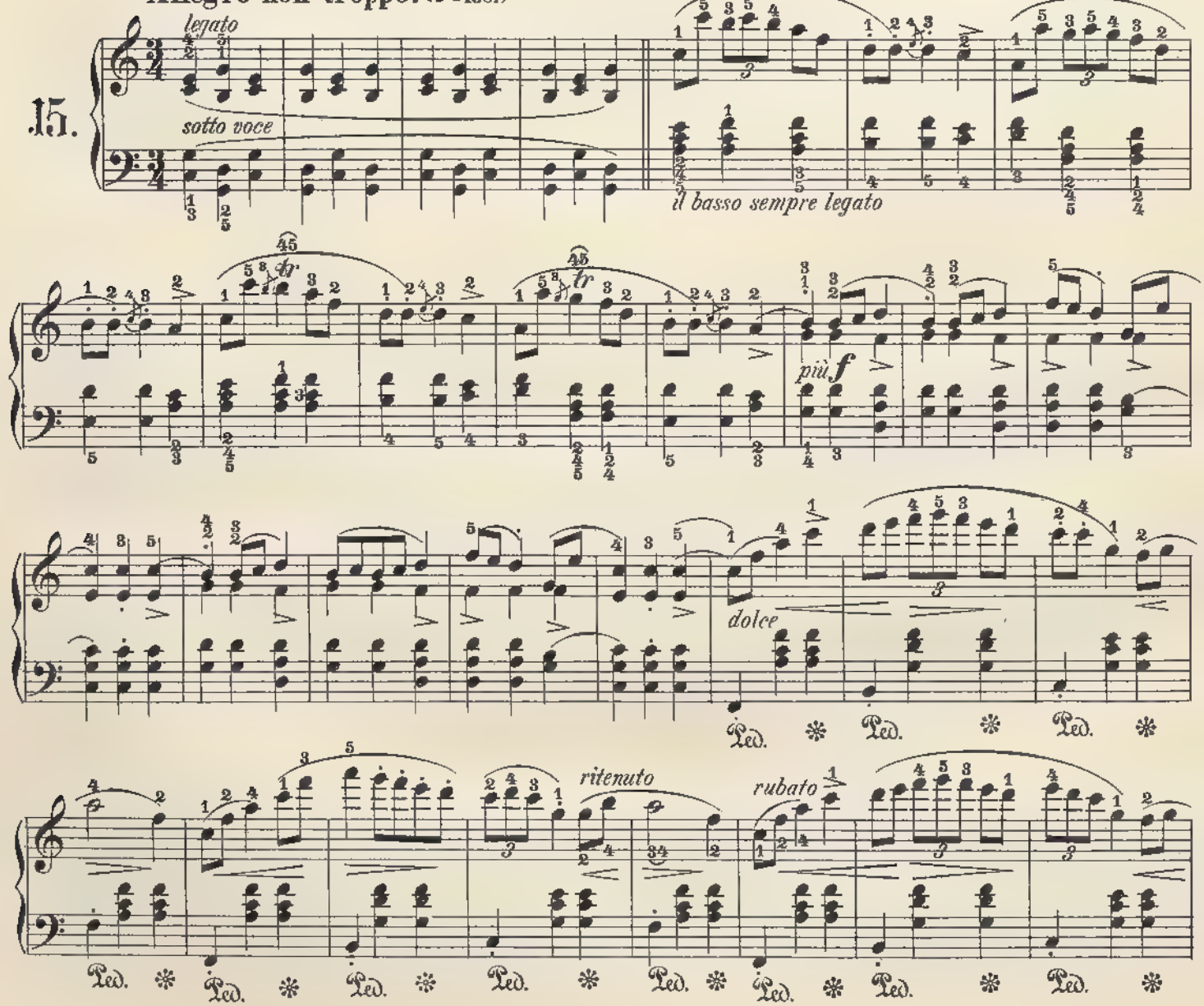


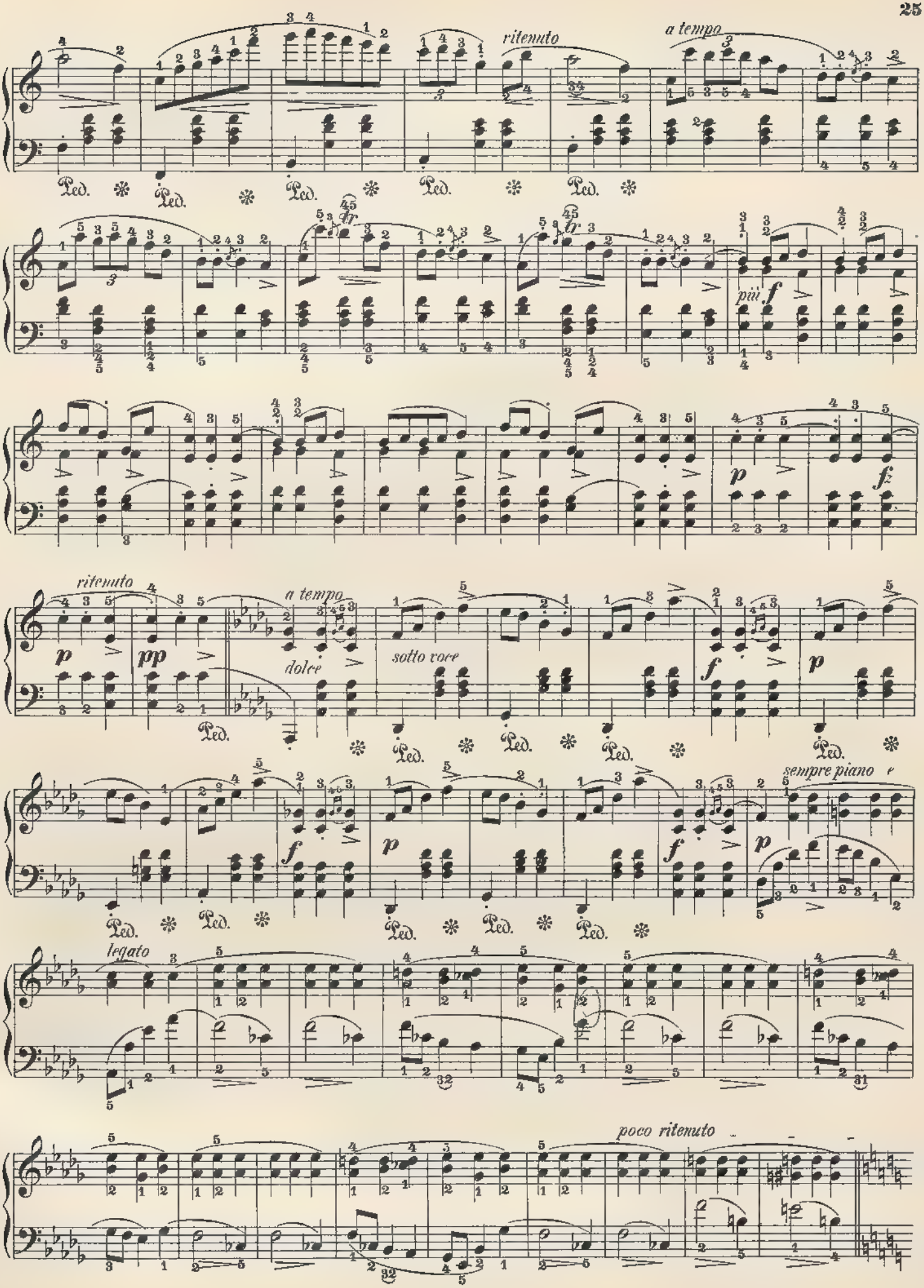



Allegro non troppo. (♩ = 138.)

Op. 24, No. 2.

15.




ritenuto
a tempo
tr
più f
p
fz
ritenuto
a tempo
dolce
sotto voce
pp
f
p
sempre piano
legato
poco ritenuto
Ped.

*a tempo*

*sotto voce*

*pp*

**Moderato con anima.** (♩ = 126.)

Op. 24, № 3.

16.

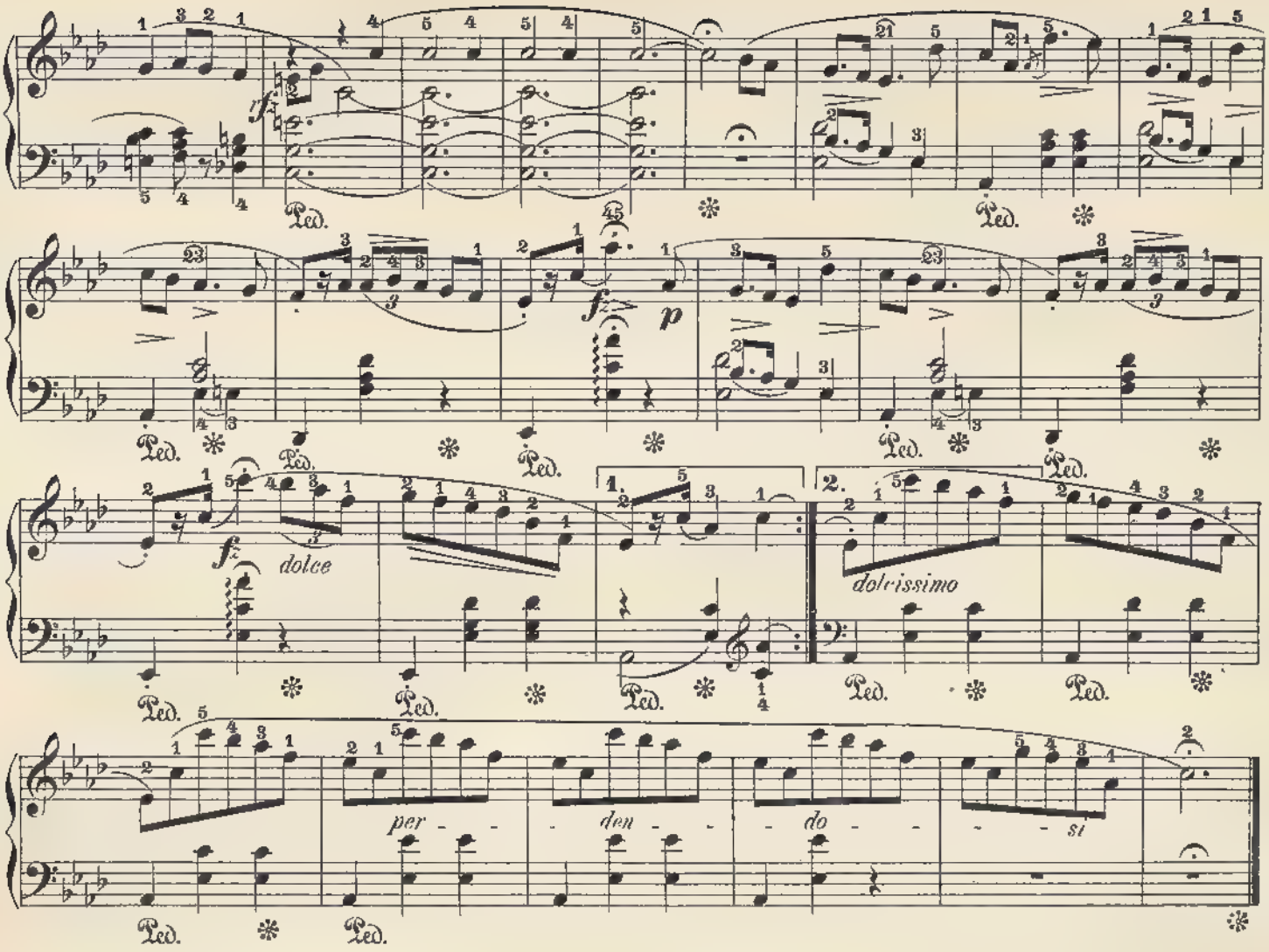
*mf*

*p*

*f*

*dolce*

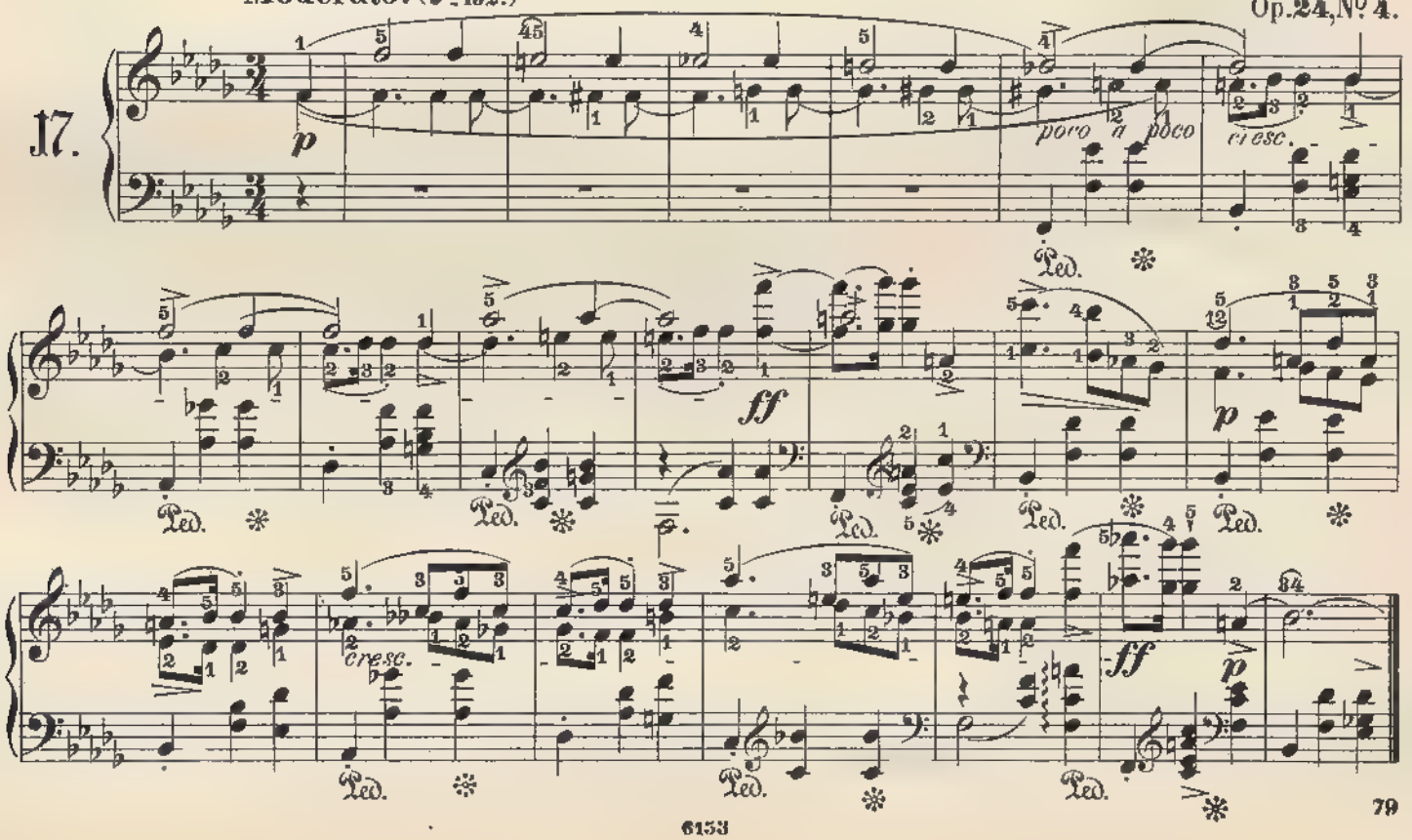
*p legato*

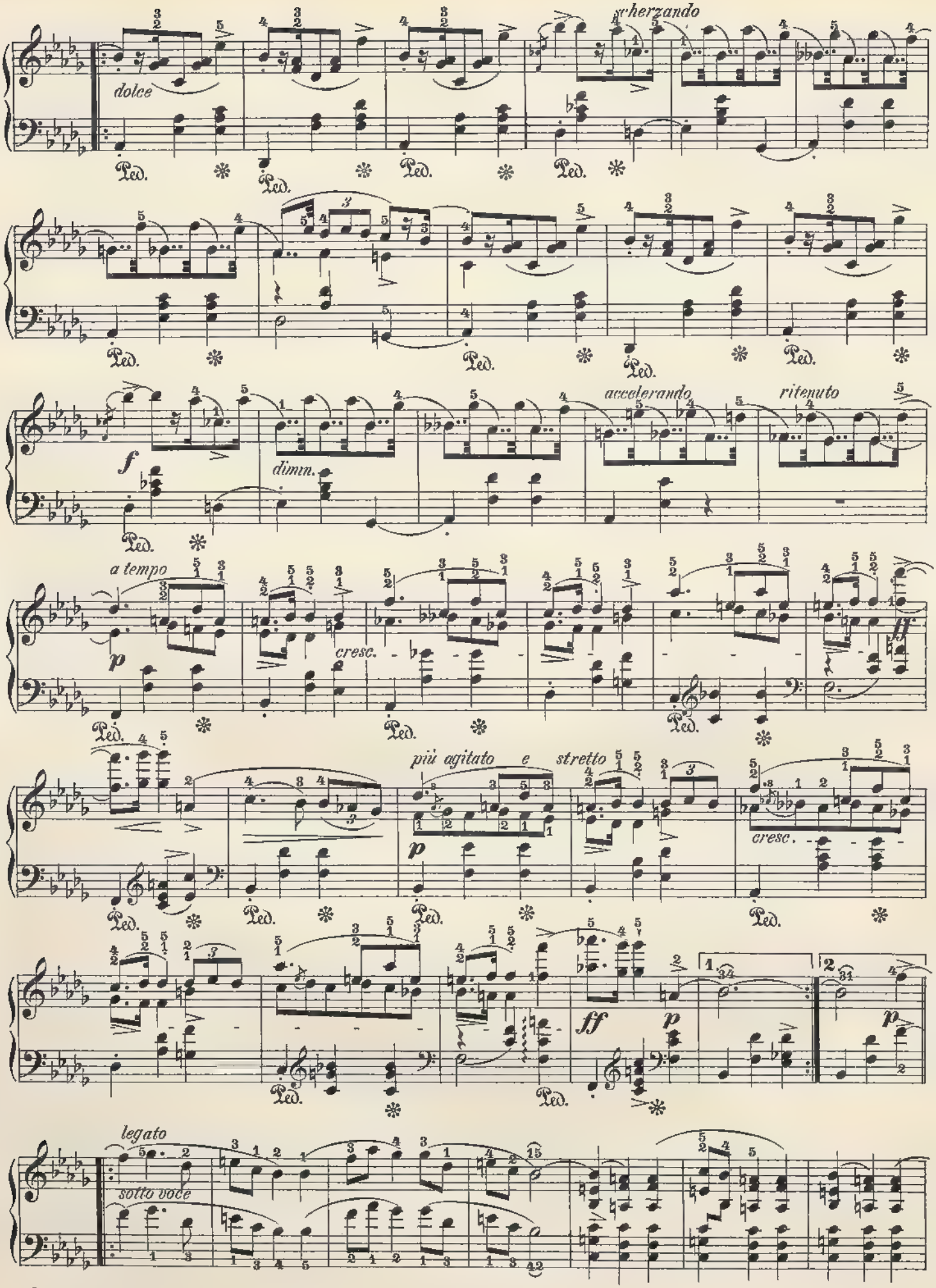


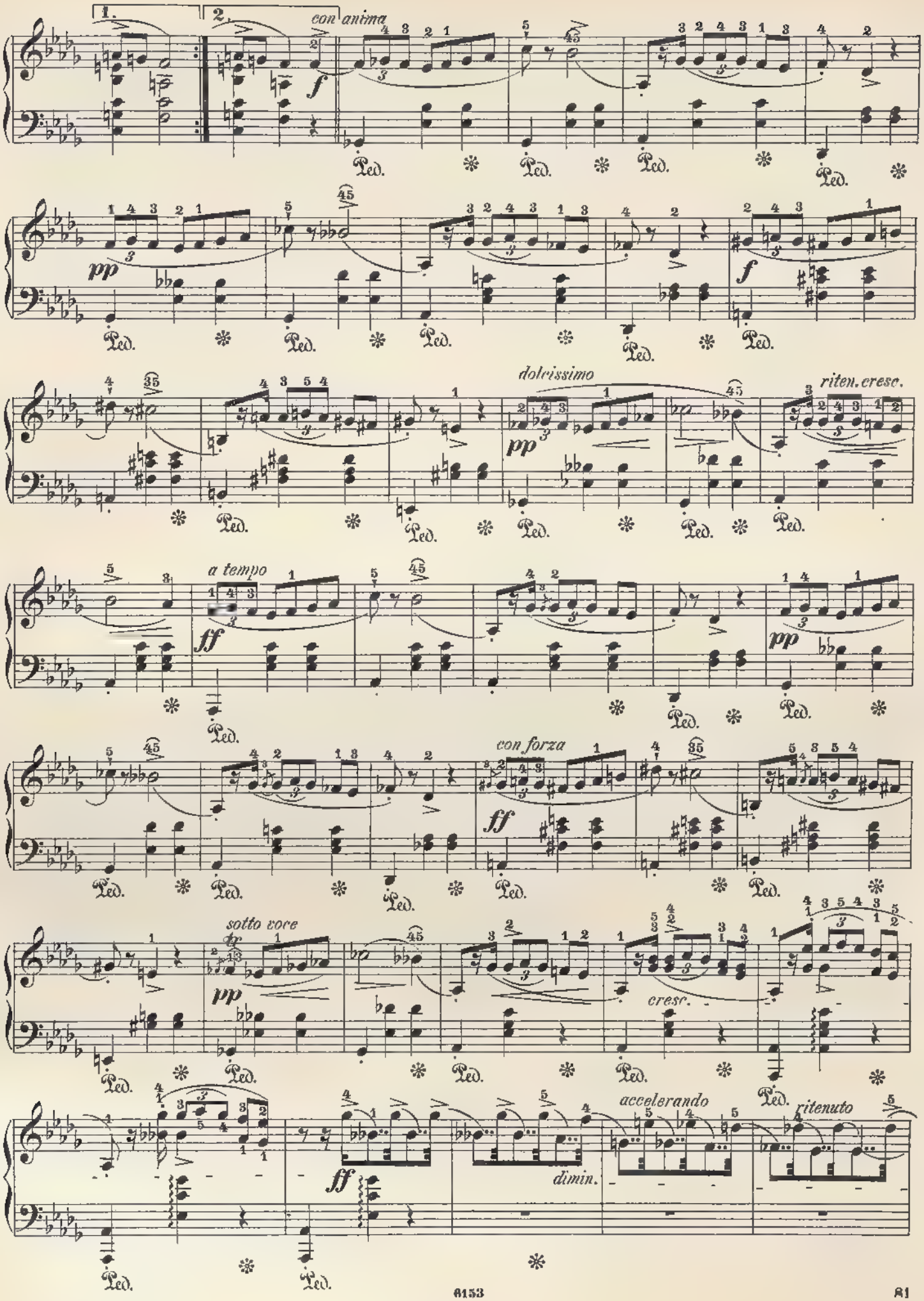

17.

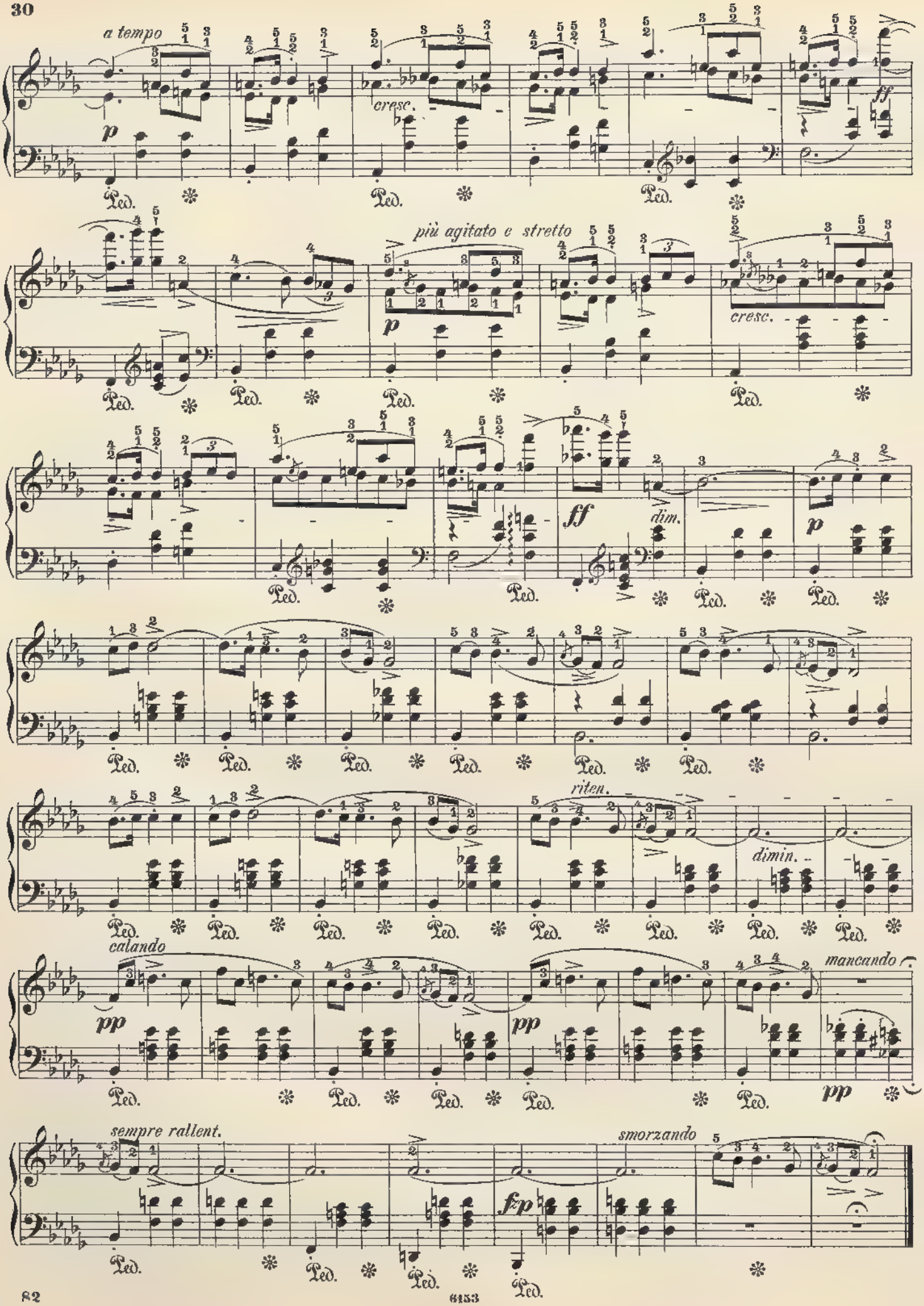
**Moderato.** (♩ = 132.)

Op. 24, No 4.




scherzando
dolce
Ped.
f
dimin.
accelerando
ritenuto
a tempo
p
cresc.
ff
più agitato e stretto
cresc.
1
2
legato
sotto voce


1.
2.
con anima
f
pp
dolcissimo
riten. cresc.
a tempo
ff
con forza
sotto voce
cresc.
accelerando
ritenuto
dimin.


a tempo
p
cresc.
ff
più agitato e stretto
p
cresc.
ff
dim.
p
riten.
dimin.
calando
pp
pp
mancando
pp
sempre rallent.
smorzando
fzp
Ped.

Allegretto non tanto.

Op.30.№1.

18.

*p*

*f*

*p*

*f*

*con anima*

Ped.

Ped.

*p*

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

Ped.

*dimin.*

*poco riten.*

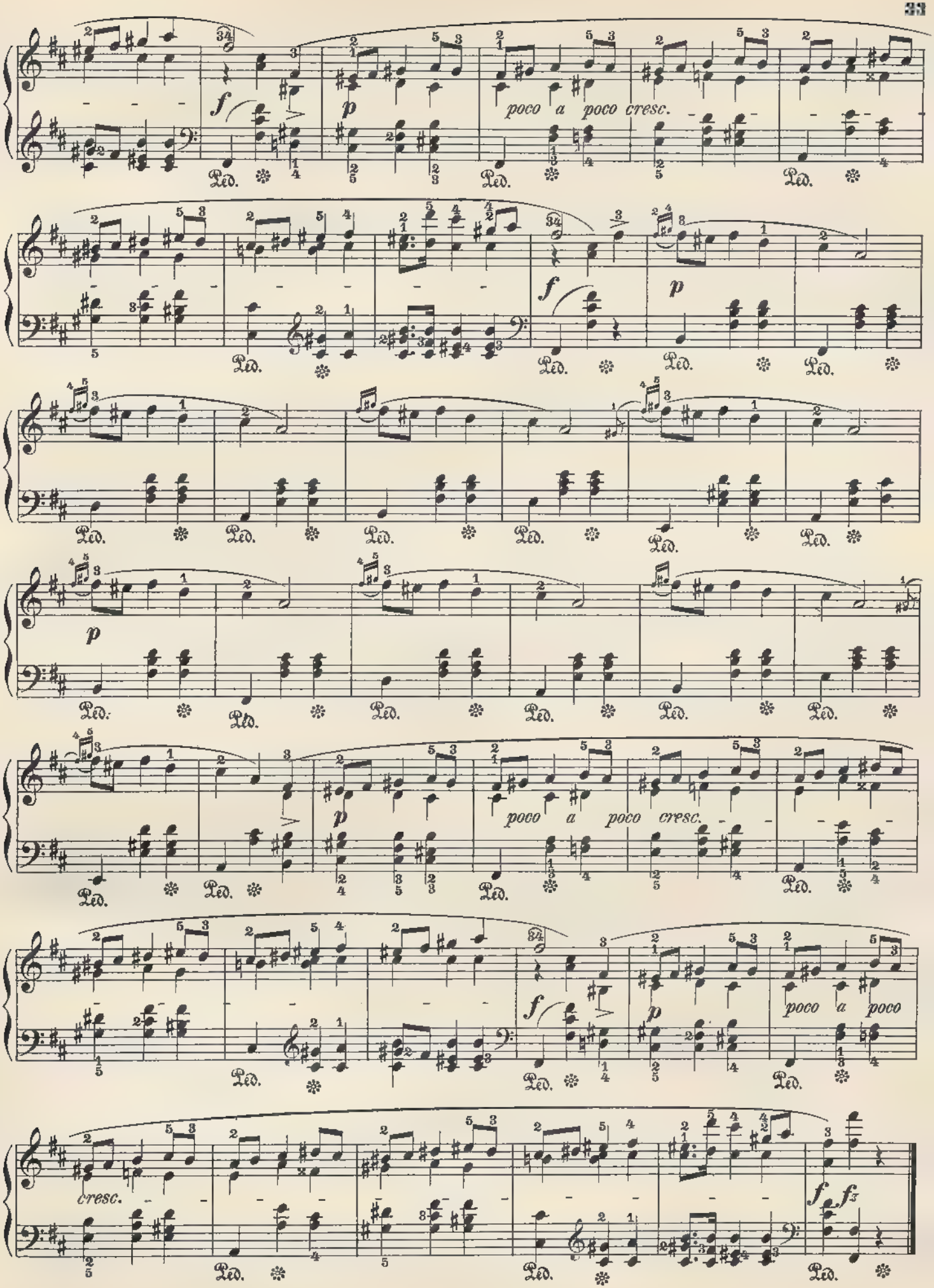
*cresc.* *dimin.*

Vivace. Op. 30, № 2.

19.

*poco a poco cresc.*

*simile*


poco a poco cresc.
poco a poco cresc.
poco a poco
cresc.

Allegro non troppo.

Op. 30, № 3.

20.

*f*

*risoluto*

*f*

*pp*

*ff*

*pp*

*f*

*pp*

*con anima*

*f*

*dolce*

*rf*

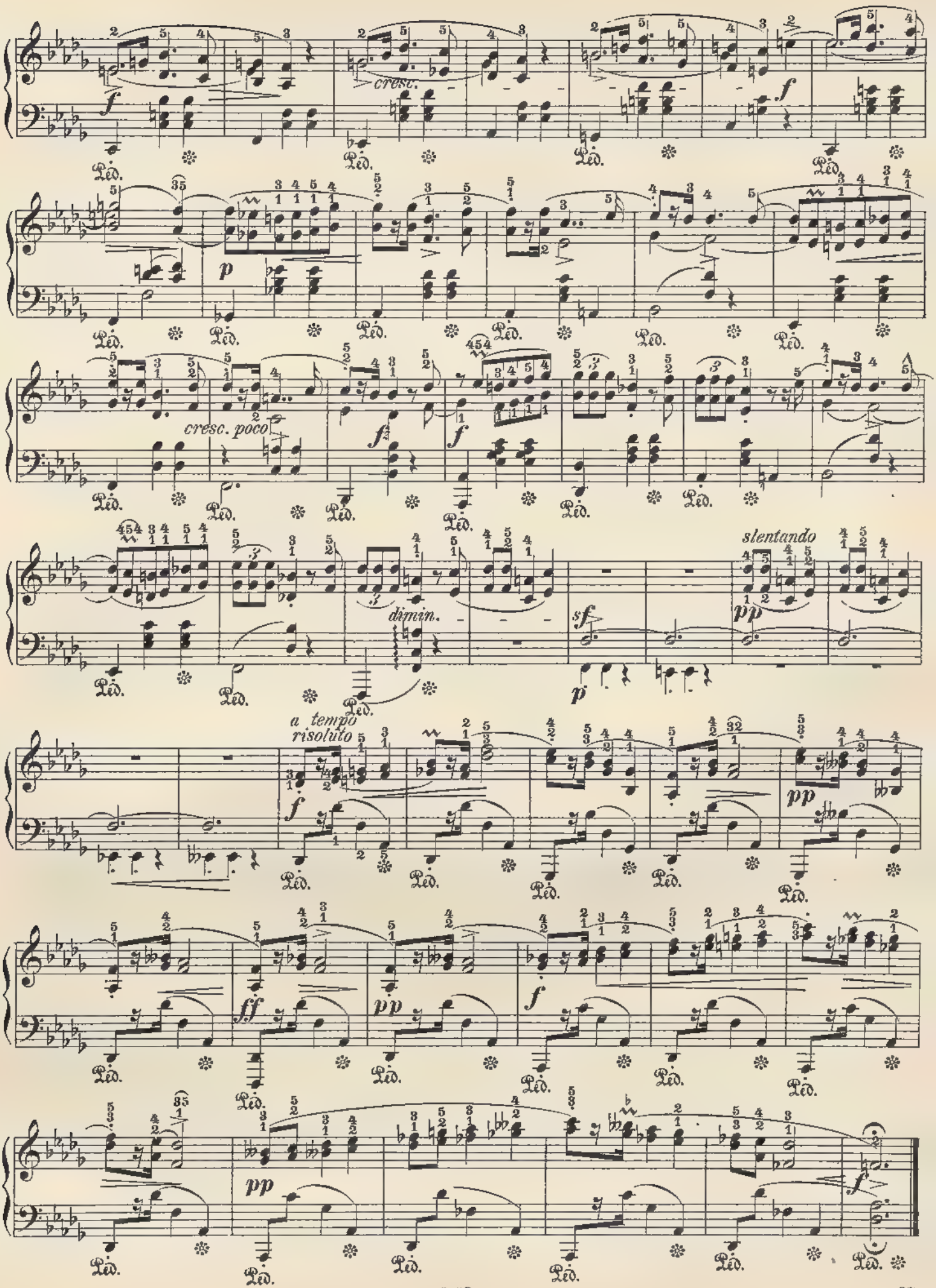
*dolce*

*poco rit.*

*a tempo*

*sotto voce*

*ben legato*


cresc.
cresc. poco
dimin.
slentando
a tempo
risoluto

Allegretto.

Op. 30. N° 4.

21.

*p*

*sotto voce*

Ped.

*p*

*f*

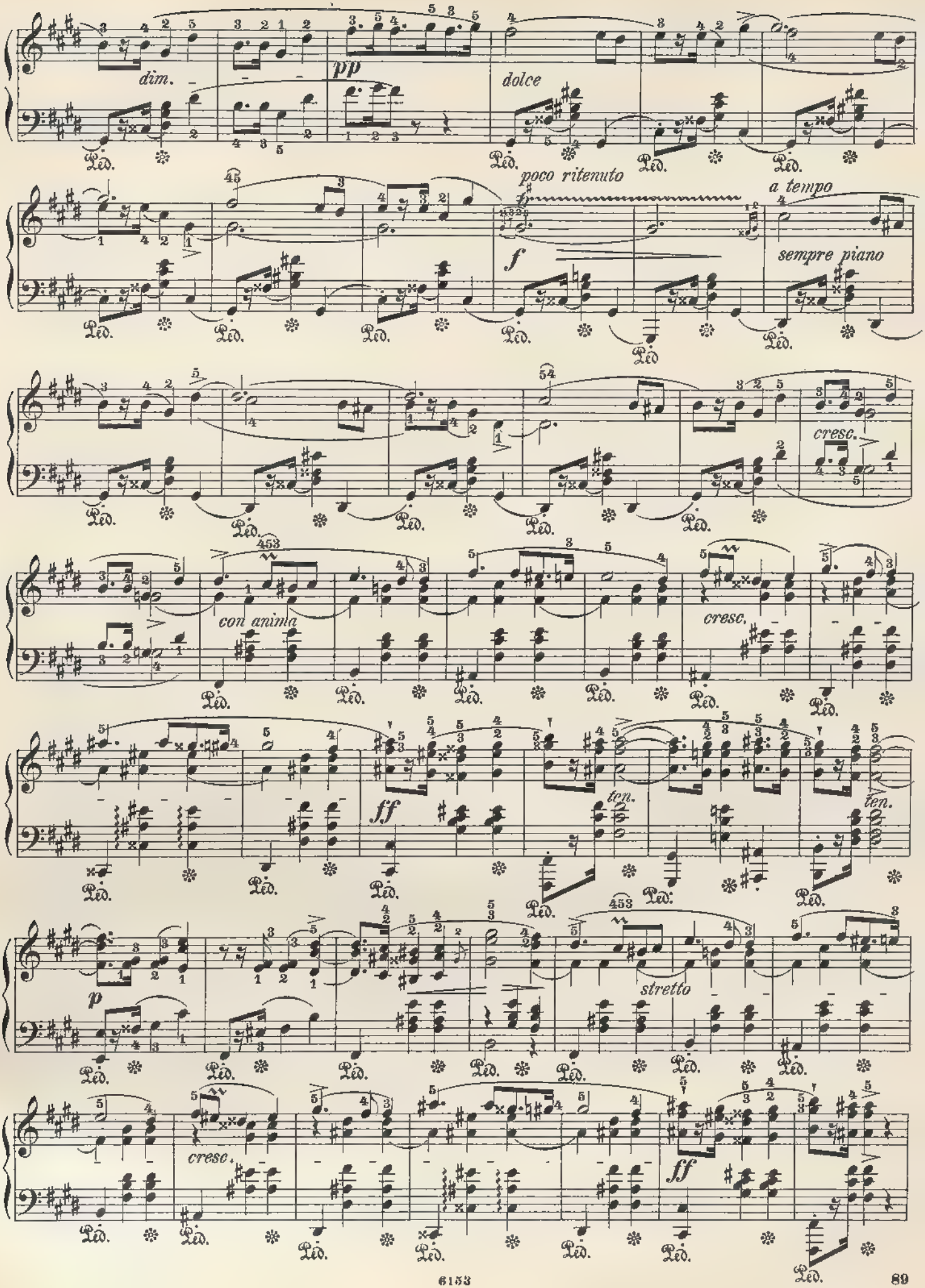
Ped. *simile*

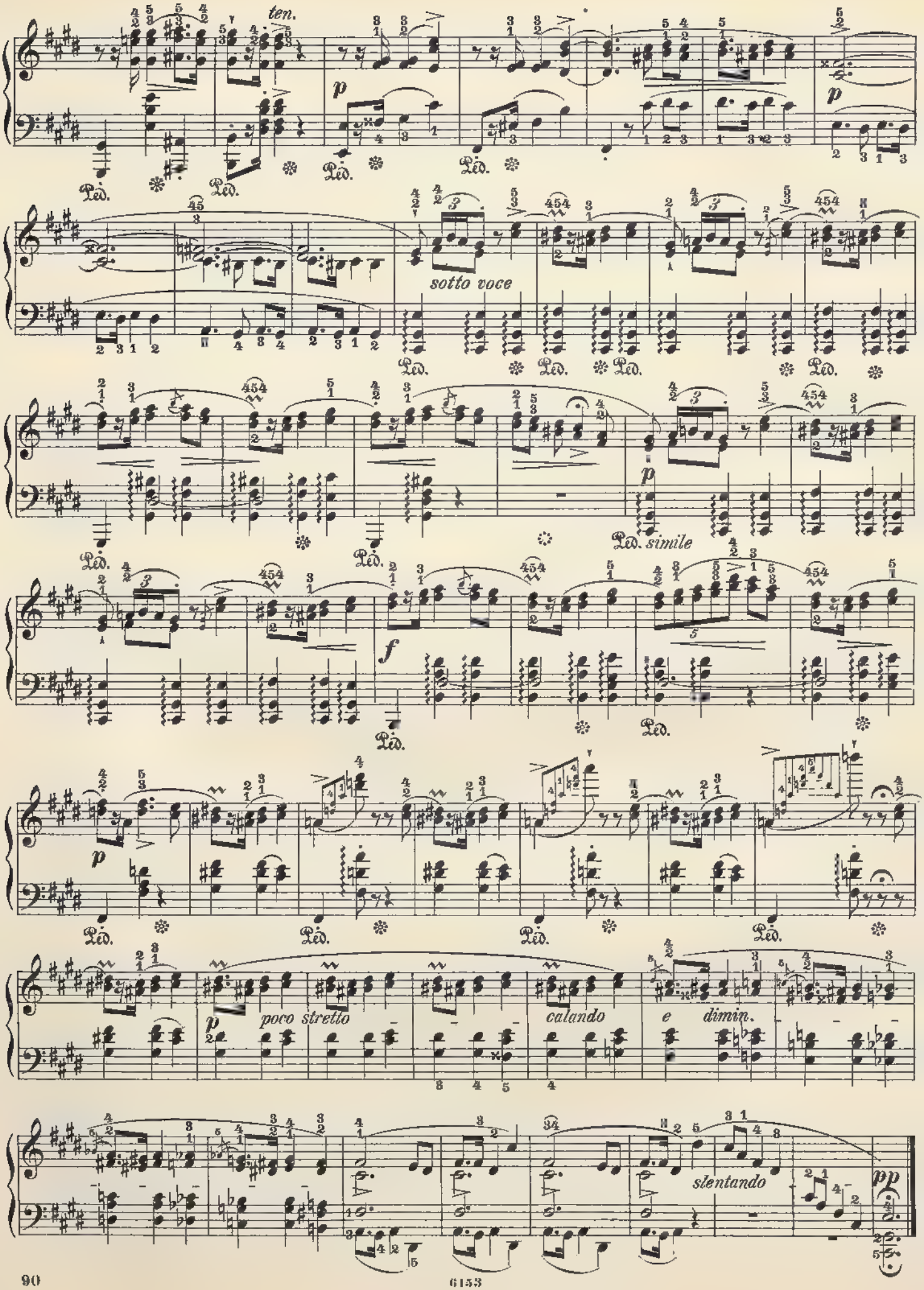
*p*

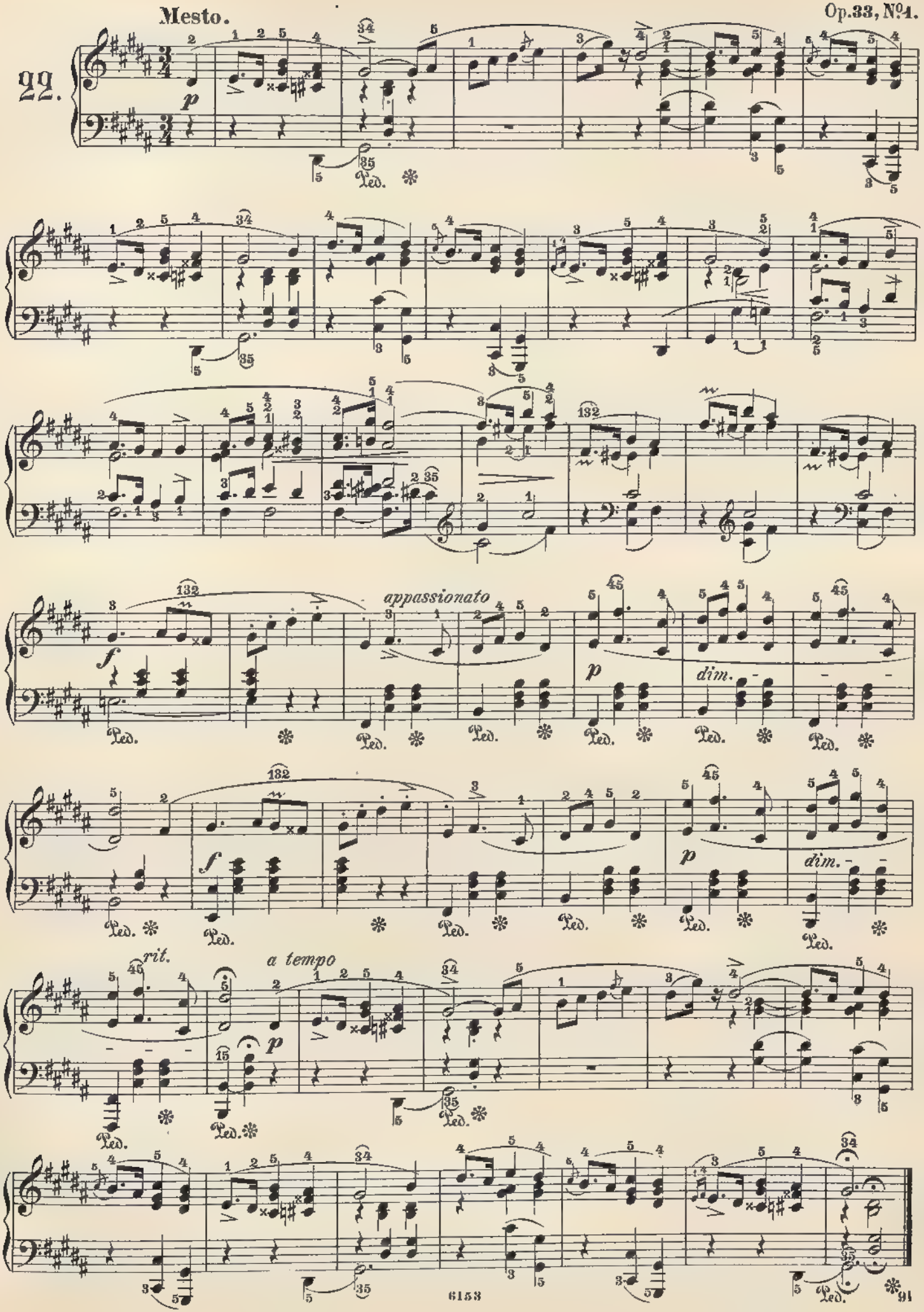
*poco ritenuto*

*a tempo*

*sempre piano*


dim.
pp
dolce
poco ritenuto
a tempo
f
sempre piano
cresc.
con anima
cresc.
ff
ten.
ten.
p
stretto
cresc.
ff

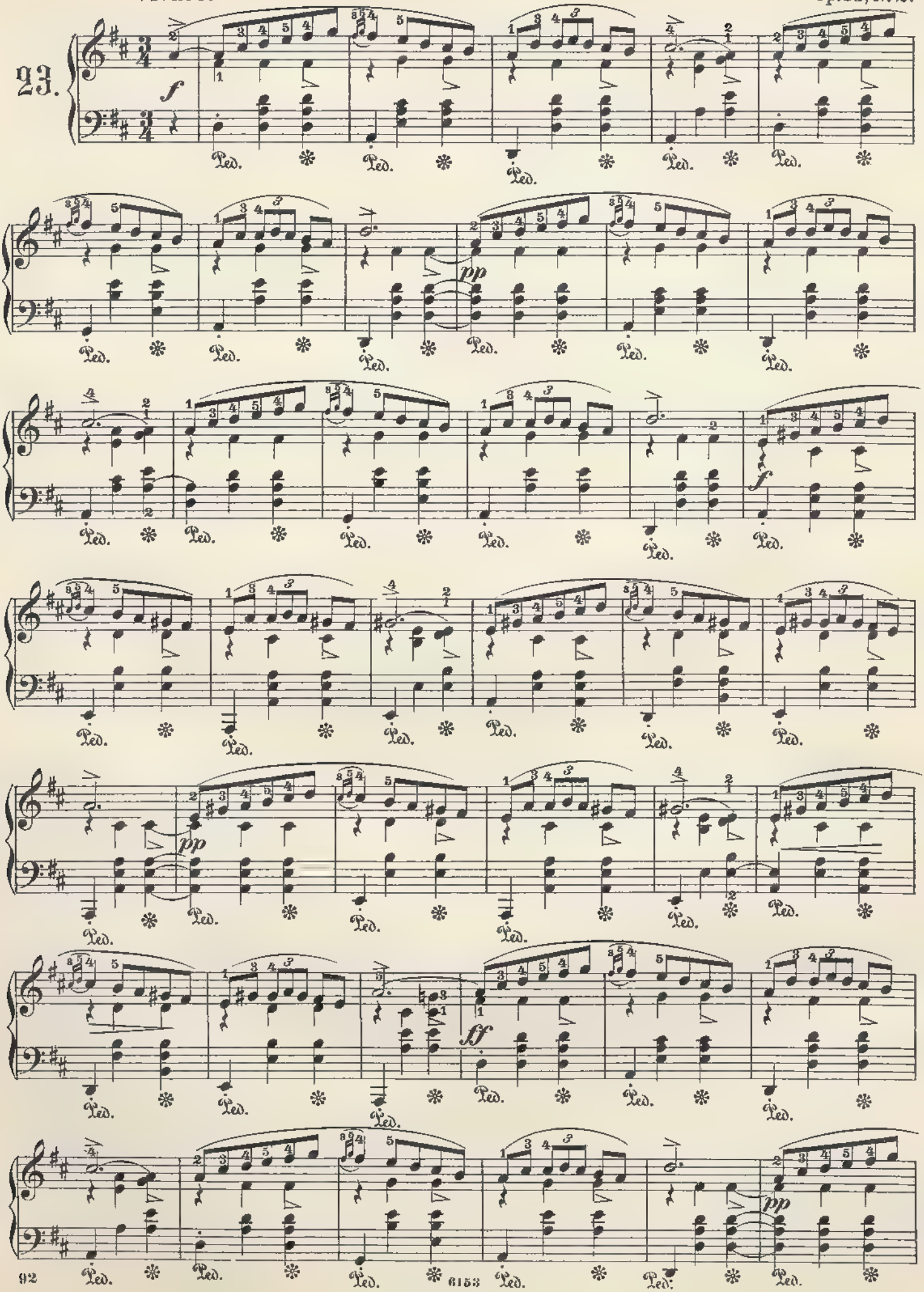

ten.
p
Ped.
sotto voce
simile
f
poco stretto
calando
e dimin.
slentando
pp

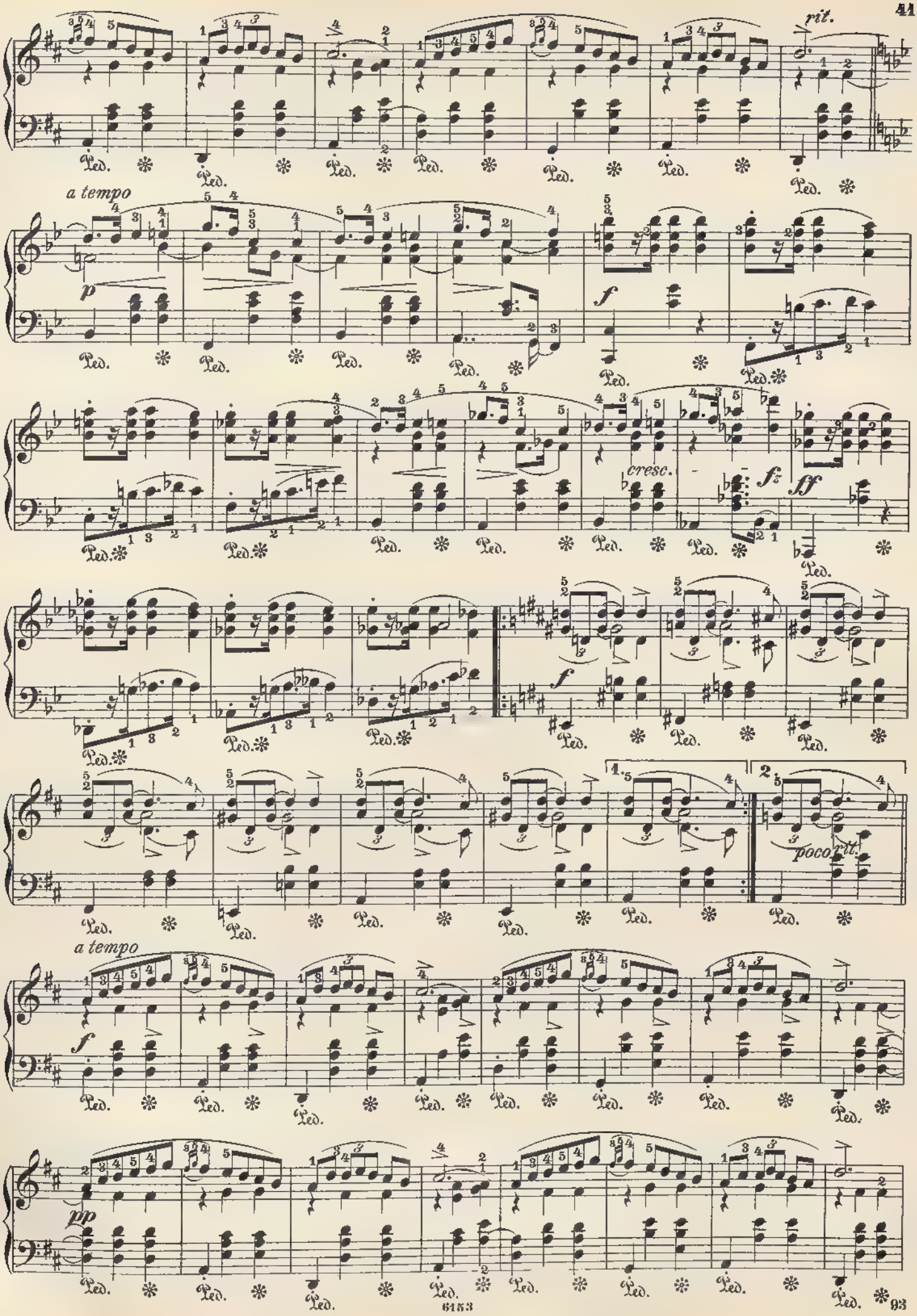

Mesto.
22.
p
Ped.
f
appassionato
dim.
rit.
a tempo

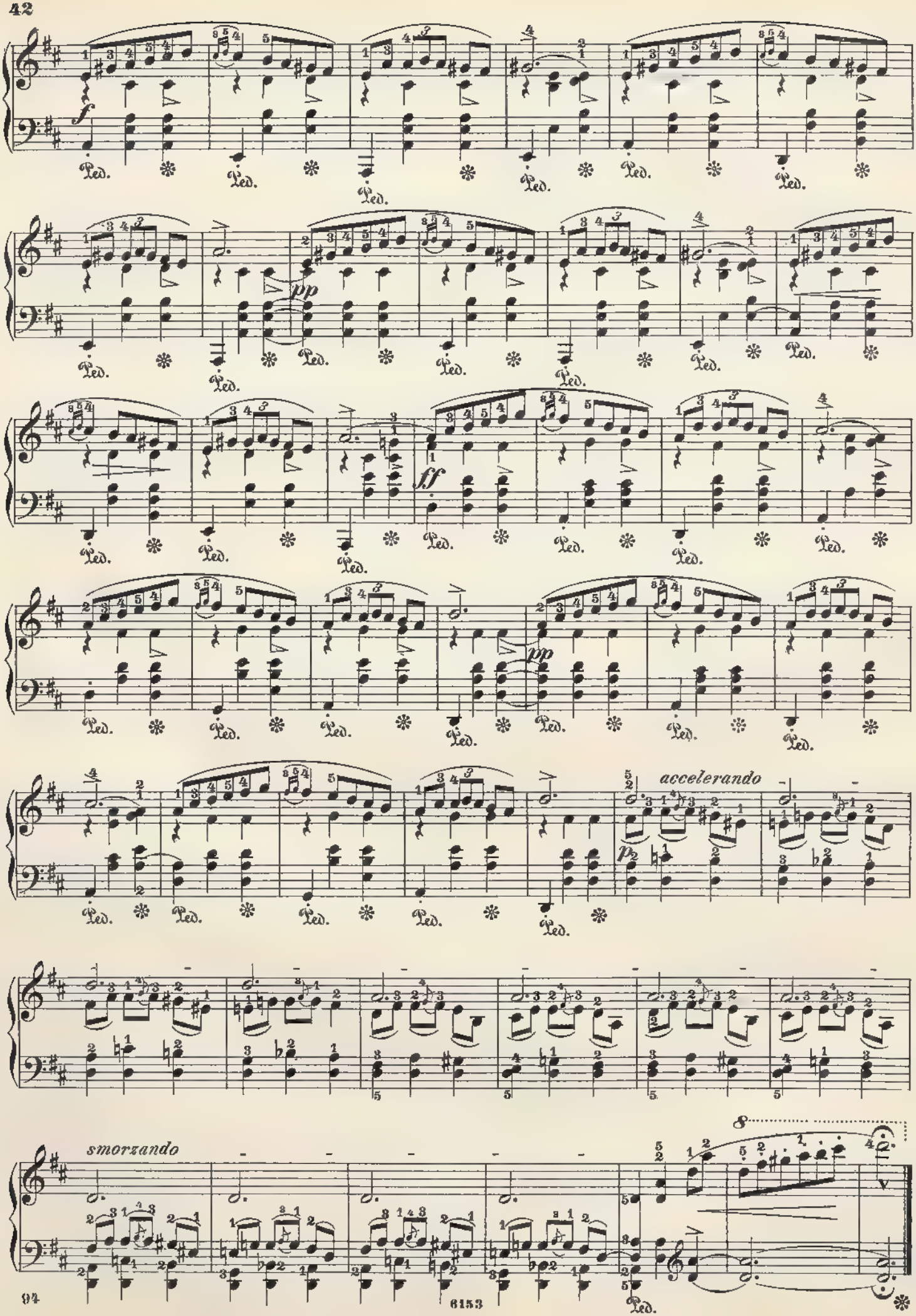
Vivace.

Op. 33, No 2.

23.

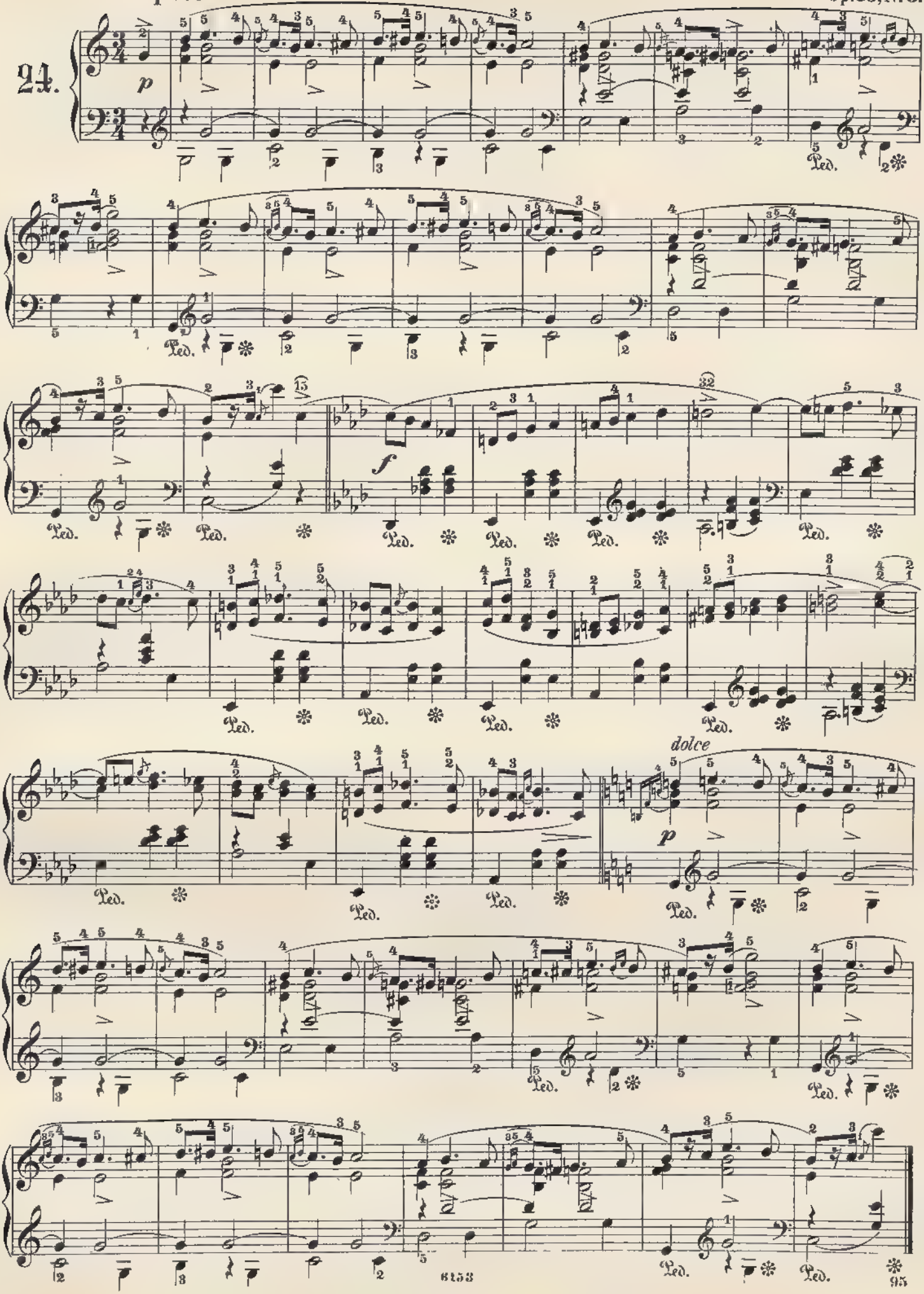


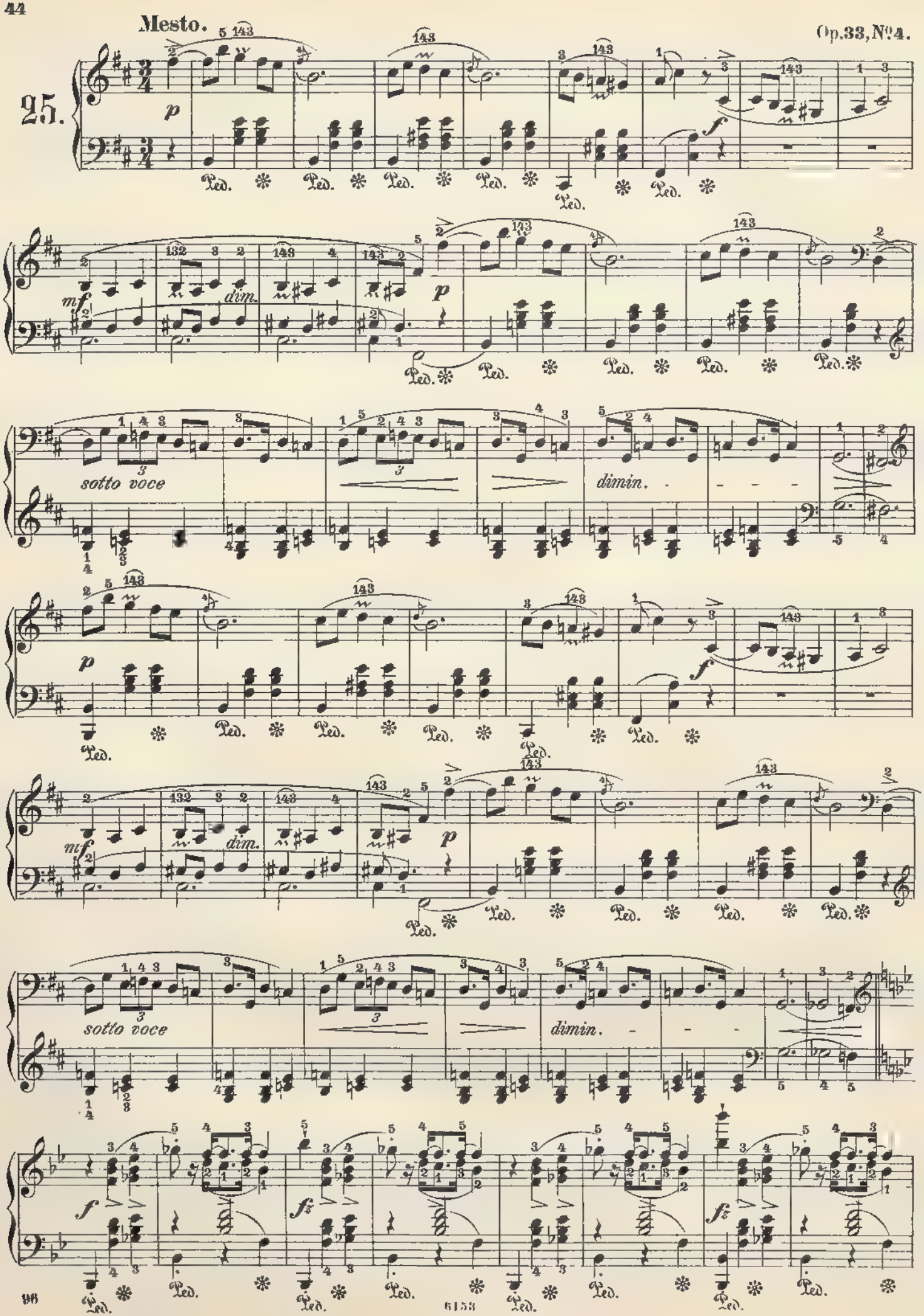

rit.
a tempo
p
f
cresc.
fz
ff
f
1.
2.
poco rit.
a tempo
f
pp

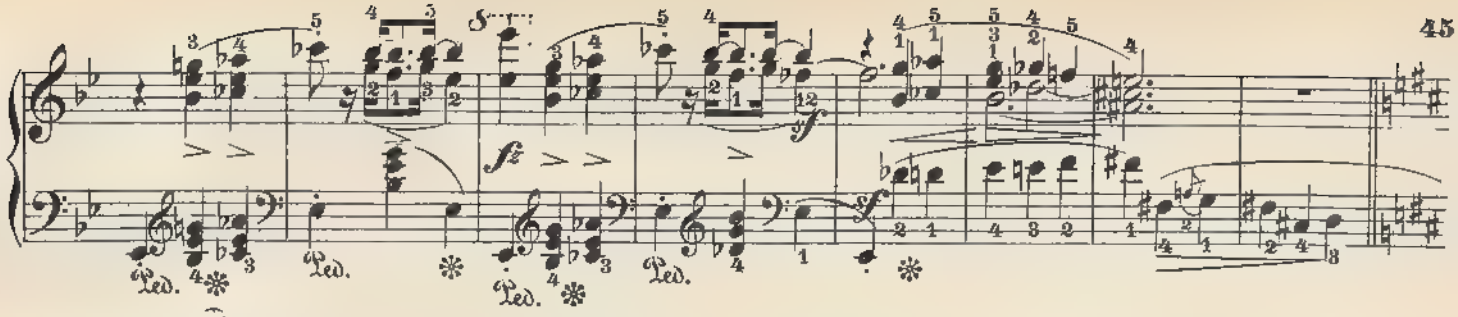

f
pp
ff
pp
accelerando
smorzando
8

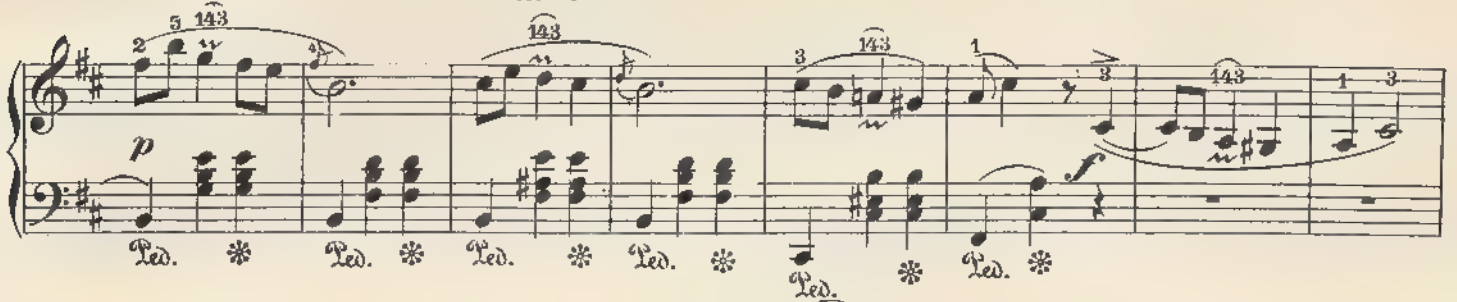
Semplice.

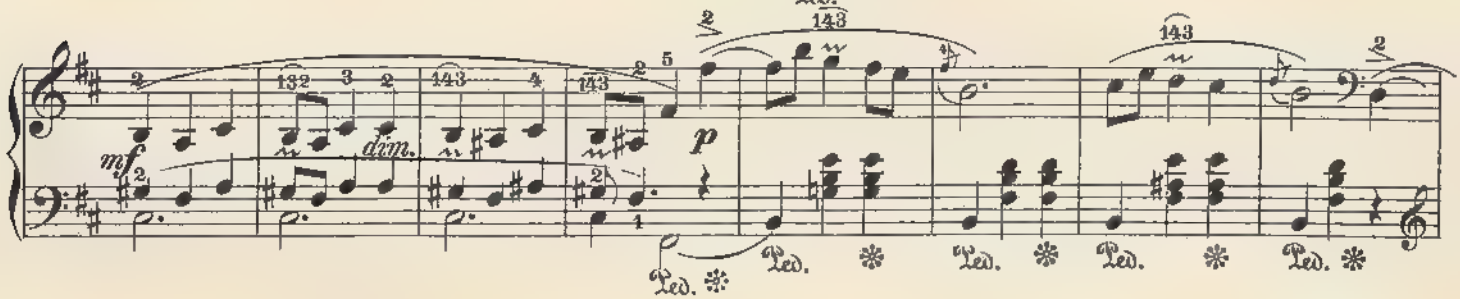
24.

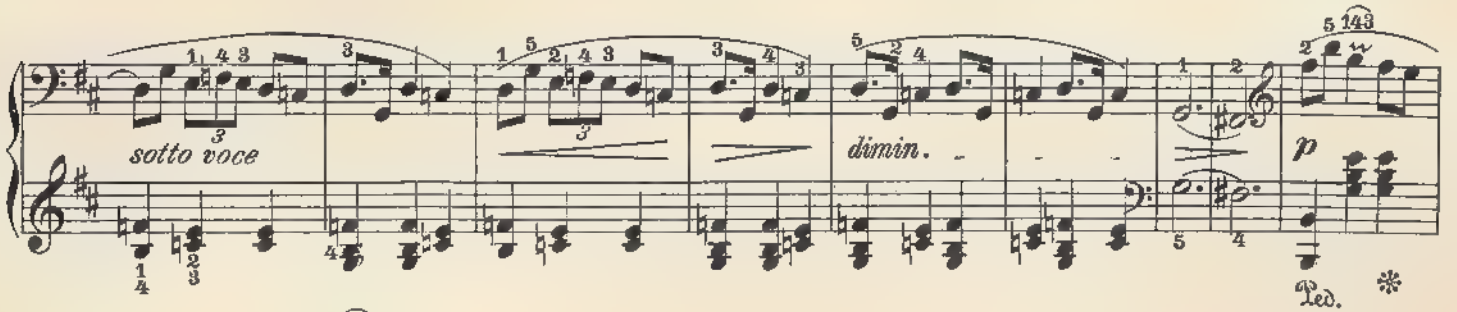


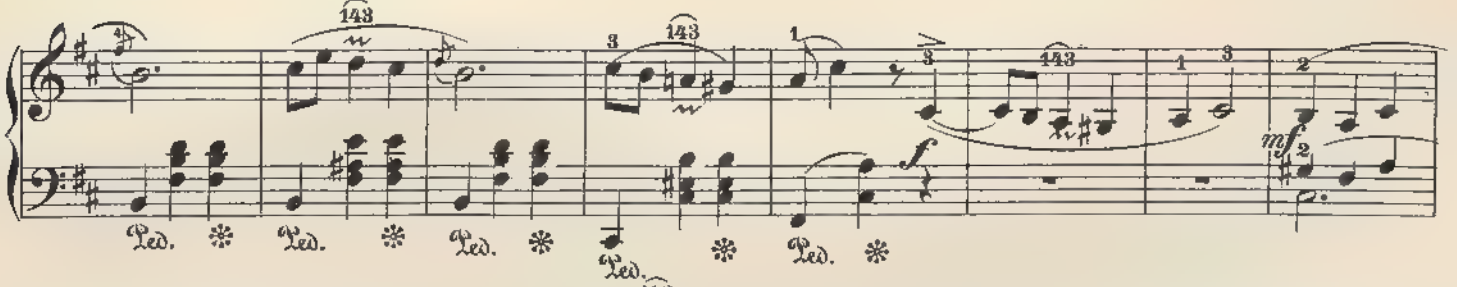

Mesto.
Op.33, №4.
25.
p
f
mf
dim.
sotto voce
dimin.
fz
Ped.

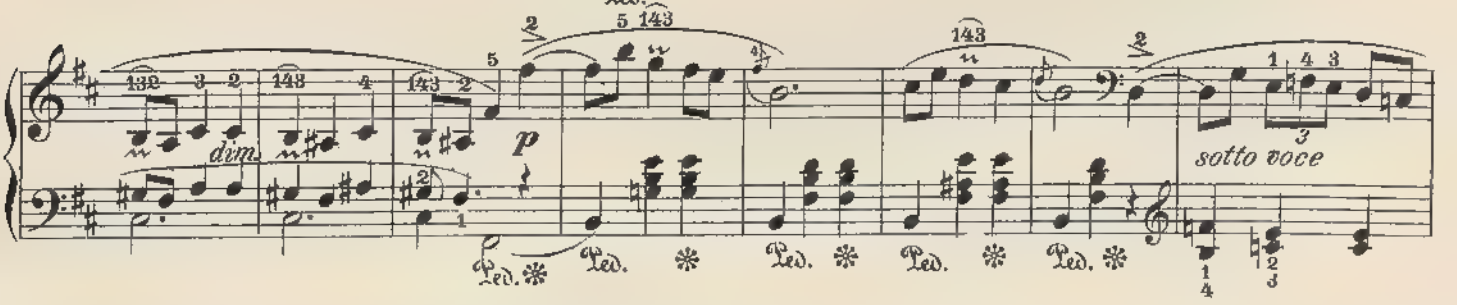


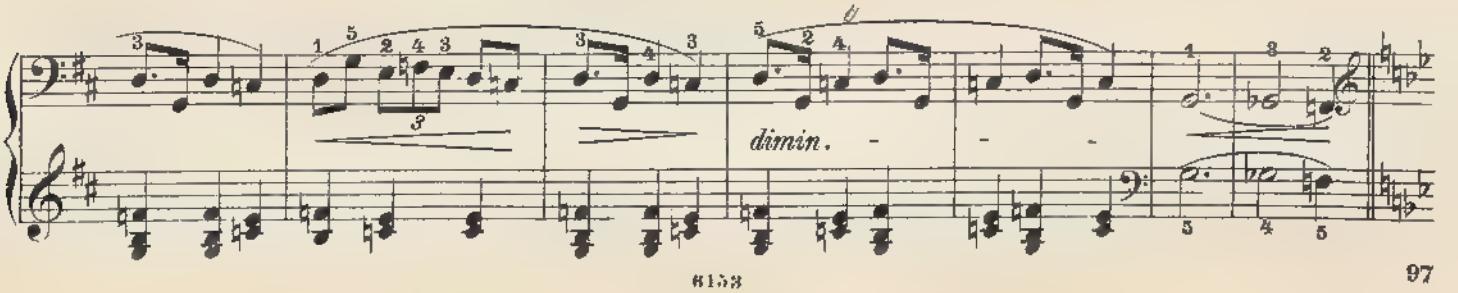

p
f

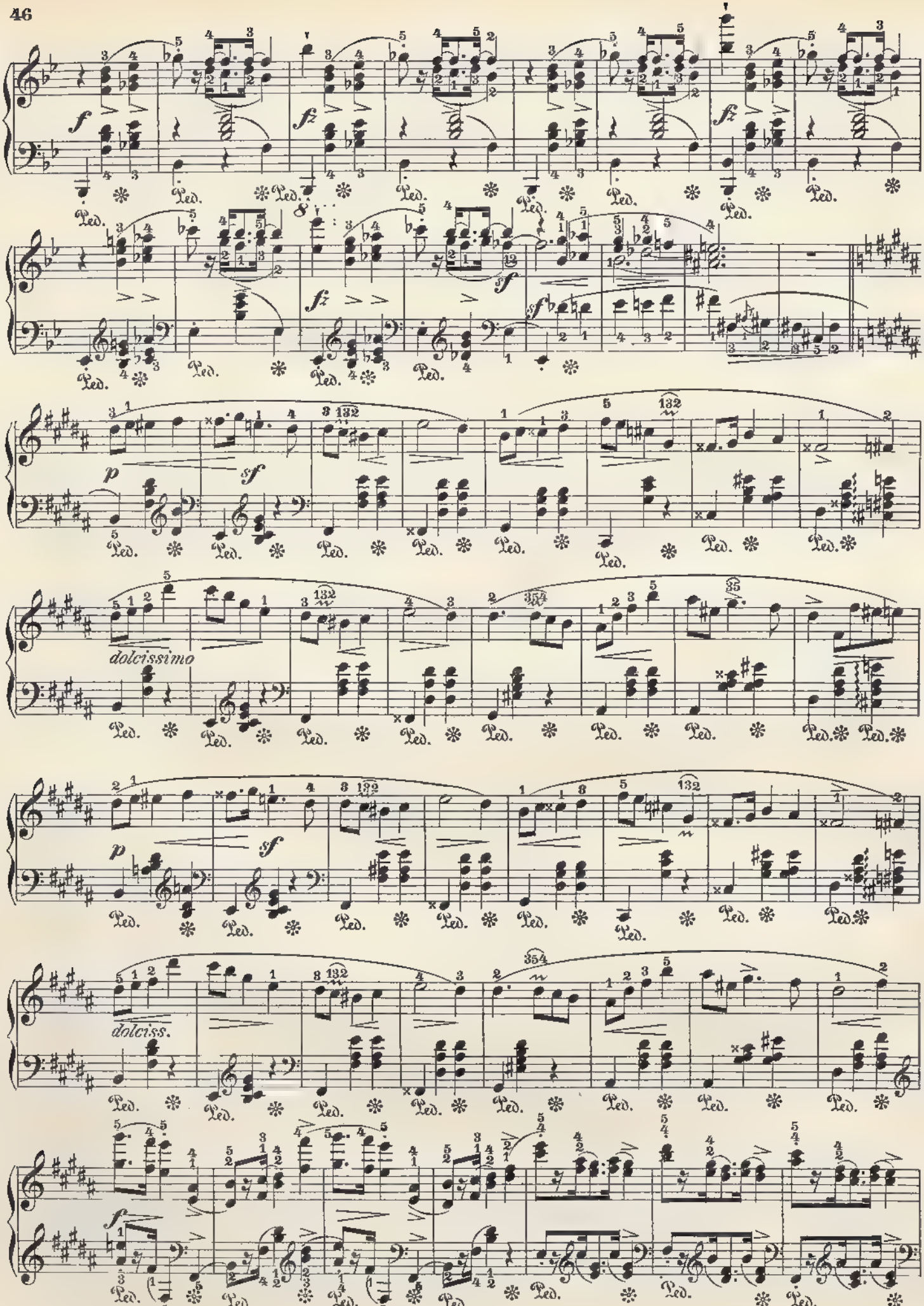

mf
dim.
p

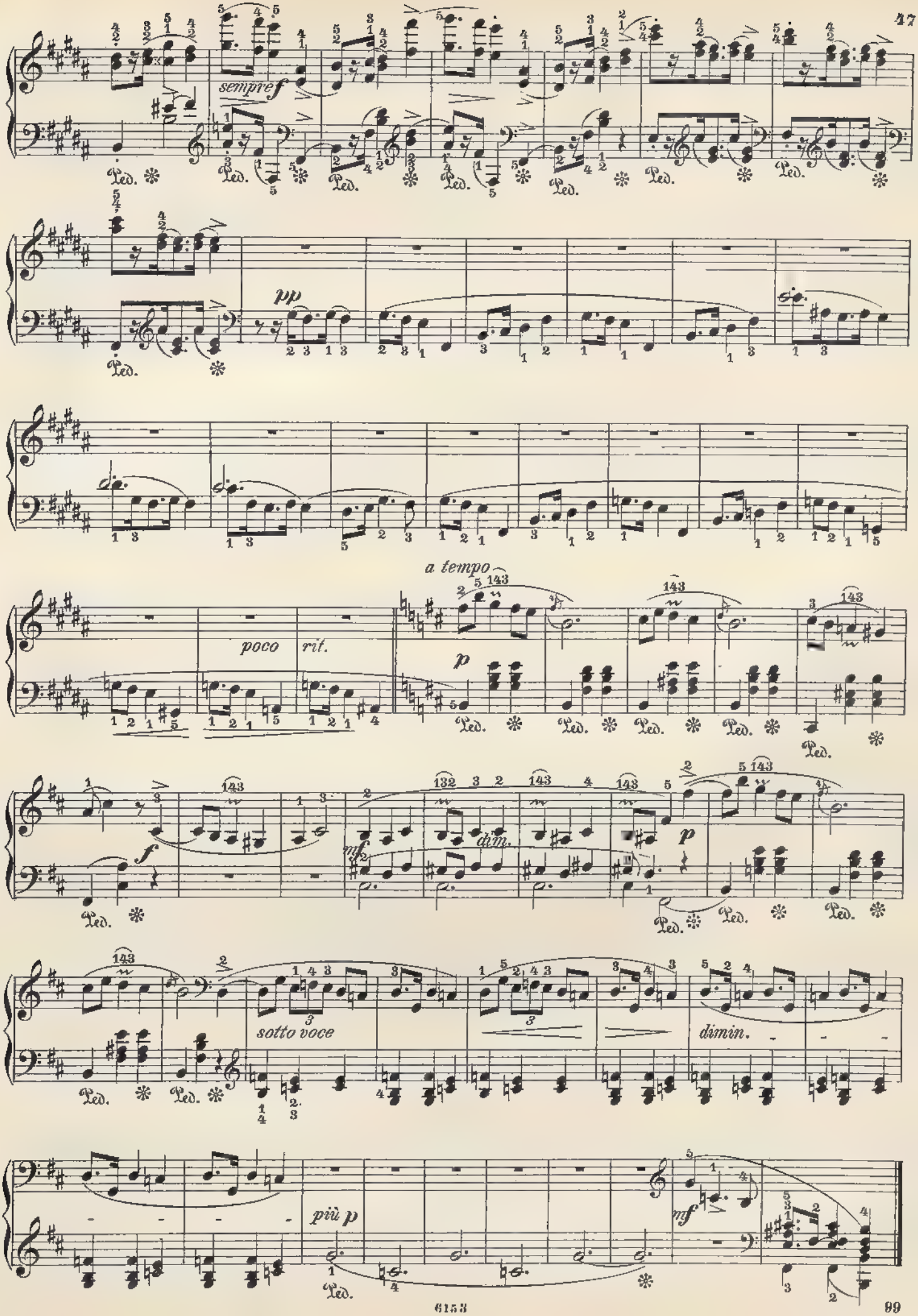

sotto voce
dimin.
p


f
mf


dim.
p
sotto voce


dimin.

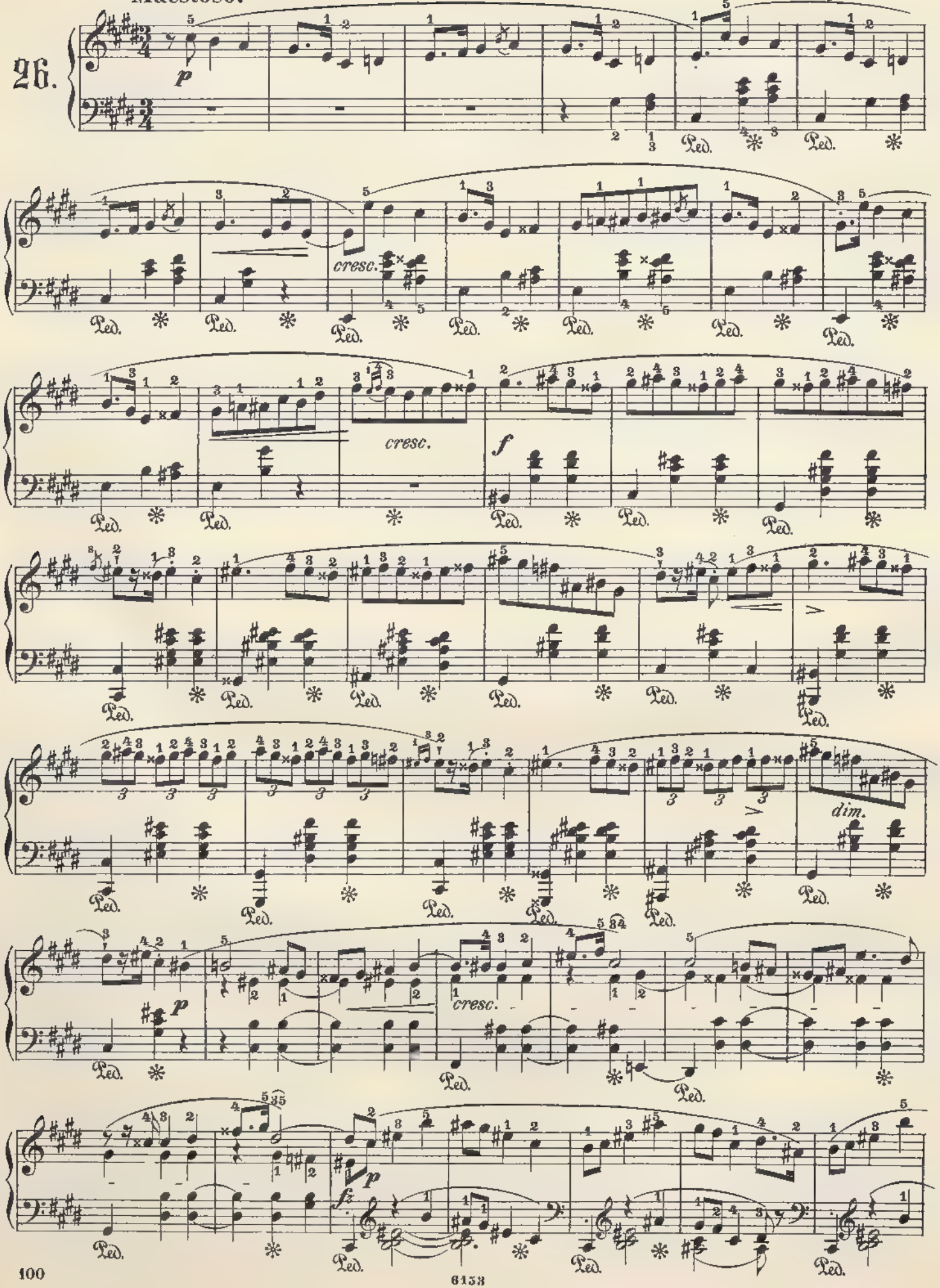

dolcissimo
dolciss.

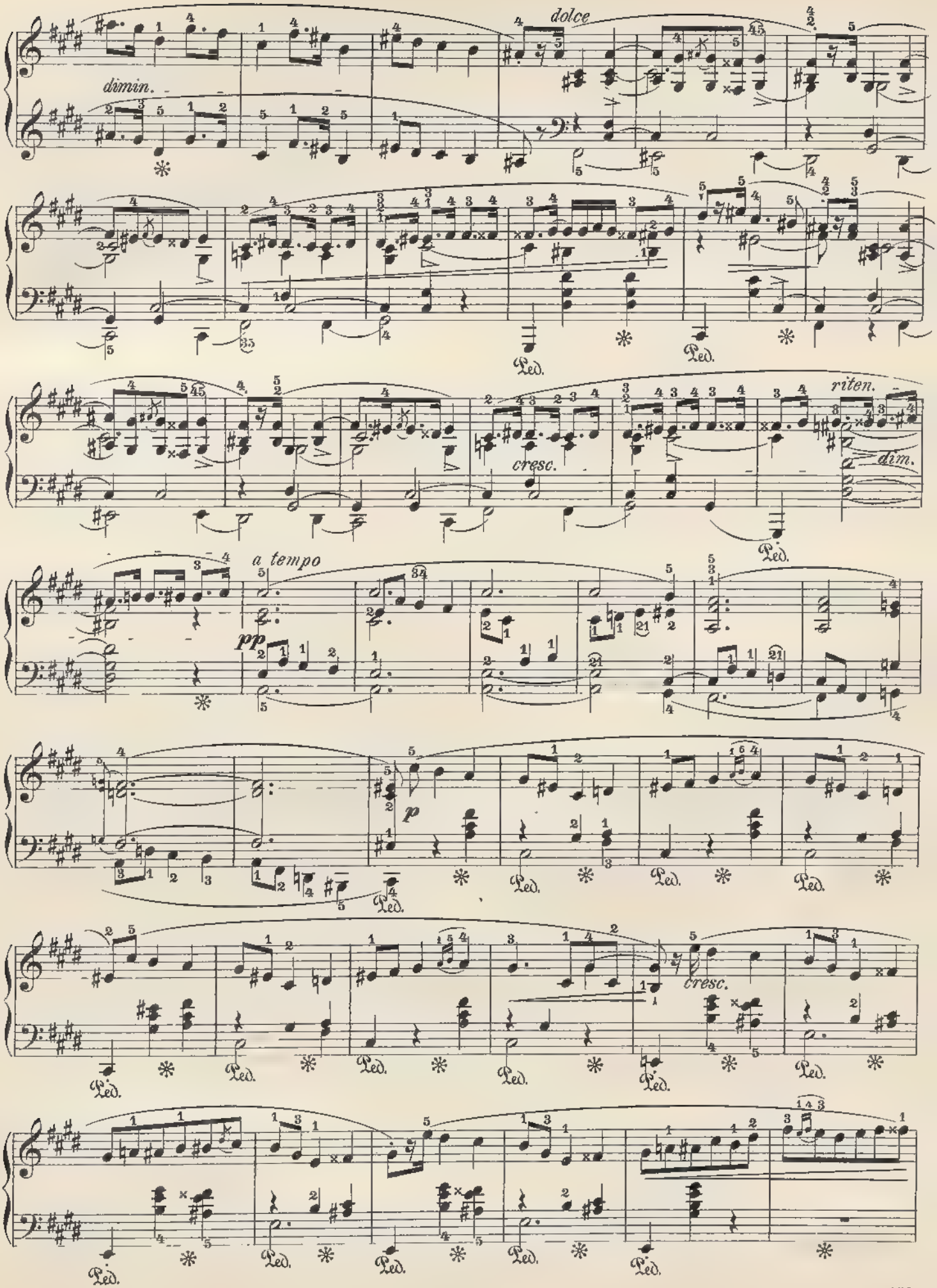

sempre f
pp
a tempo
poco rit.
p
f
mf
dim.
p
sotto voce
dimin.
più p
mf

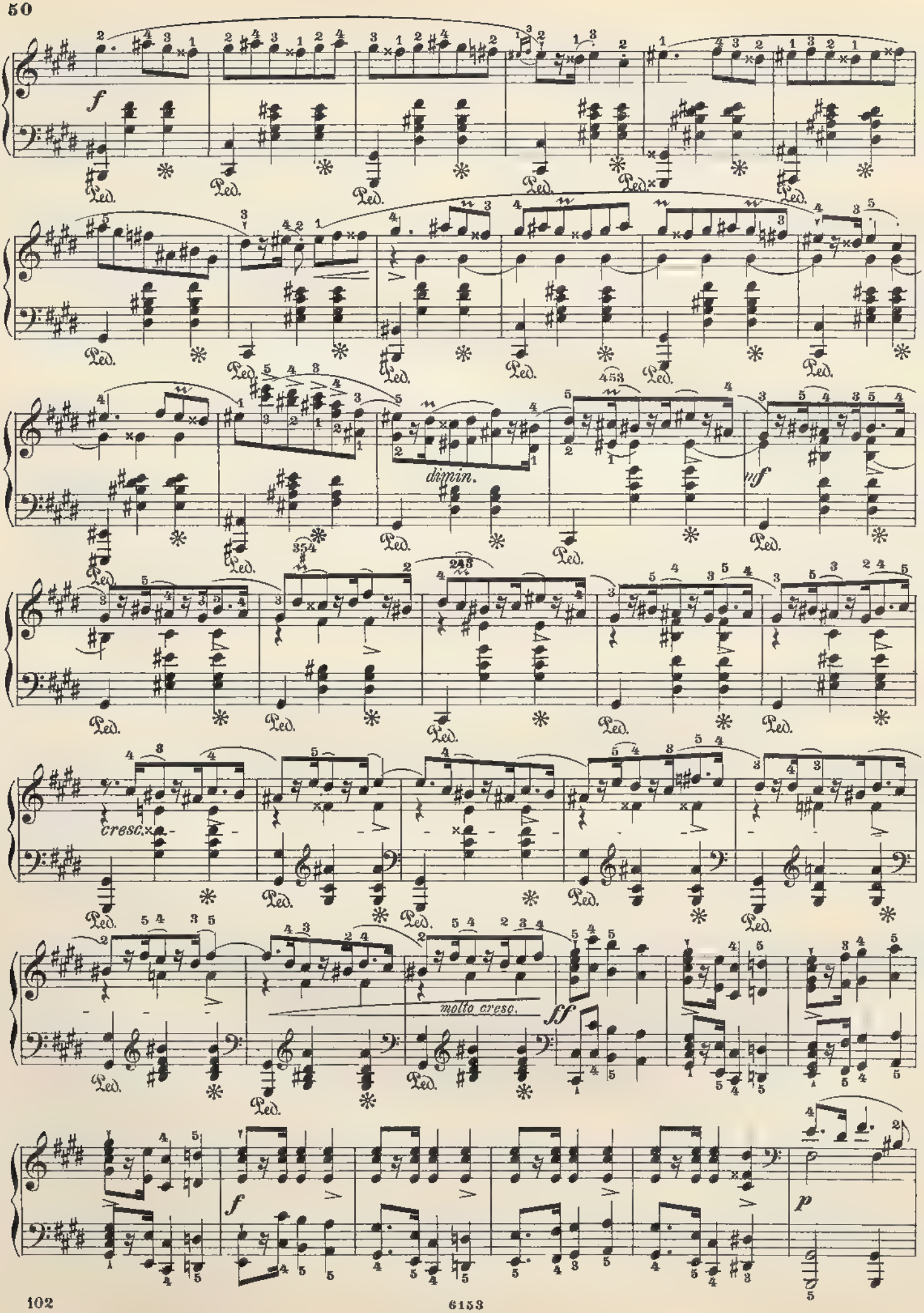
Maestoso.

Op. 41, Nº 1.

26.




dimin.
dolce
Ped.
cresc.
riten.
dim.
a tempo
pp
p
cresc.


f
Ped.
dimin.
mf
cresc.
molto cresc.
ff
p

pp

smorz.

Andantino.

Op. 41, No 2.

97.

p

f

Ped.

p

cresc.

f

Ped.

sostenuto

ff

decresc.

rallent.

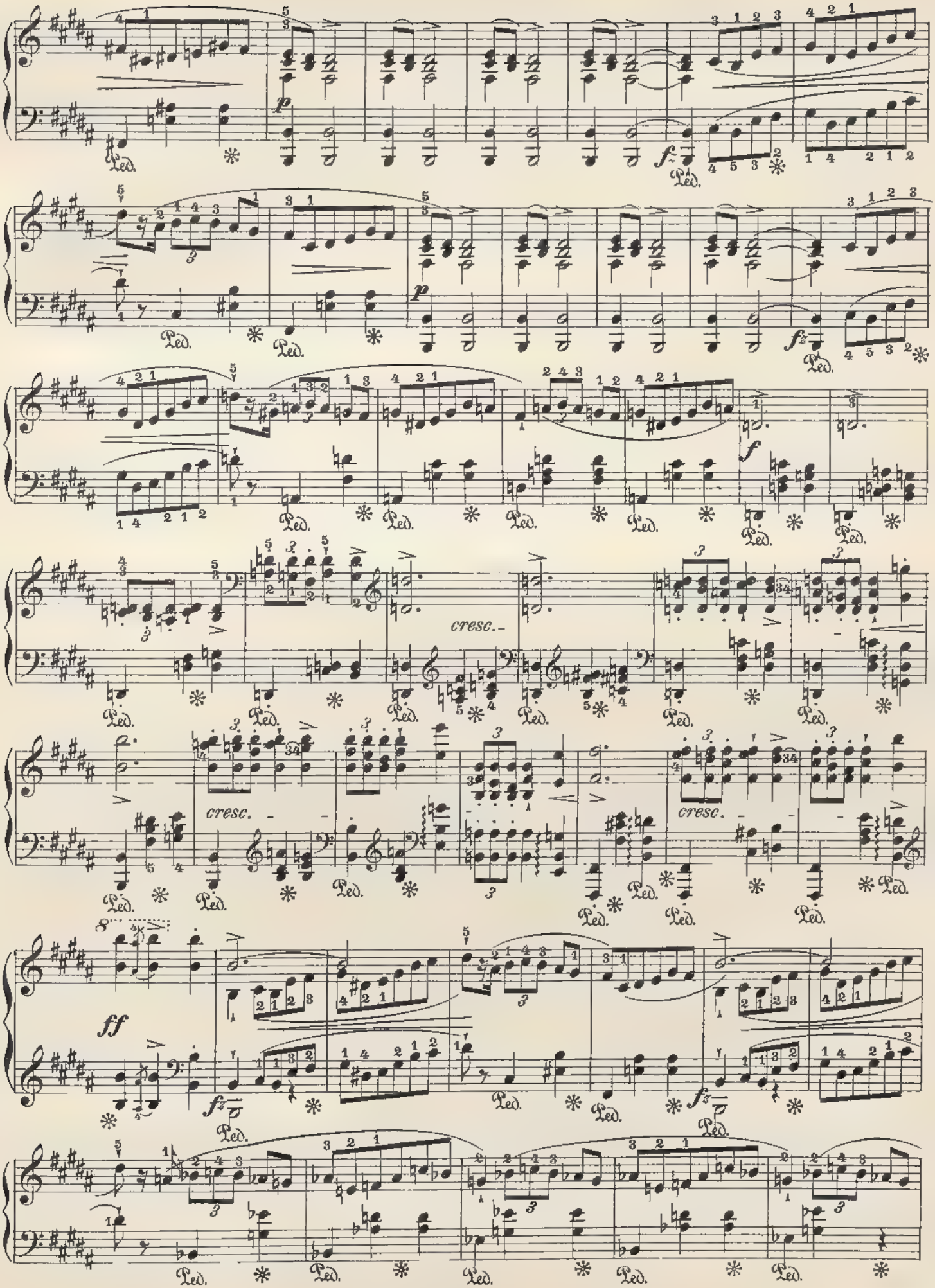
Op. 41, No 3.

28.

Animato.

p

fz


p
f
Ped.
cresc.
ff

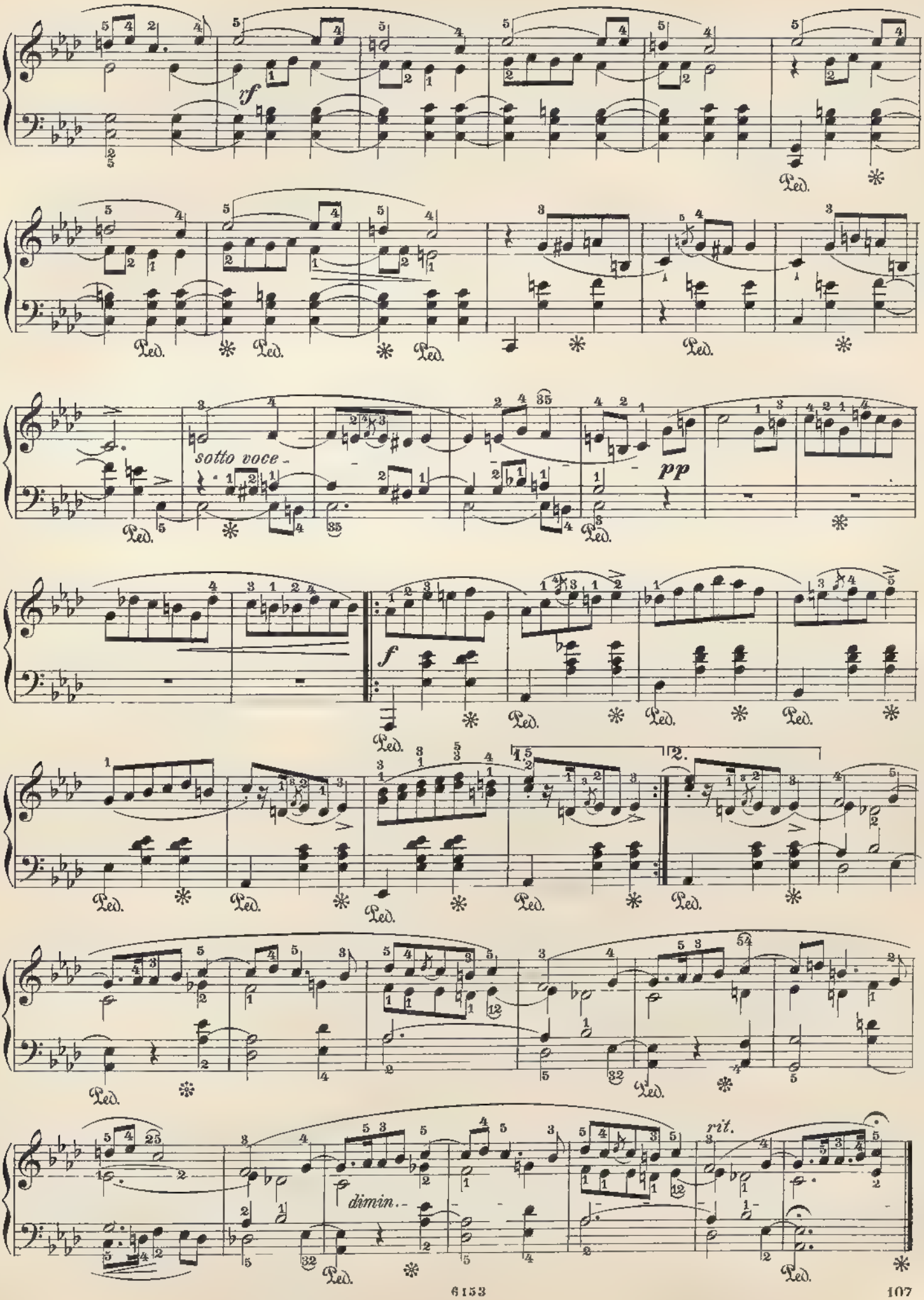
dimin.

Allegretto.

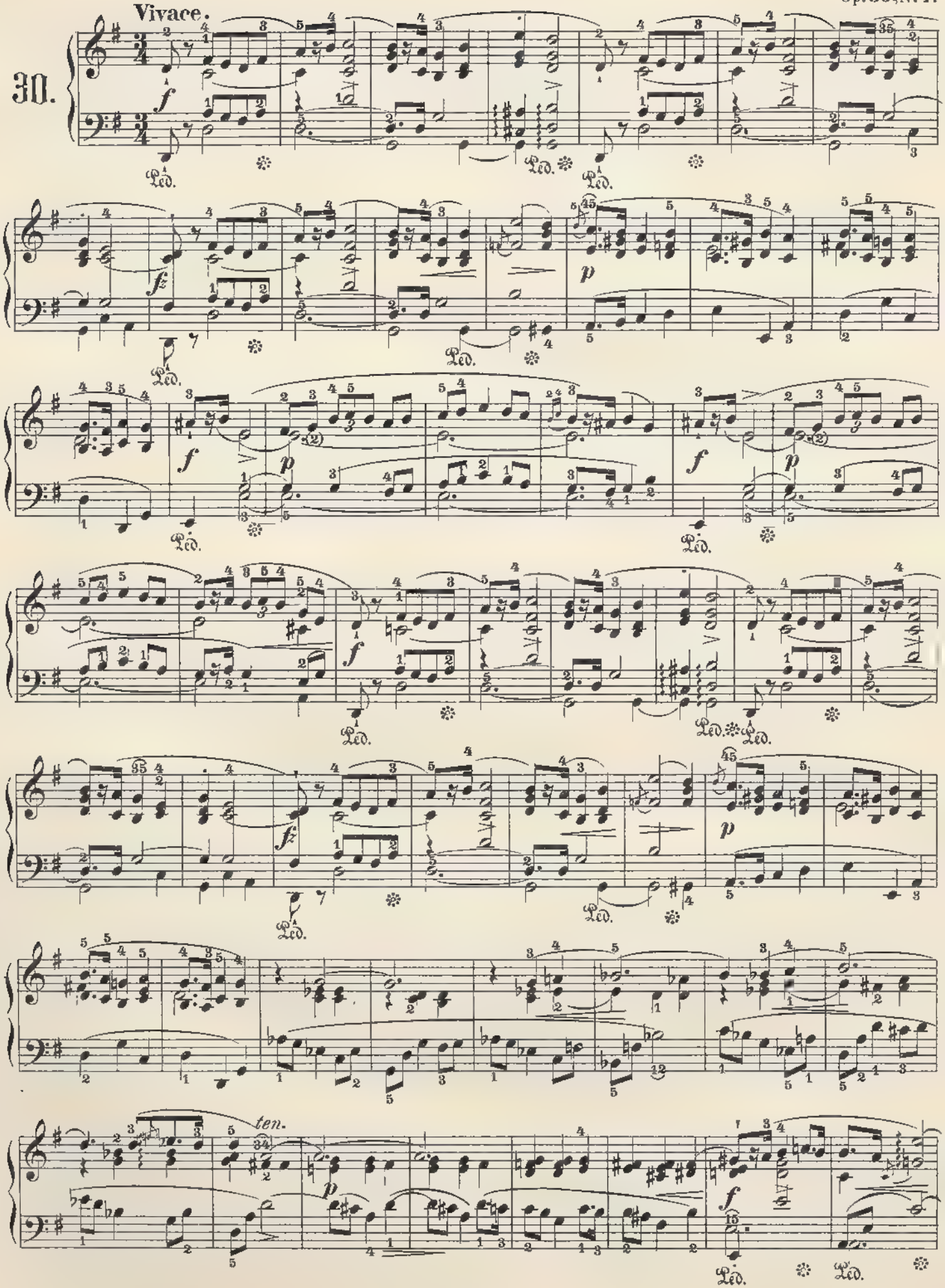
Op. 41, No. 4.

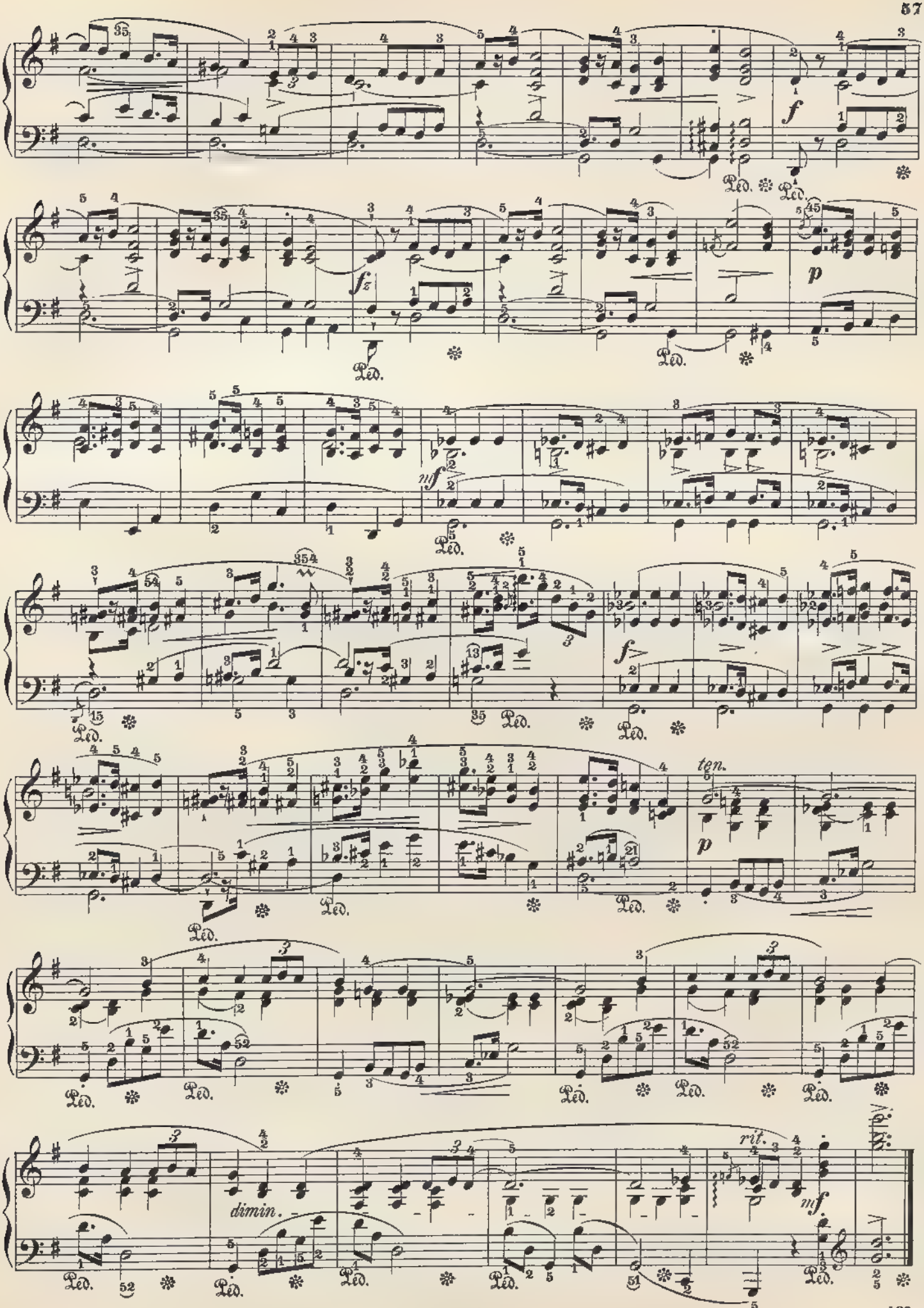
29.

dolce


vf
Ped.
sotto voce
pp
f
2.
dimin.
rit.

30. Vivace.

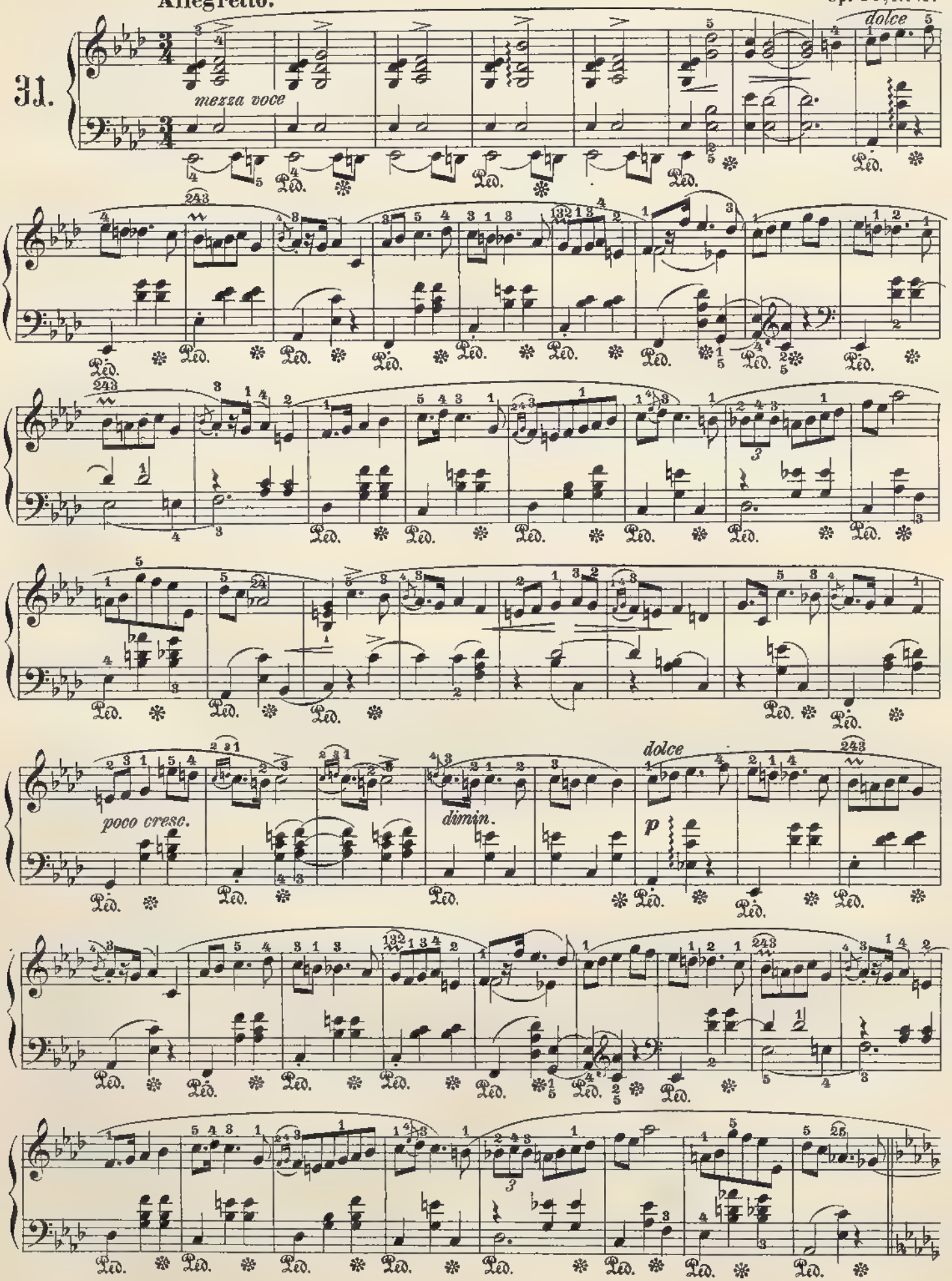


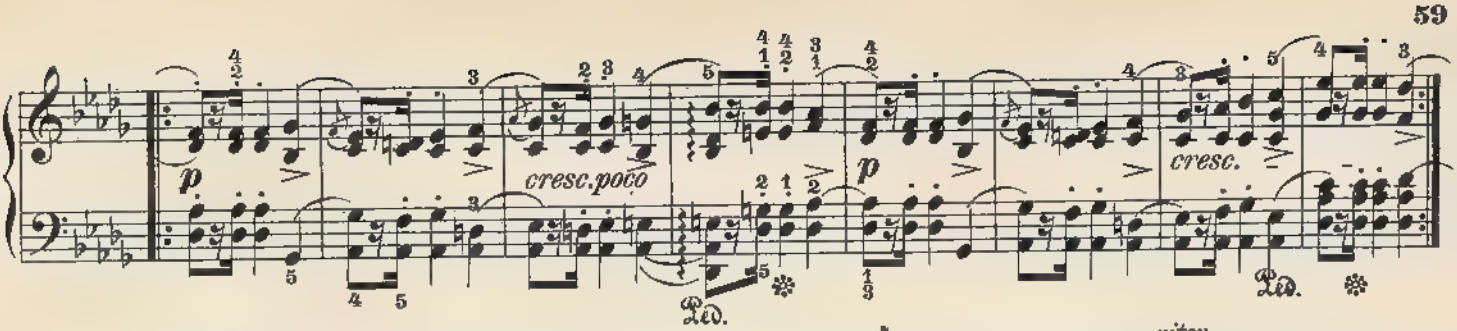

f
fz
p
mf
f
p
ten.
dimin.
rit.
mf
Ped.

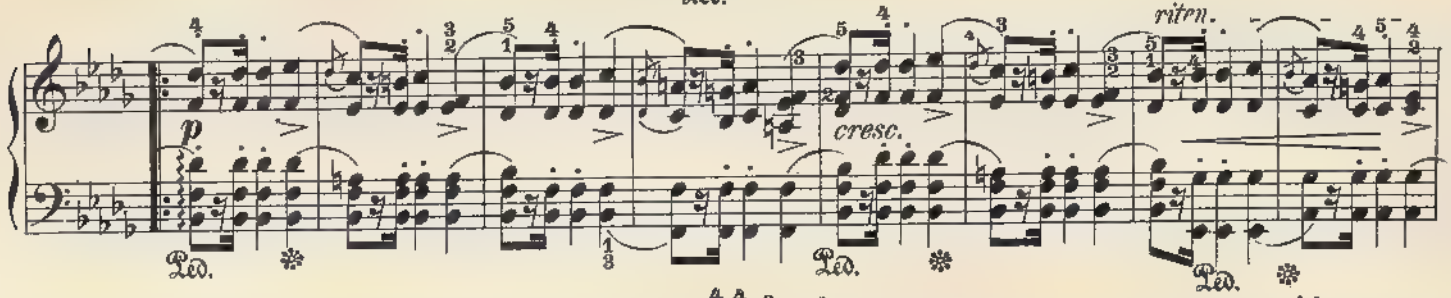
## Allegretto.

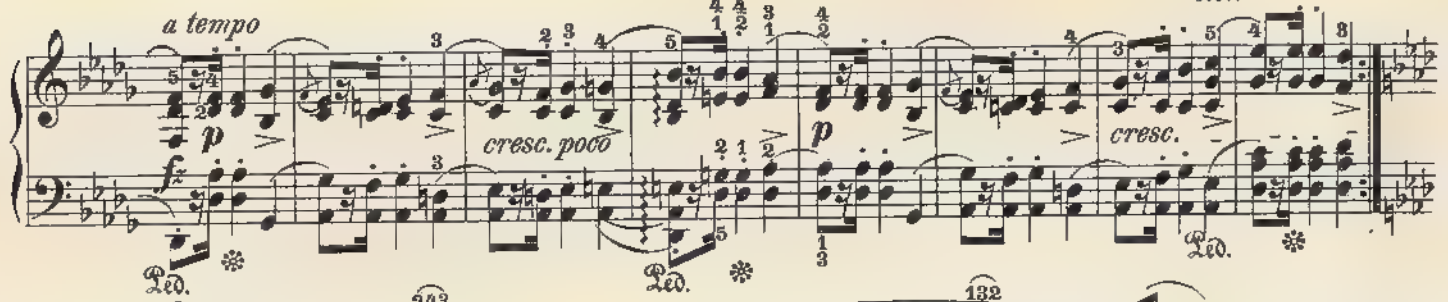
Op. 50, № 2.

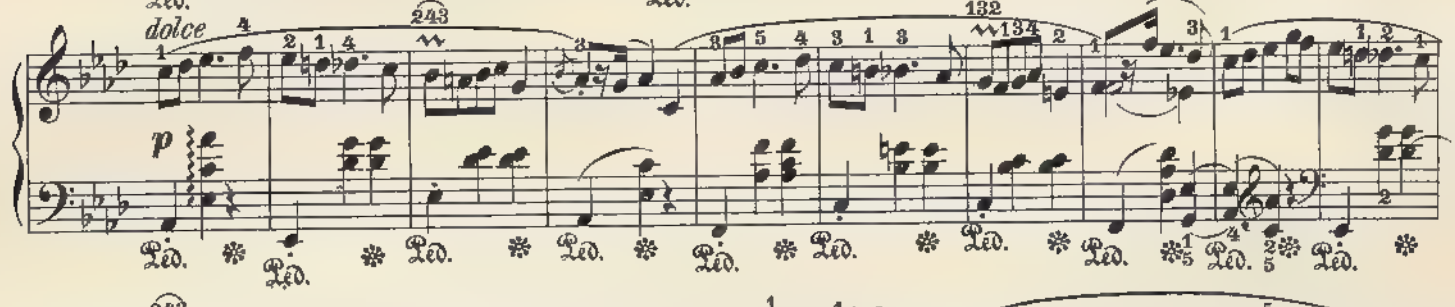
31.

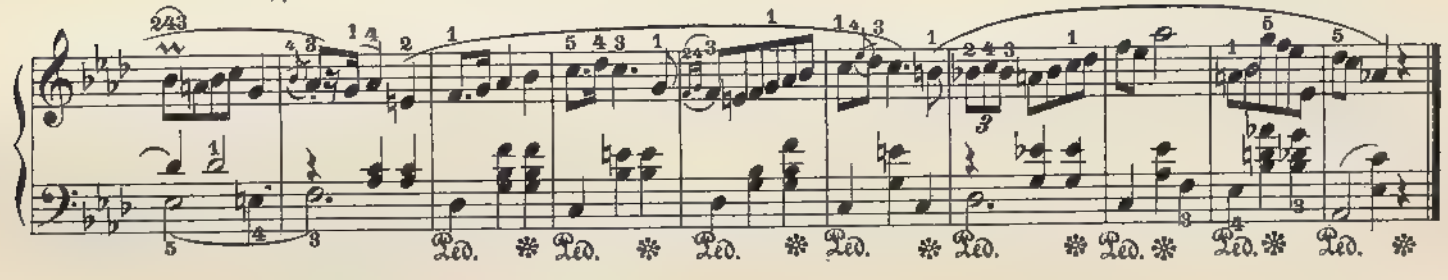




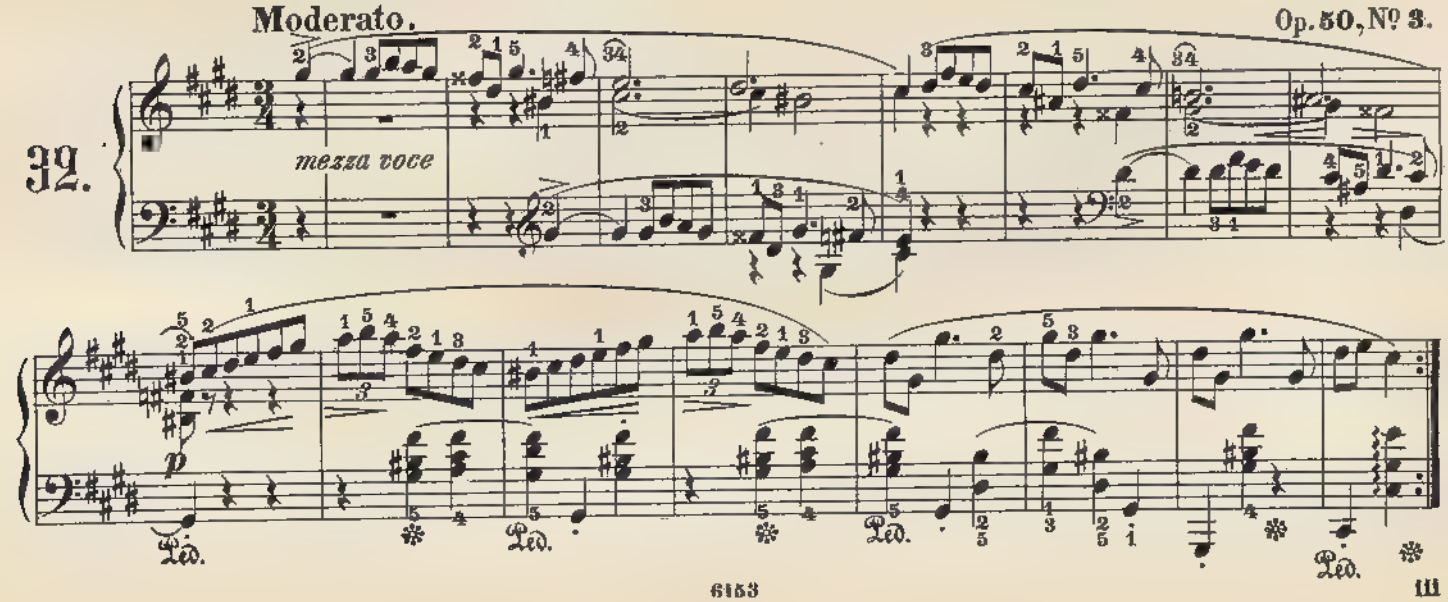



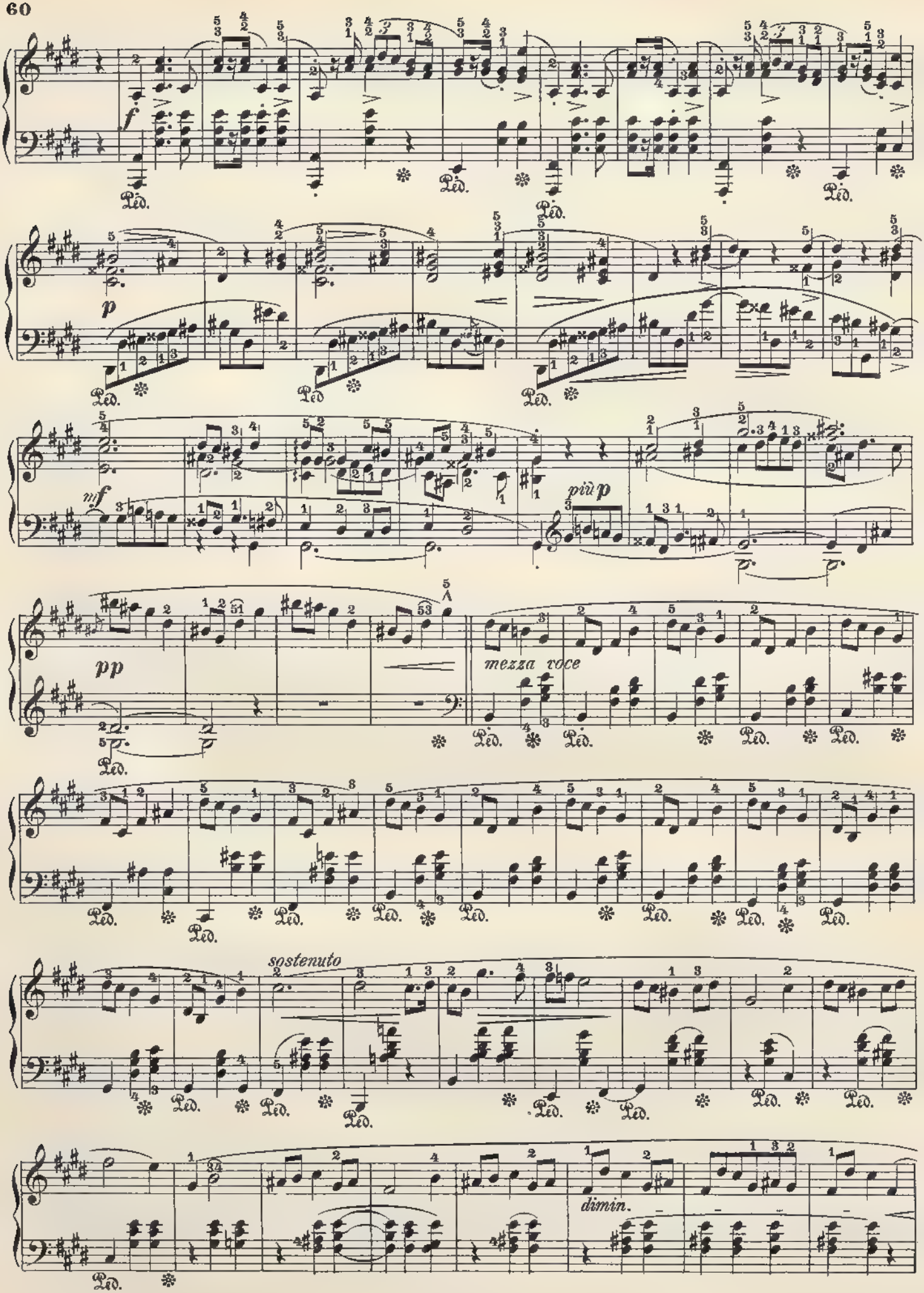



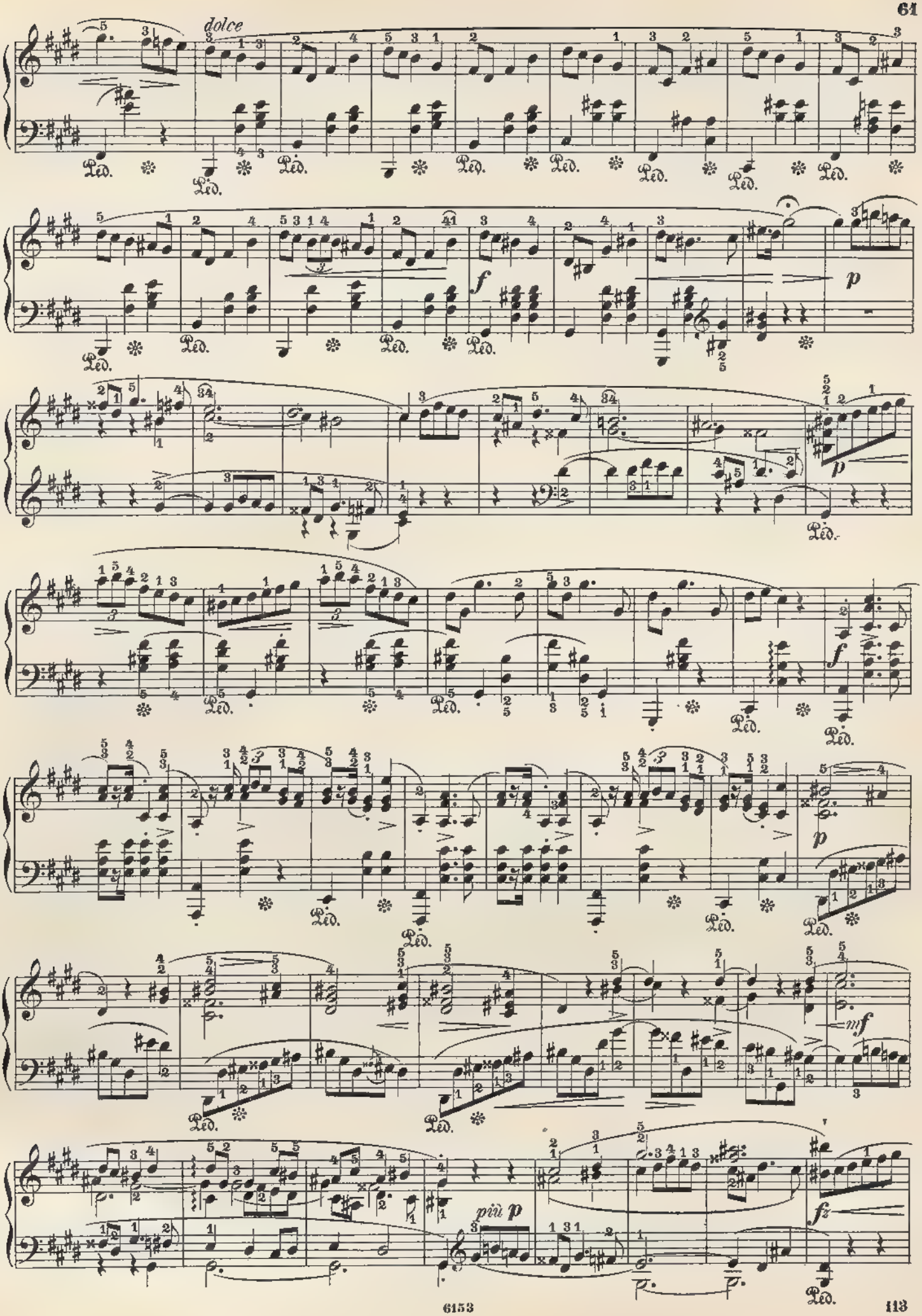

Moderato.

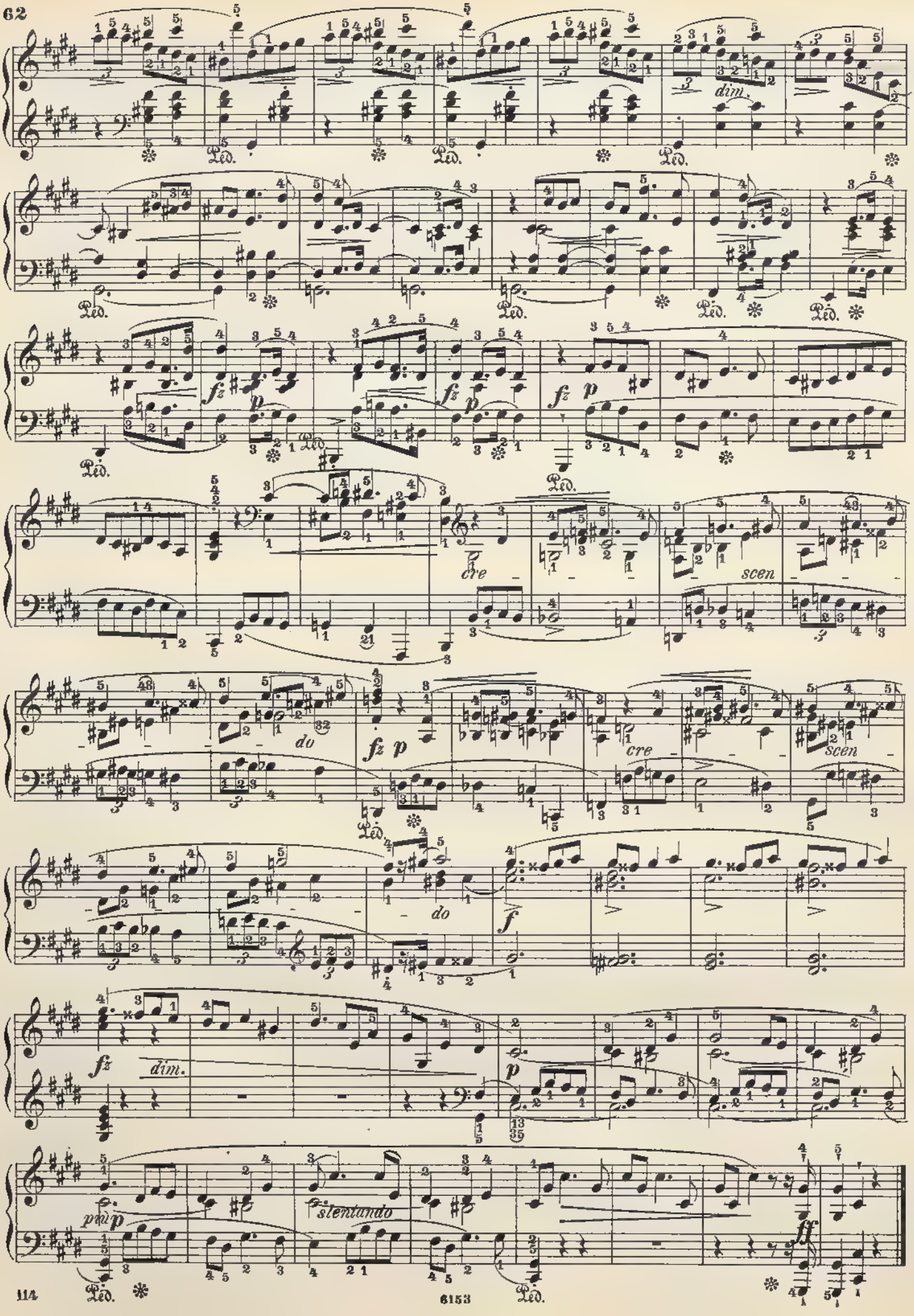
Op. 50, № 3.

39.




f
Ped.
p
mf
più p
pp
mezza voce
sostenuto
dimin.

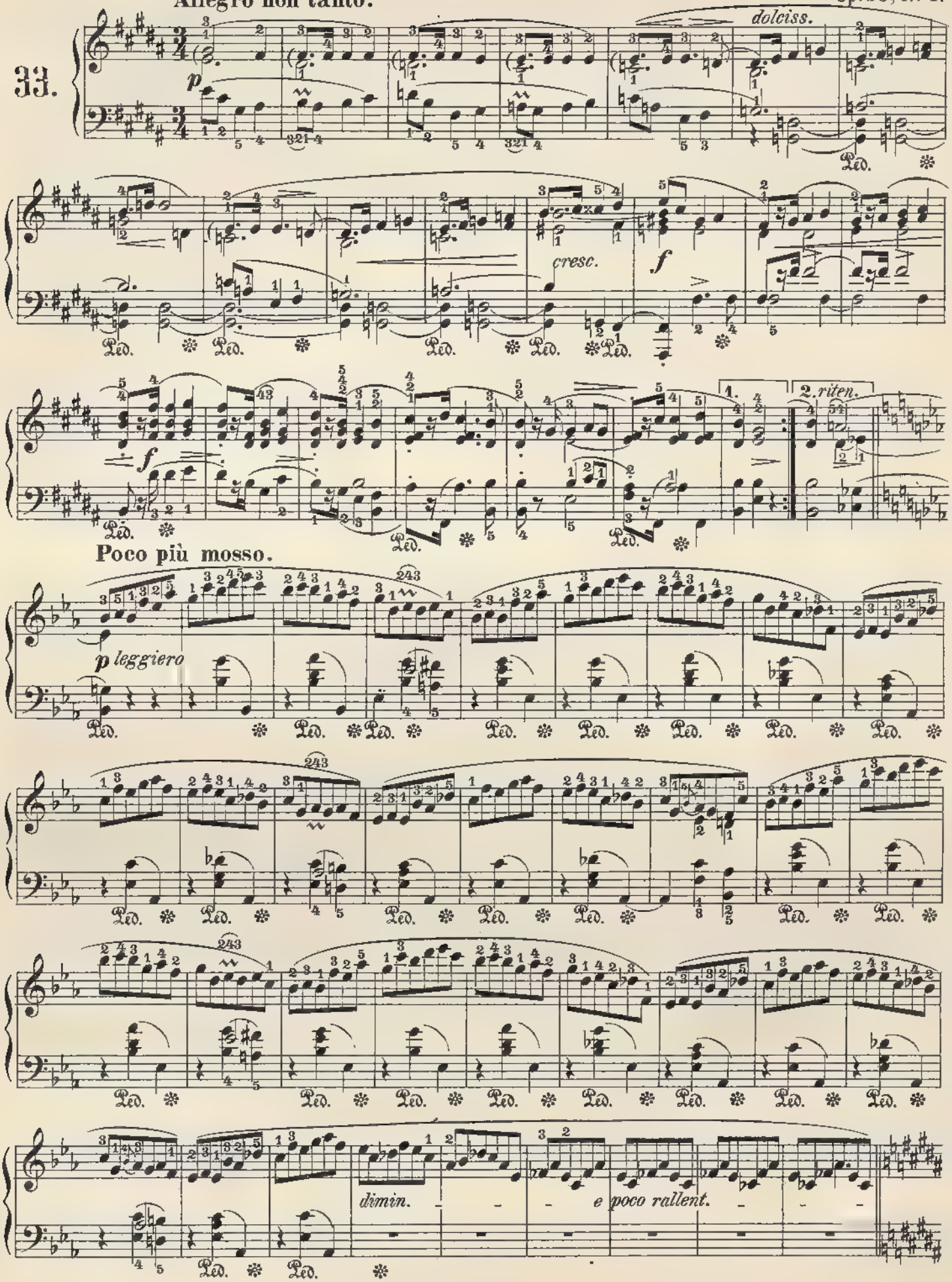

dolce
Ped.
f
p
mf
più p
fz

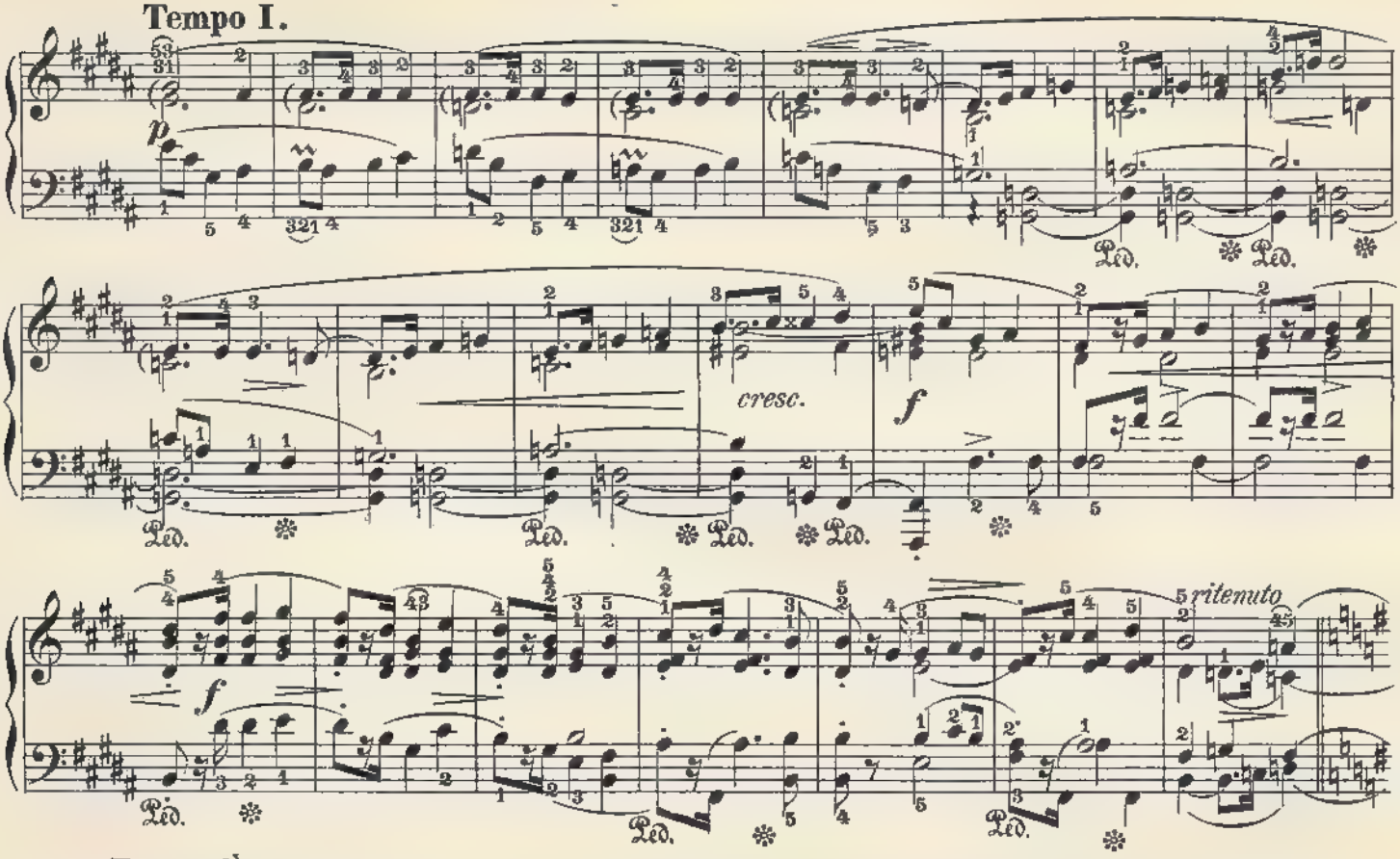

dim.
Ped.
fz
p
cre
scen
do
f
dim.
ritenuto
ff

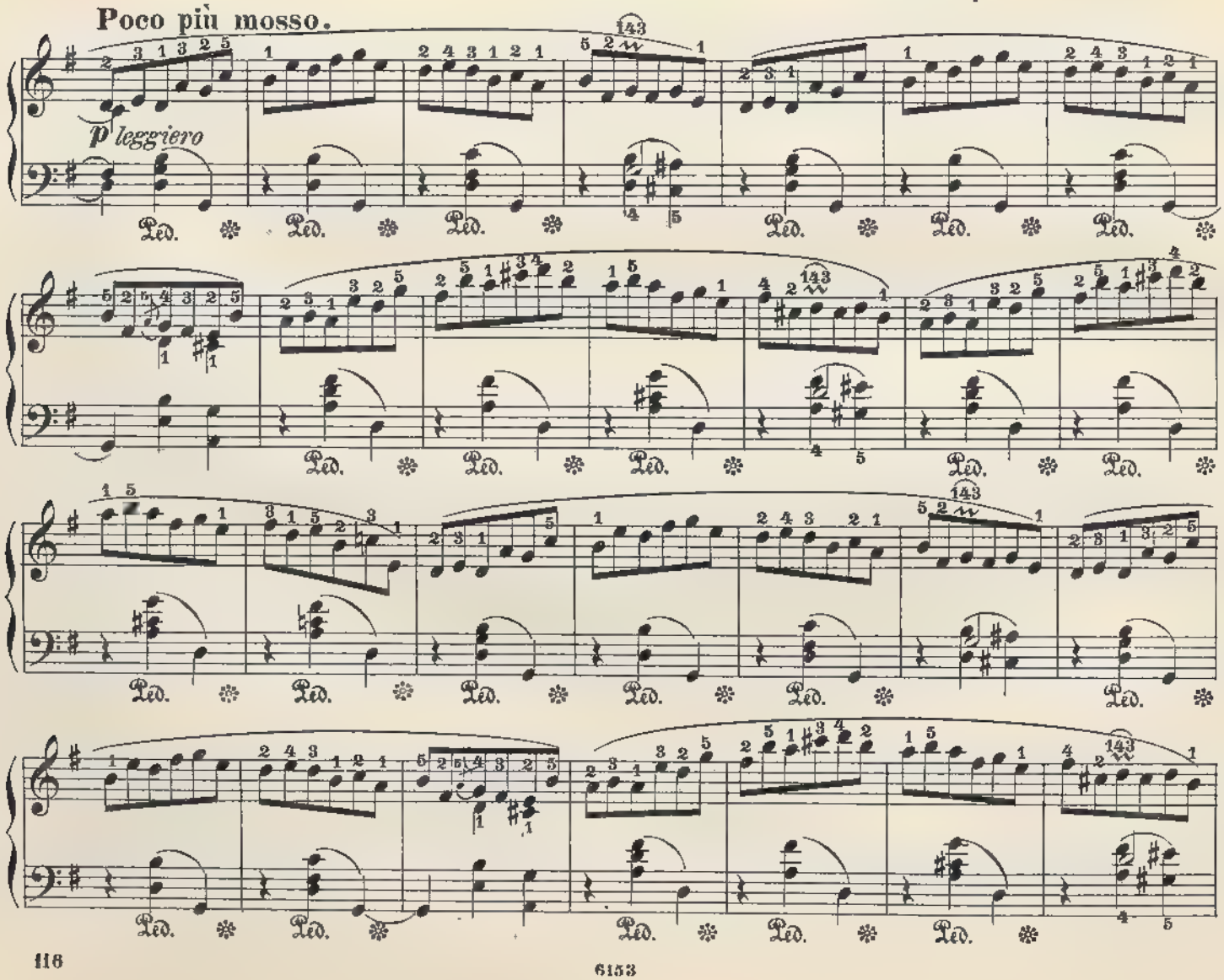
Allegro non tanto.

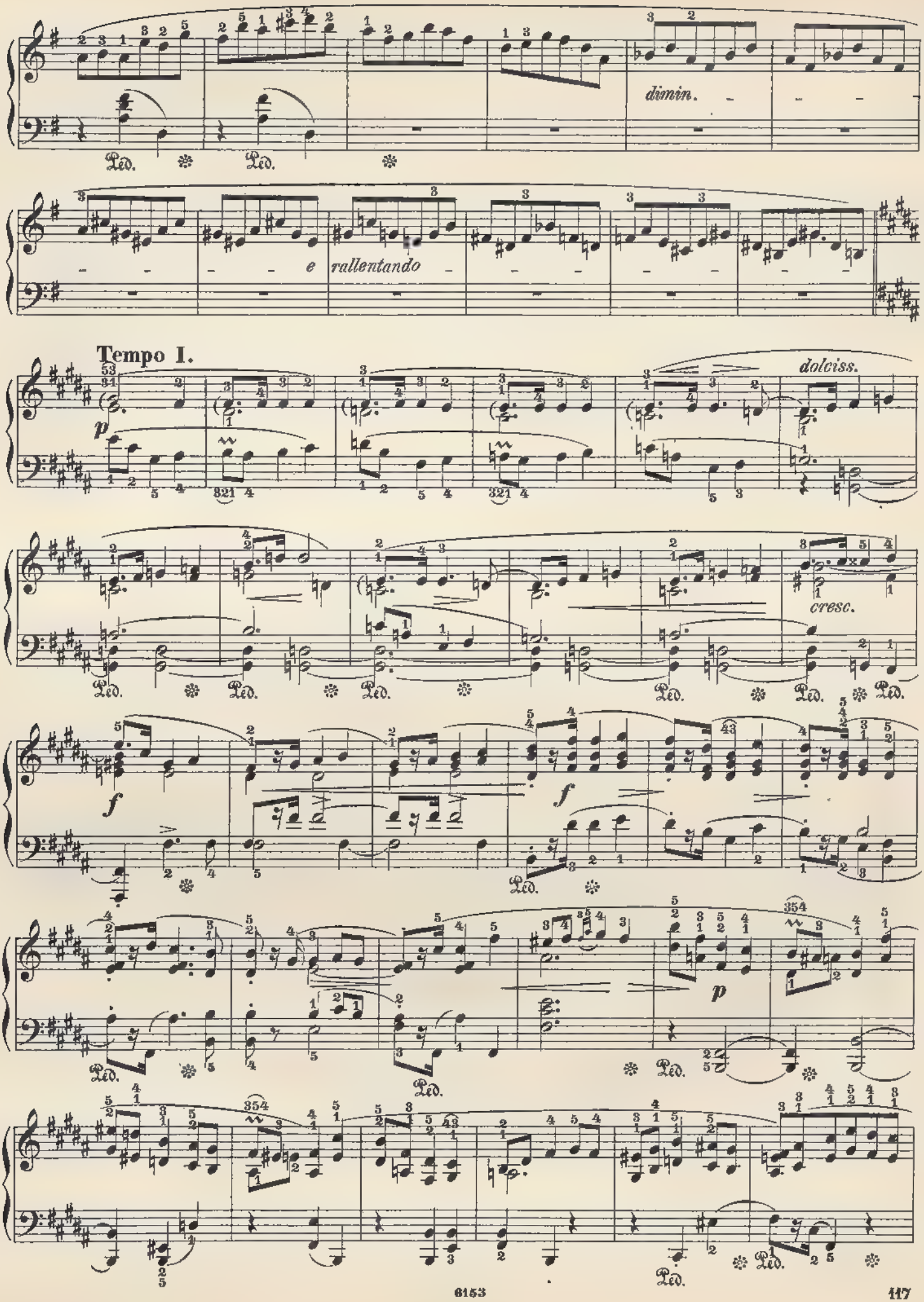
Op. 56, No 1.

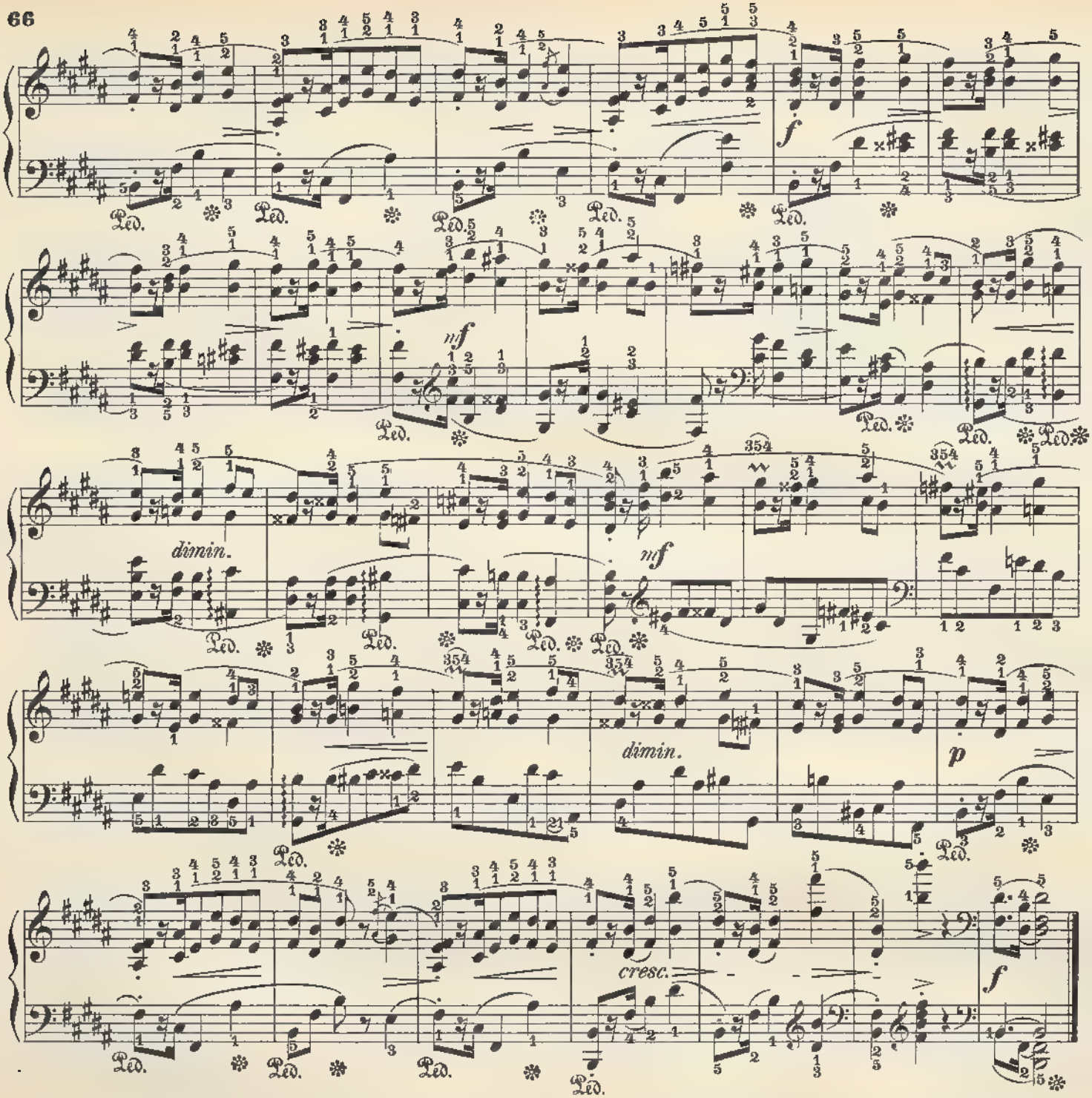
33.




Tempo I.
p
cresc.
f
f
ritenuto


Poco più mosso.
p leggiero

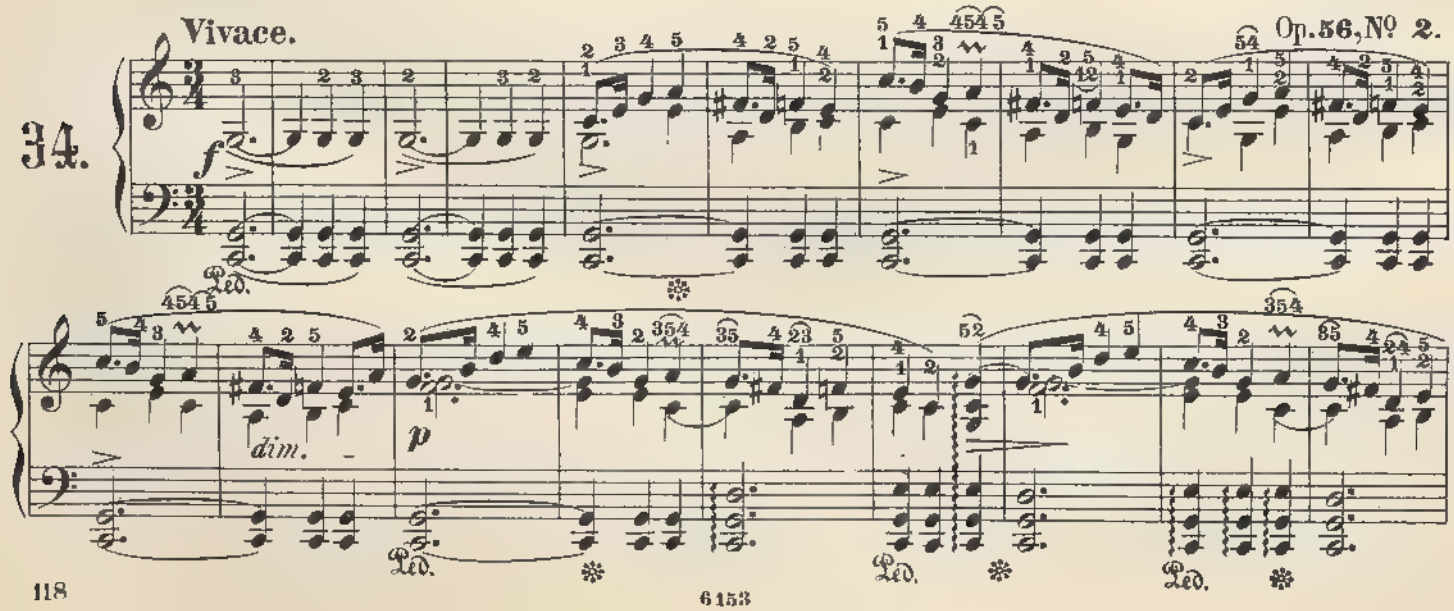

dimin.
e
rallentando
Tempo I.
dolciss.
cresc.

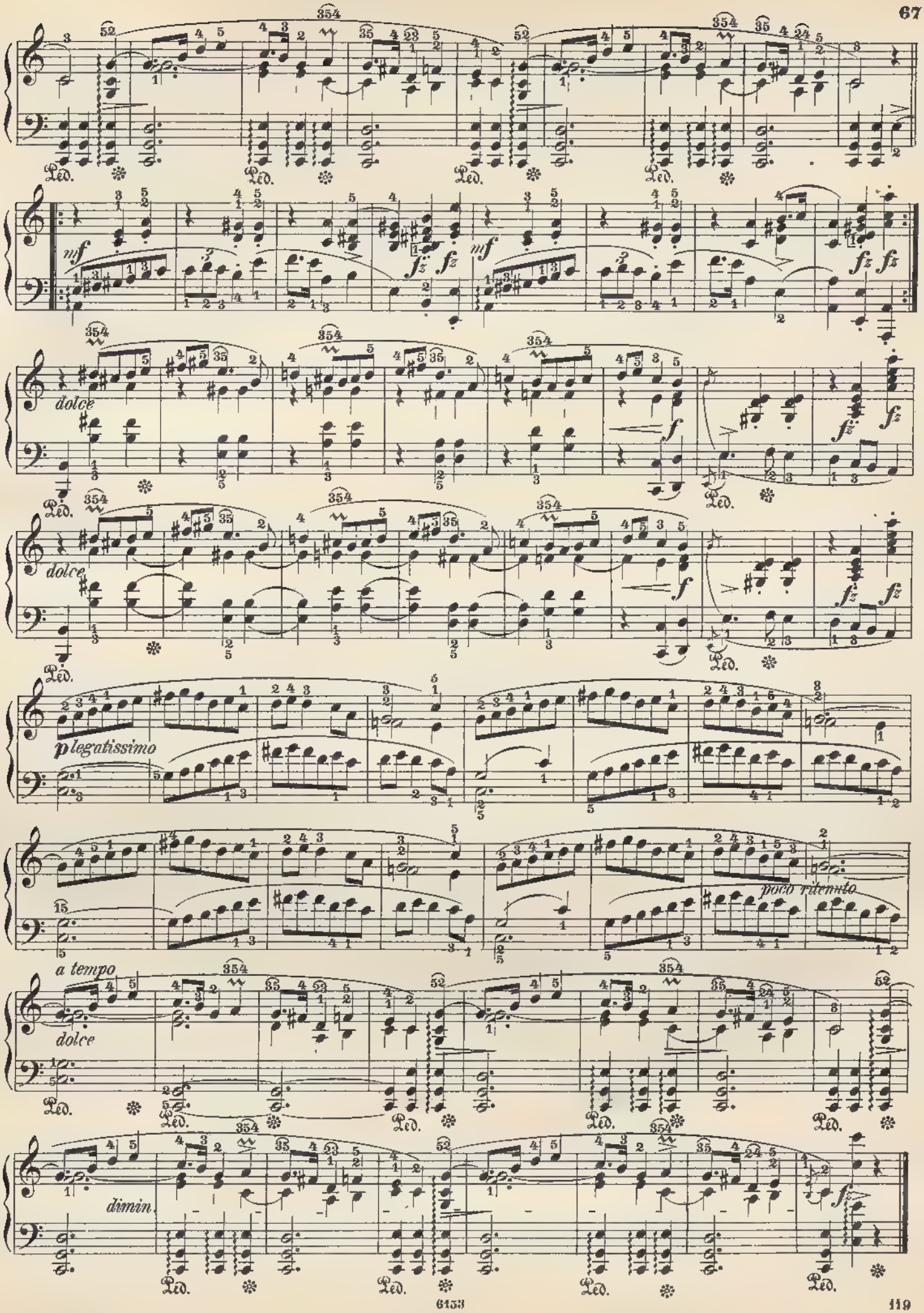


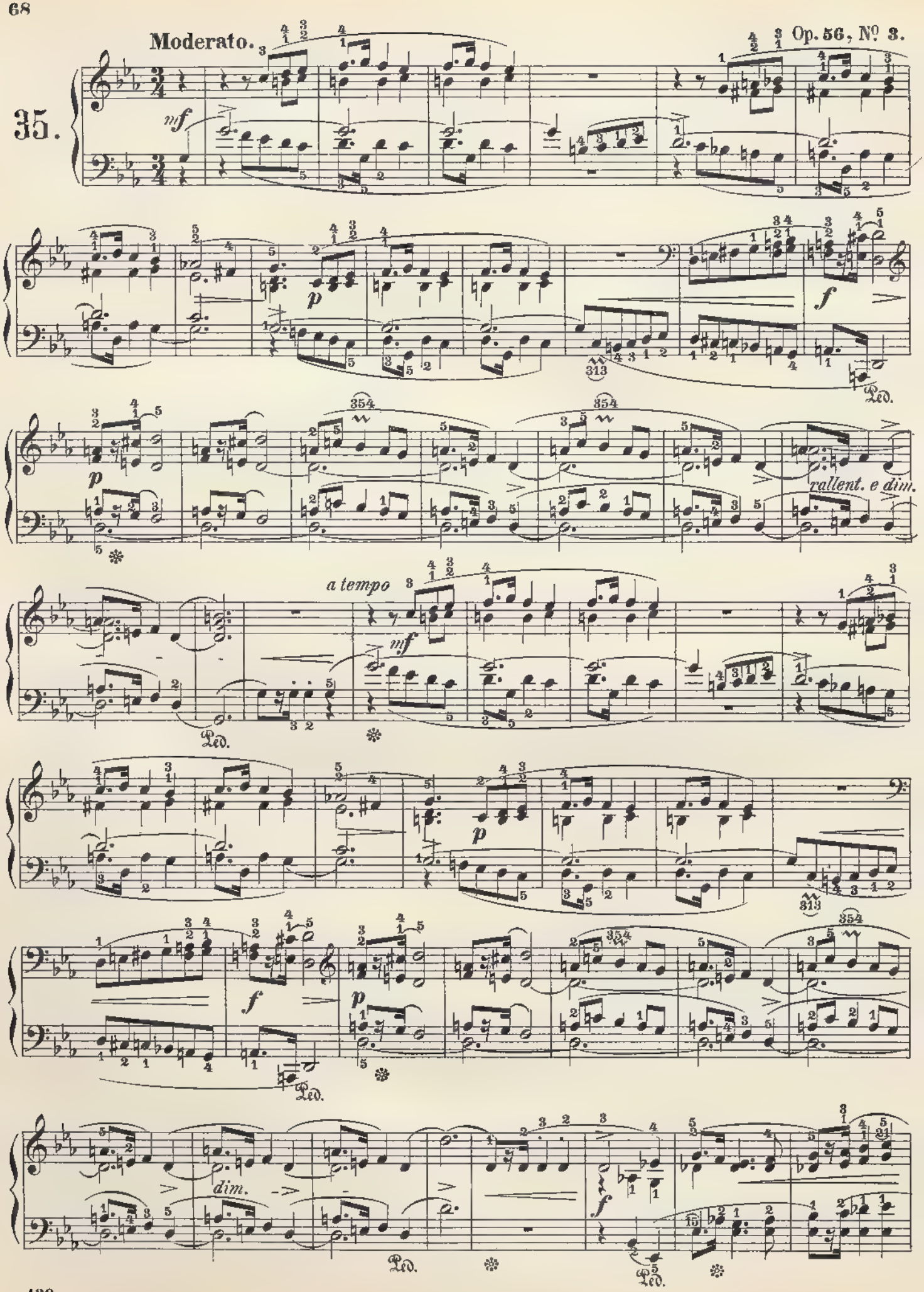

34.

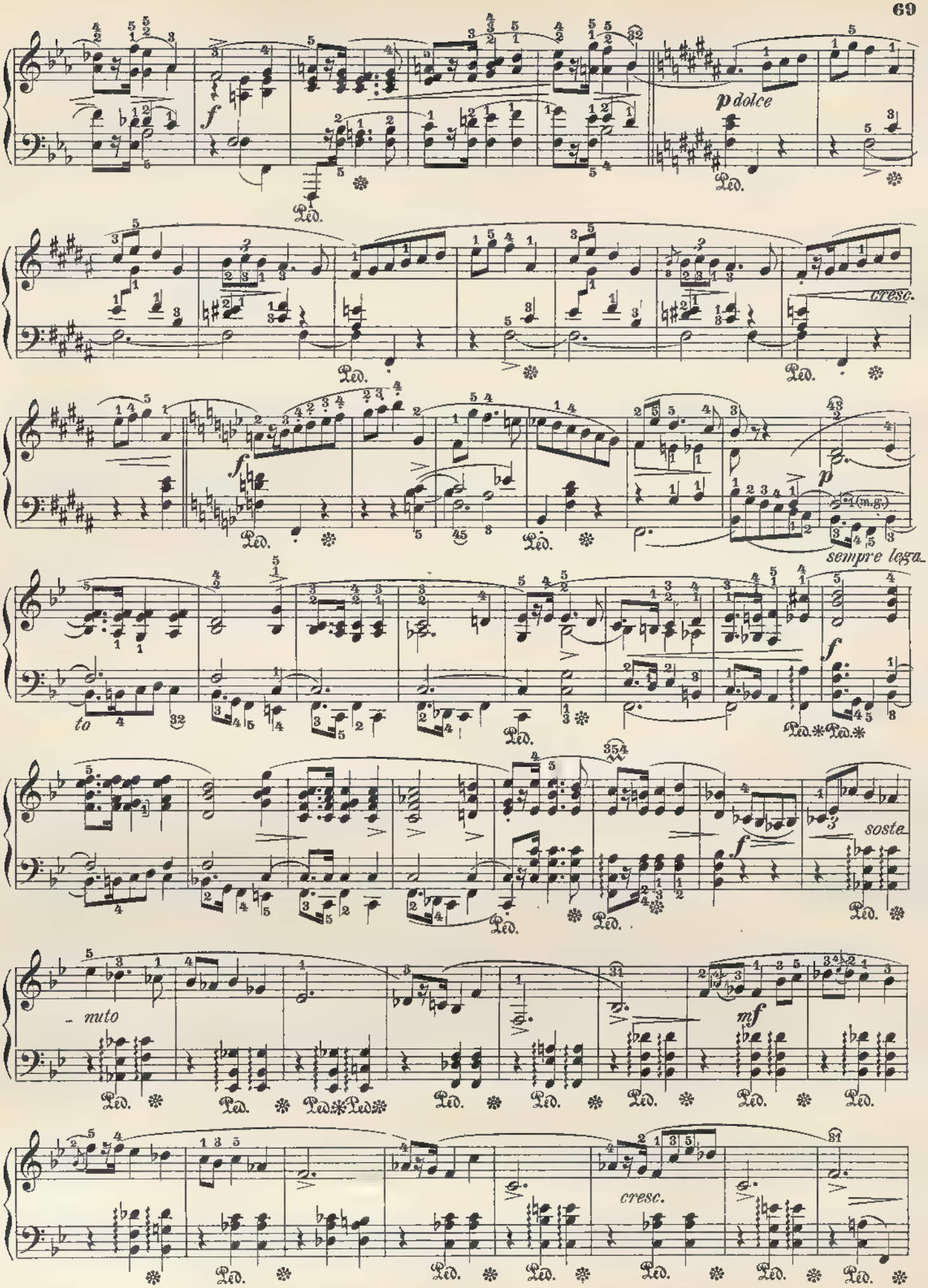
Vivace.

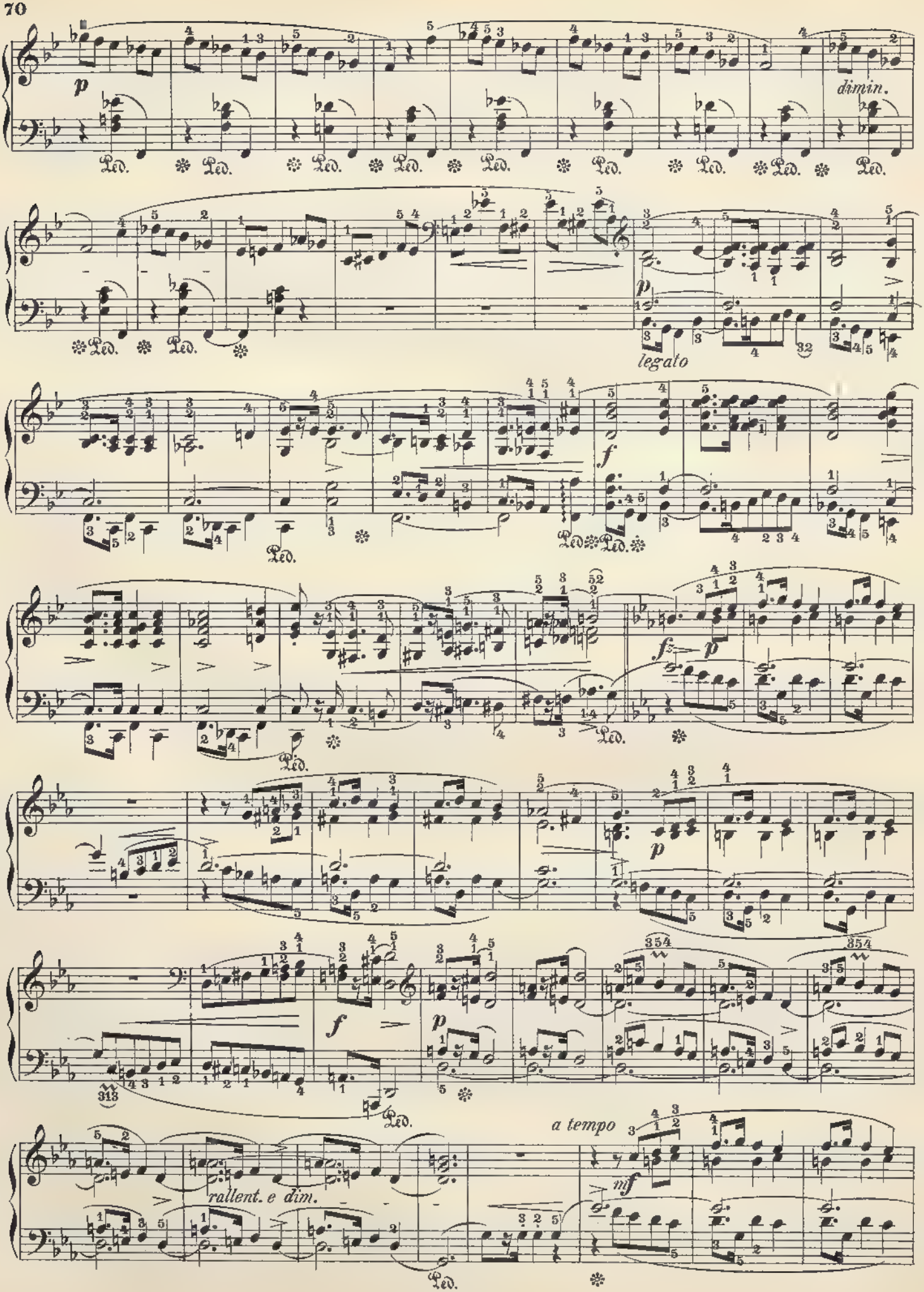
Op. 56, No 2.

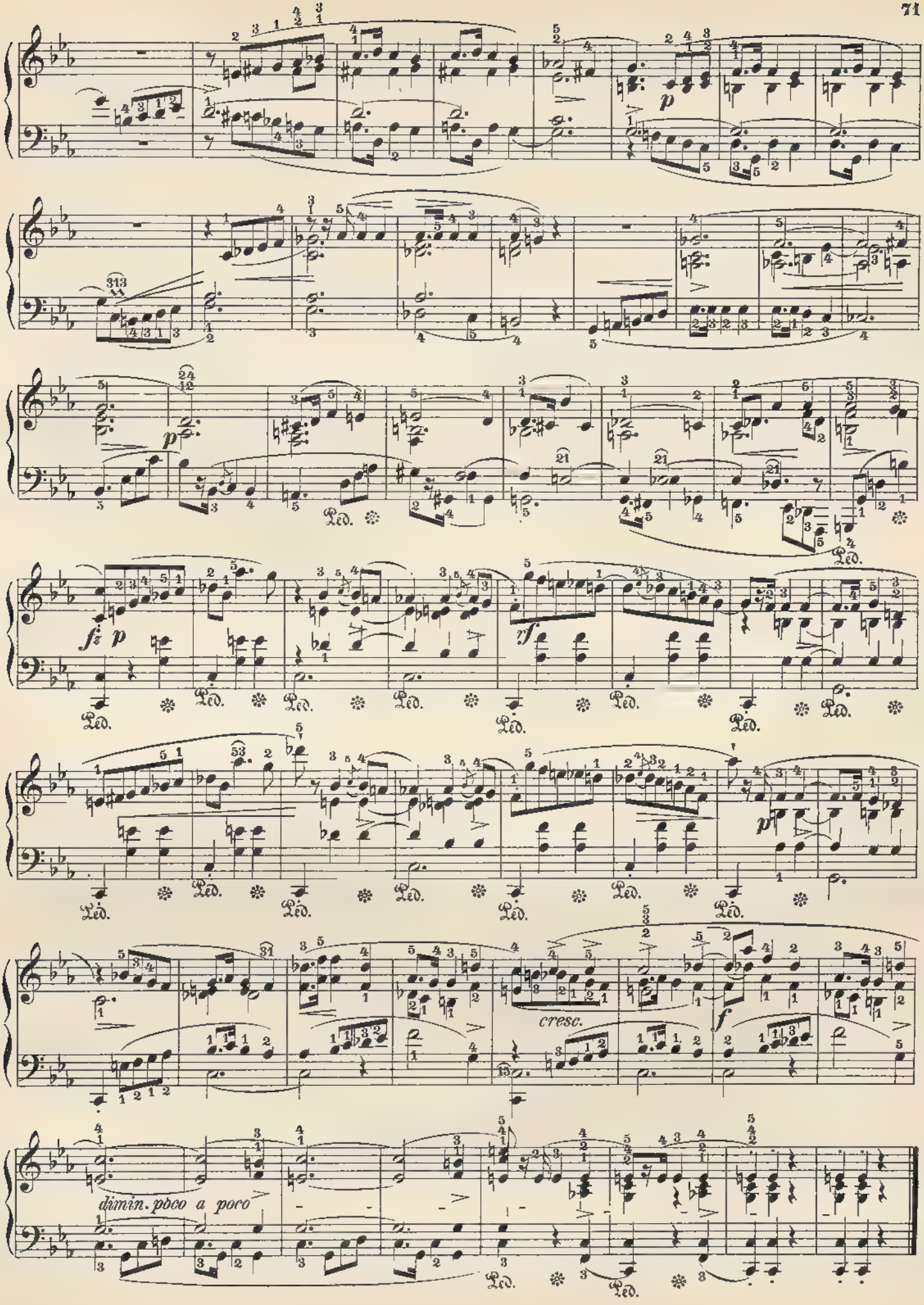


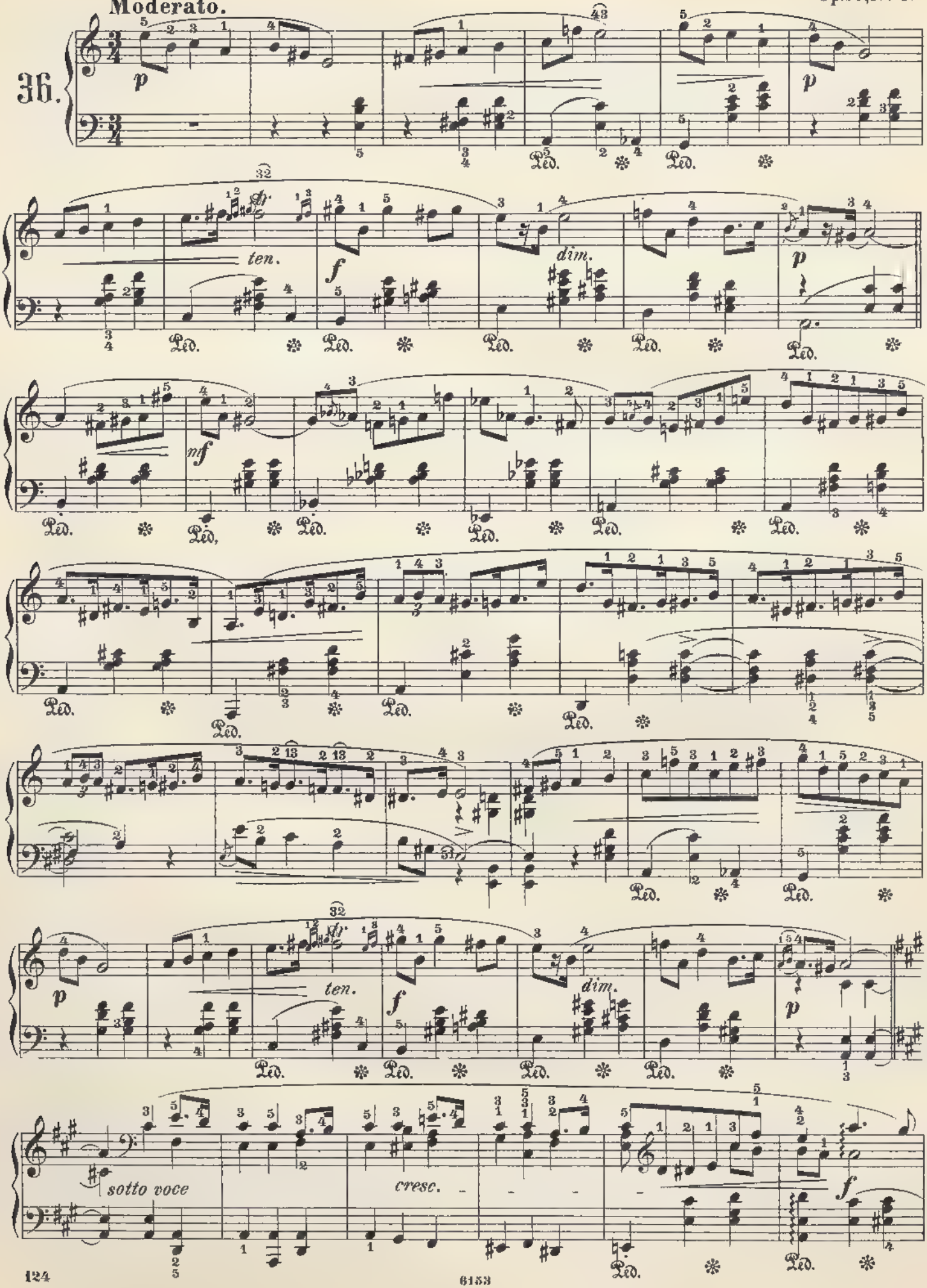

Ped.
mf
fz
dolce
f
plegatissimo
poco ritenuto
a tempo
dimin.

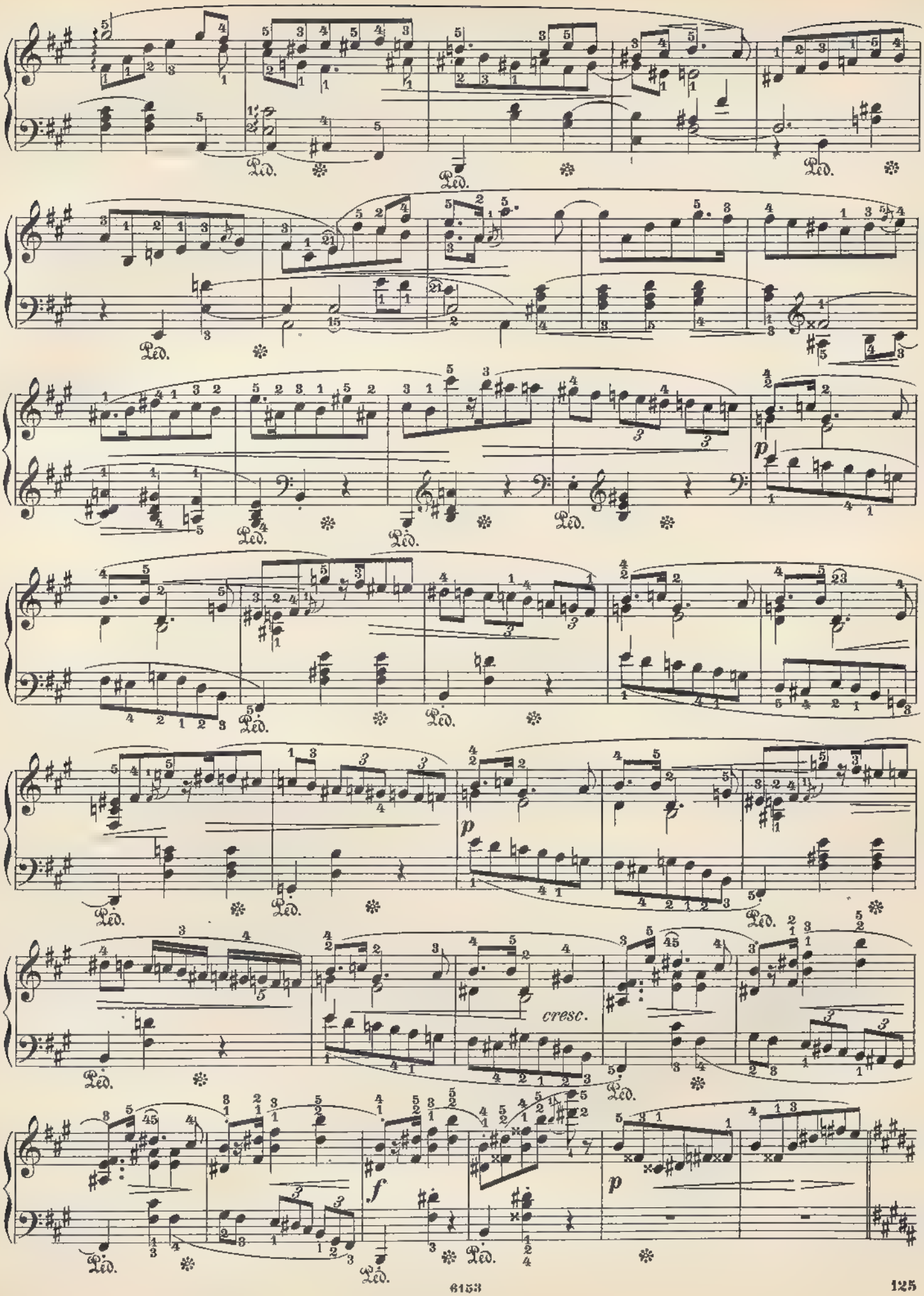

Moderato.
Op. 56, № 3.
35.
mf
p
f
rallent. e dim.
a tempo
dim.
Ped.

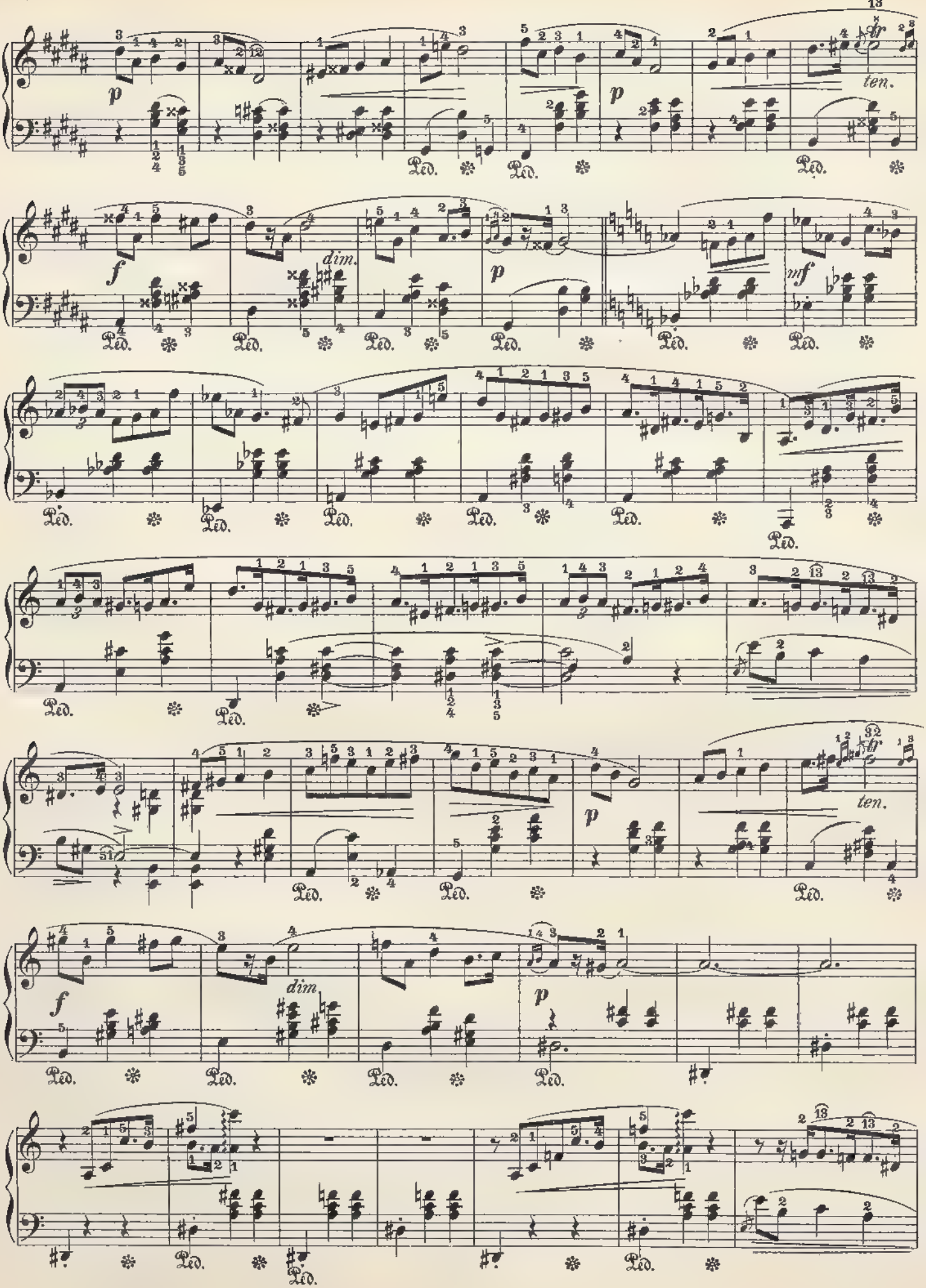

p dolce
Ped.
cresc.
f
p
sempre legg.
to
soste
muto
mf
cresc.

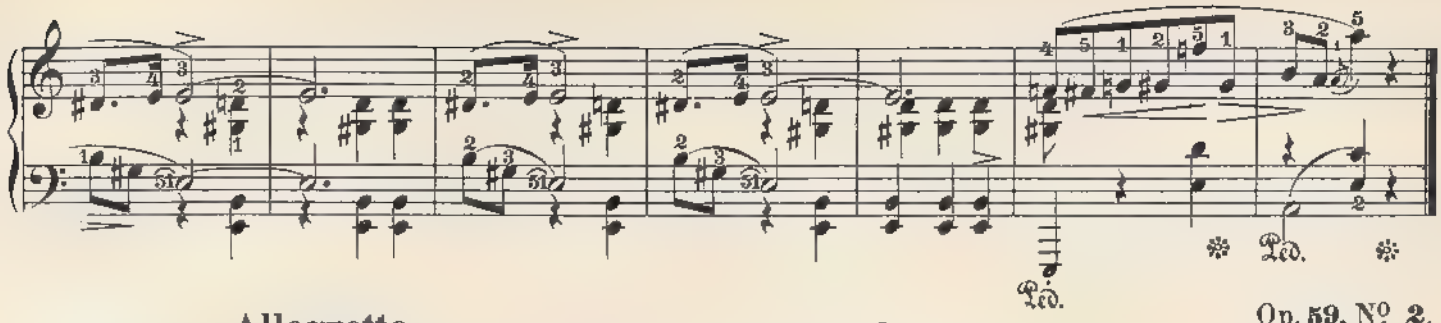

p
dimin.
Ped.
p
legato
f
fz
p
f
p
a tempo
mf
rallent. e dim.


p
Ped.
fz p
rf
p
cresc.
f
dimin. poco a poco


Moderato.
36.
p
ten.
f
dim.
p
mf
ten.
f
dim.
p
sotto voce
cresc.
f

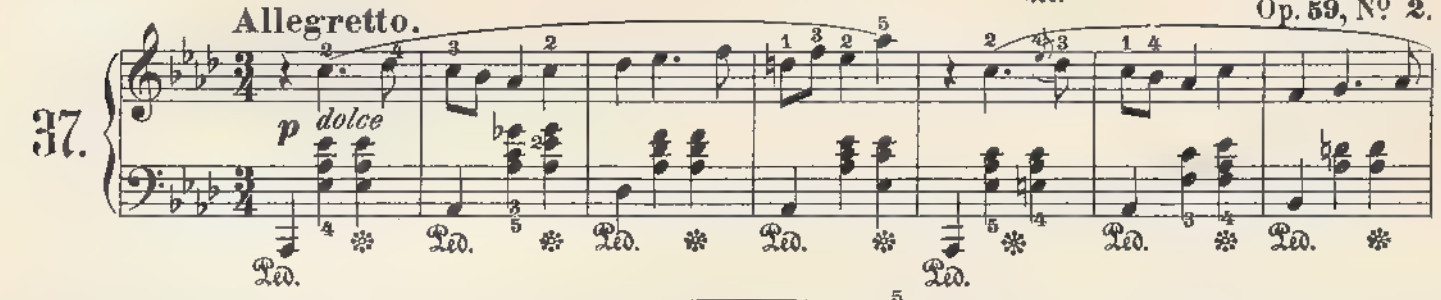

Ped.
cresc.
p
f

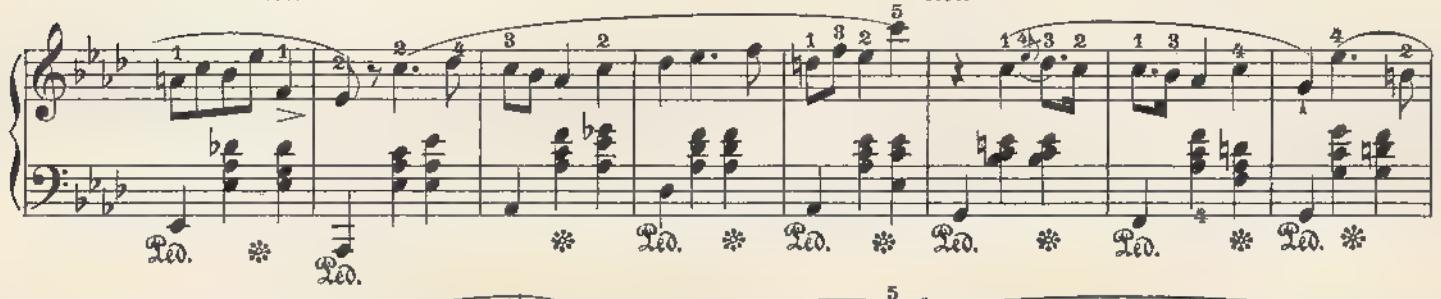

13
p
ten.
Ped.
f
dim.
mf
32
126
6153

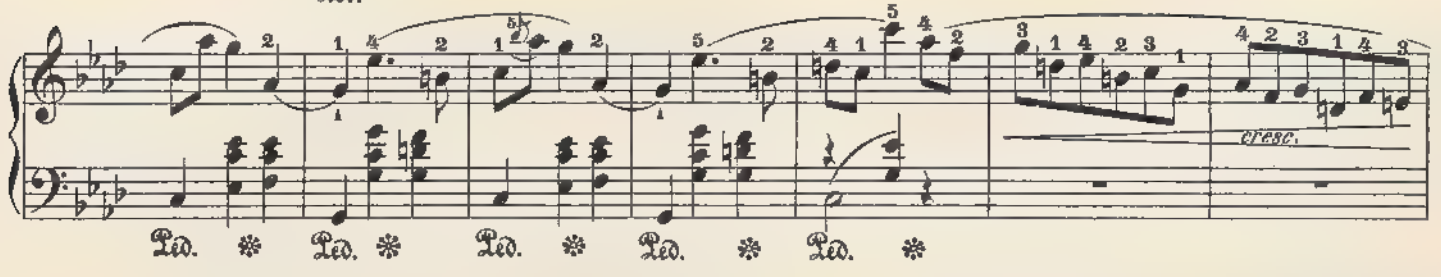


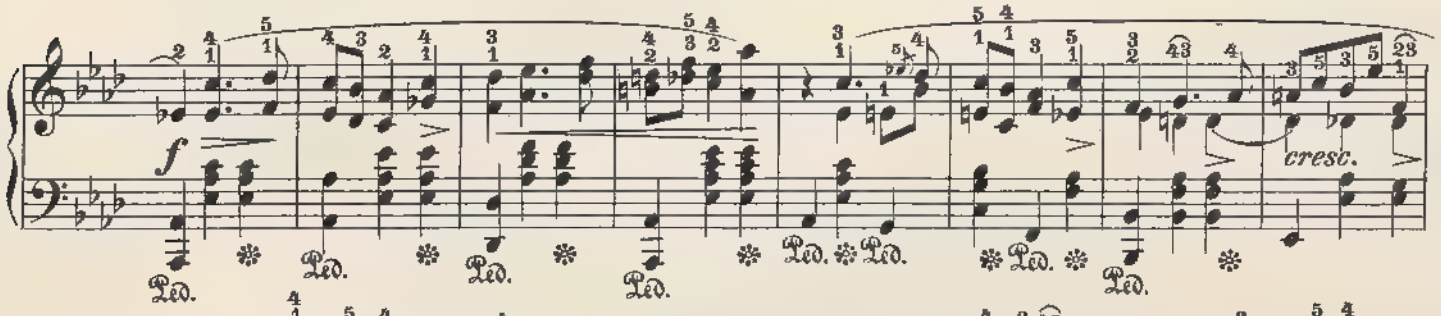
Allegretto. Op. 59, No. 2.

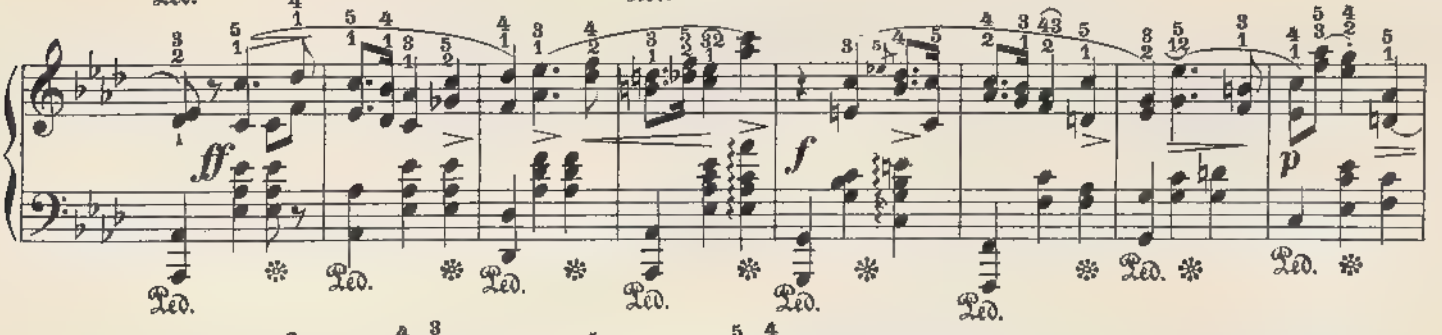
37.

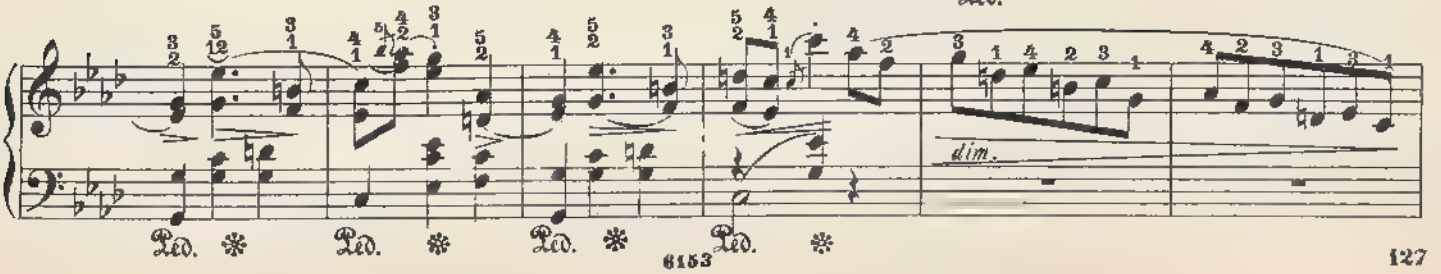


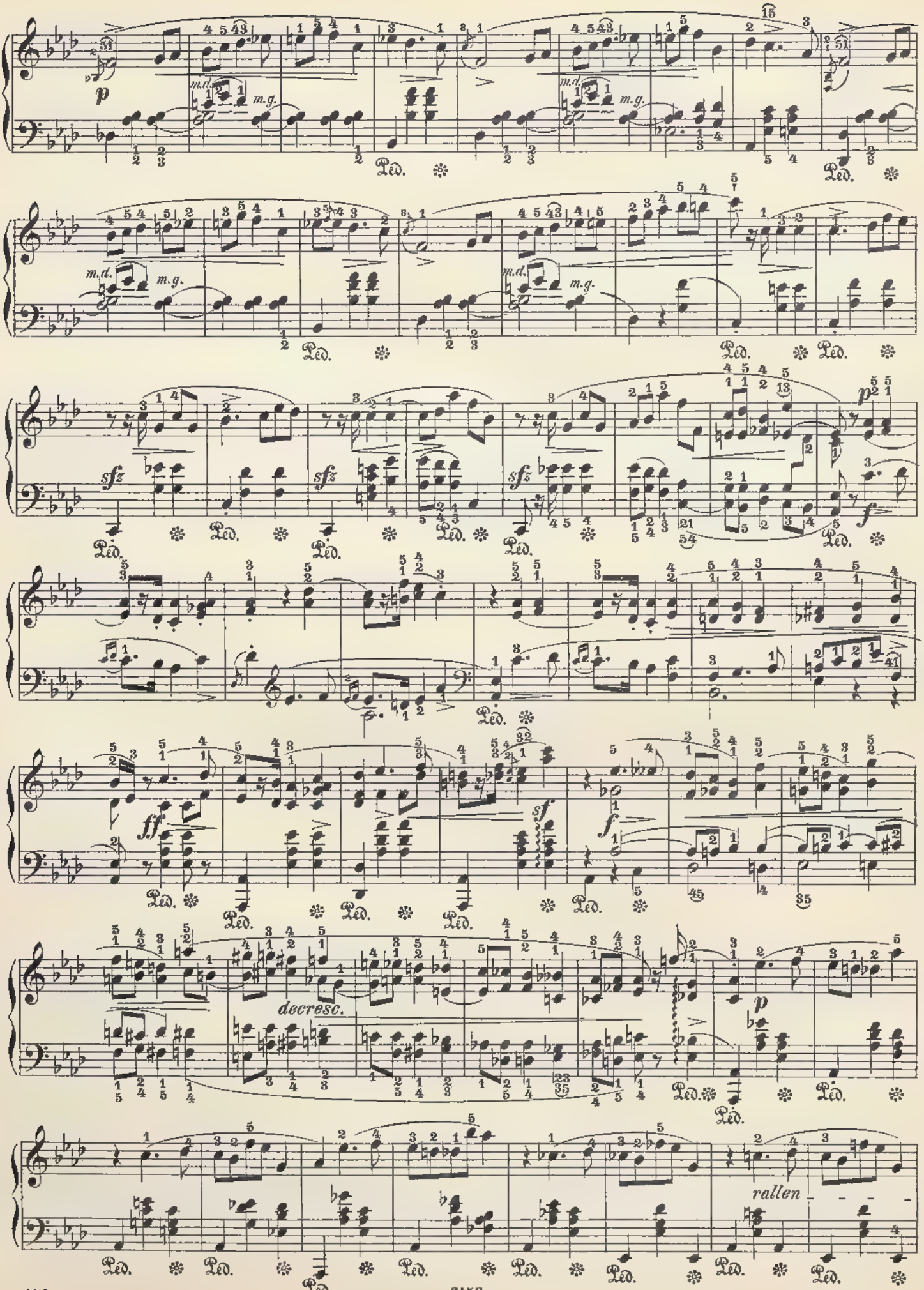



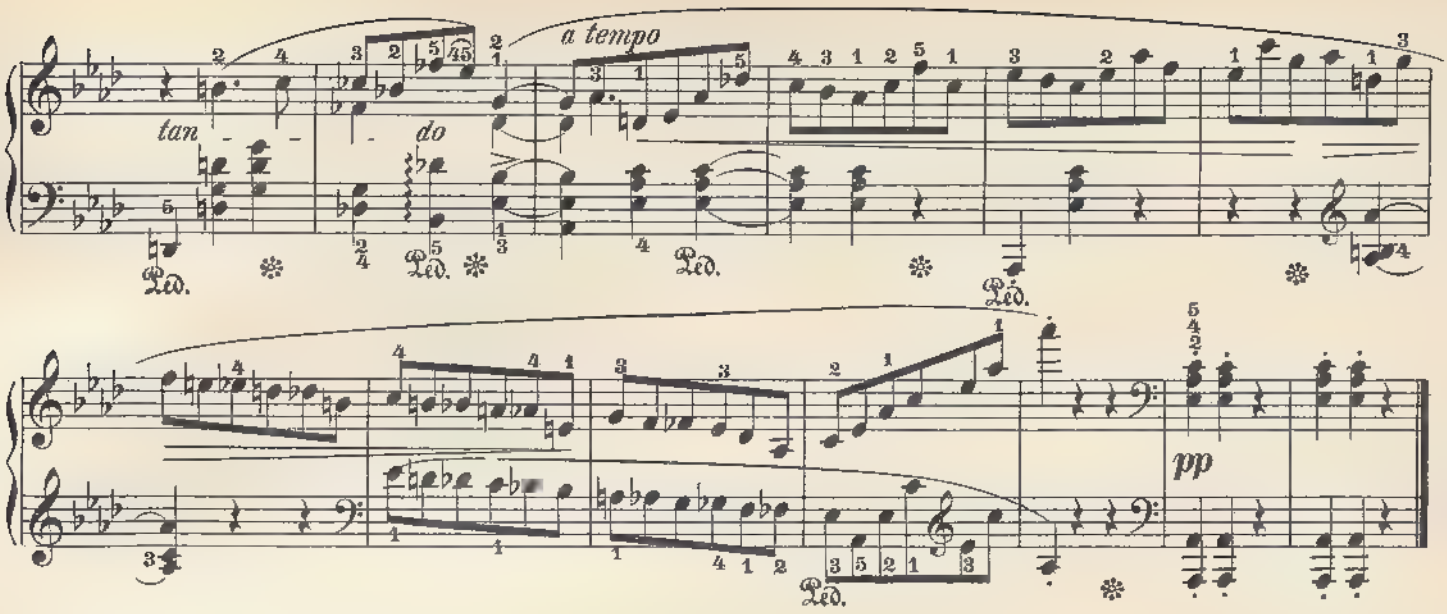


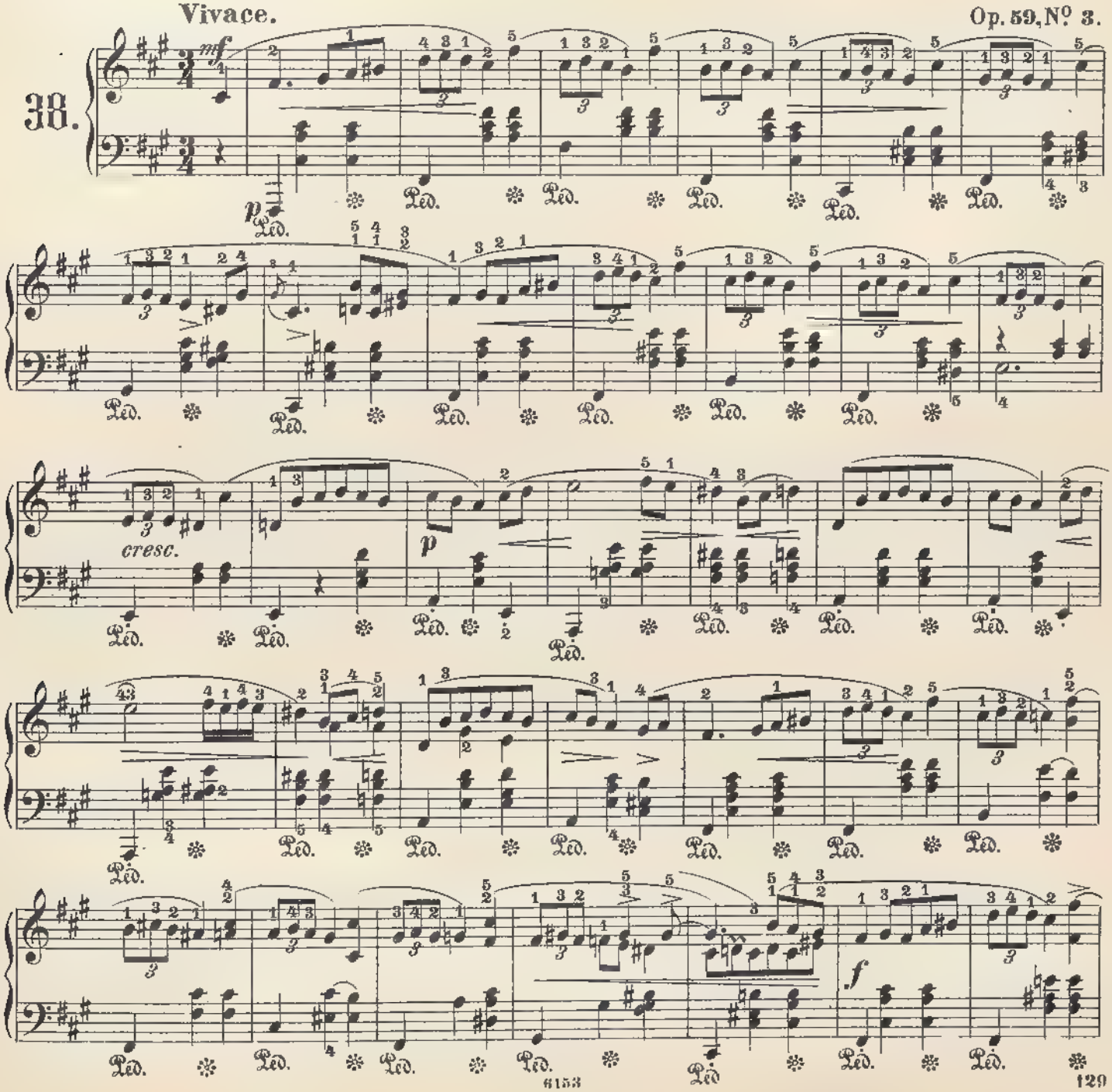

p
m.d.
m.g.
Ped.
sfz
f
p
ff
sf
decresc.
rallen

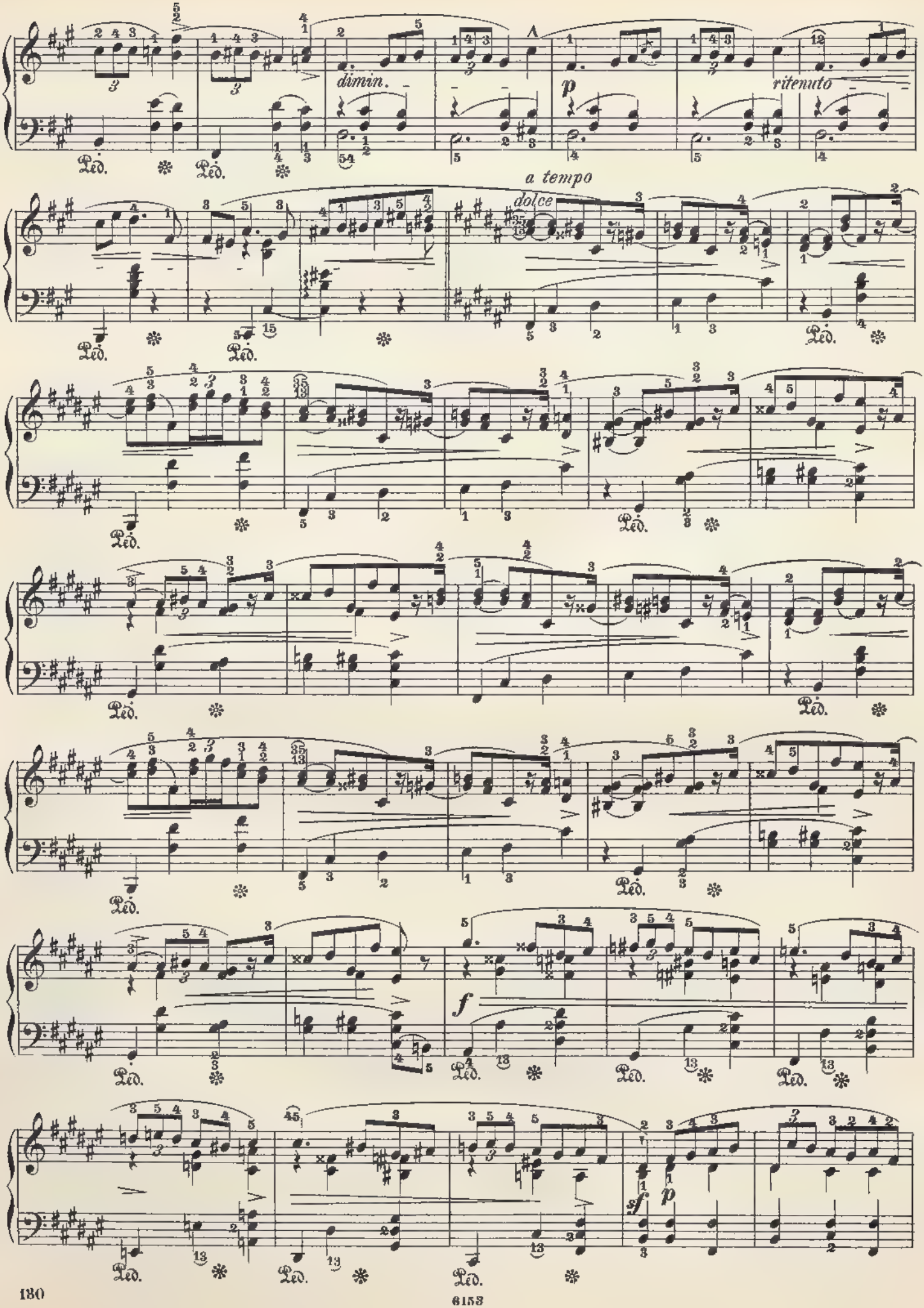


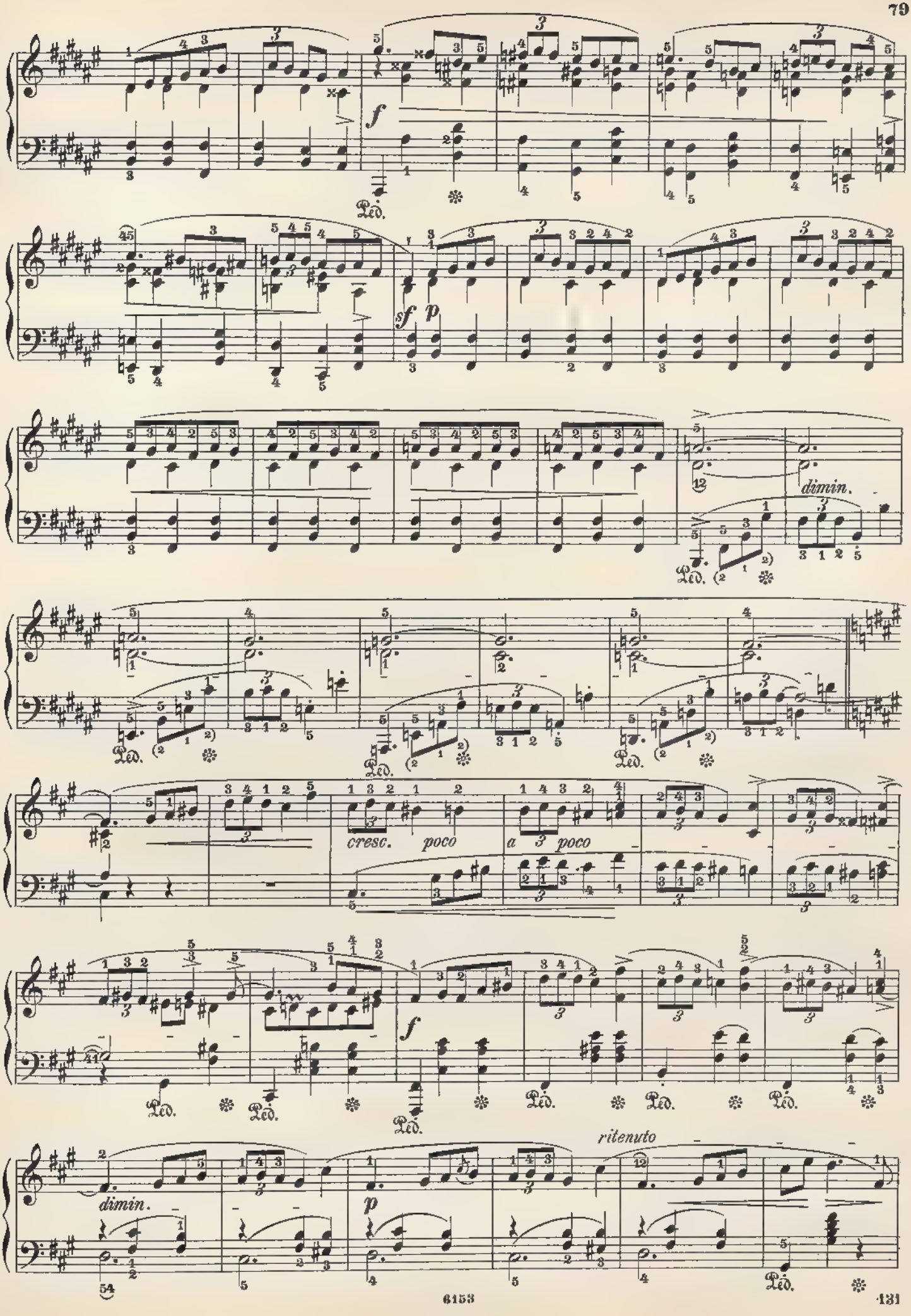

Vivace.

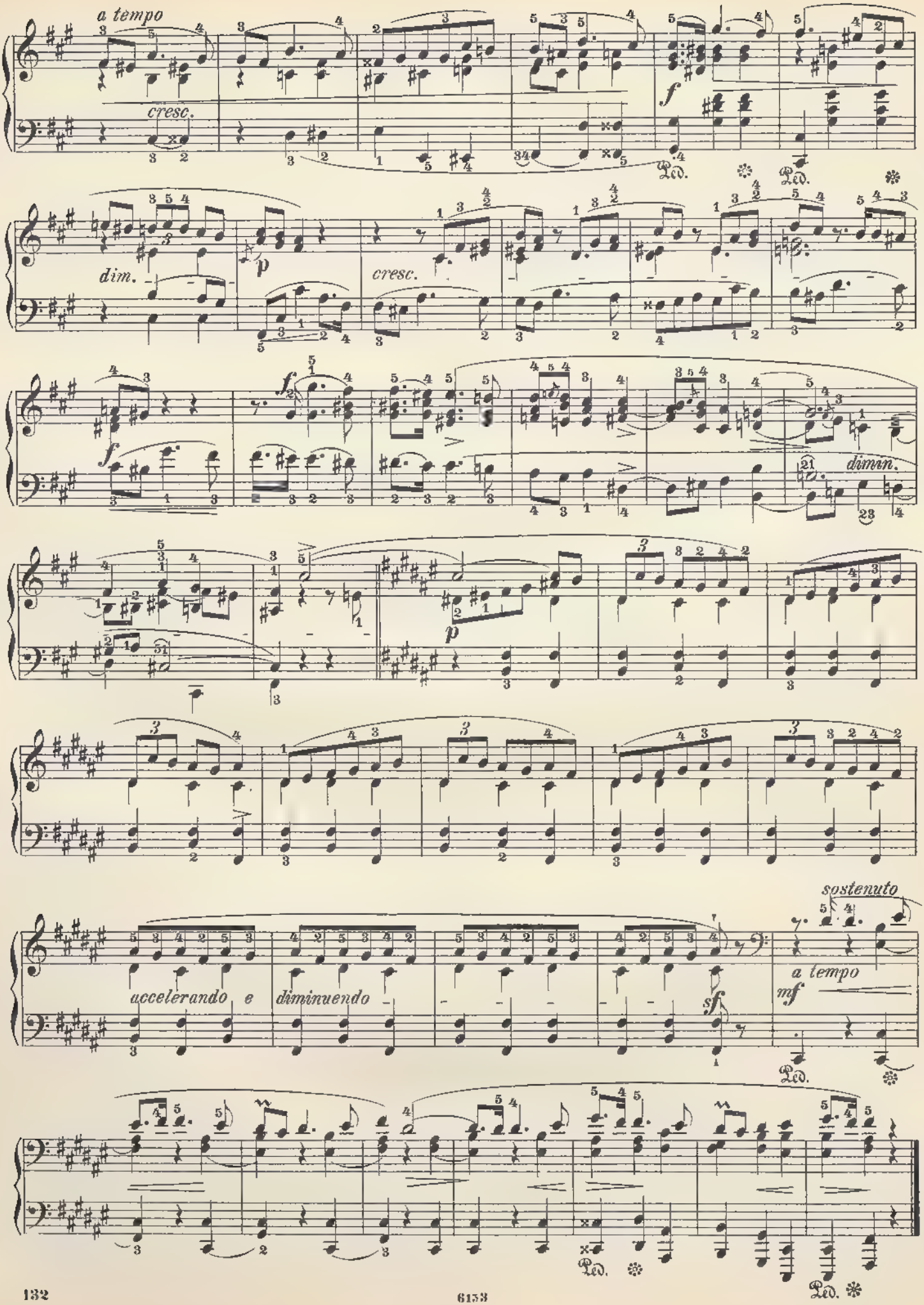
Op. 59, No 3.

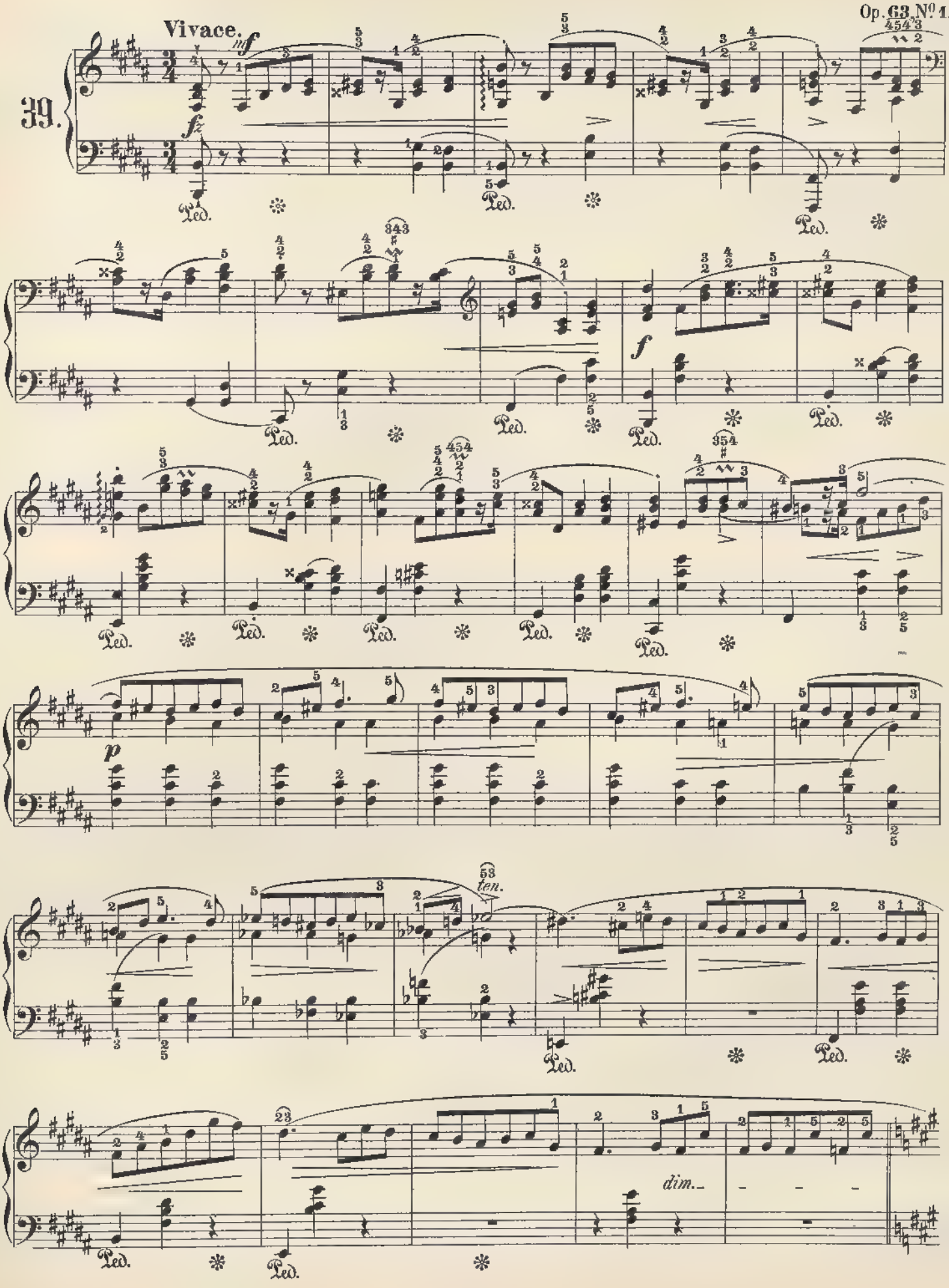
38.

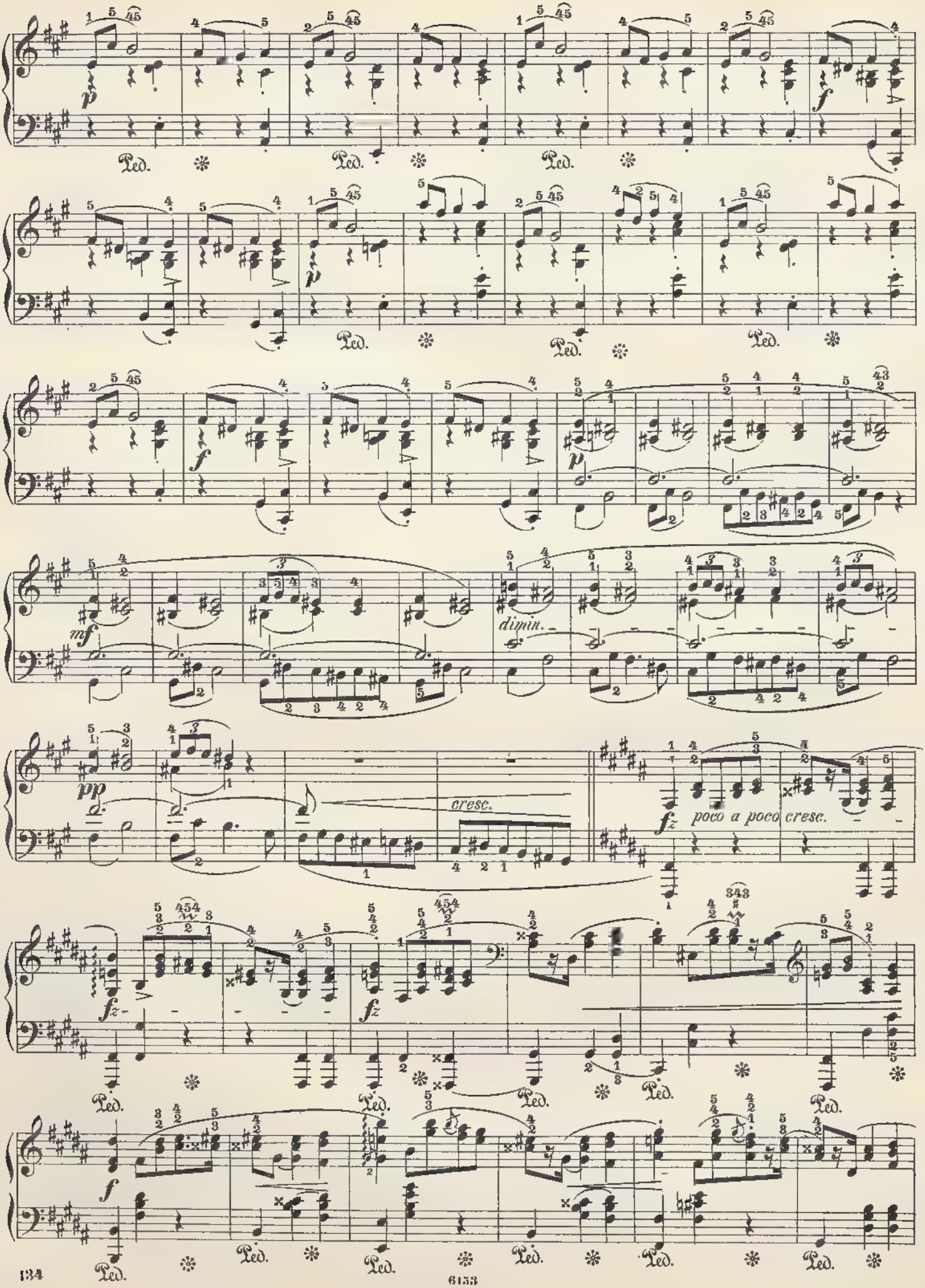


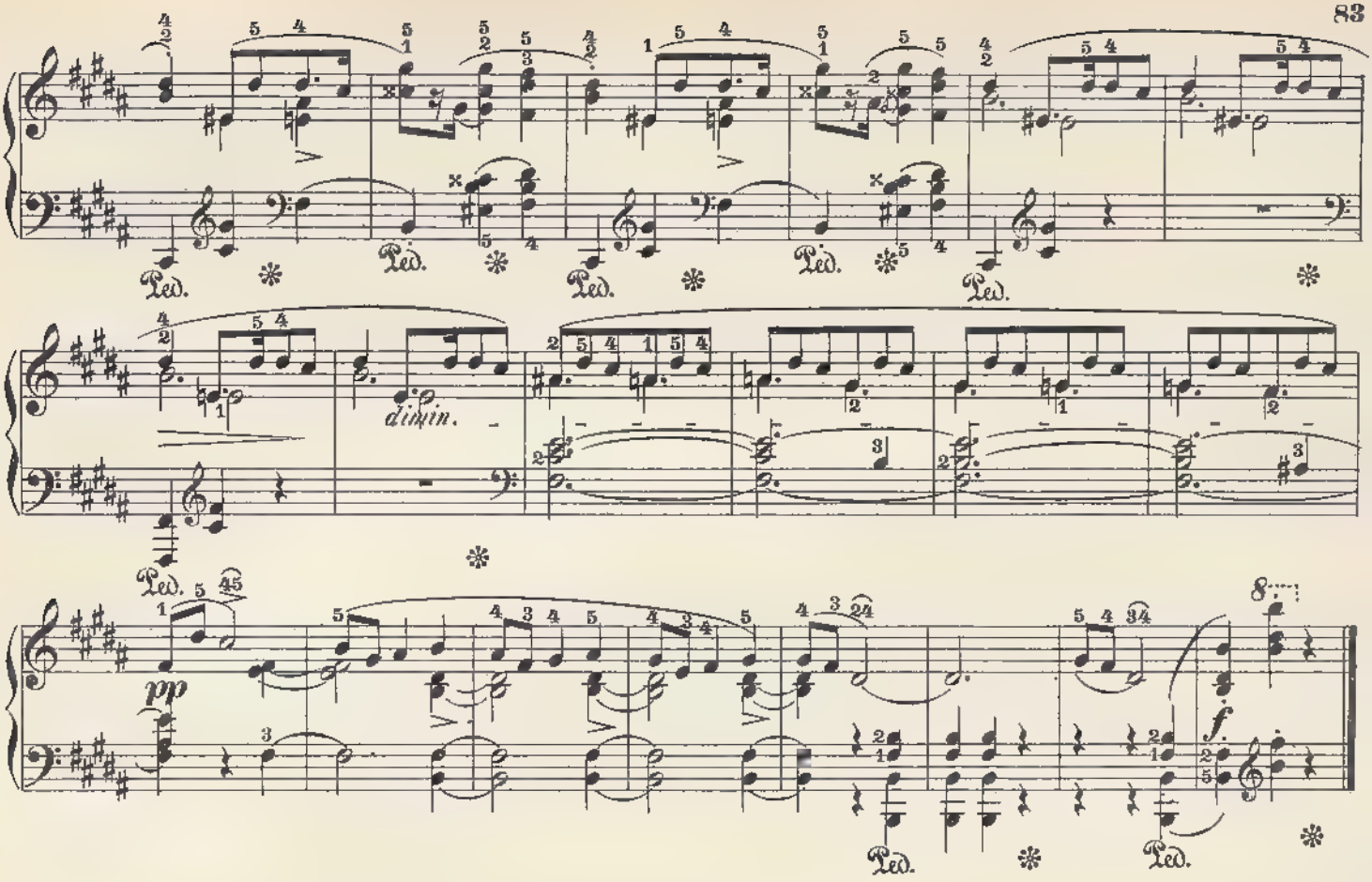

dimin.
p
ritenuto
a tempo
dolce
f
sf
p


f
Ped.
sf p
dimin.
cresc. poco
a 3 poco
f
ritenuto
p
dimin.


a tempo
cresc.
f
Ped.
dim.
p
cresc.
f
dimin.
p
accelerando e
diminuendo
sf
sostenuto
a tempo
mf
Ped.

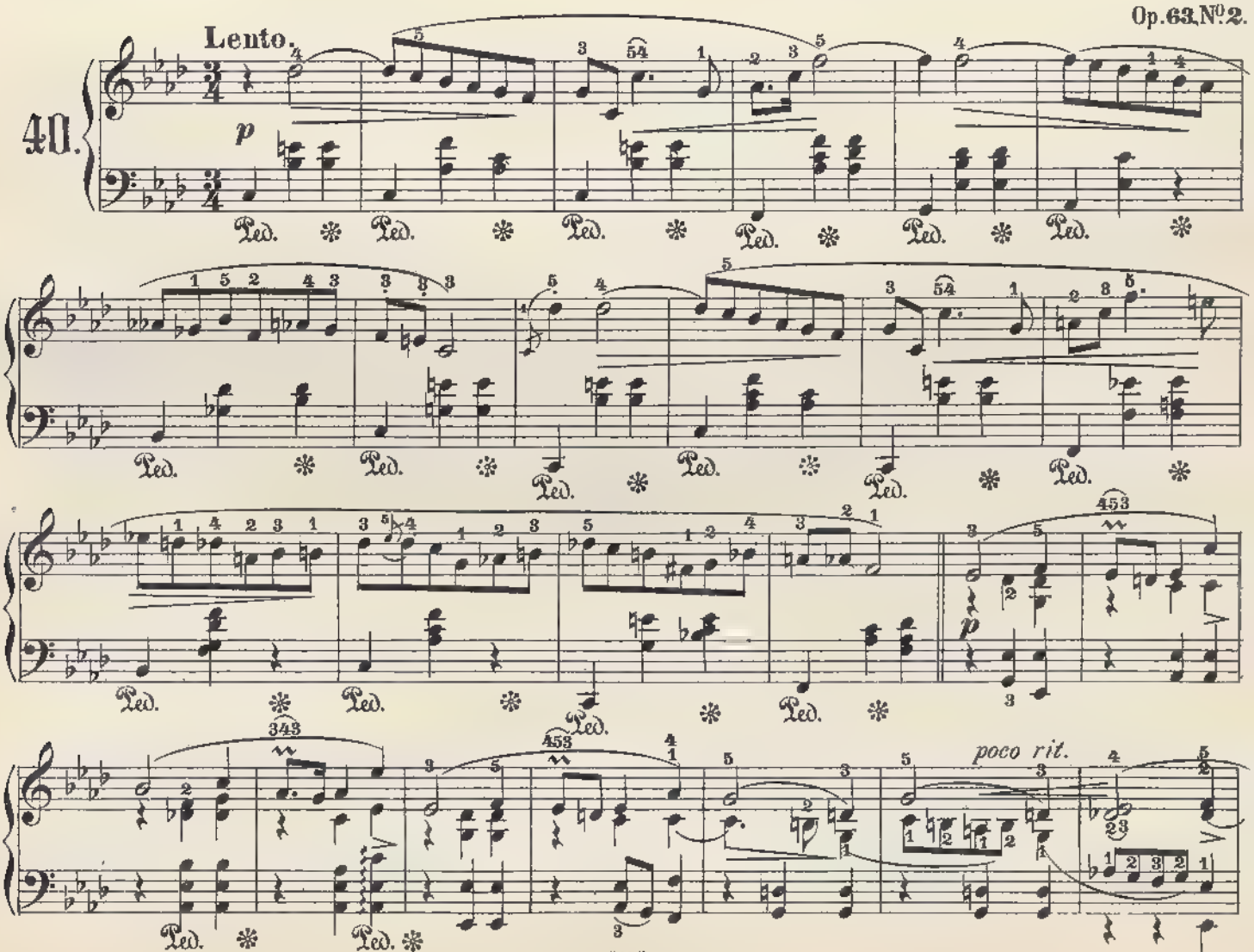

39.
Vivace.
mf
fz
f
p
ten.
dim.


p
Ped.
f
mf
dimin.
pp
cresc.
fz
poco a poco cresc.




Op. 63. No 2.

40.



*a tempo*

*cresc.*

*f*

Op. 63, No. 3.

**Allegretto.**

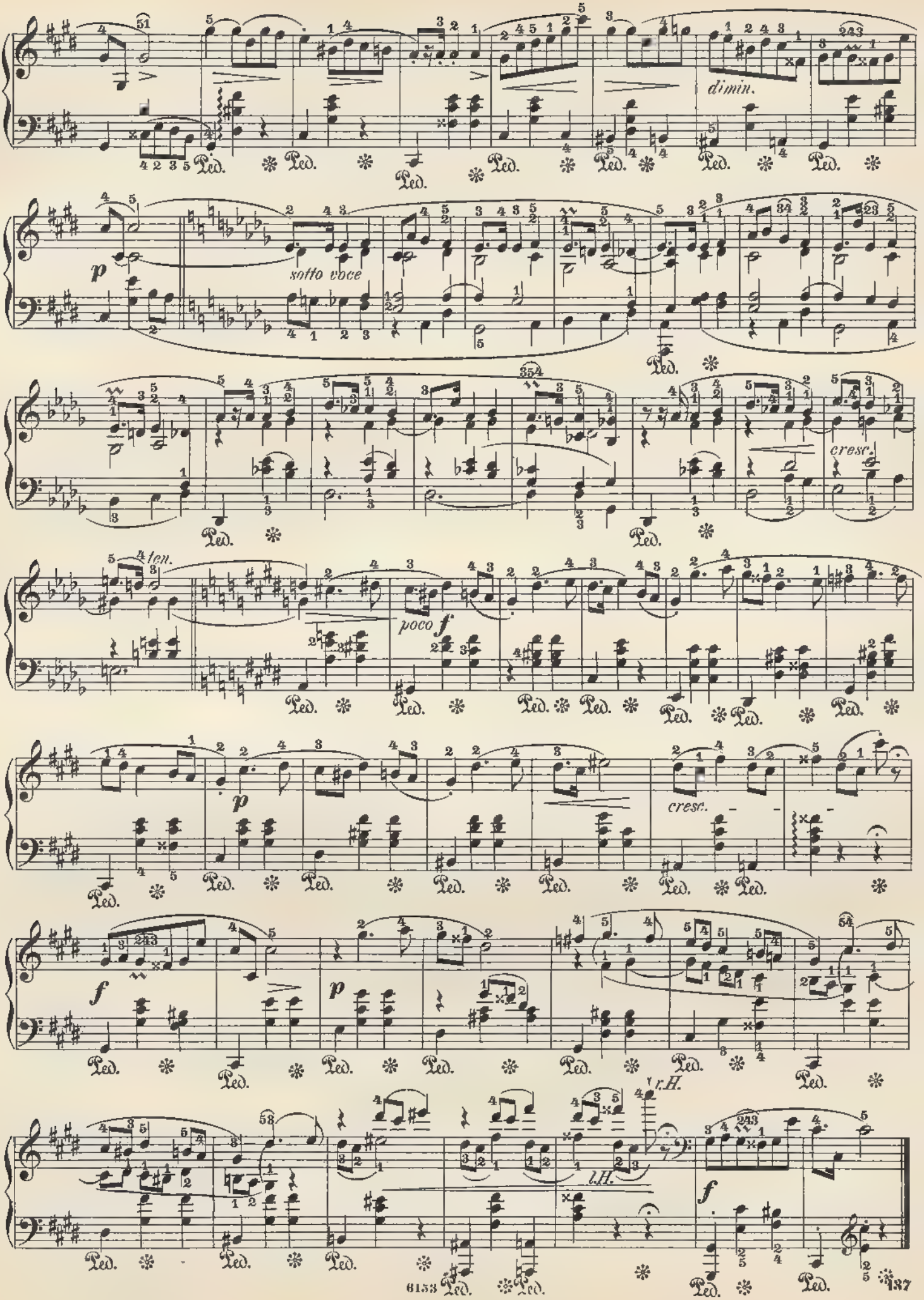
41.

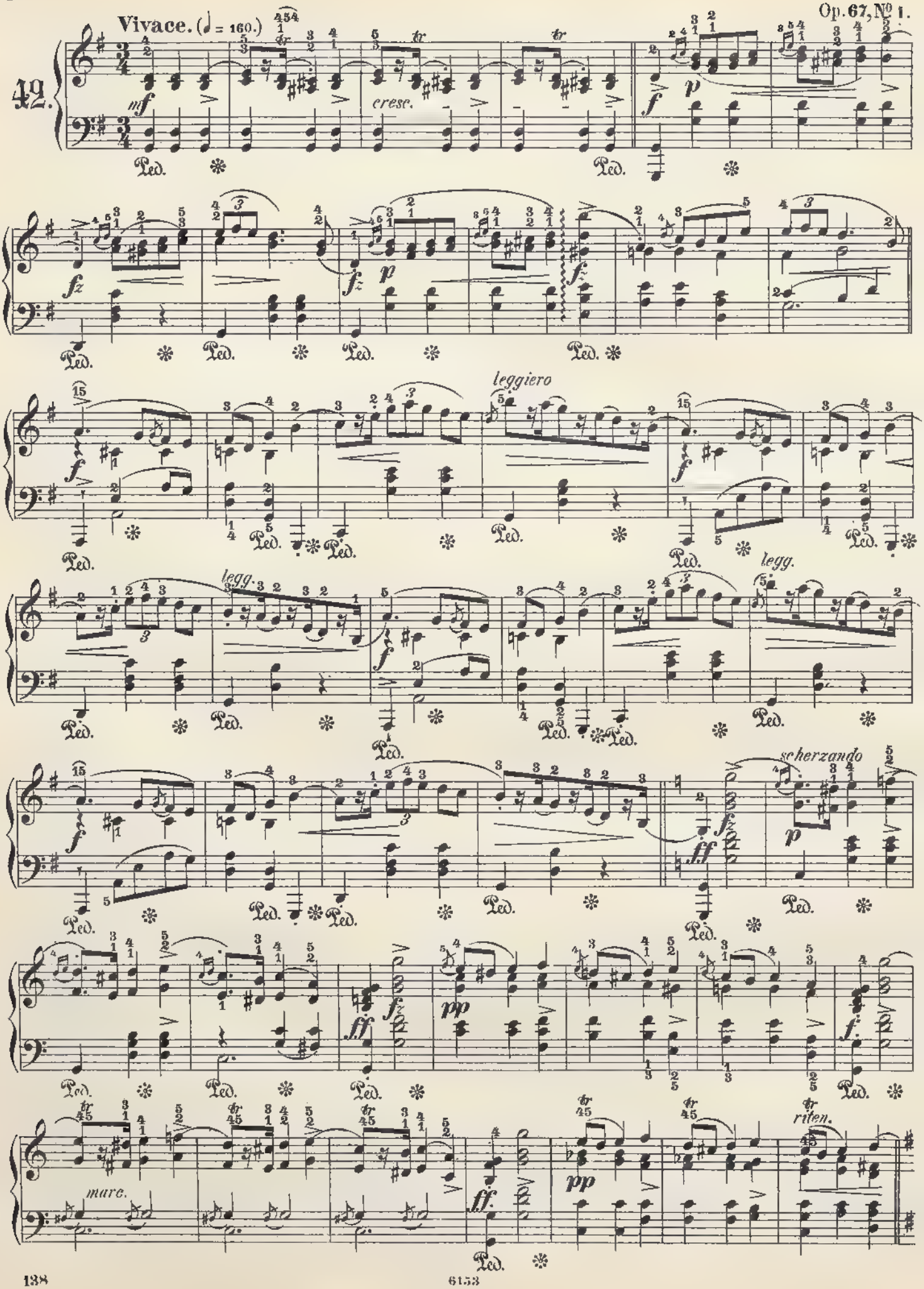
*p*

*mf*

*cresc.*

*f*


dimin.
p
sotto voce
cresc.
ten.
poco f
p
cresc.
f
p
r.H.
l.H.
f


Vivace. (♩ = 160.)
42.
mf
cresc.
f
p
fz
leggiero
legg.
scherzando
ff
pp
marc.
riten.

*a tempo*

*leggiero*

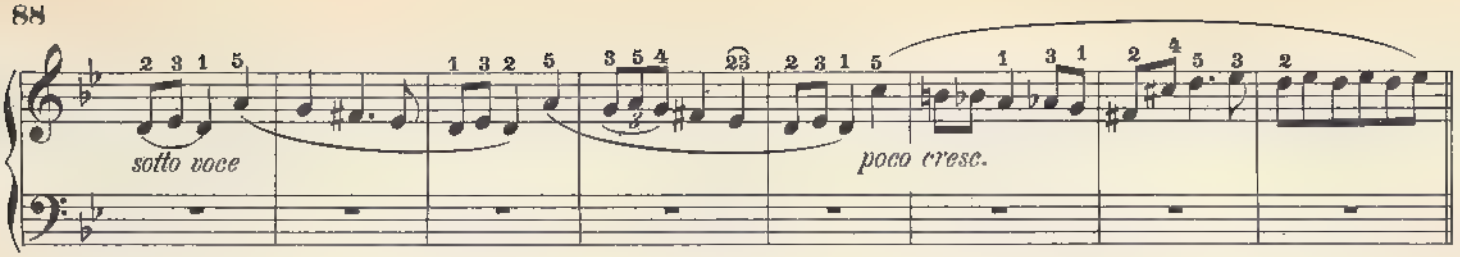
*cresc.*

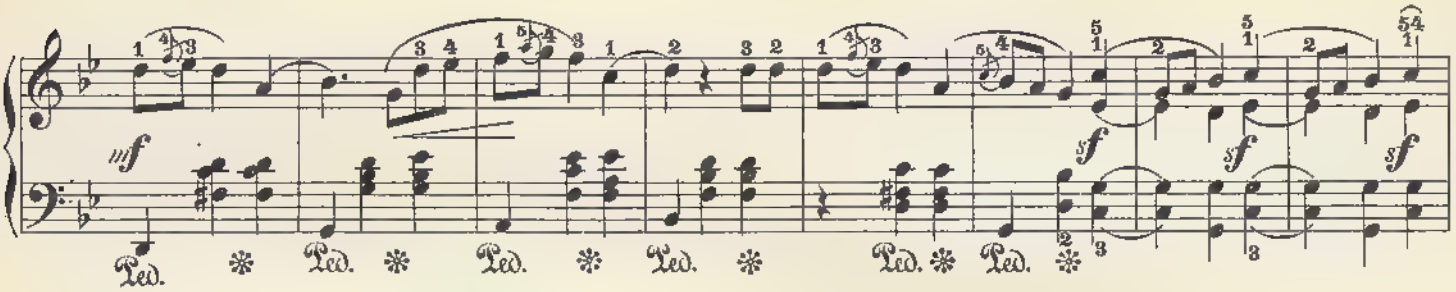
Op. 67, N° 2.

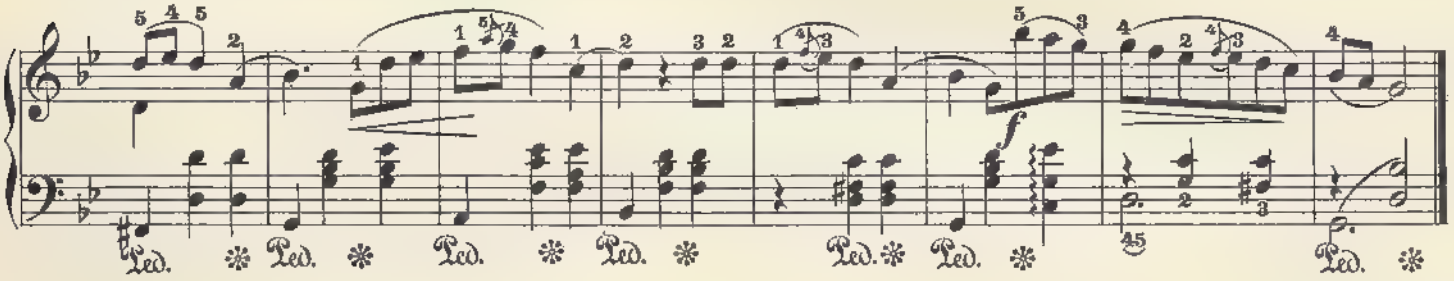
**Cantabile.** (♩ = 144.)

**43.**

*e legg.*

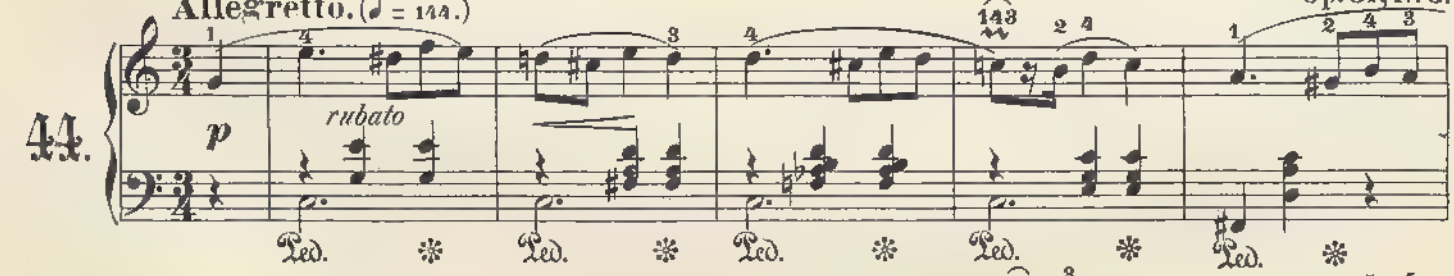


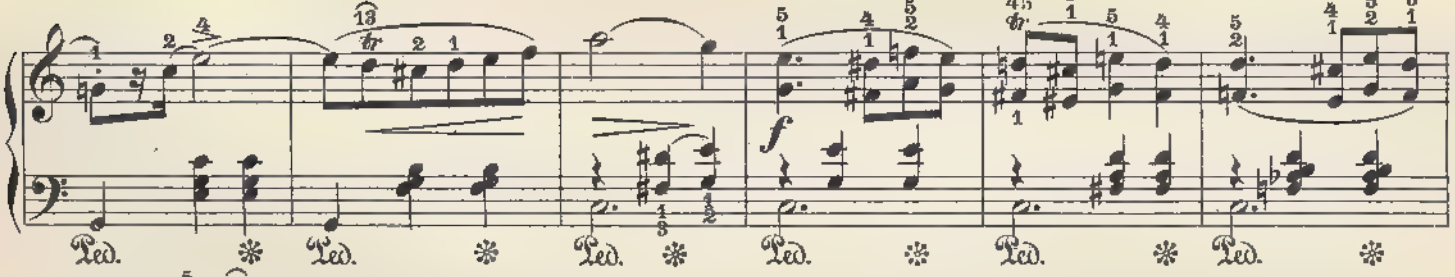



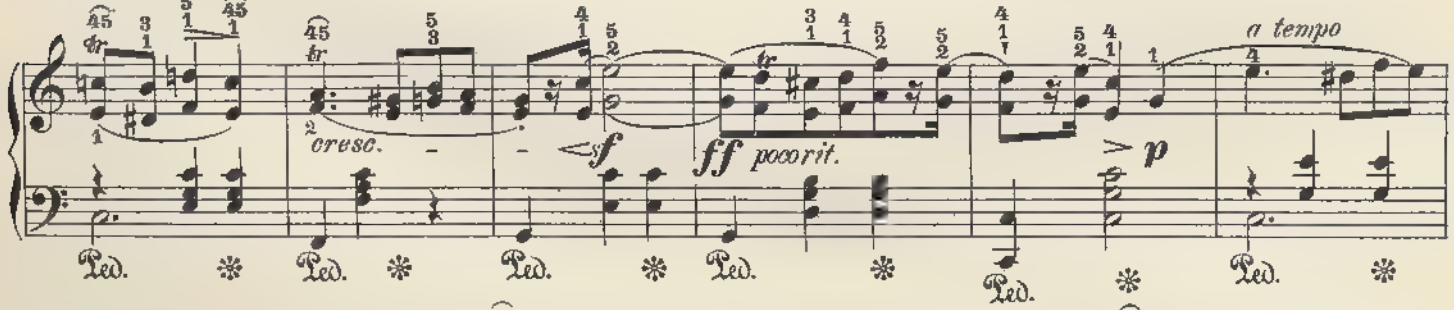



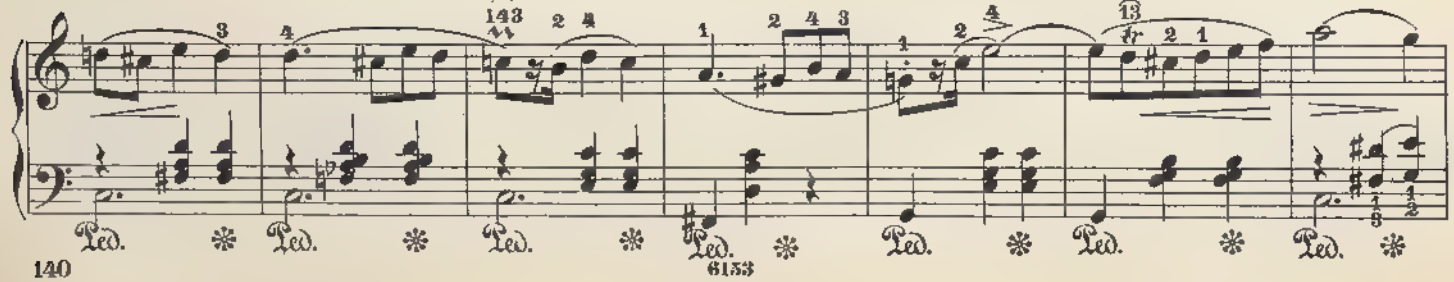

Op. 67, No. 3.

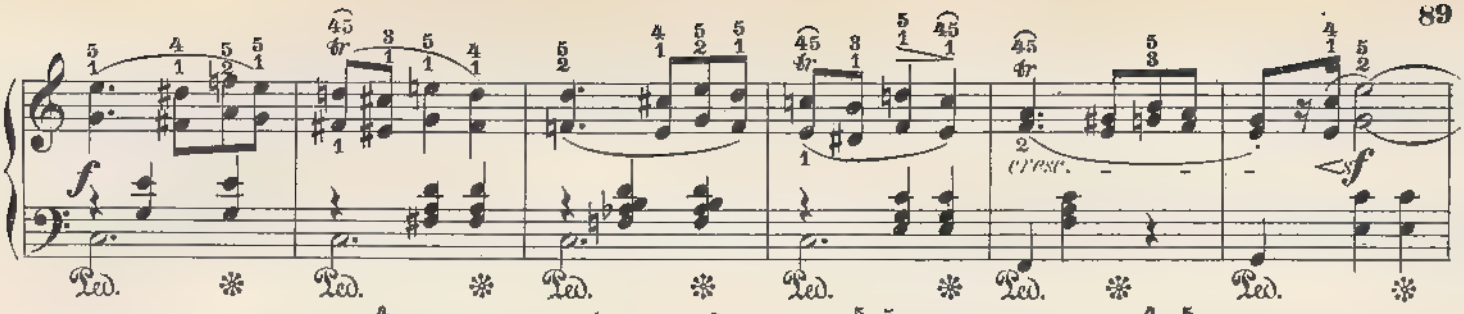
44. **Allegretto.** (♩ = 144.)

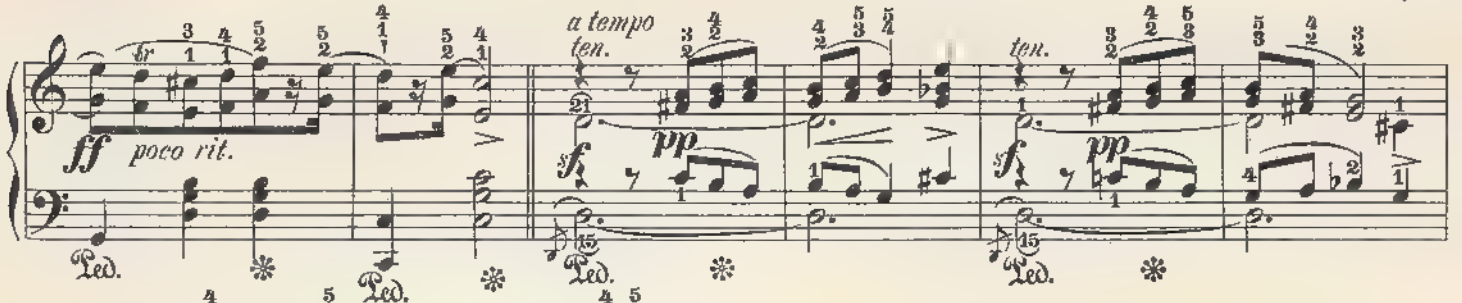


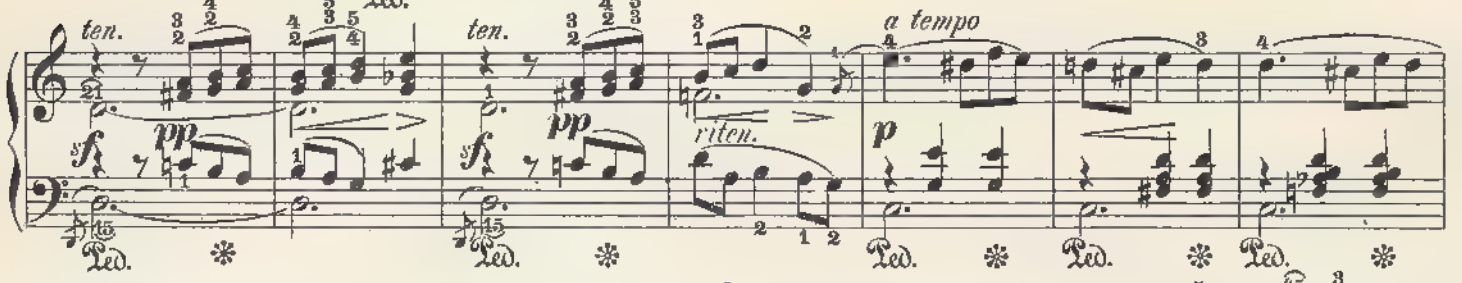



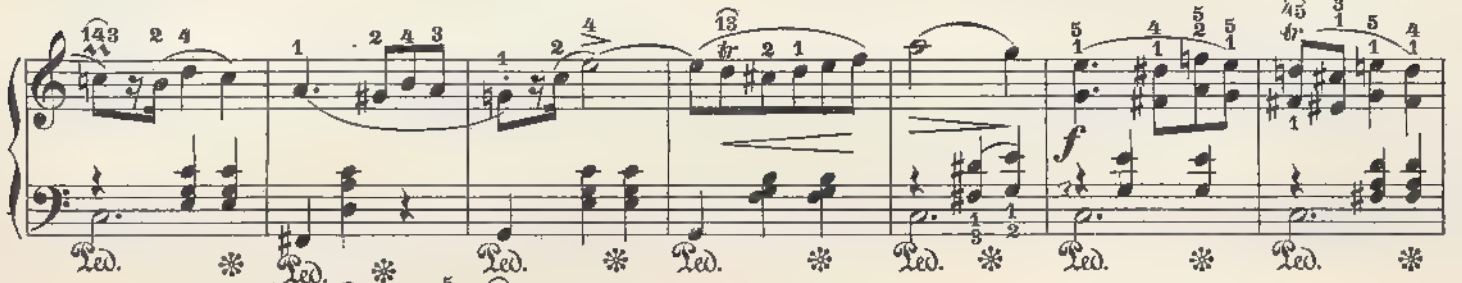



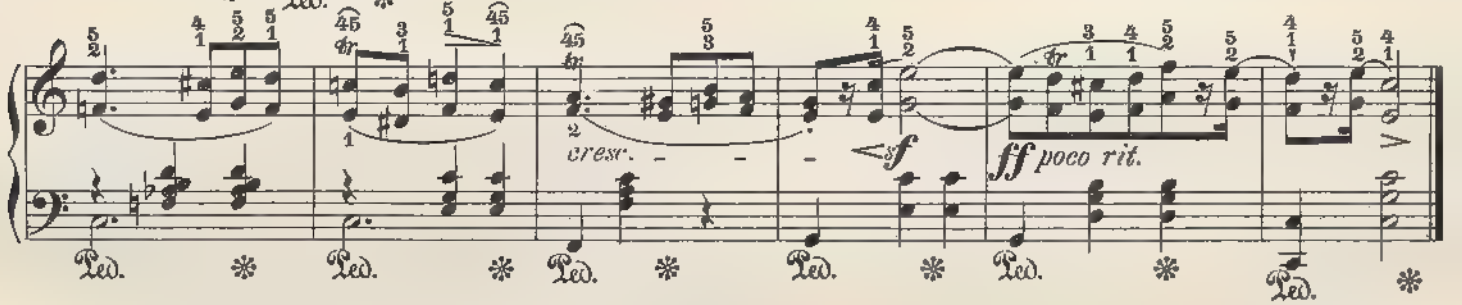





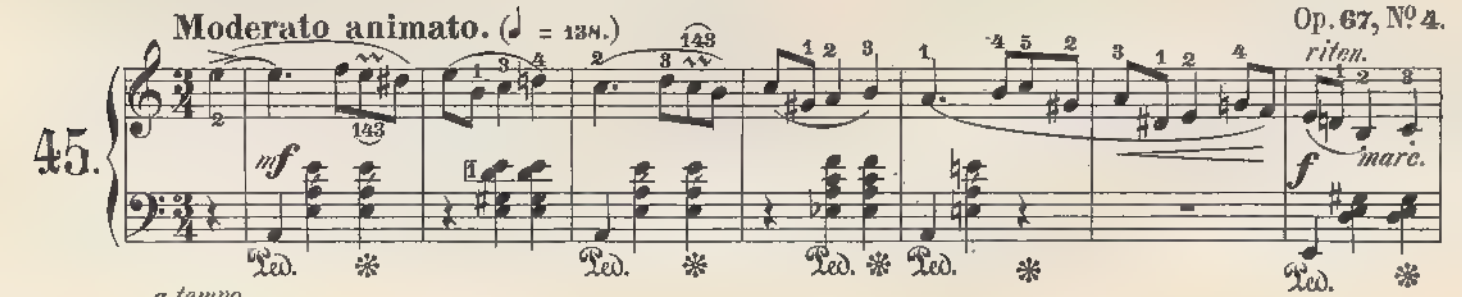



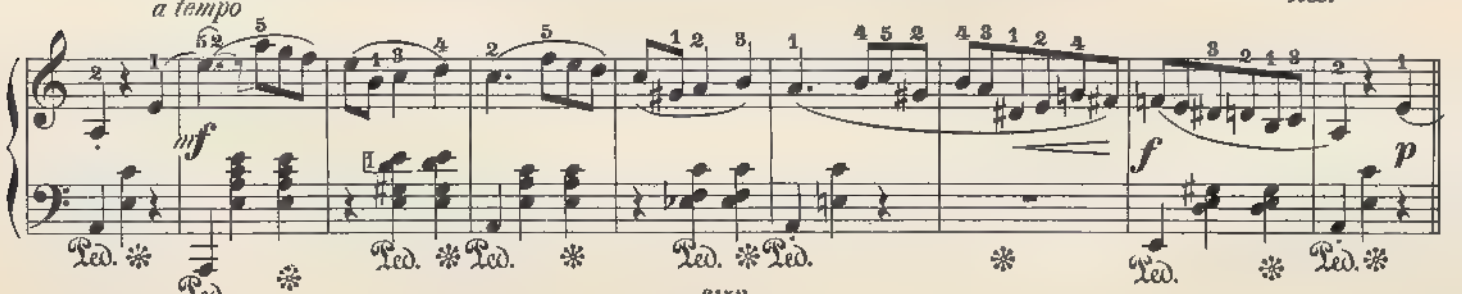



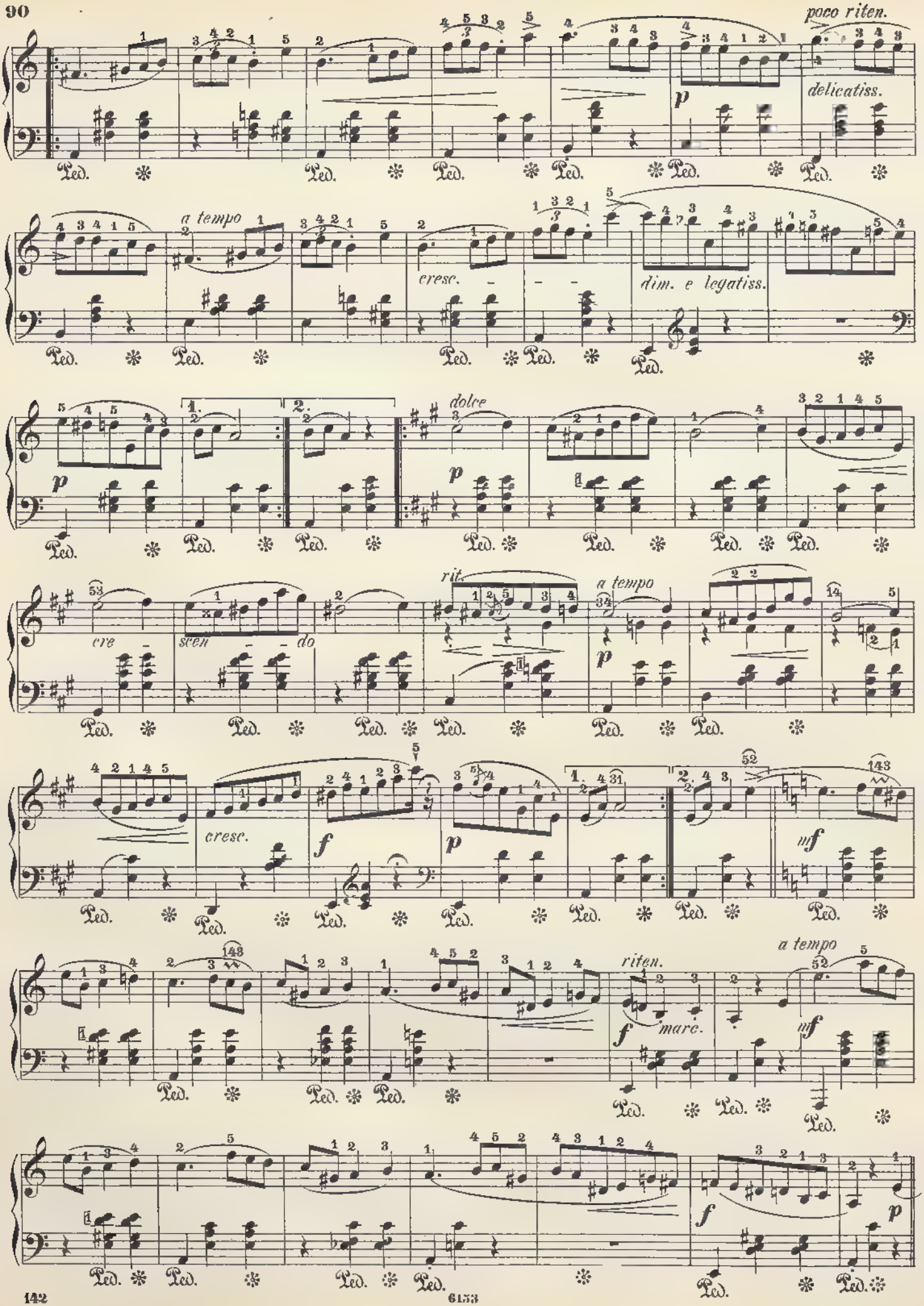

**Moderato animato.** (♩ = 138.)

Op. 67, № 4.

45.




poco riten.
delicatiss.
a tempo
cresc.
dim. e legatiss.
dolce
rit.
a tempo
cre
scen
do
cresc.
riten.
mare.
a tempo

poco riten.

delicatiss.

a tempo

cresc.

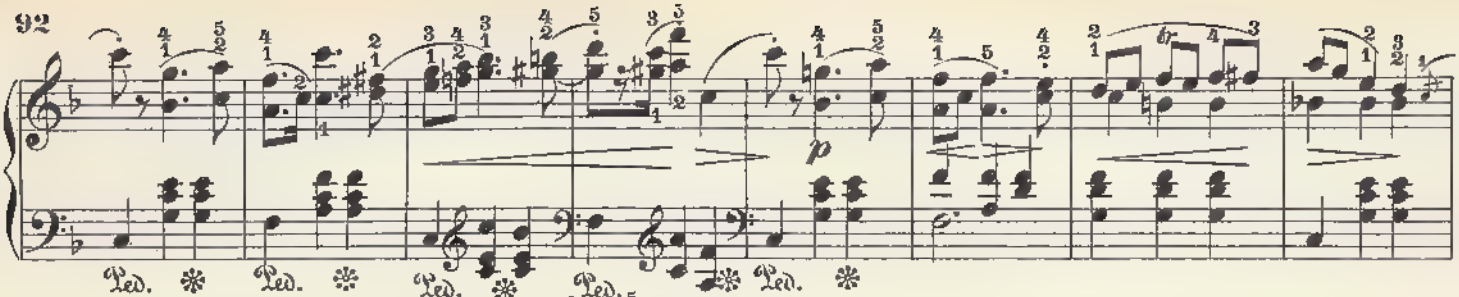
dim. e legatiss.

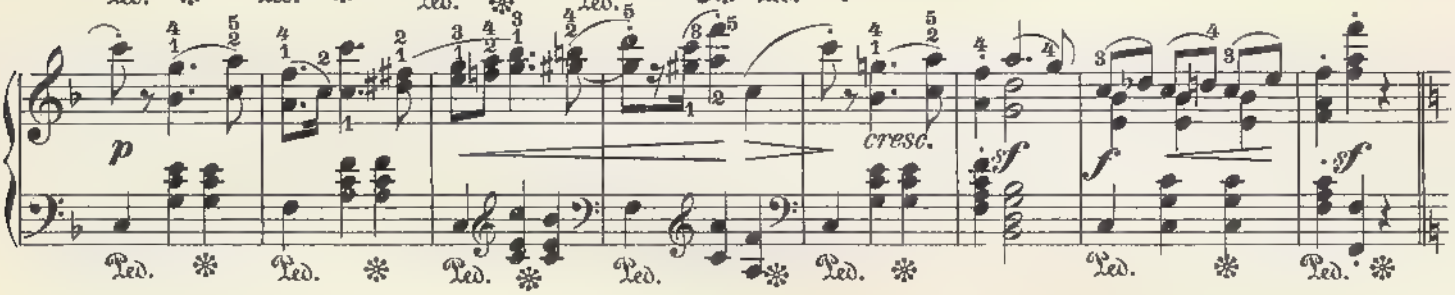
Vivace. (♩ = 168)

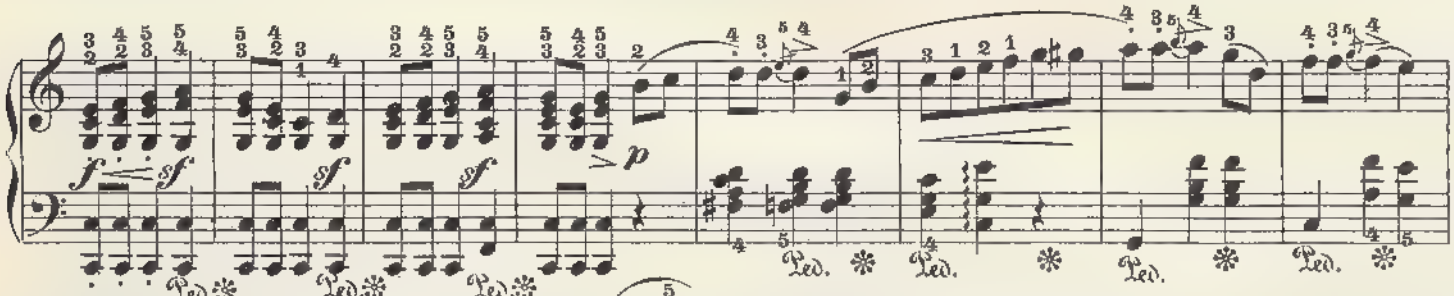
Op. 68, №1.

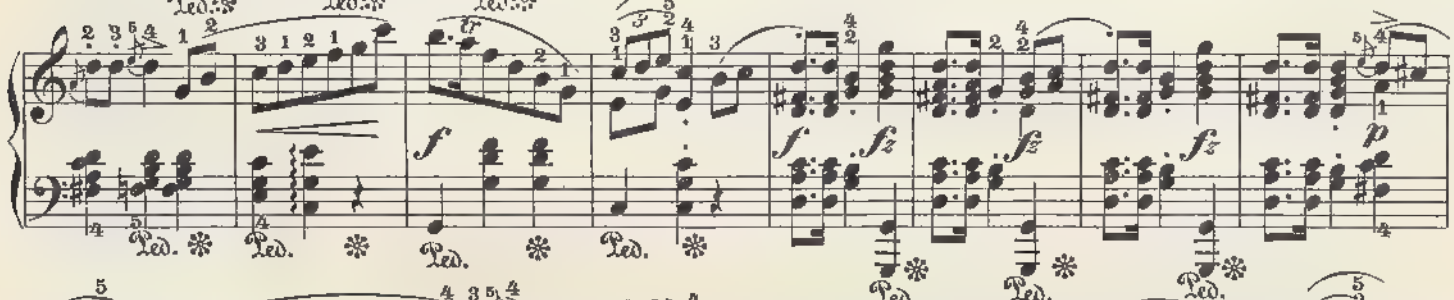
46.

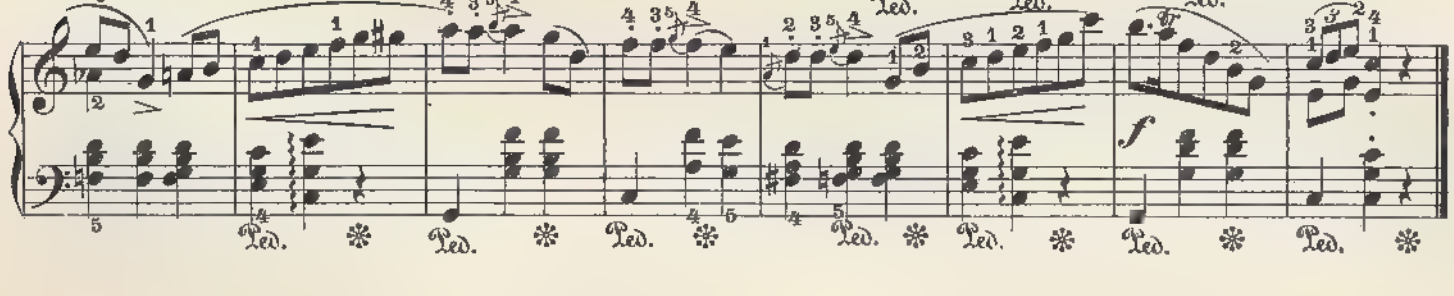
più





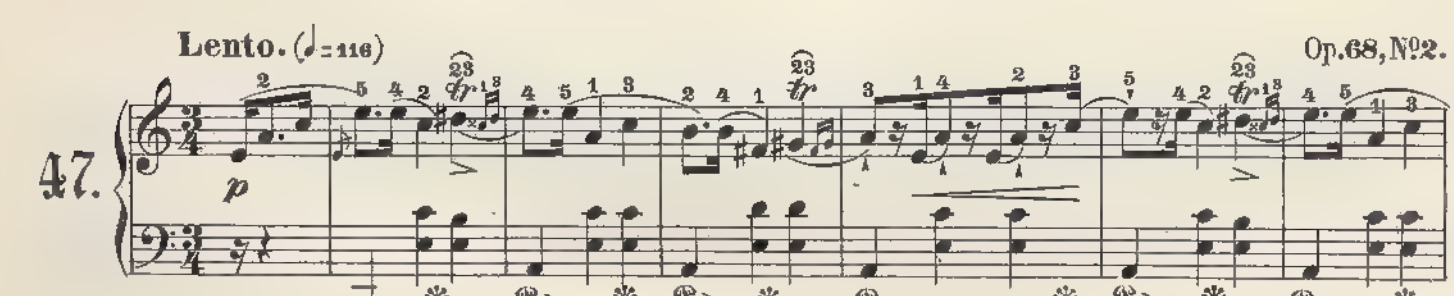


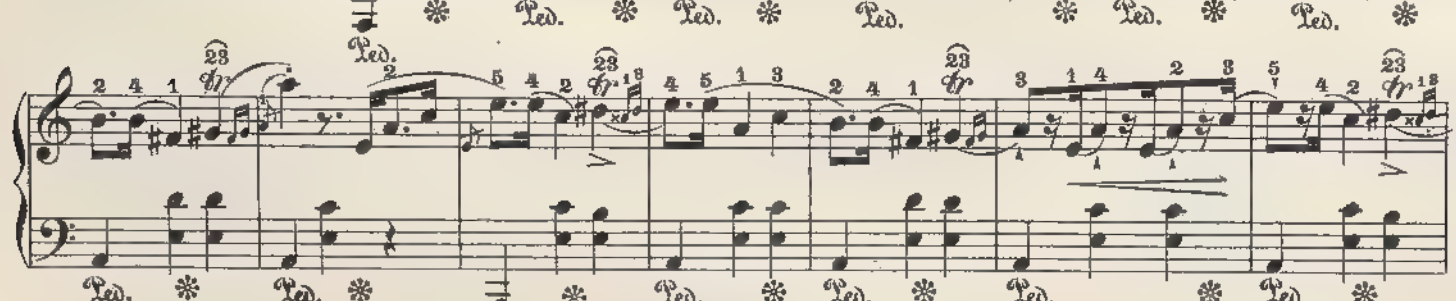


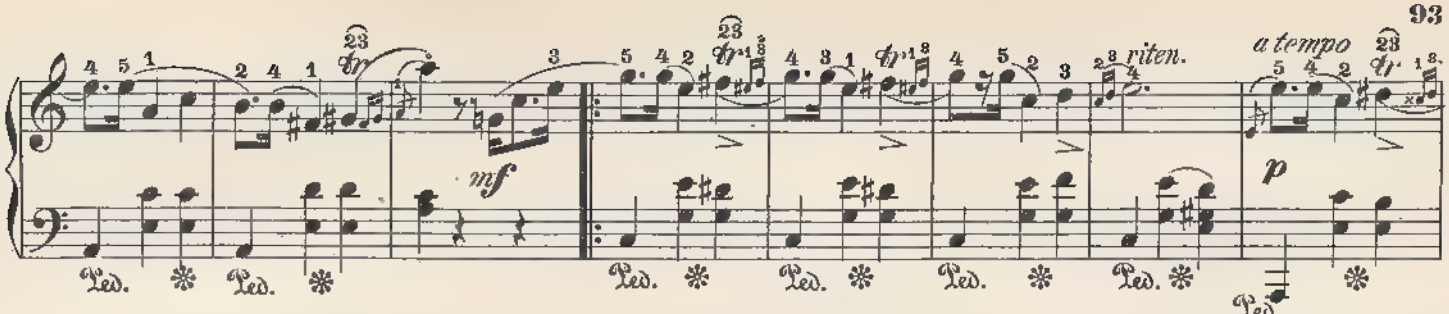
Lento. (♩= 116)

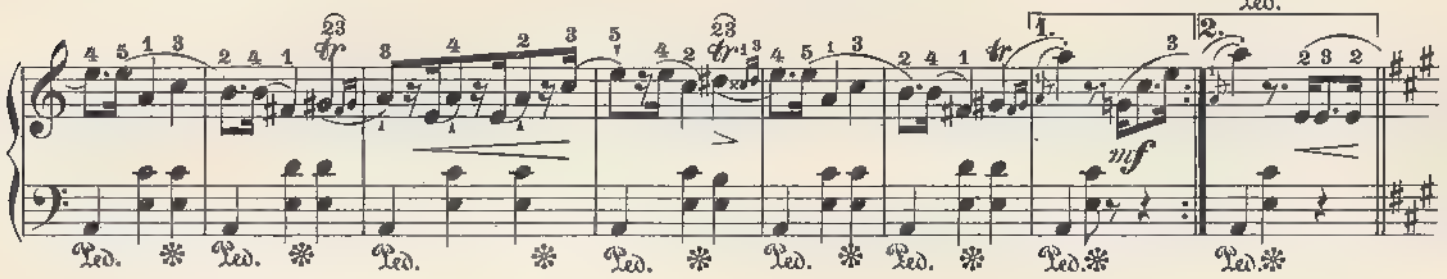
Op. 68, No 2.

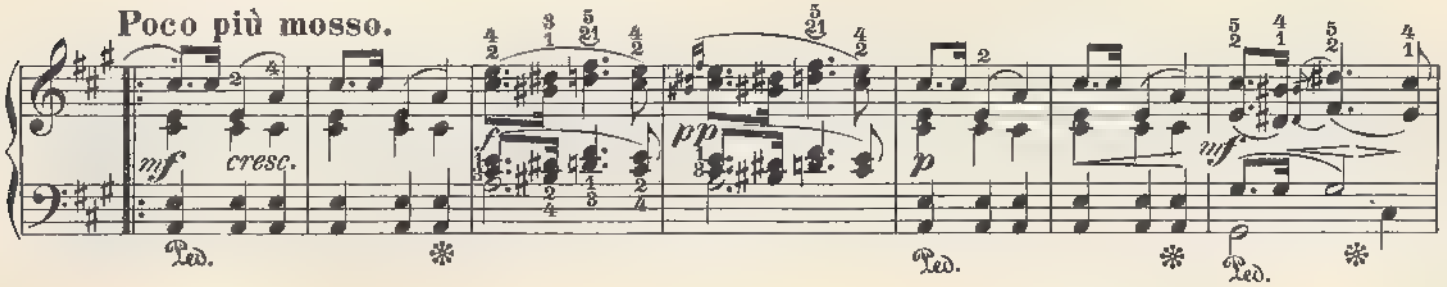
47.

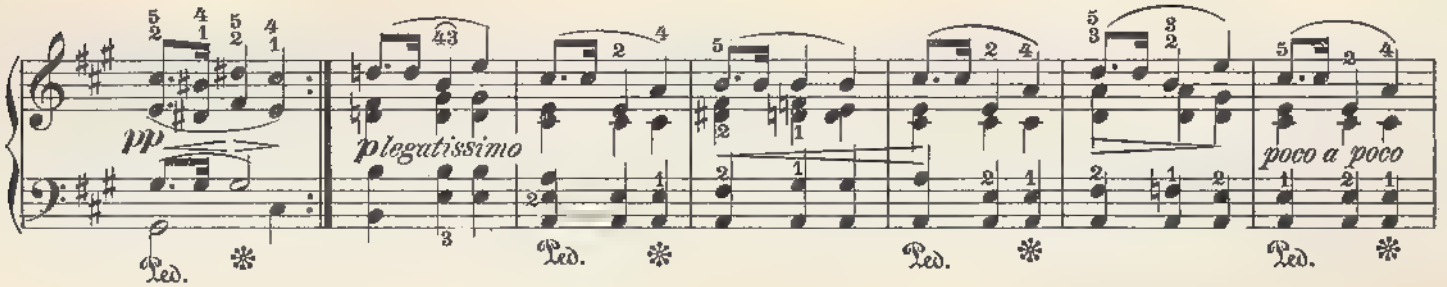


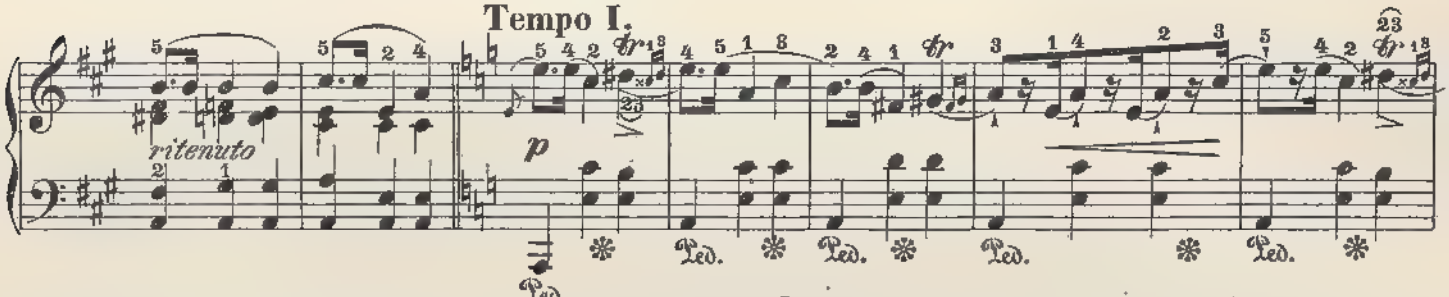


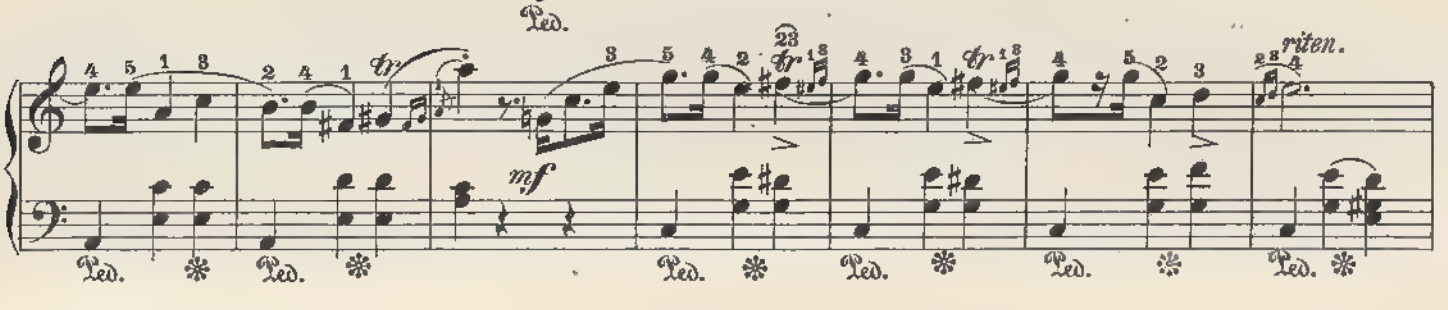

riten.
a tempo
mf
p

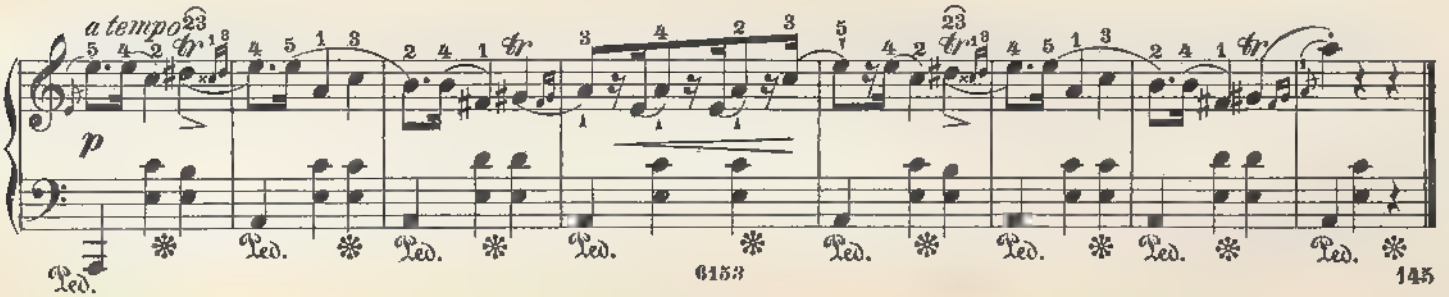

1.
2.
mf


Poco più mosso.
mf
cresc.
pp
p
mf


pp
plegatissimo
poco a poco


Tempo I.
ritenuto
p


riten.
mf


a tempo
p

Allegro, ma non troppo. (♩=132.)

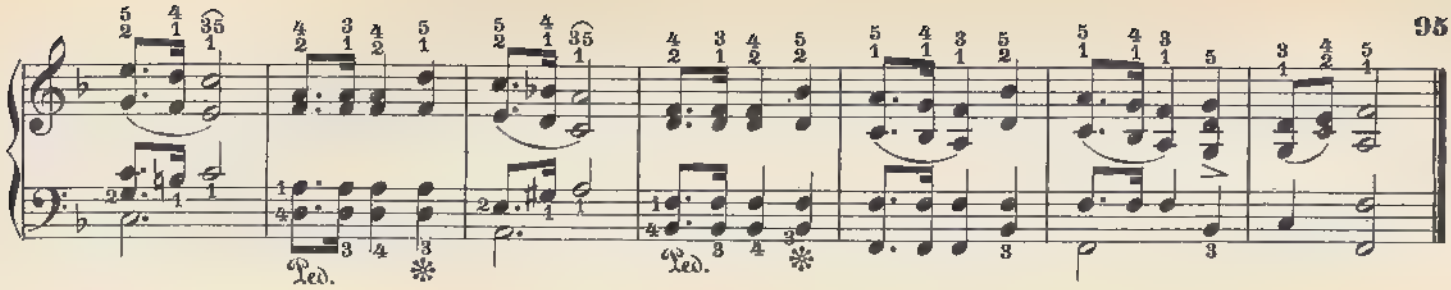
Op. 68, № 3.

48.

Poco più vivo.

Tempo I.

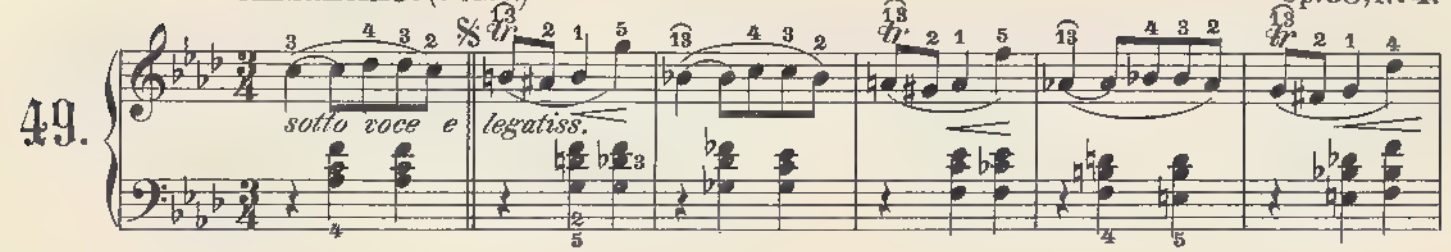
riten.

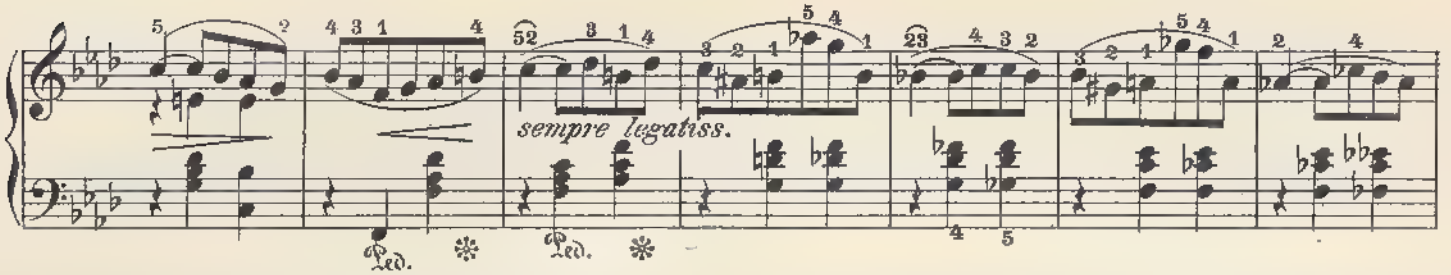


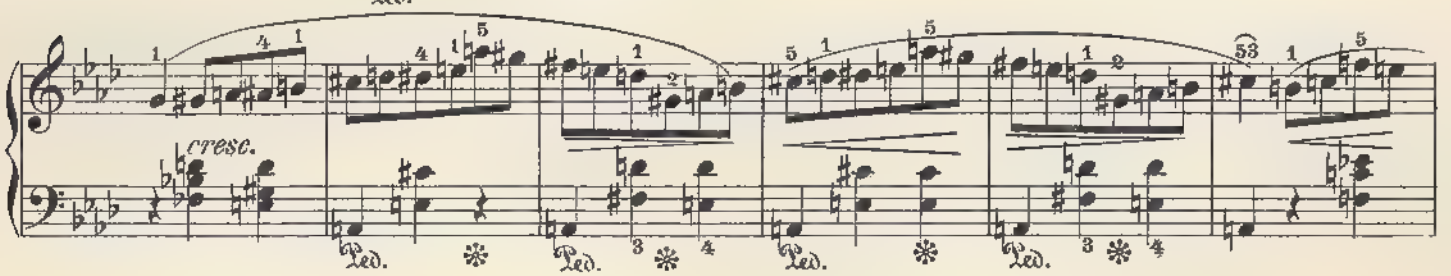
**Andantino.** (♩=126.)

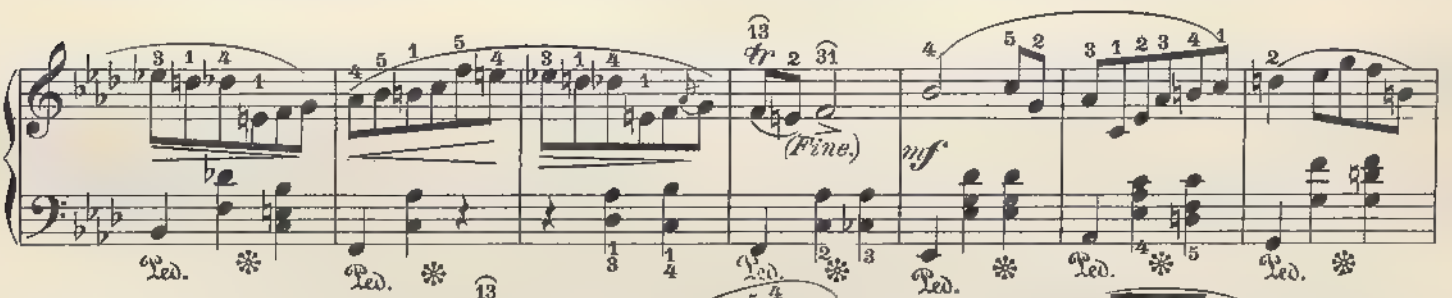
Op. 68, No. 4.

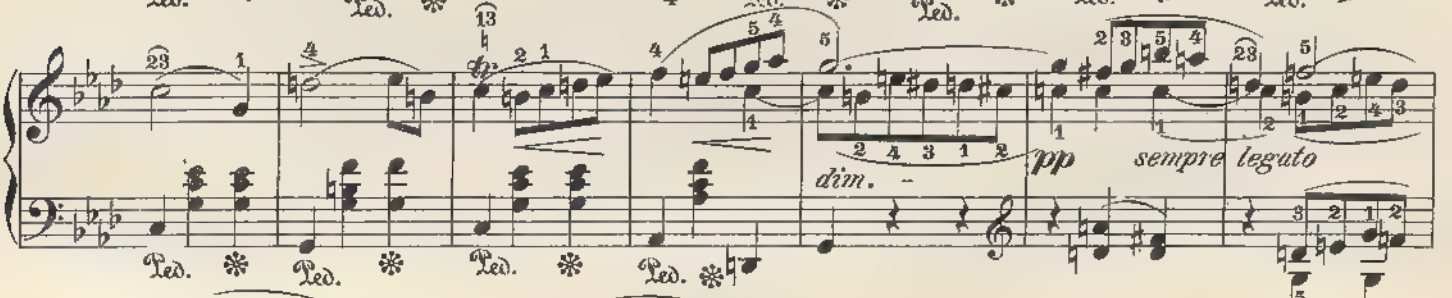
49.

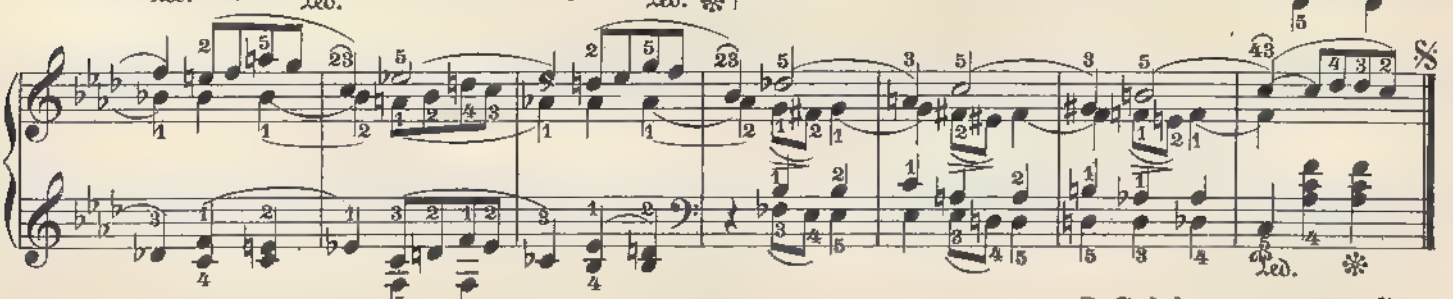


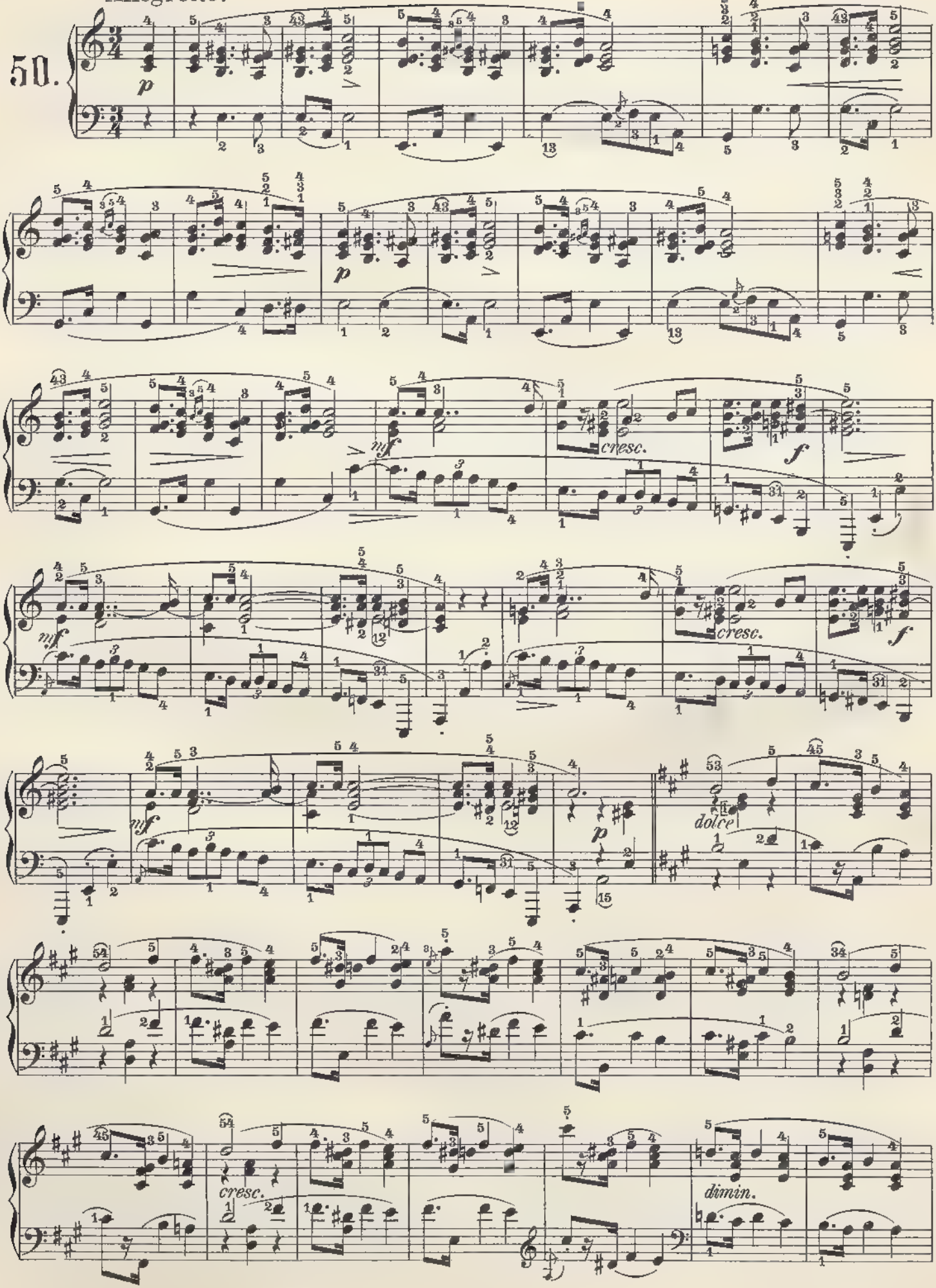



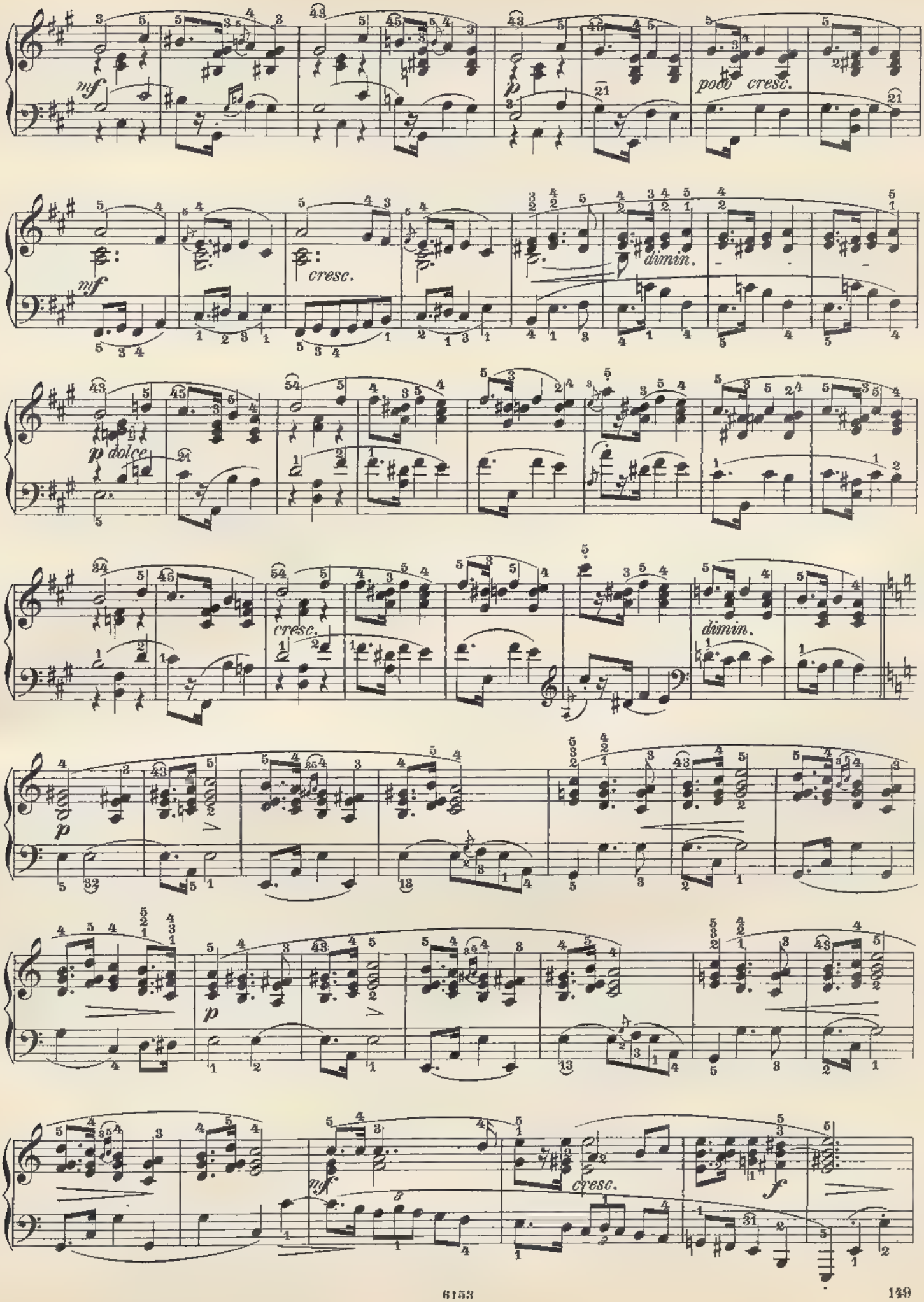
D.C. dal segno senza fine.

## Allegretto.

*Oeuvre posthume.*

50.




mf
poco cresc.
cresc.
dimin.
p dolce
cresc.
dimin.
p
p
mf
cresc.
f

mf cresc.

f mf

Op. posth.
(ded. à Emile Gaillard)

## 51. Allegretto.

p

più f

Ped. ✻

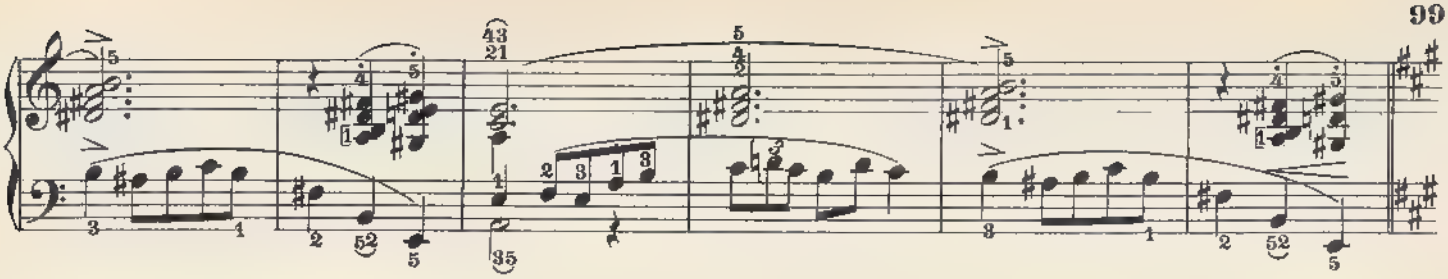
p

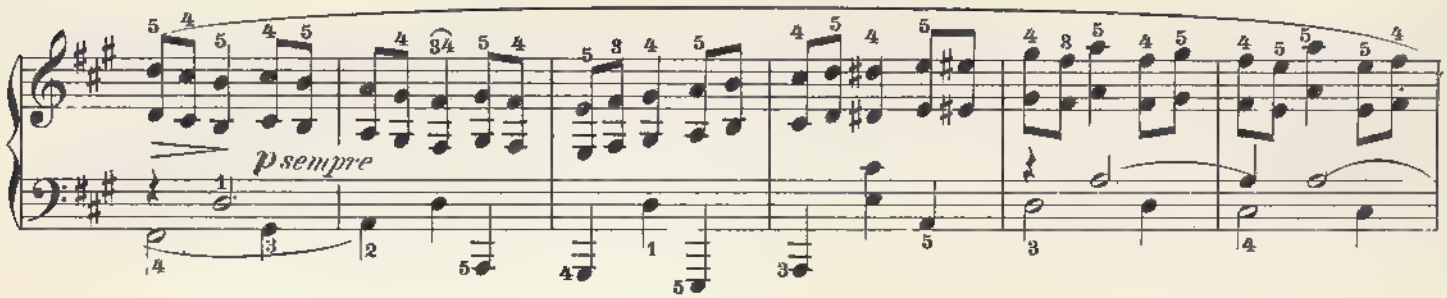
più f

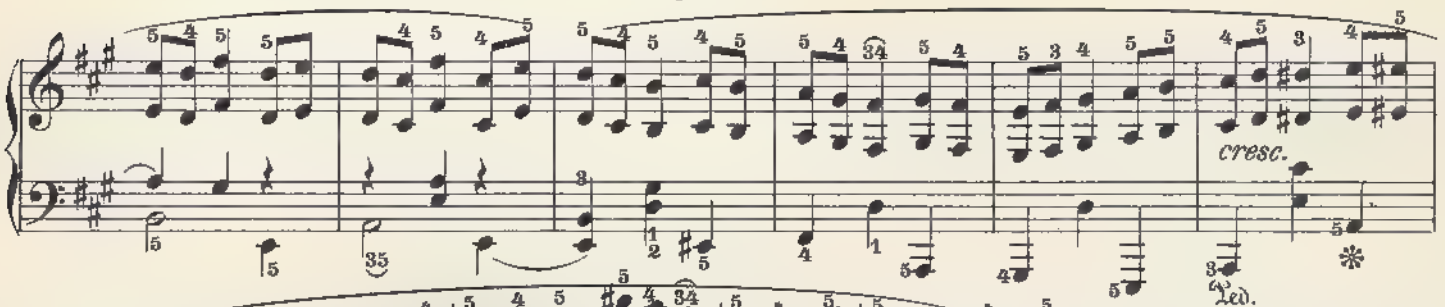
Ped. ✻

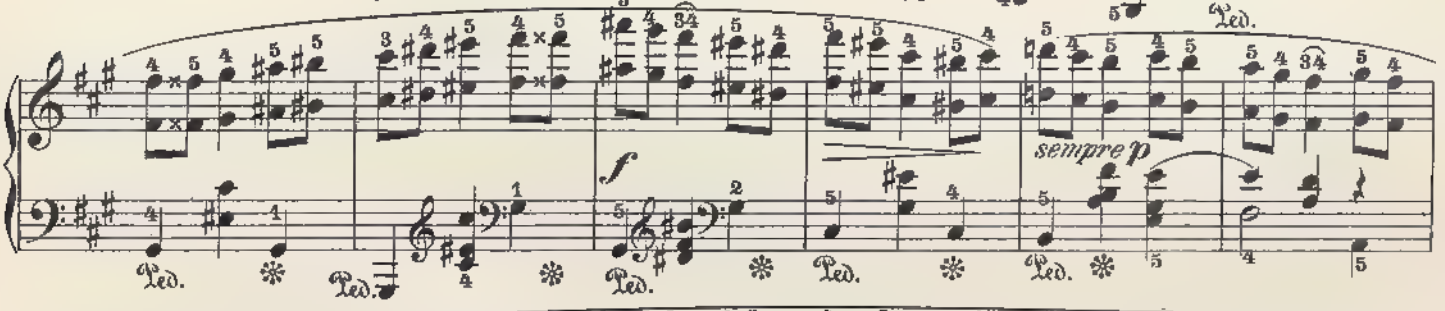
Ped. ✻

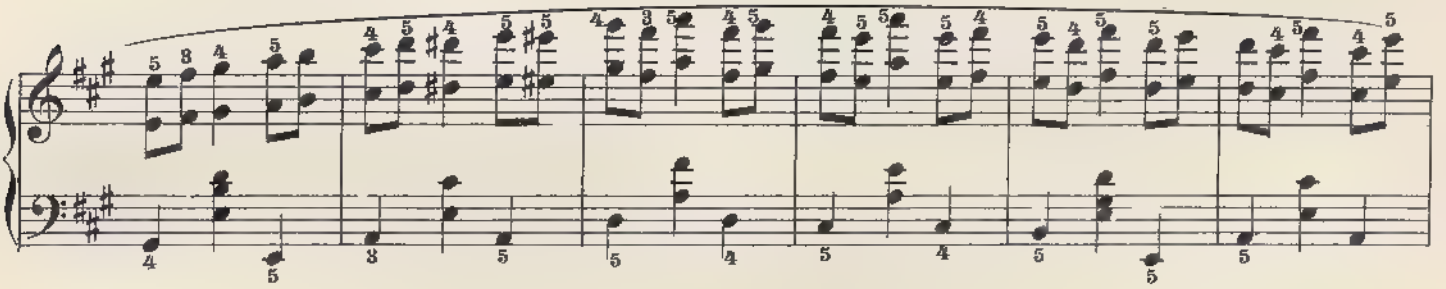
p

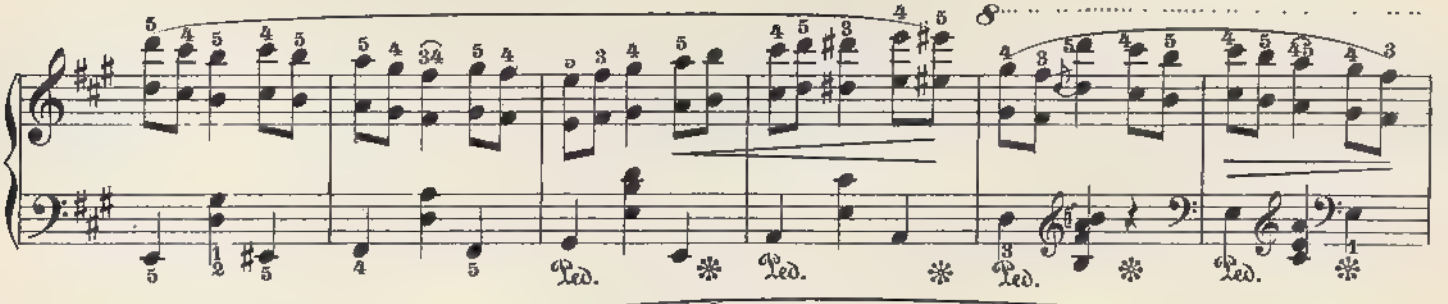


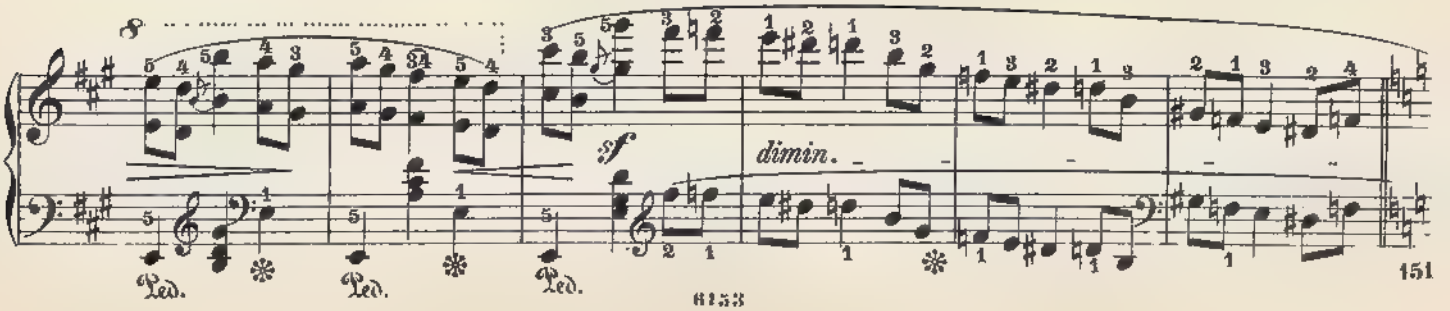

p sempre

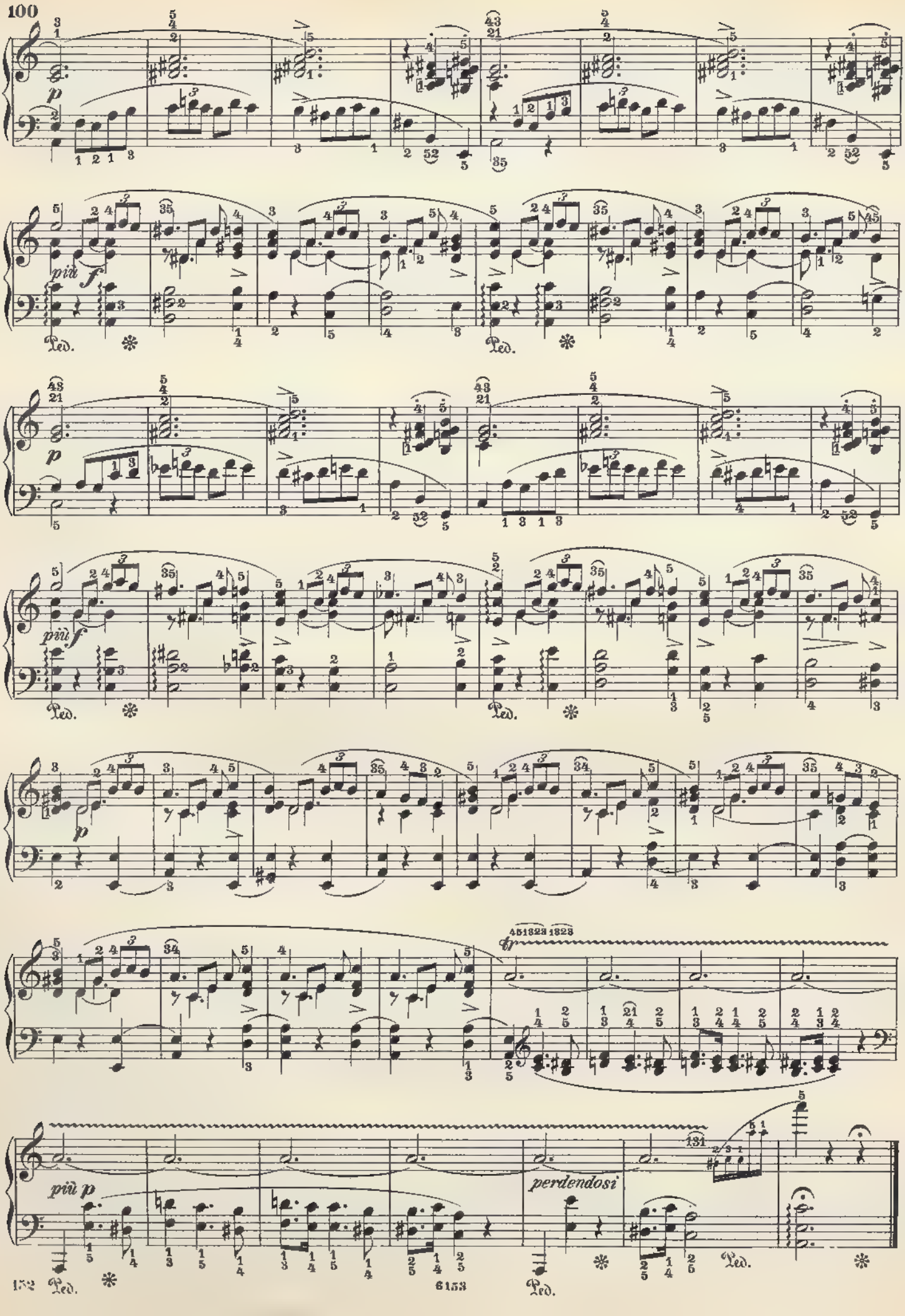

cresc.
Ped.


f
sempre p
Ped.




Ped.


sf
dimin.
Ped.

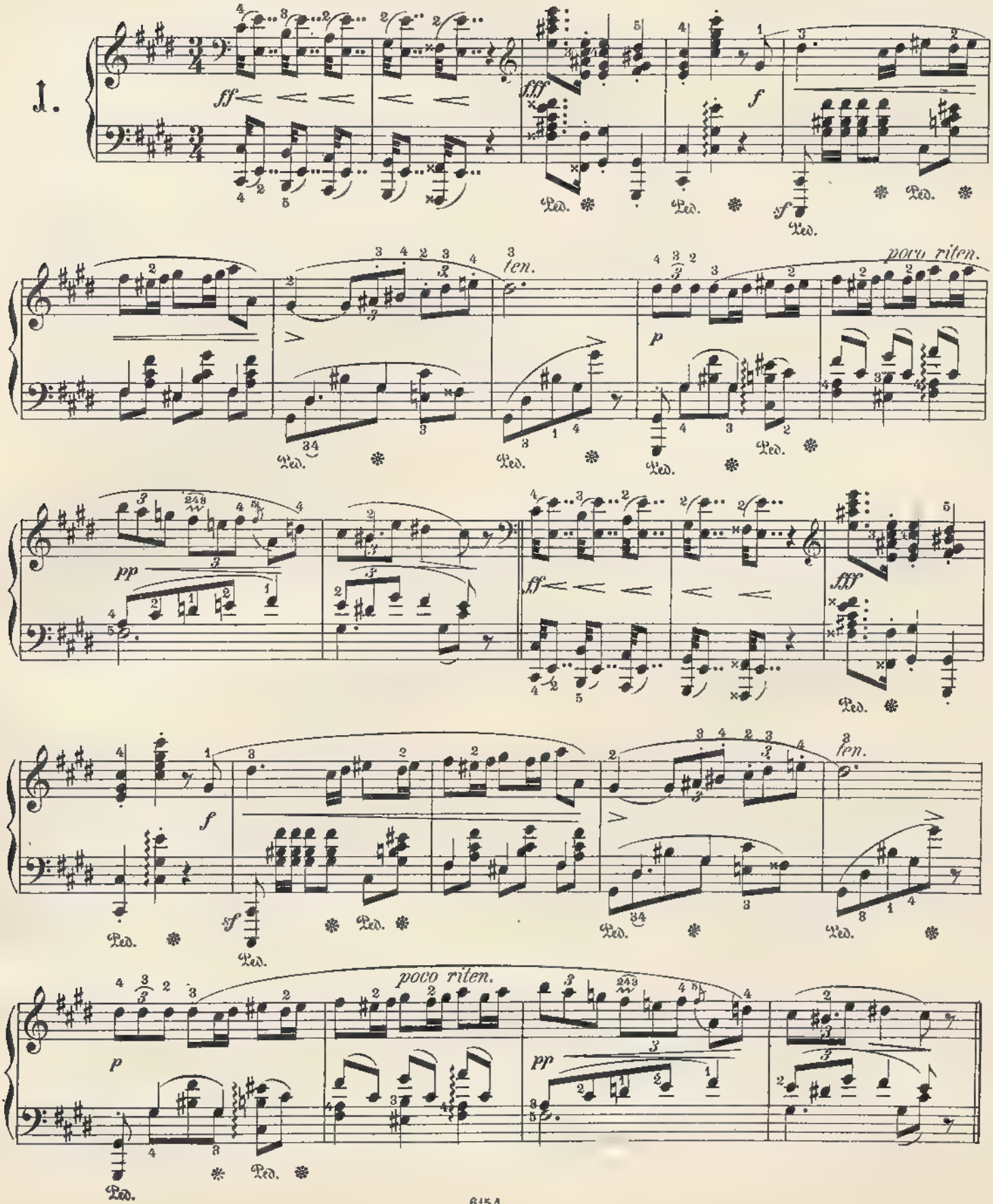

100
più f
Ped.
più f
Ped.
più p
perdendosi
Ped.
Ped.
Ped.

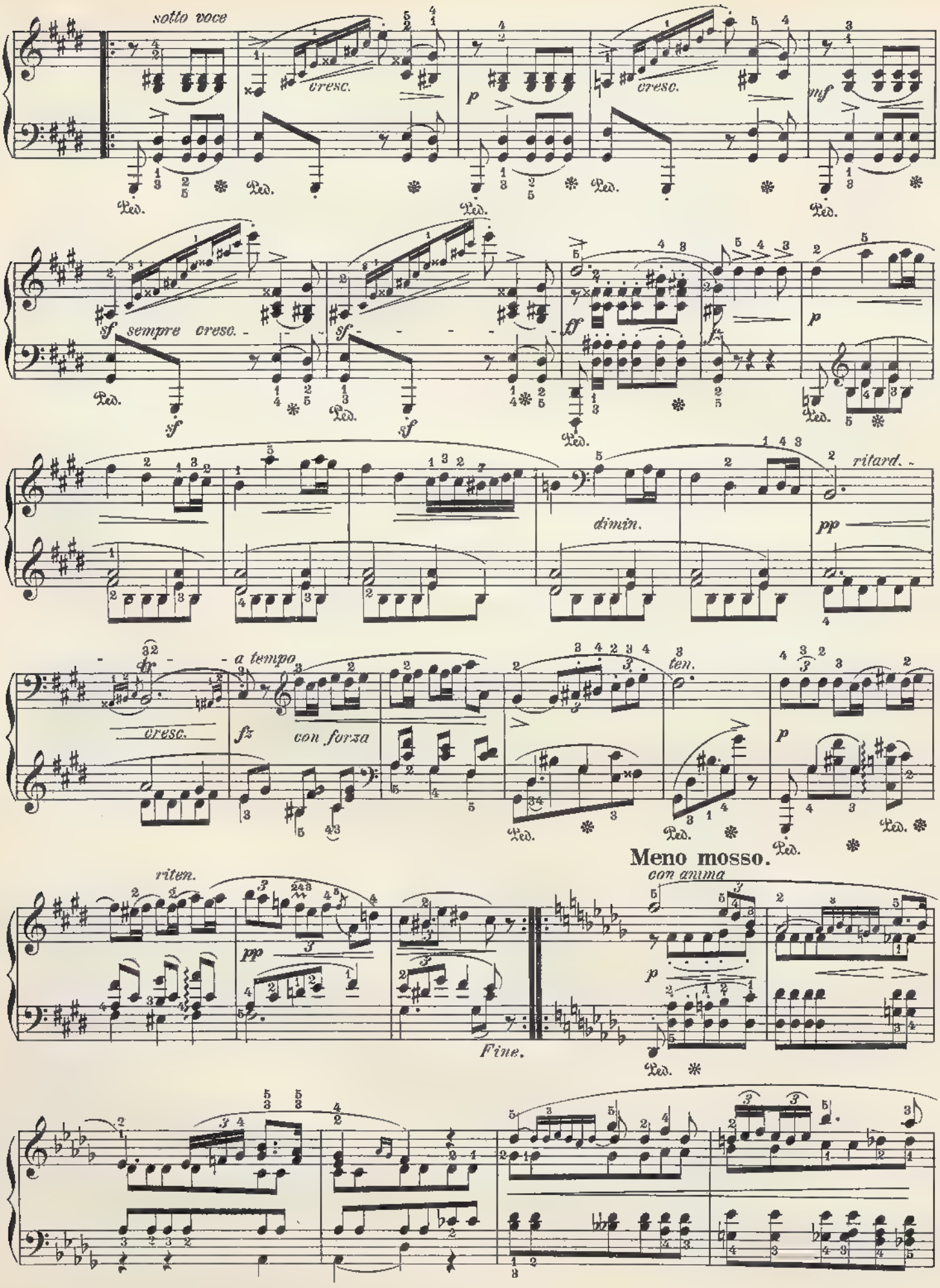
# Polonaises.

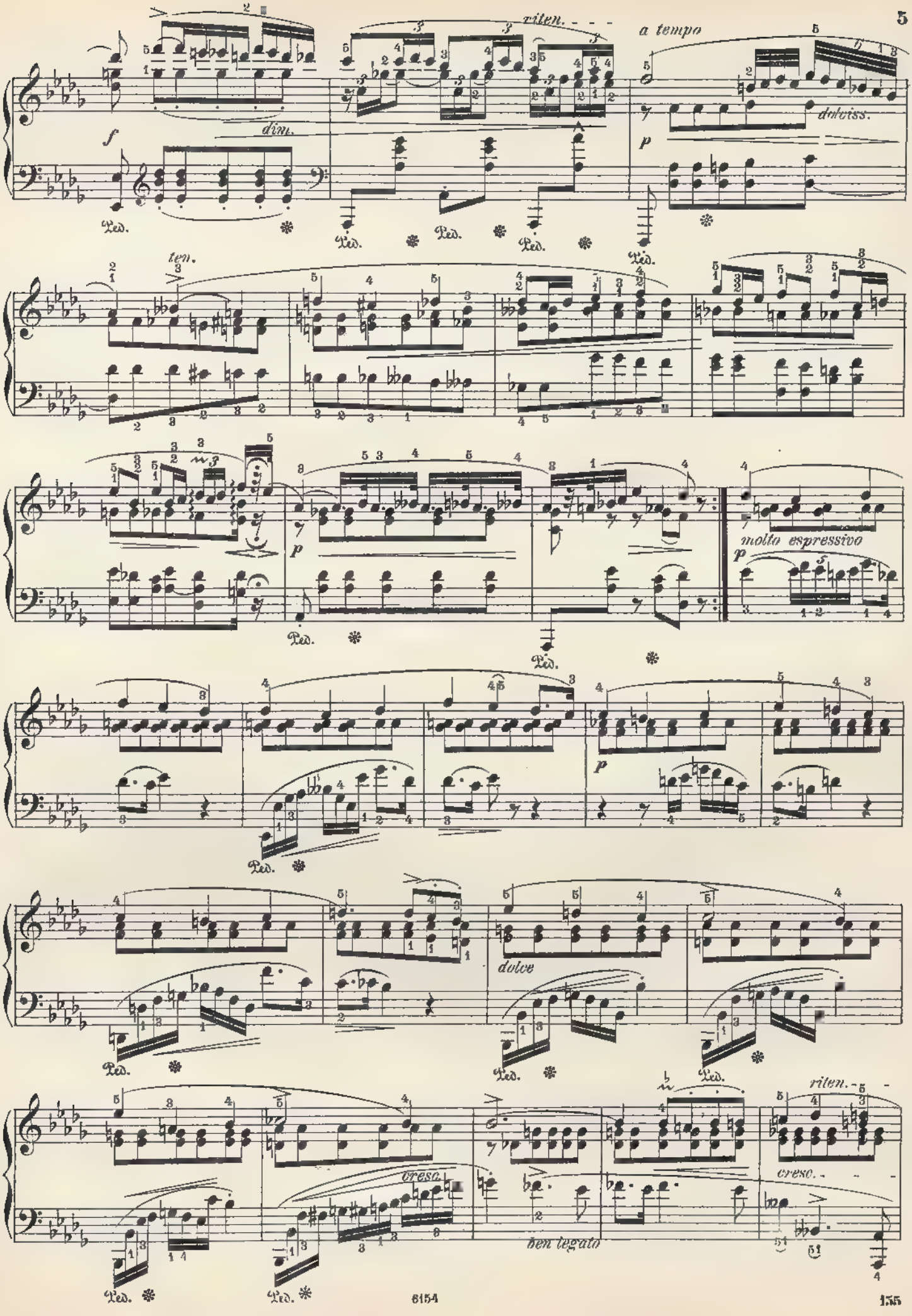
## Allegro appassionato.

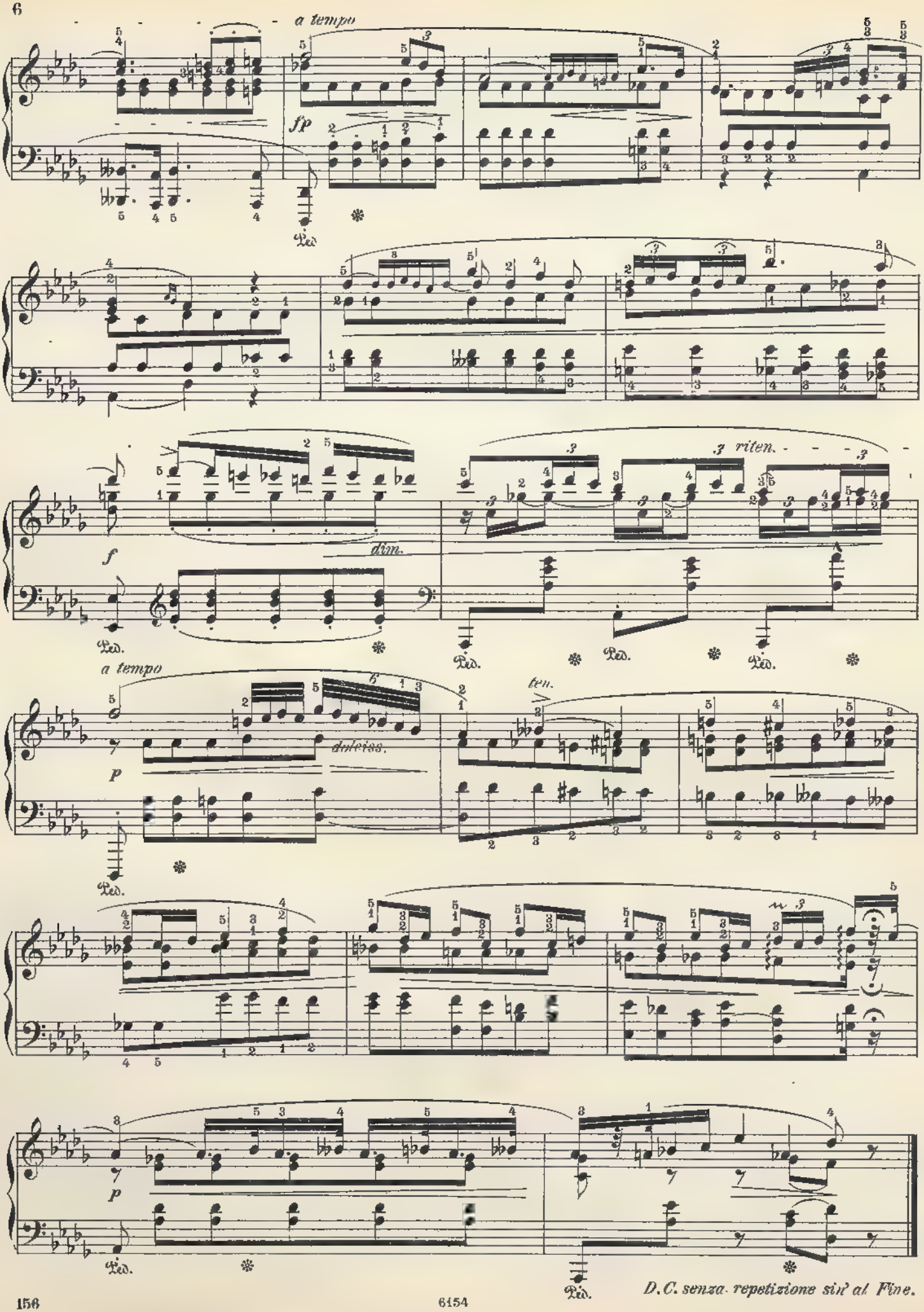
Chopin, Op. 26. Nº 1.

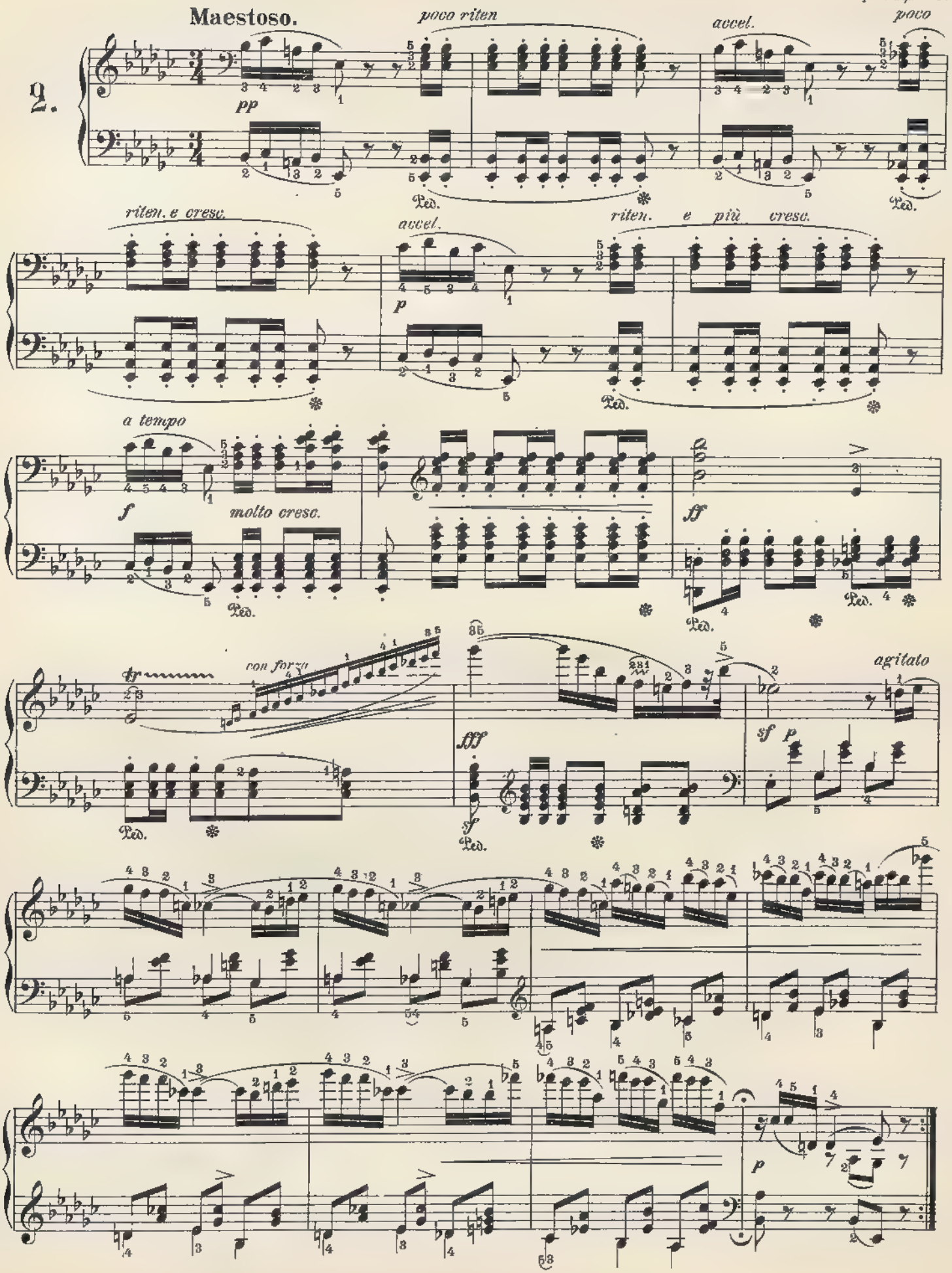
1.

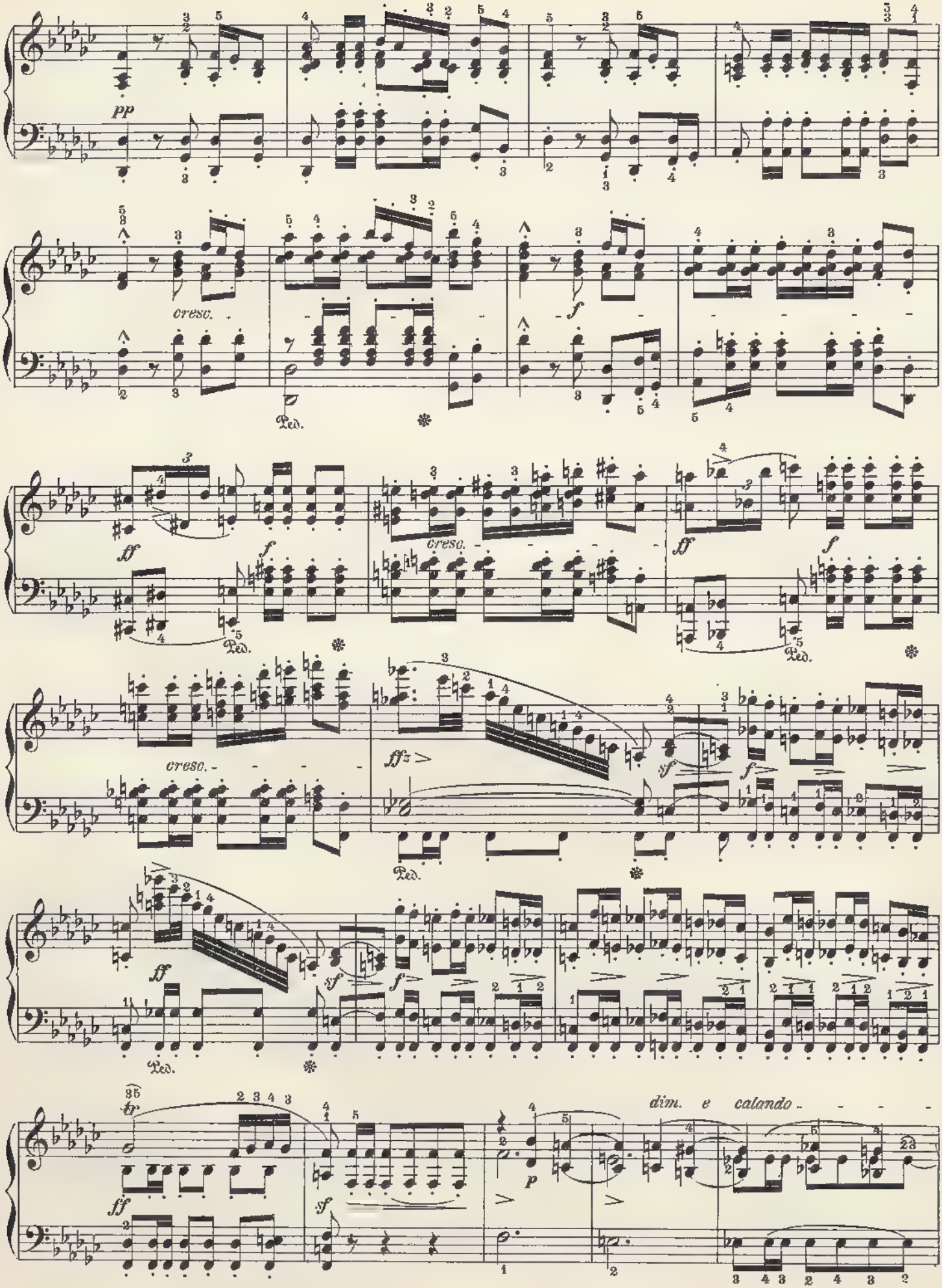


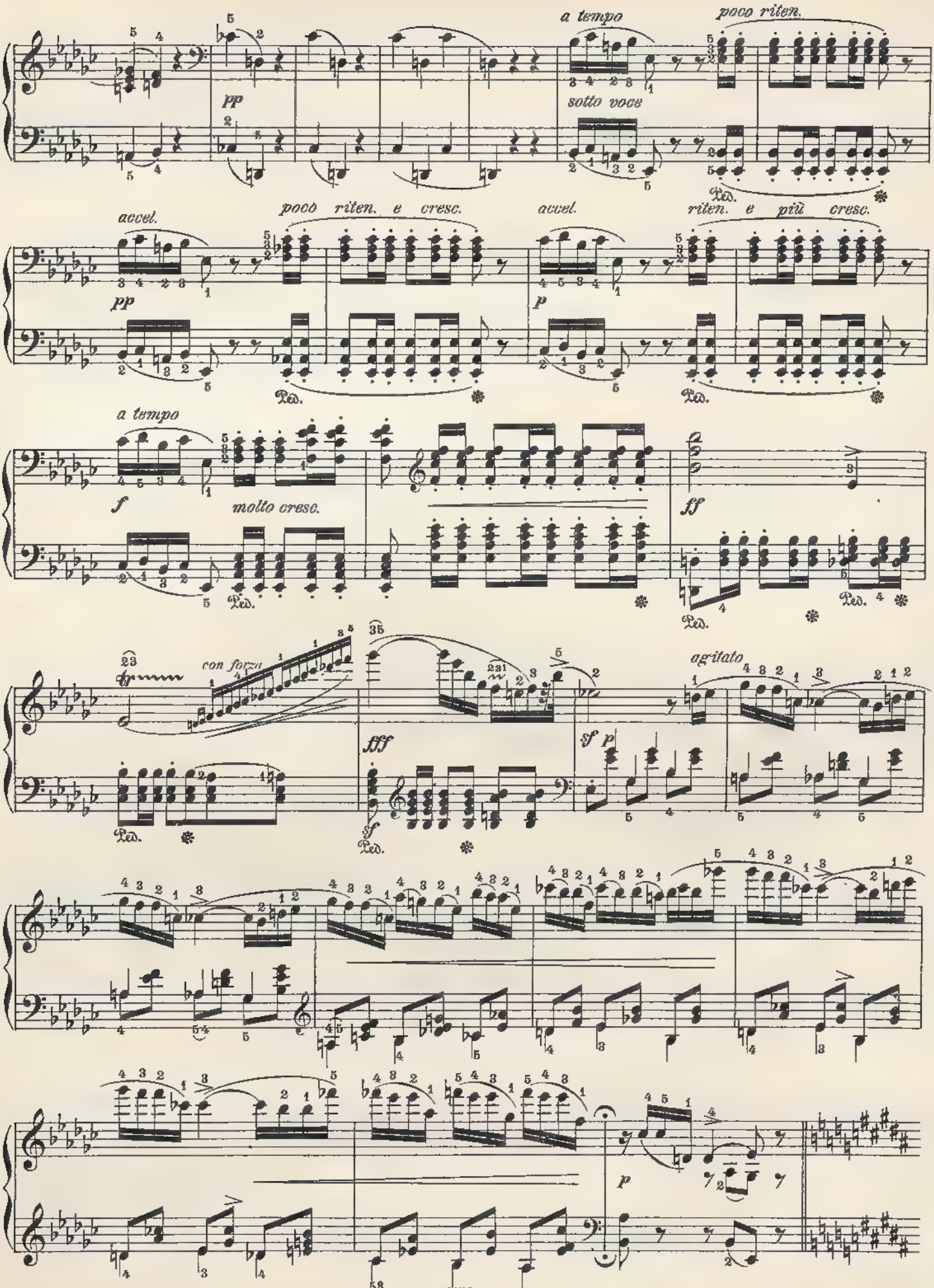

sotto voce
cresc.
p
cresc.
mf
sempre cresc.
sf
ff
dimin.
ritard.
pp
a tempo
cresc.
fz
con forza
ten.
Meno mosso.
con anima
riten.
pp
Fine.

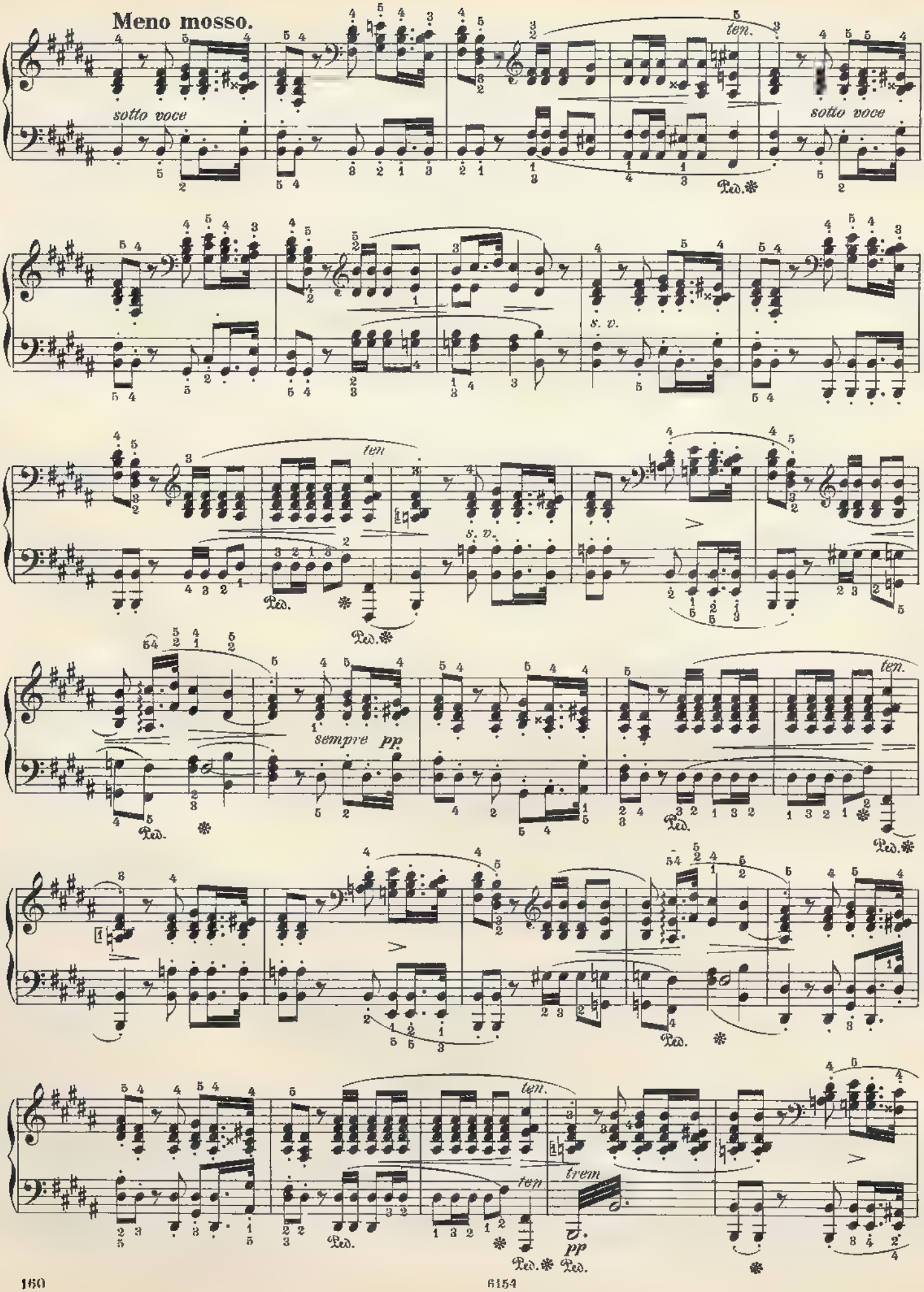

f
dim.
ritten.
a tempo
dolciss.
p
ten.
molto espressivo
dolce
cresc.
ben legato
riten.

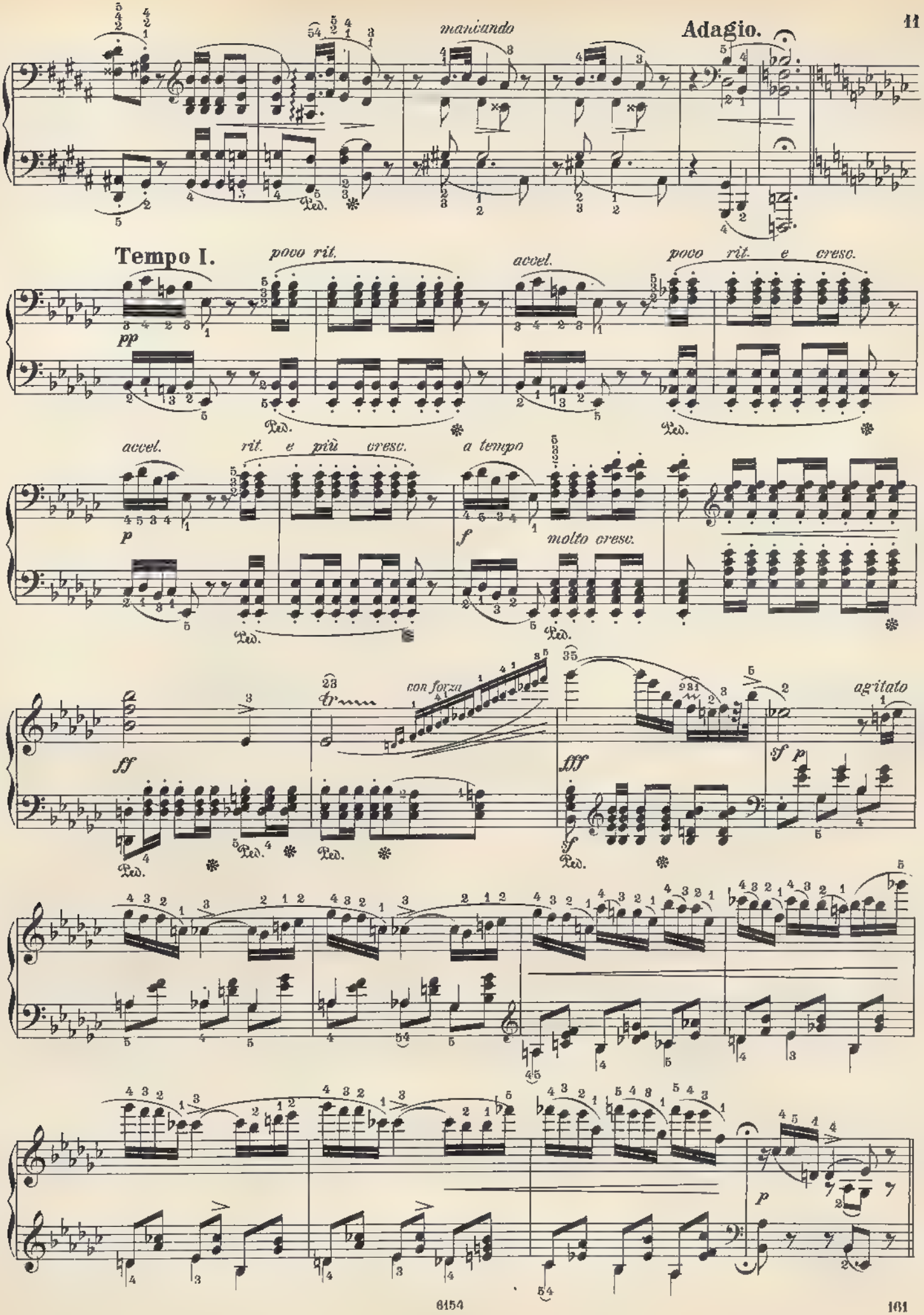

a tempo
fp
Ped.
f
dim.
riten.
a tempo
dolciss.
ten.
p
D.C. senza repetizione sin' al Fine.

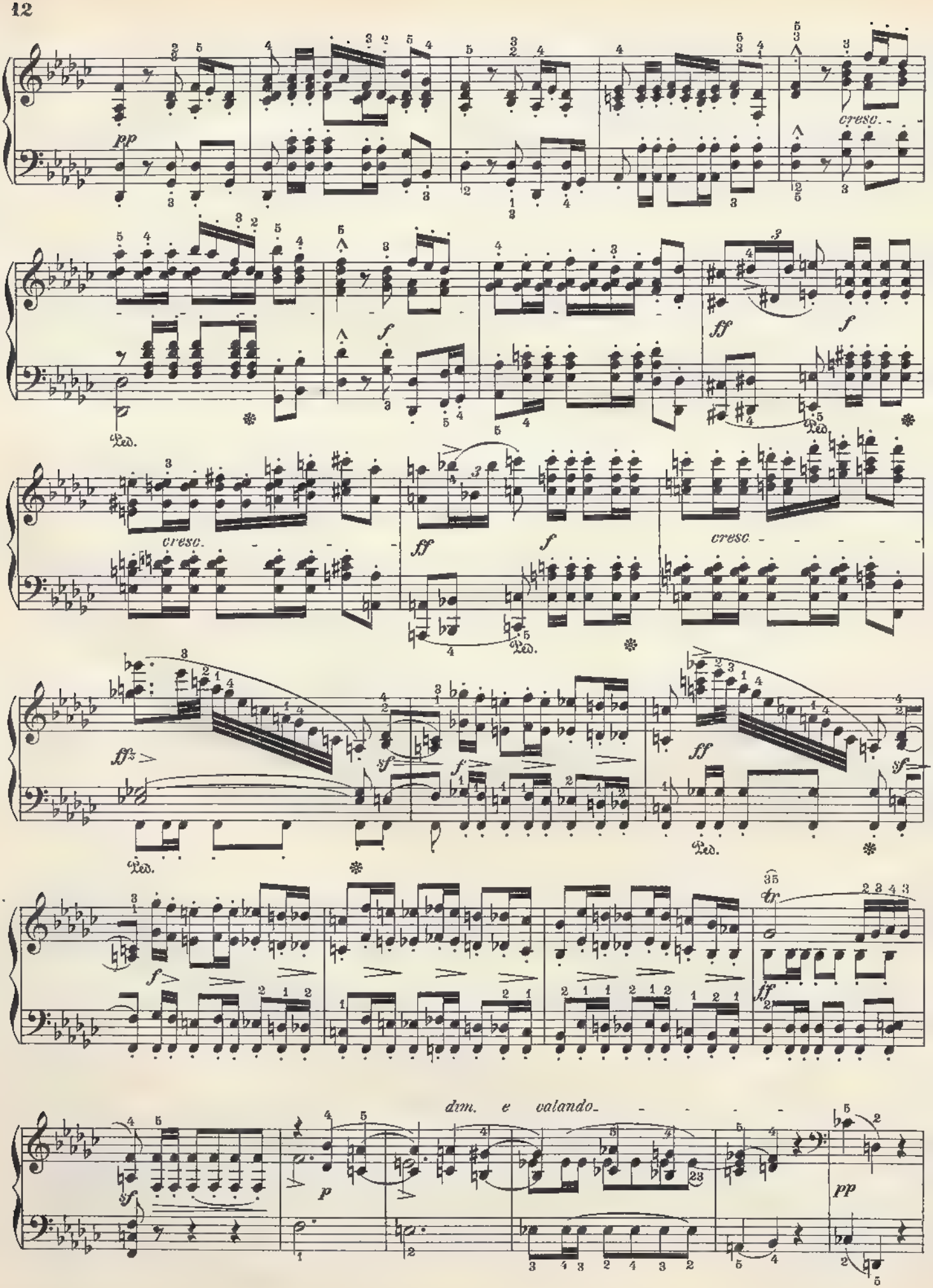

Maestoso.
2.
pp
poco riten
accel.
poco
riten. e cresc.
accel.
p
riten. e più cresc.
a tempo
f
molto cresc.
ff
con forza
fff
sf
p
agitato
Ped.

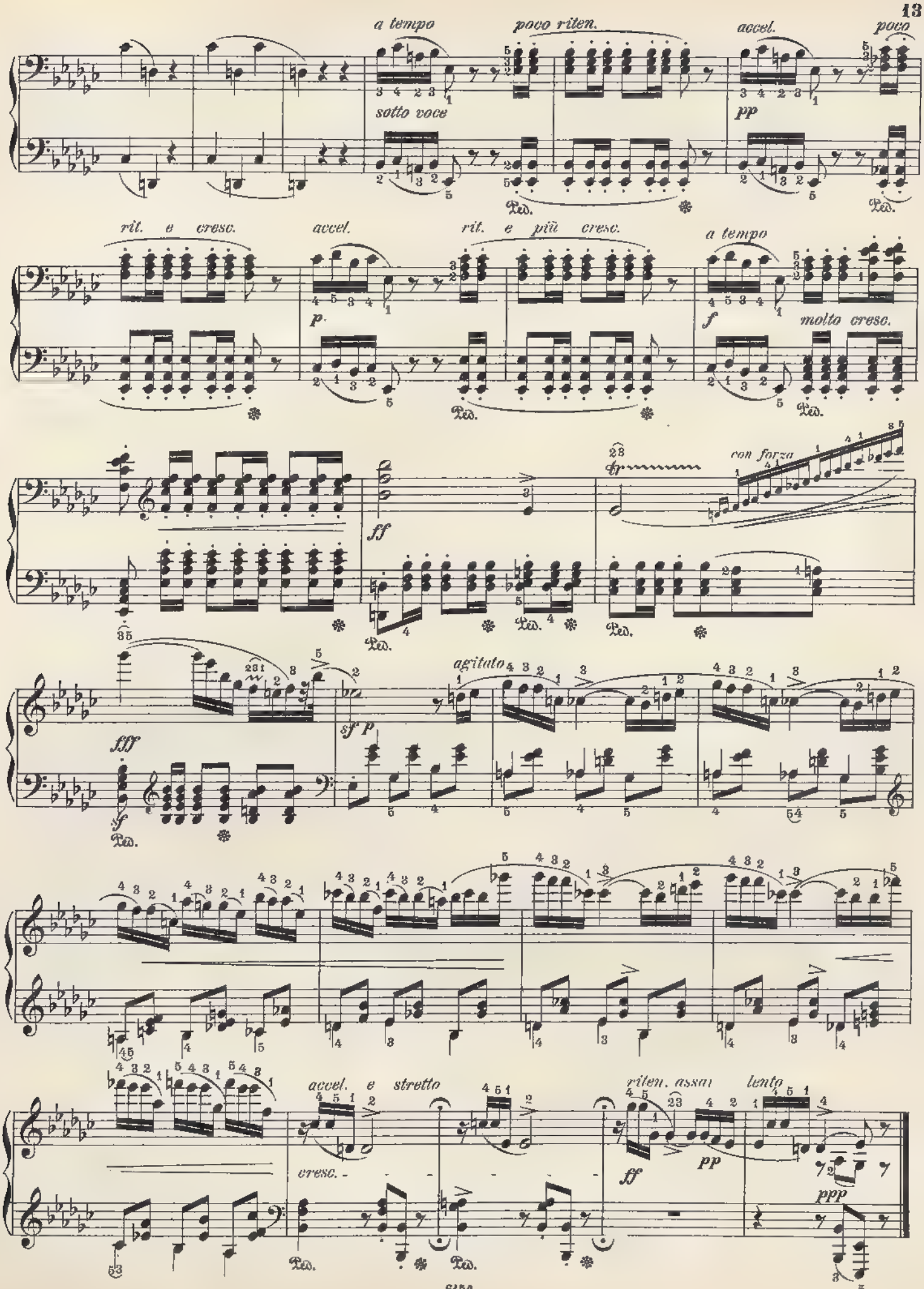

pp
cresc.
Ped.
f
ff
cresc.
ff
cresc.
ff
sf
f
Ped.
ff
sf
f
Ped.
tr
ff
sf
p
dim. e calando


a tempo
poco riten.
pp
sotto voce
Ped.
accel.
poco riten. e cresc.
accel.
riten. e più cresc.
pp
p
a tempo
f
molto cresc.
ff
con forza
agitato
fff
sf p
p


Meno mosso.
sotto voce
ten.
Ped.
s. v.
sempre pp
trem


Adagio.
mancando
Tempo I.
poco rit.
accel.
poco rit. e cresc.
pp
Ped.
accel.
rit. e più cresc.
a tempo
p
f
molto cresc.
ff
con forza
fff
sf p
agitato


pp
cresc.
Ped.
f
ff
cresc.
ff
f
cresc.
ff
sf
f
ff
sf
Ped.
tr
ff
f
dim. e calando
sf
p
pp


a tempo
poco riten.
accel.
poco
sotto voce
pp
rit. e cresc.
accel.
rit. e più cresc.
a tempo
molto cresc.
p
f
ff
con forza
fff
sf
p
agitato
accel. e stretto
cresc.
riten. assai
lento
ff
pp
ppp
Ped.

Op. 40, No. 1.

## 3.

Allegro con brio.

*f*

*ff*

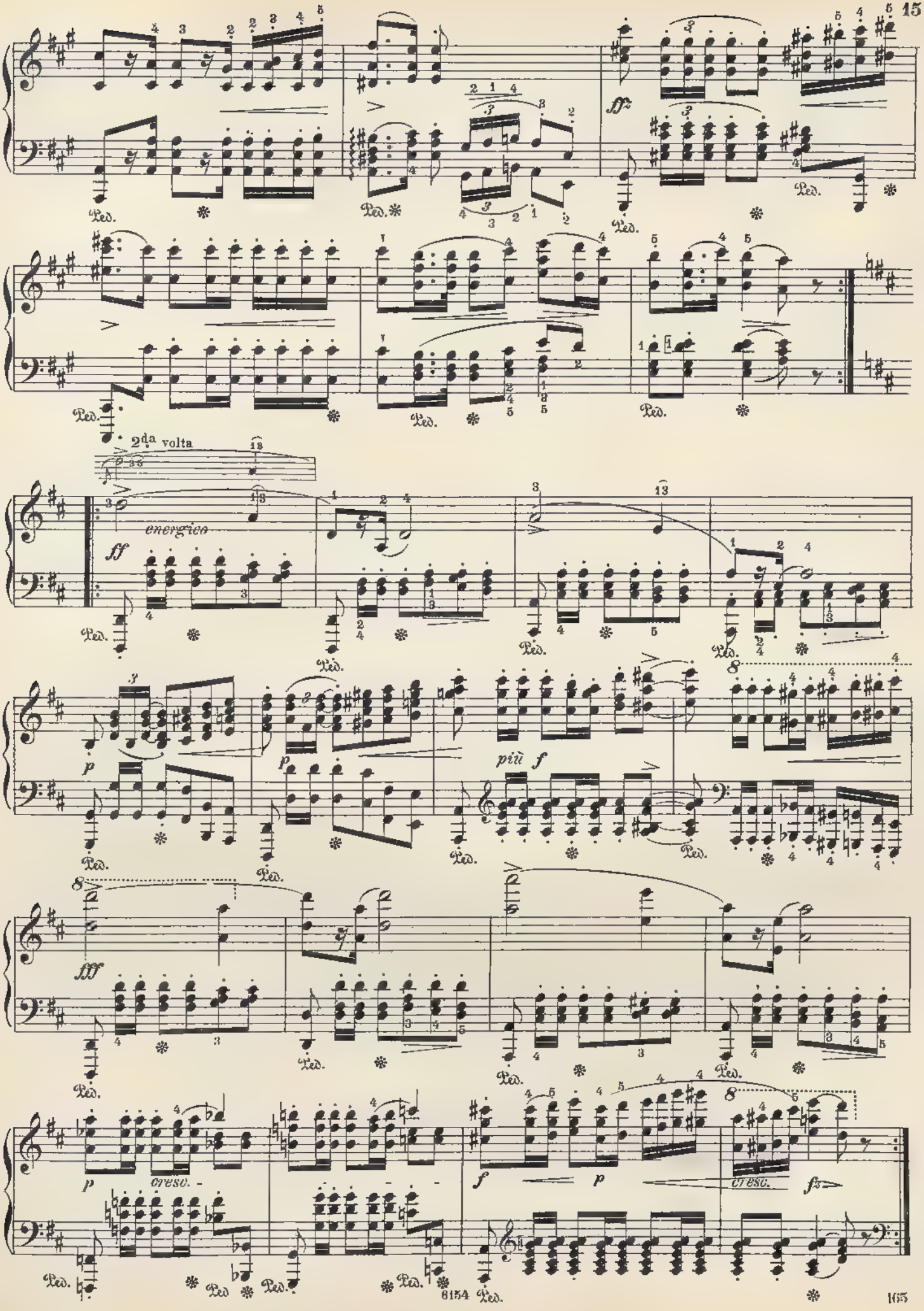
*ff*

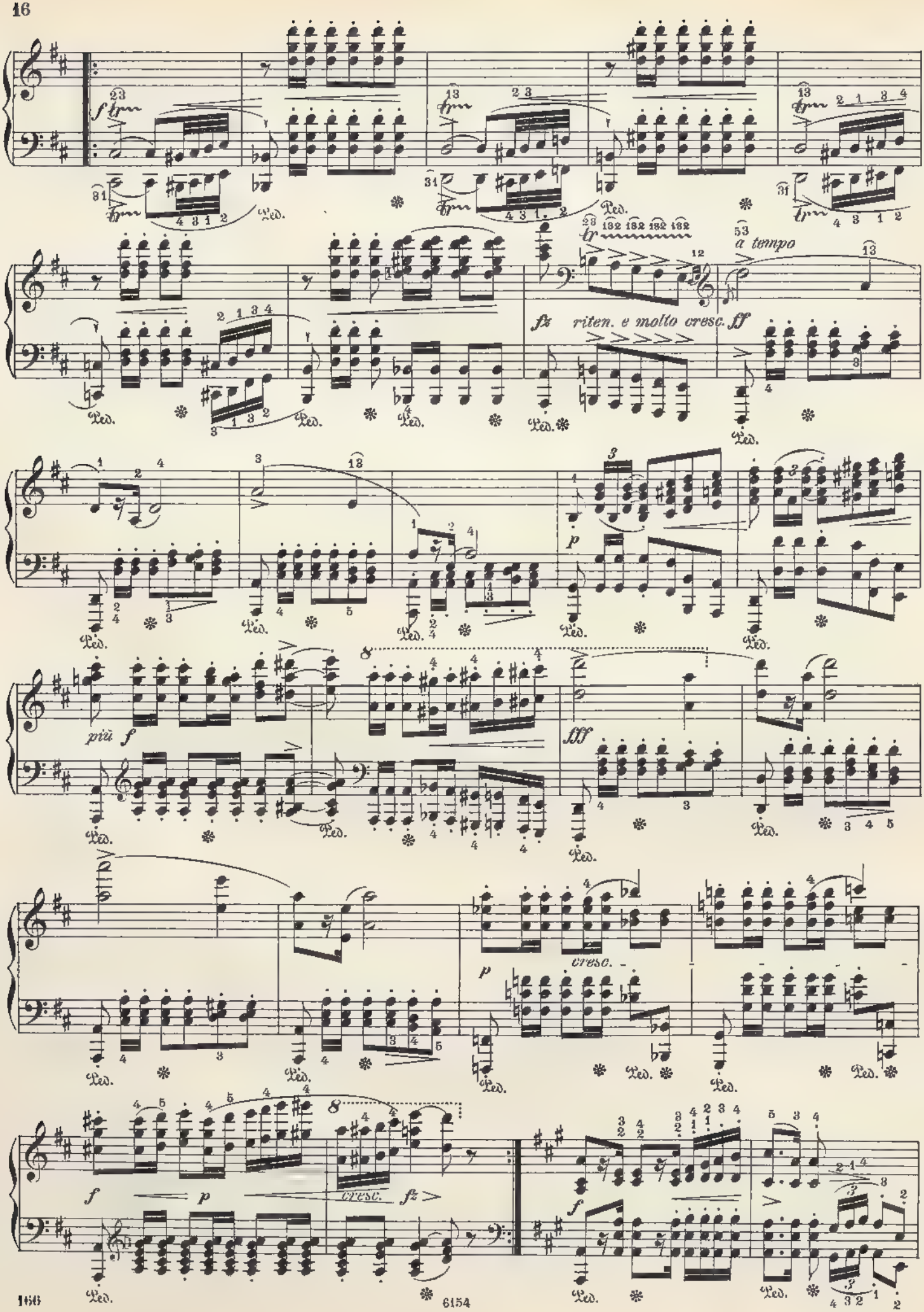
*poco rit.*

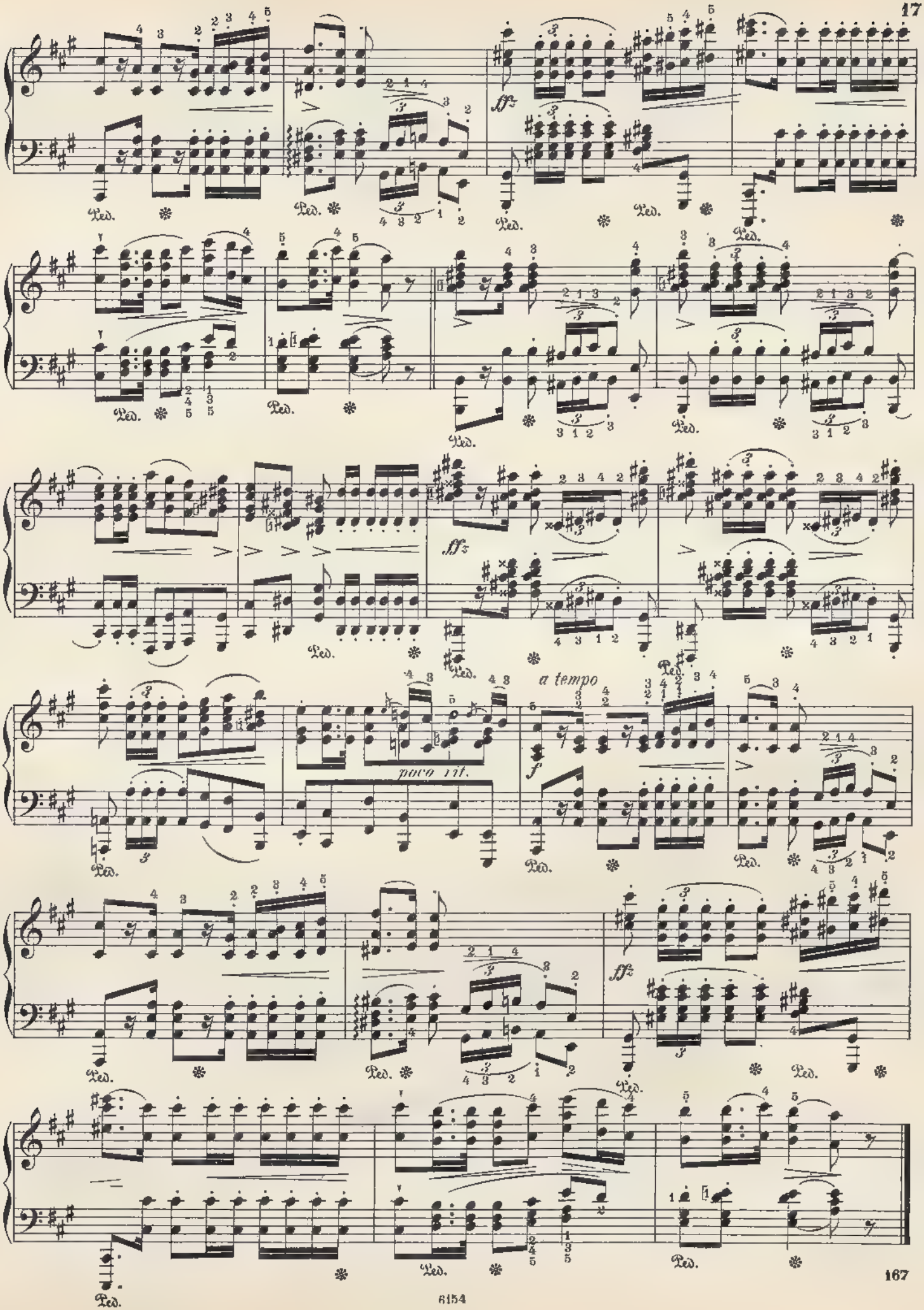
*a tempo*

*f*

Ped.


2da volta
energico
ff
più f
fff
cresc.
fz


a tempo
fz riten. e molto cresc. ff
più f
fff
cresc.
p
f
fz


Ped.
fff
poco rit.
a tempo
f
ff

## Allegro maestoso.

Op. 40, № 2.

4.

*p*

1ª volta: *sotto voce,* 2ª volta: *forte.*

Ped.

*cresc.*

*dimin.*

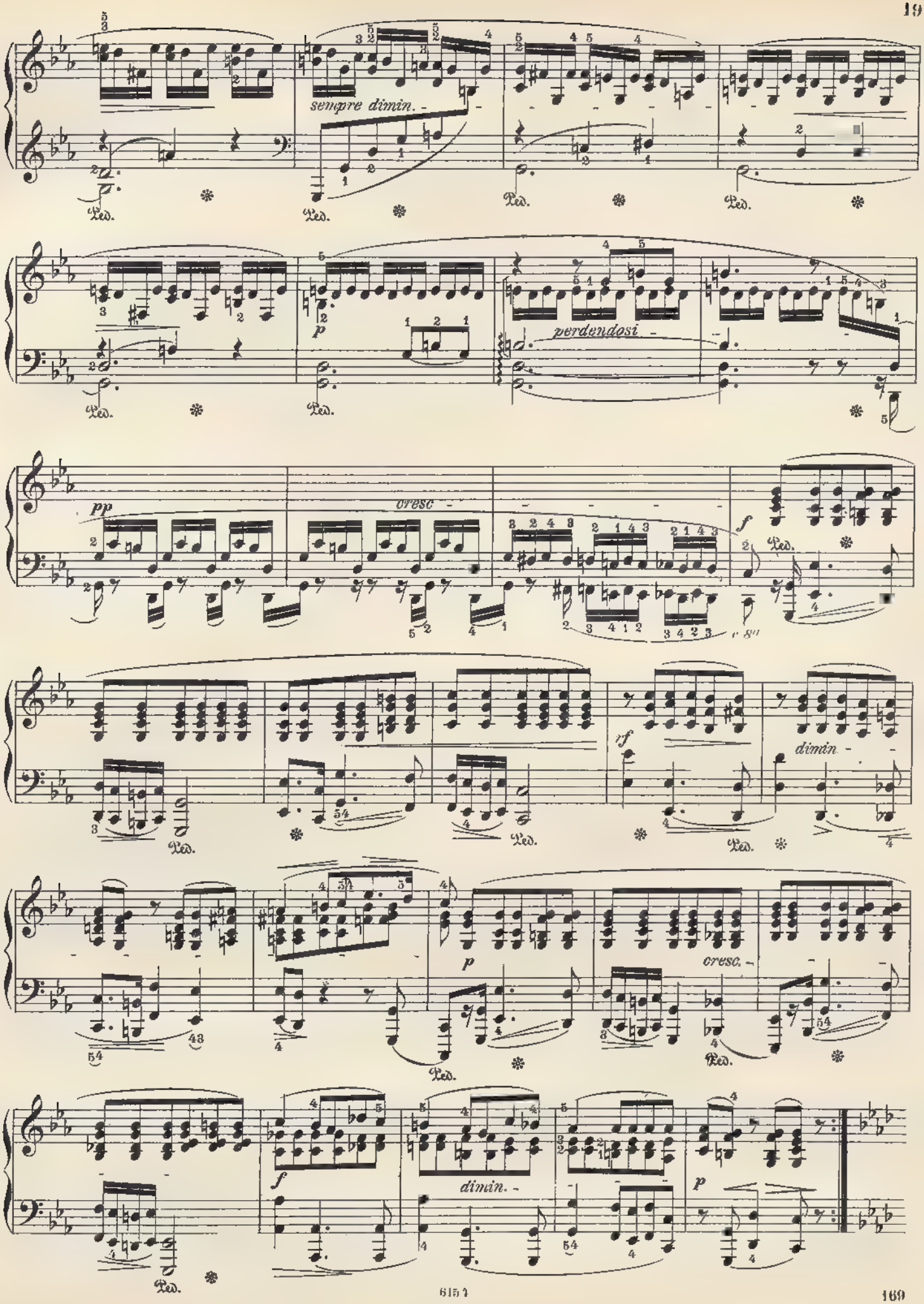
*ff*

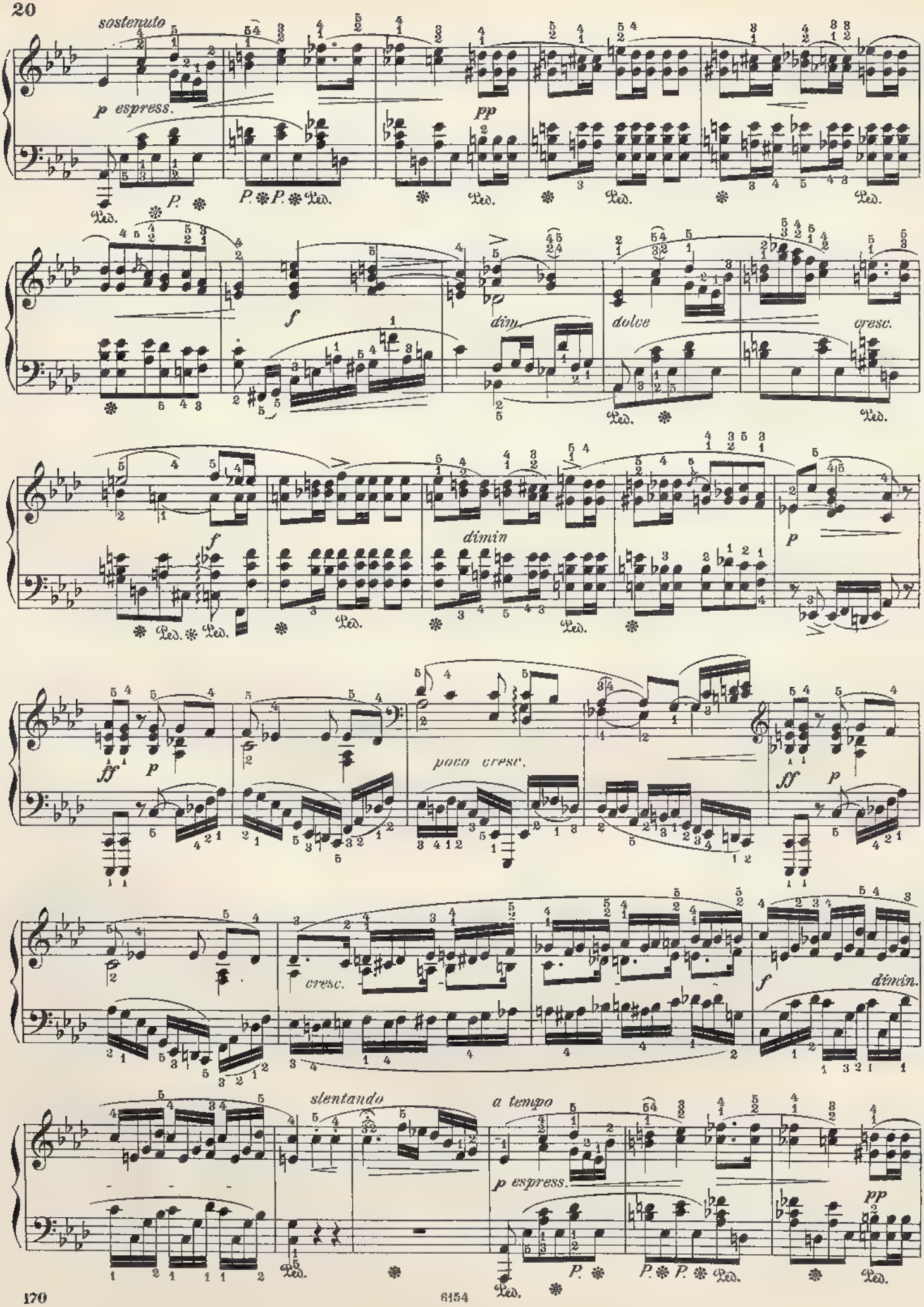
*p*

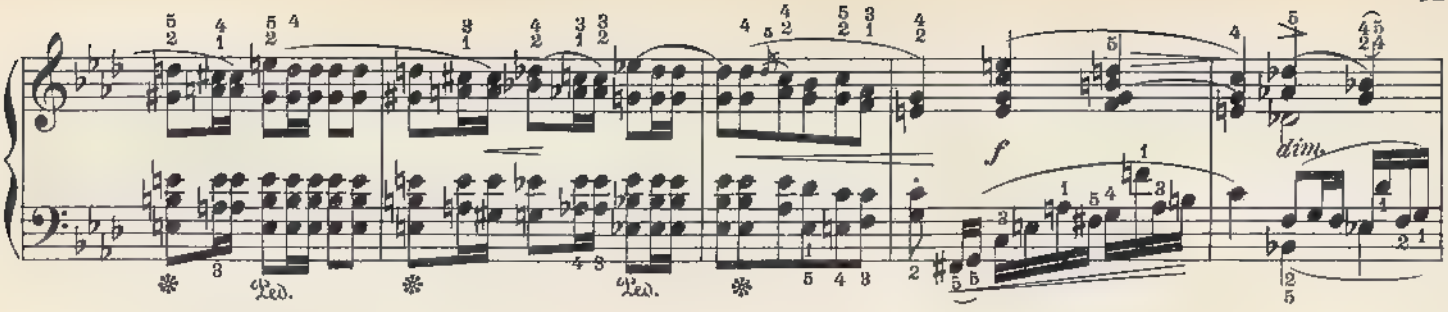
*cresc.*

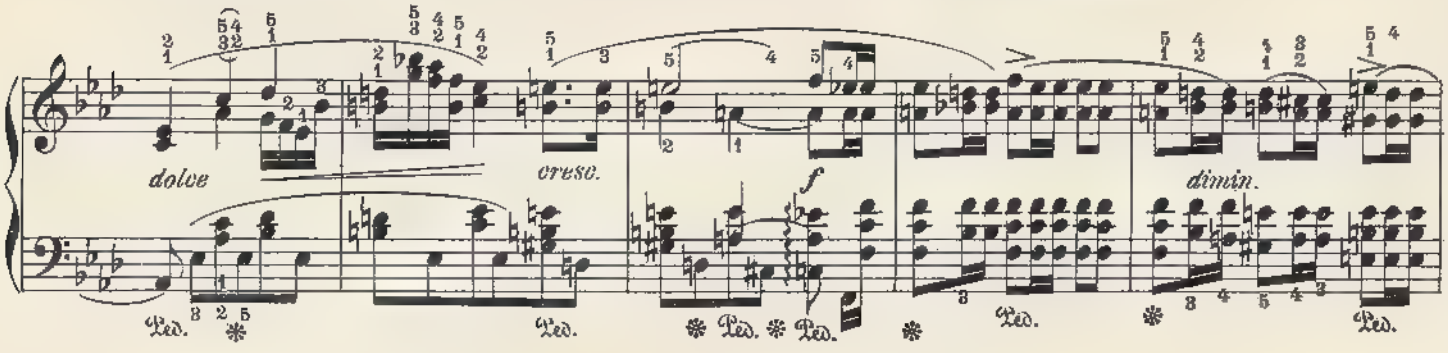
*f*

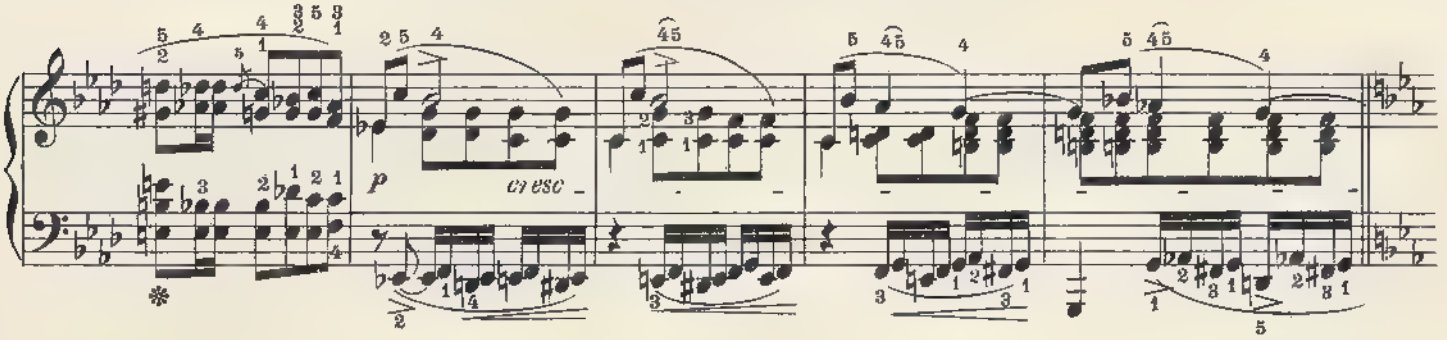
*dimin.*

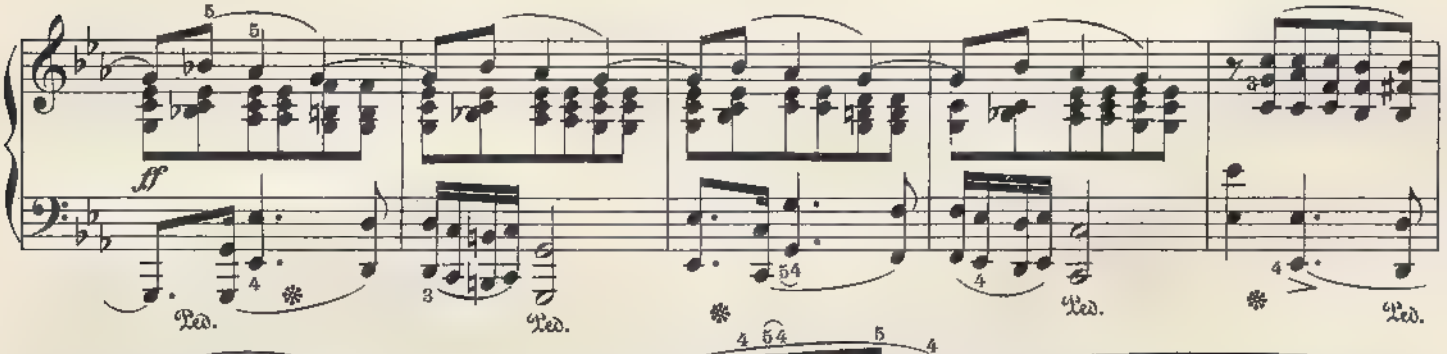

sempre dimin.
Ped.
perdendosi
p
pp
cresc.
f
rf
dimin.
cresc.
dimin.

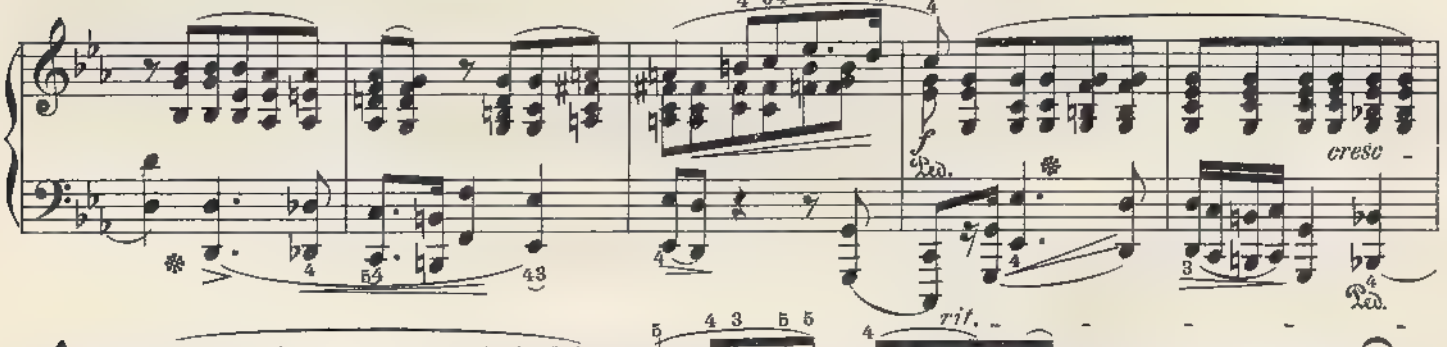

sostenuto
p espress.
pp
f
dim.
dolce
cresc.
f
dimin
p
ff
p
poco cresc.
ff
p
cresc.
f
dimin.
slentando
a tempo
p espress.
pp

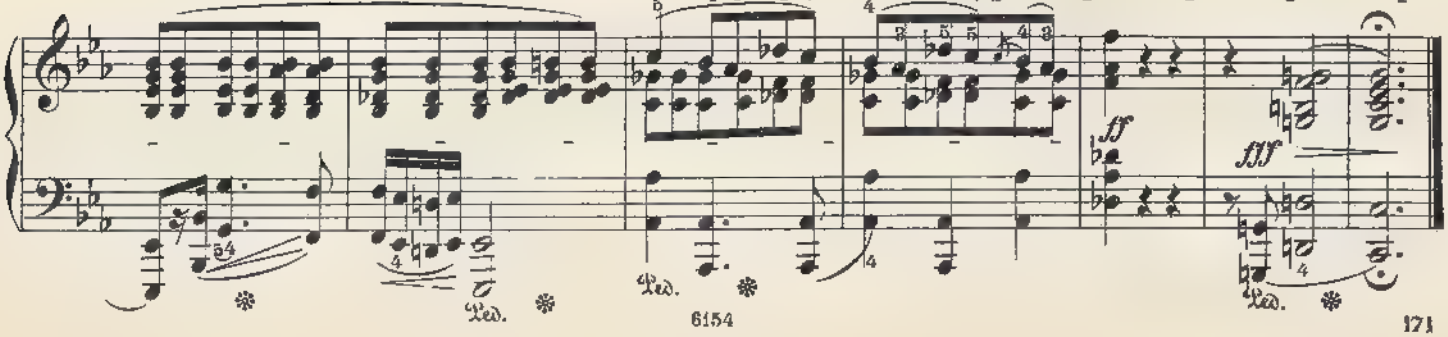

f
dim.
Ped.

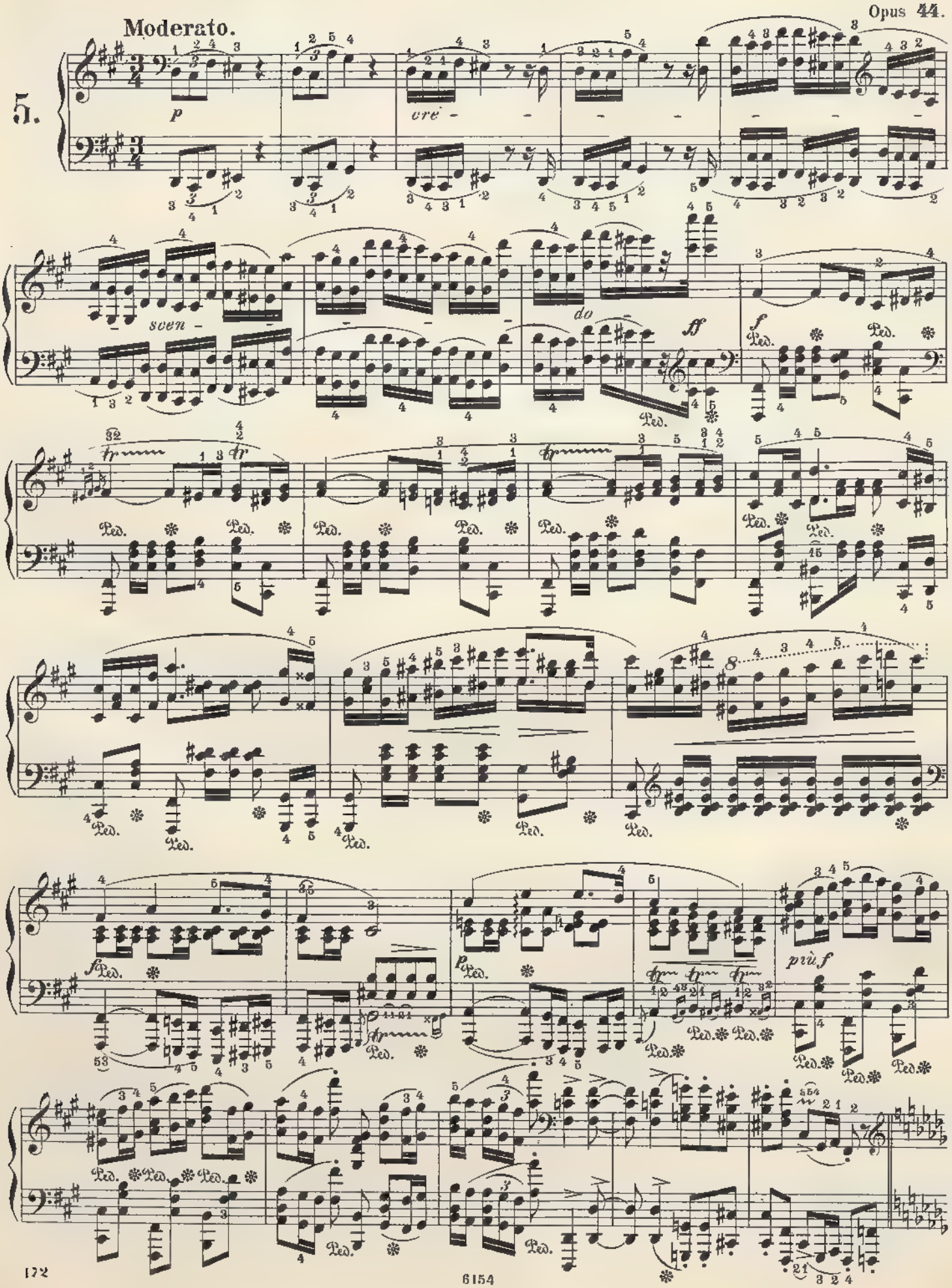

dolce
cresc.
f
dimin.
Ped.

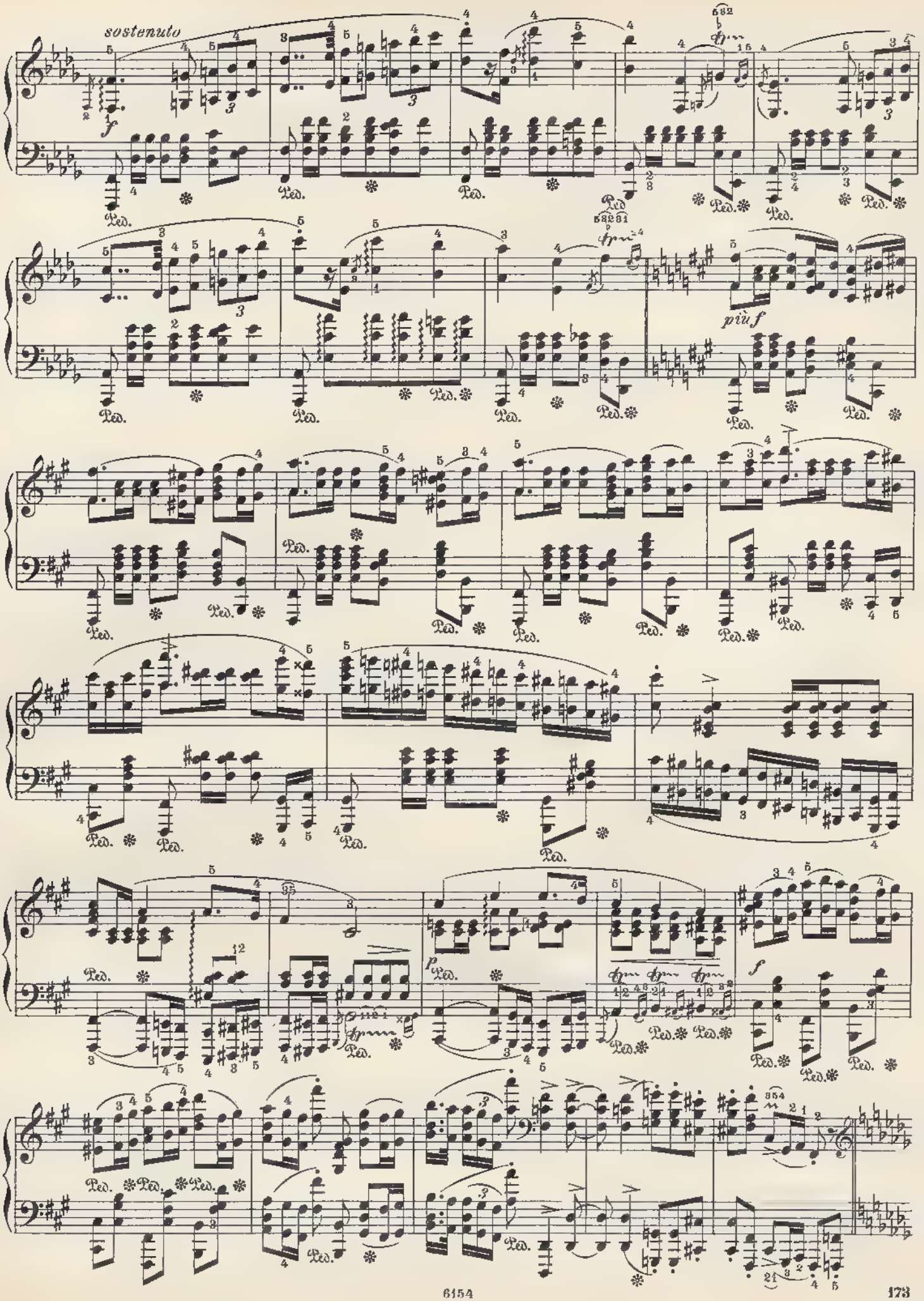

p
cresc.

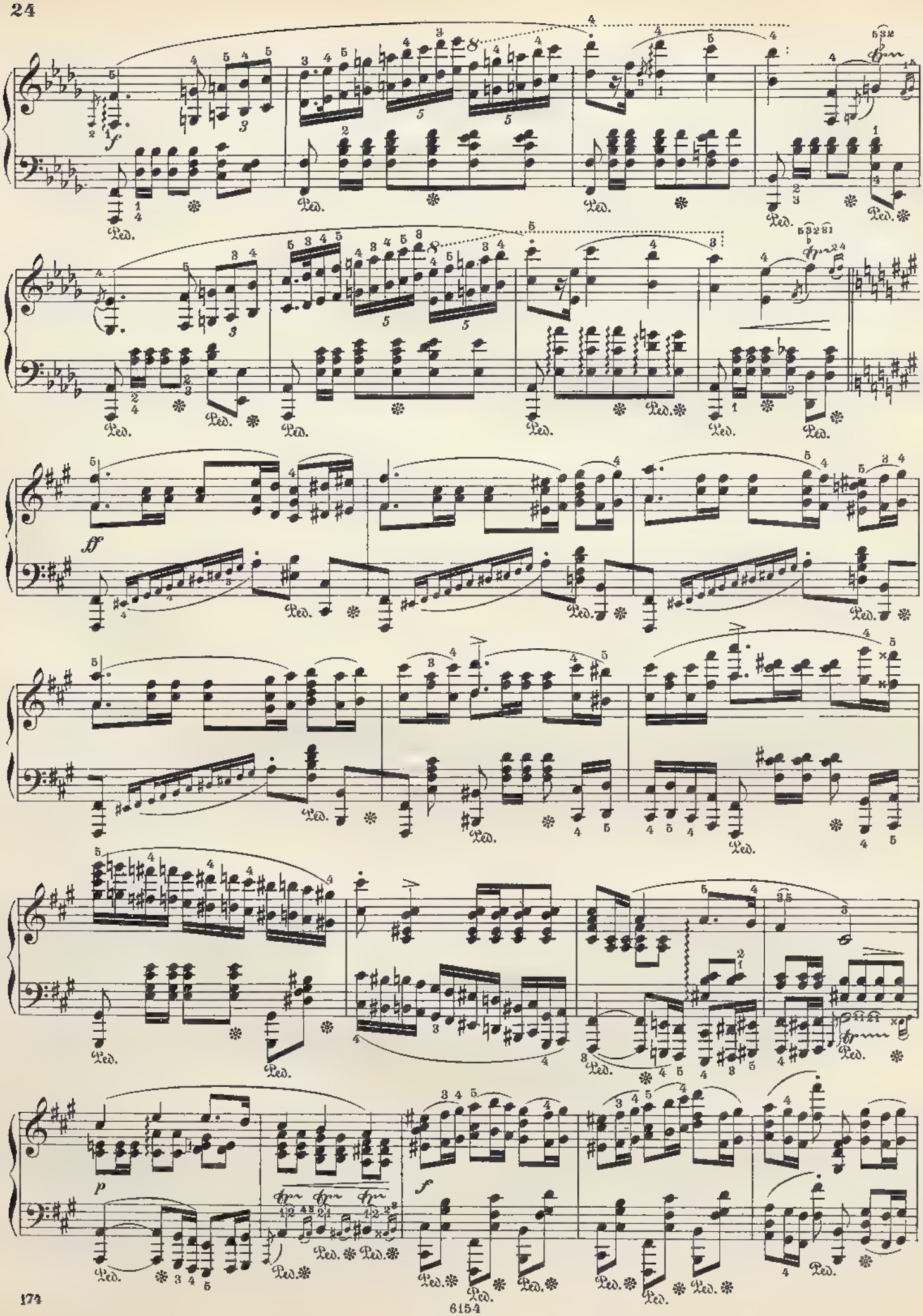

ff
Ped.

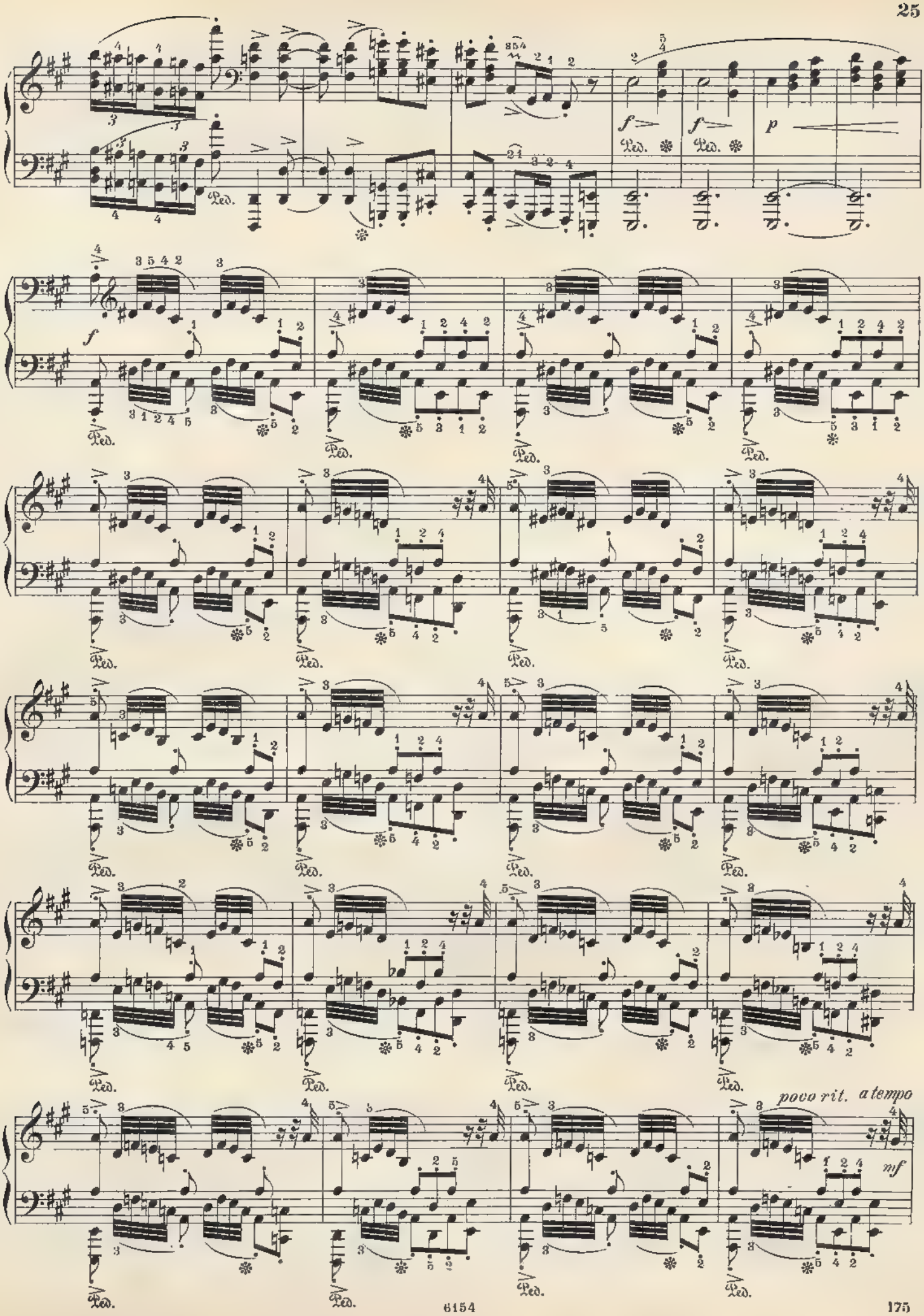

f
cresc.
Ped.

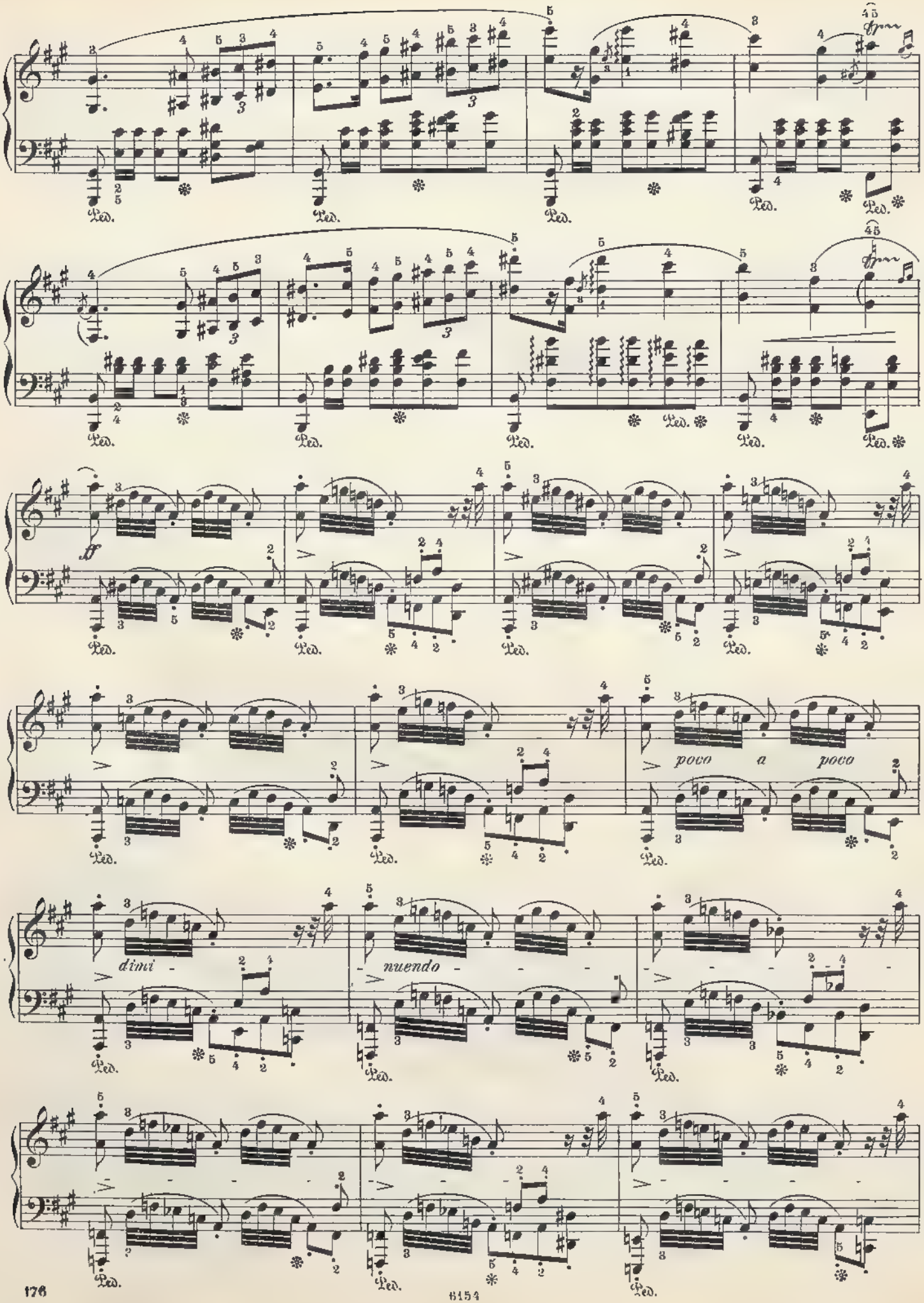

rit.
ff
fff
Ped.

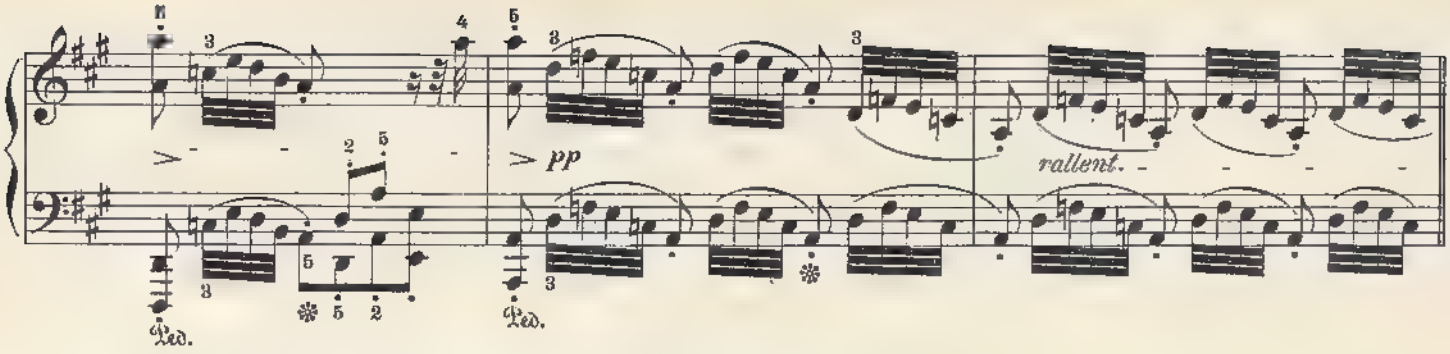

Moderato.
5.
p
cre -
sven -
do
ff
f
Ped.
più f


sostenuto
f
più f
p
f

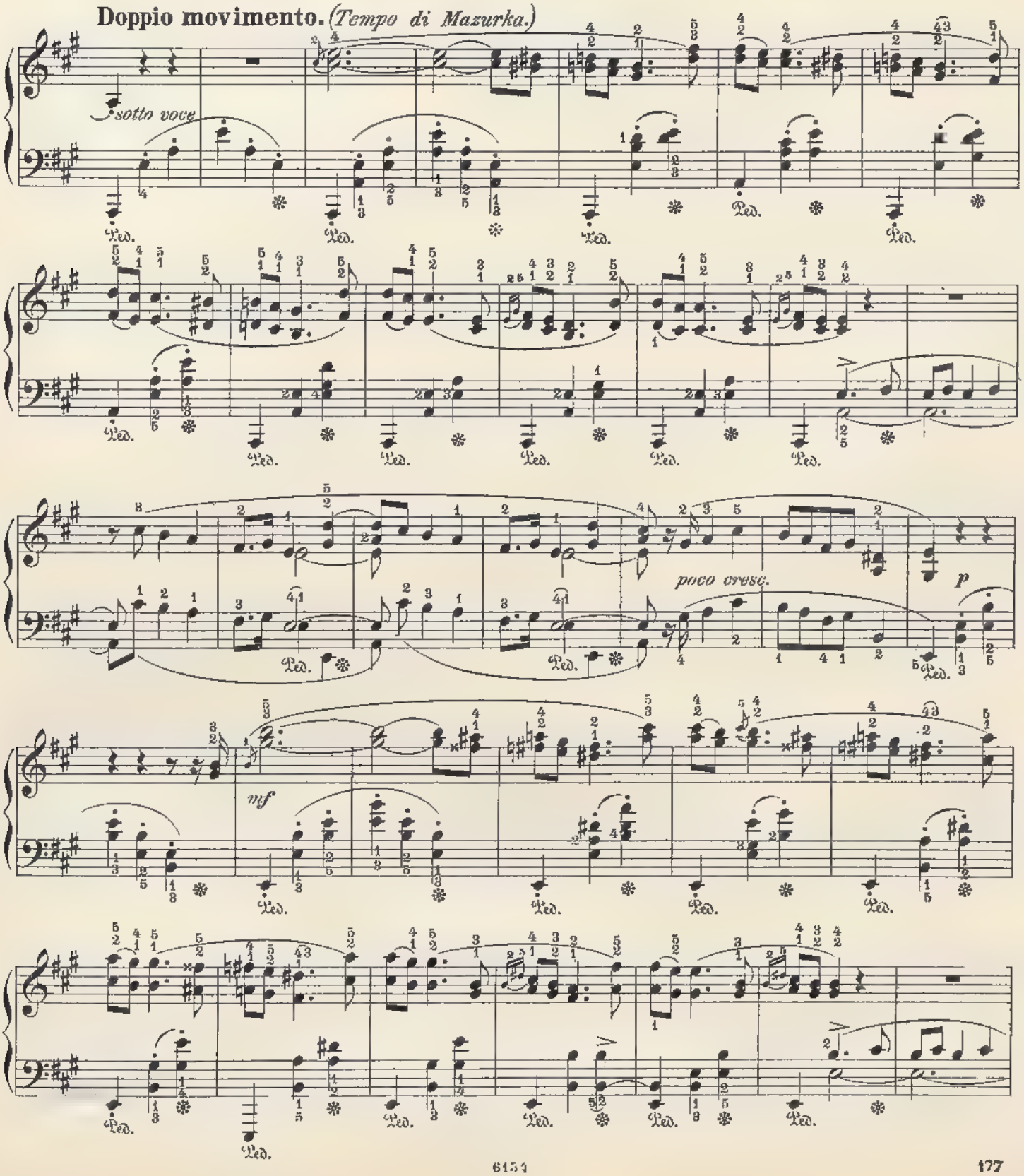

f
Ped.
ff
p
f

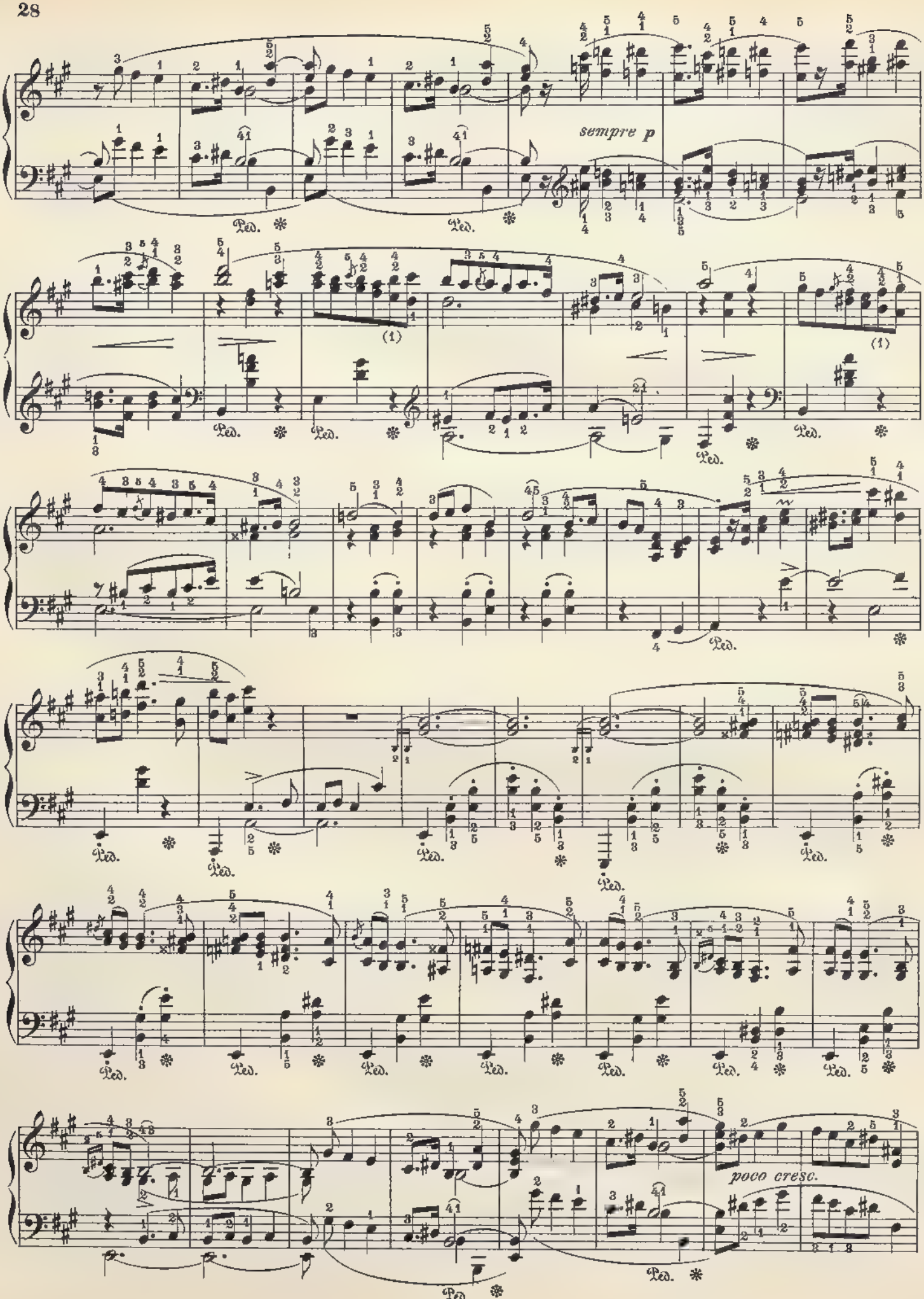

f
f
p
Ped.
f
poco rit.
a tempo
mf

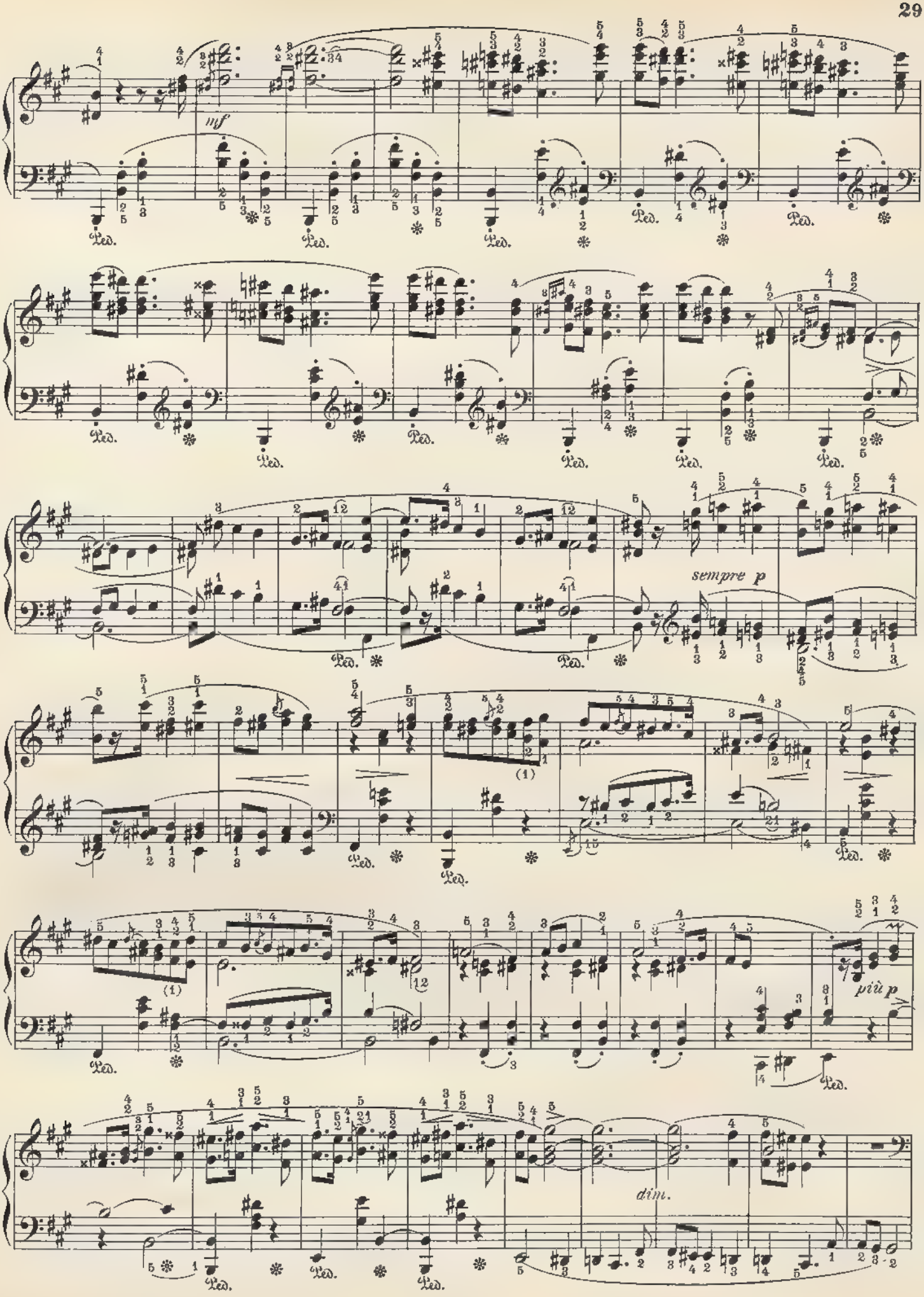

ff
poco a poco
dimi -
- nuendo -

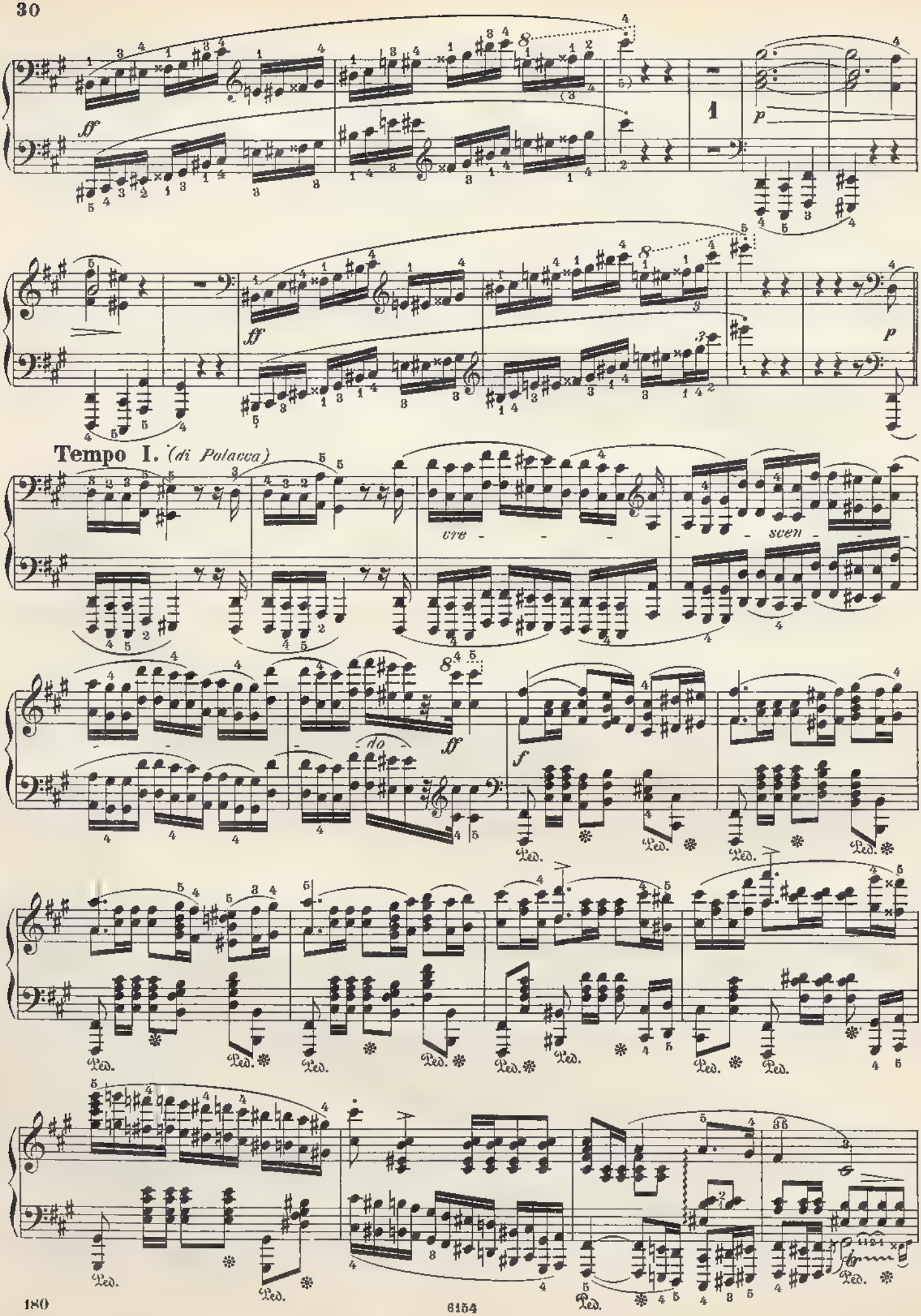


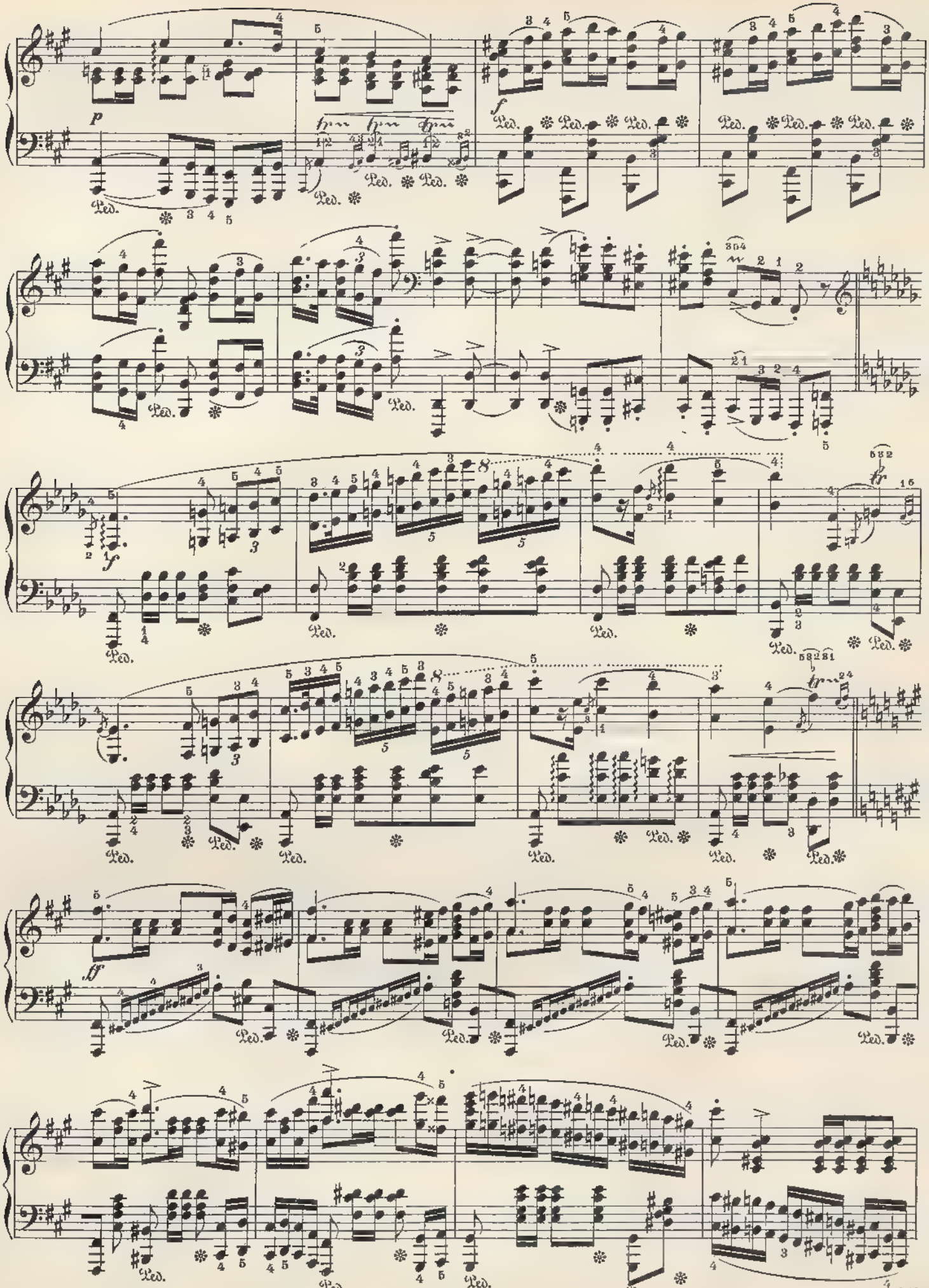

**Doppio movimento.** *(Tempo di Mazurka.)*

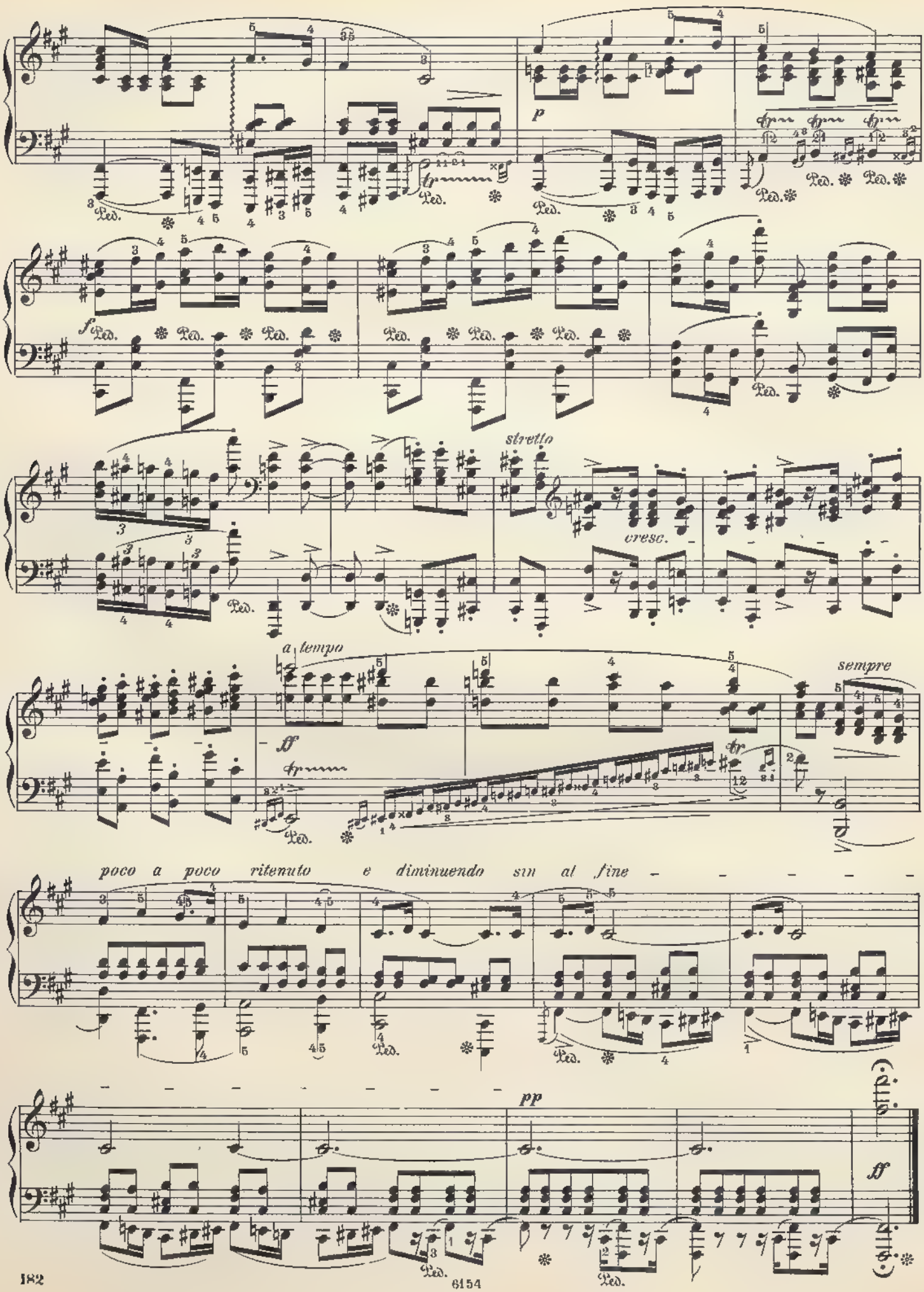


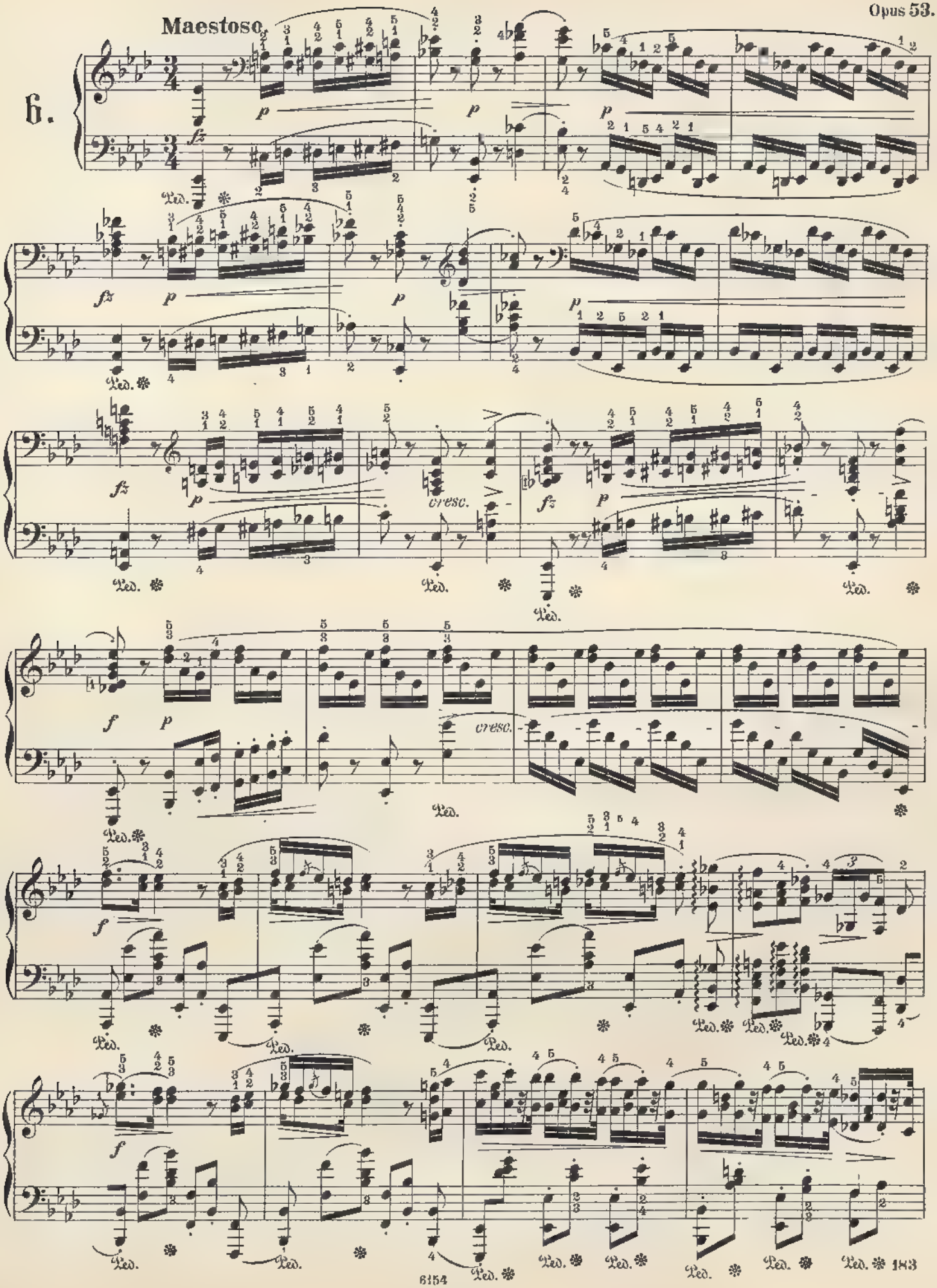

sempre p
poco cresc.
Ped.

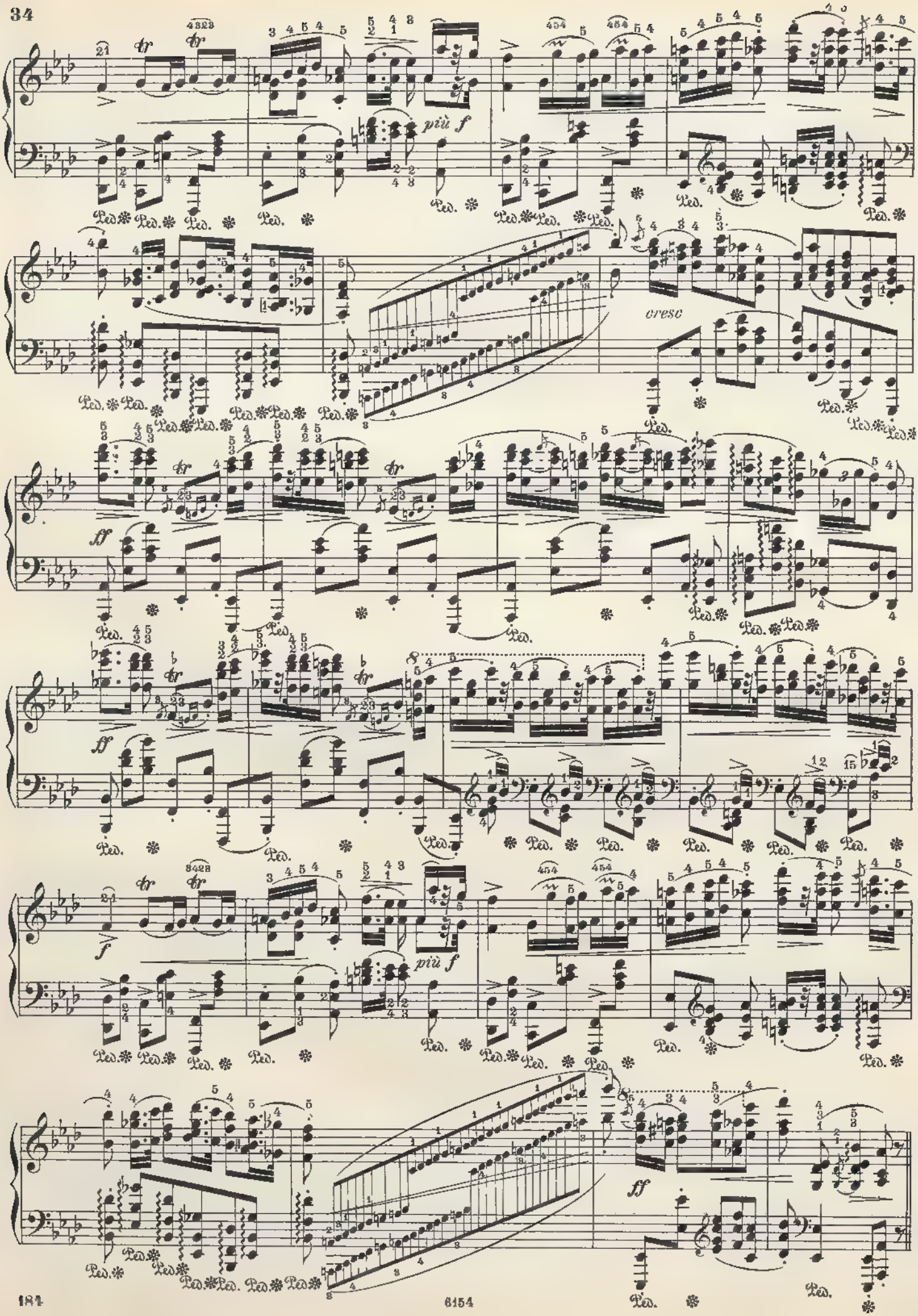

mf
sempre p
più p
dim.

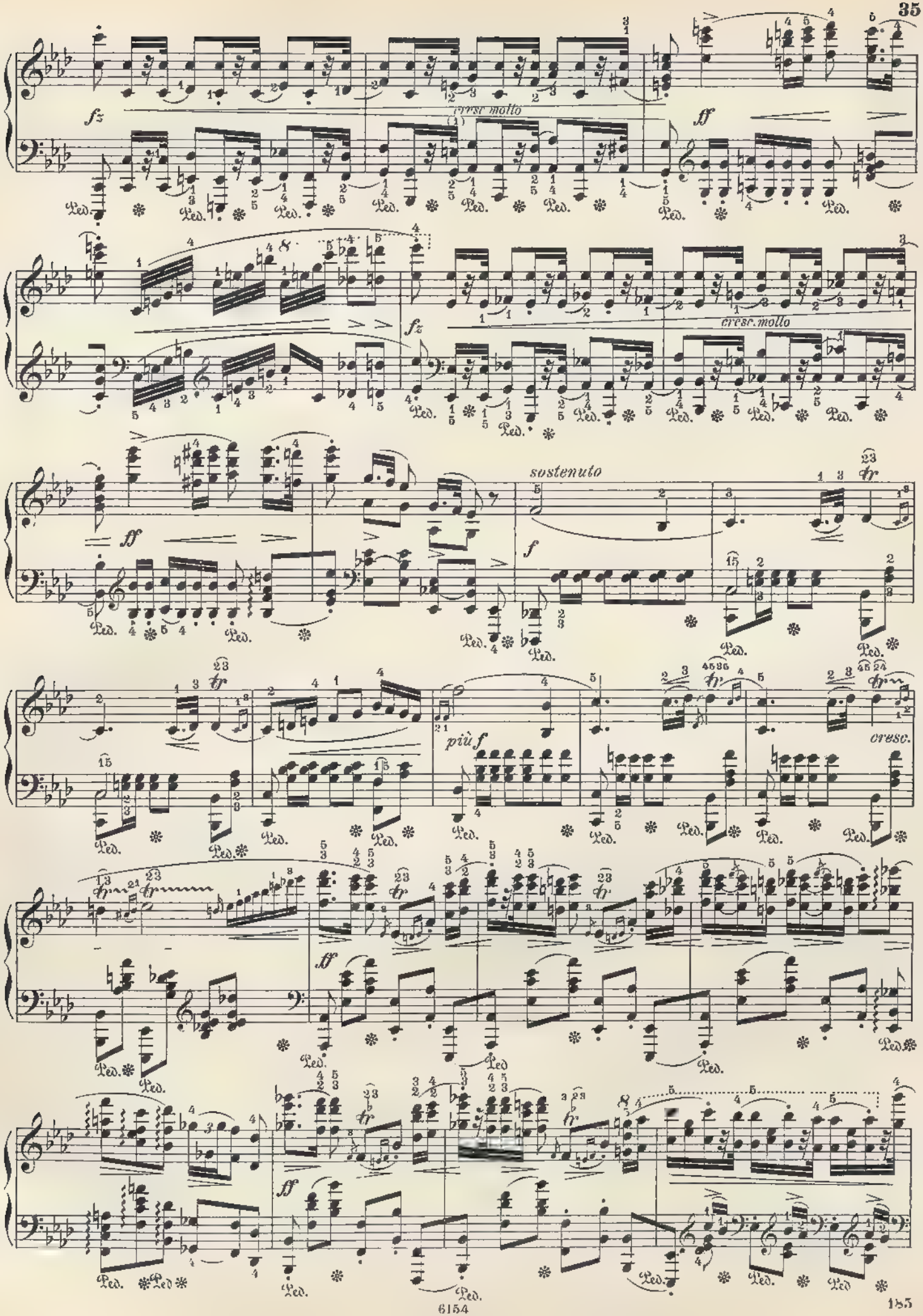

ff
1
p
ff
p
Tempo I. (di Polacca)
cre - - - - - - sce - - - - - -
ff
do
f
Ped.

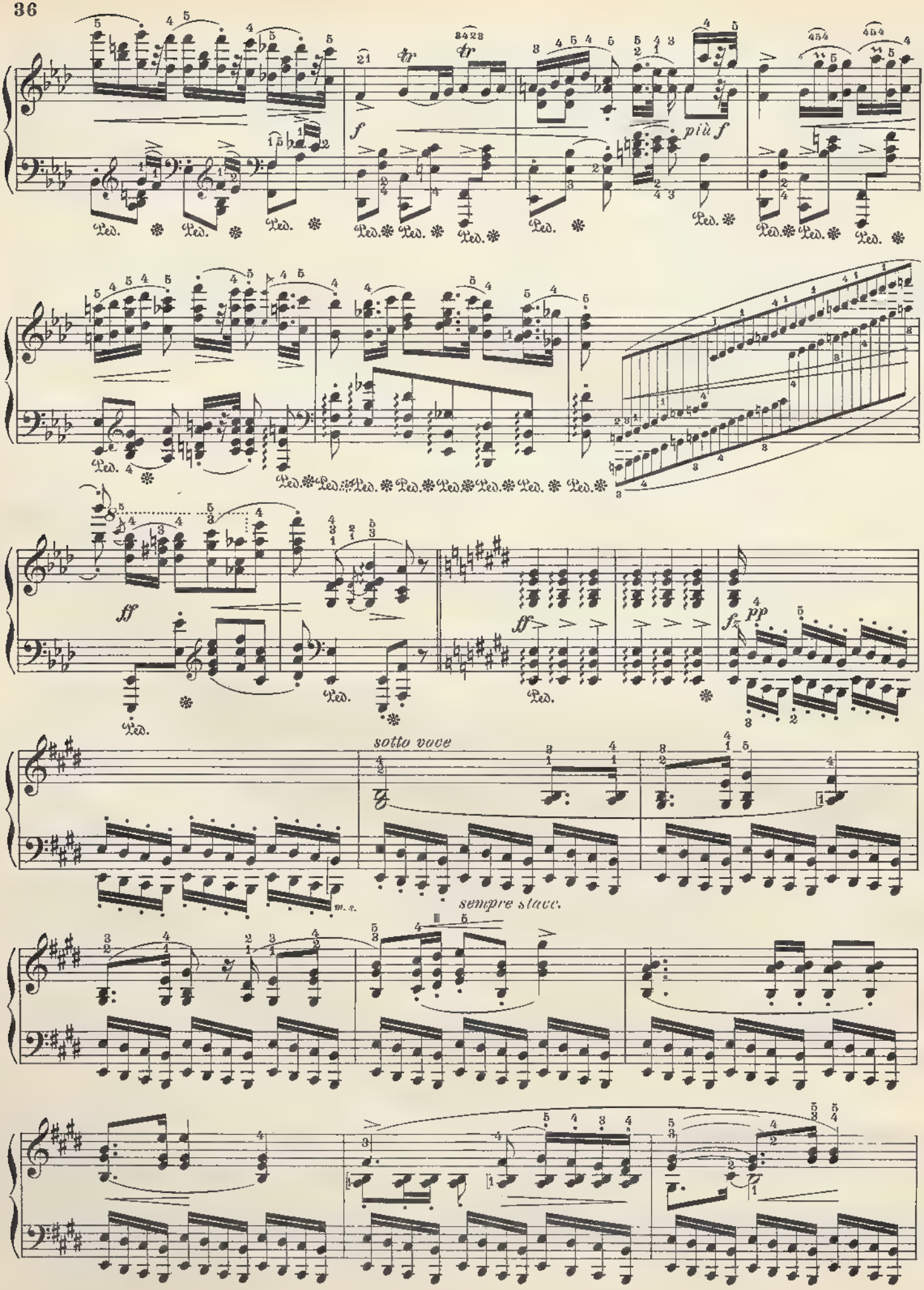


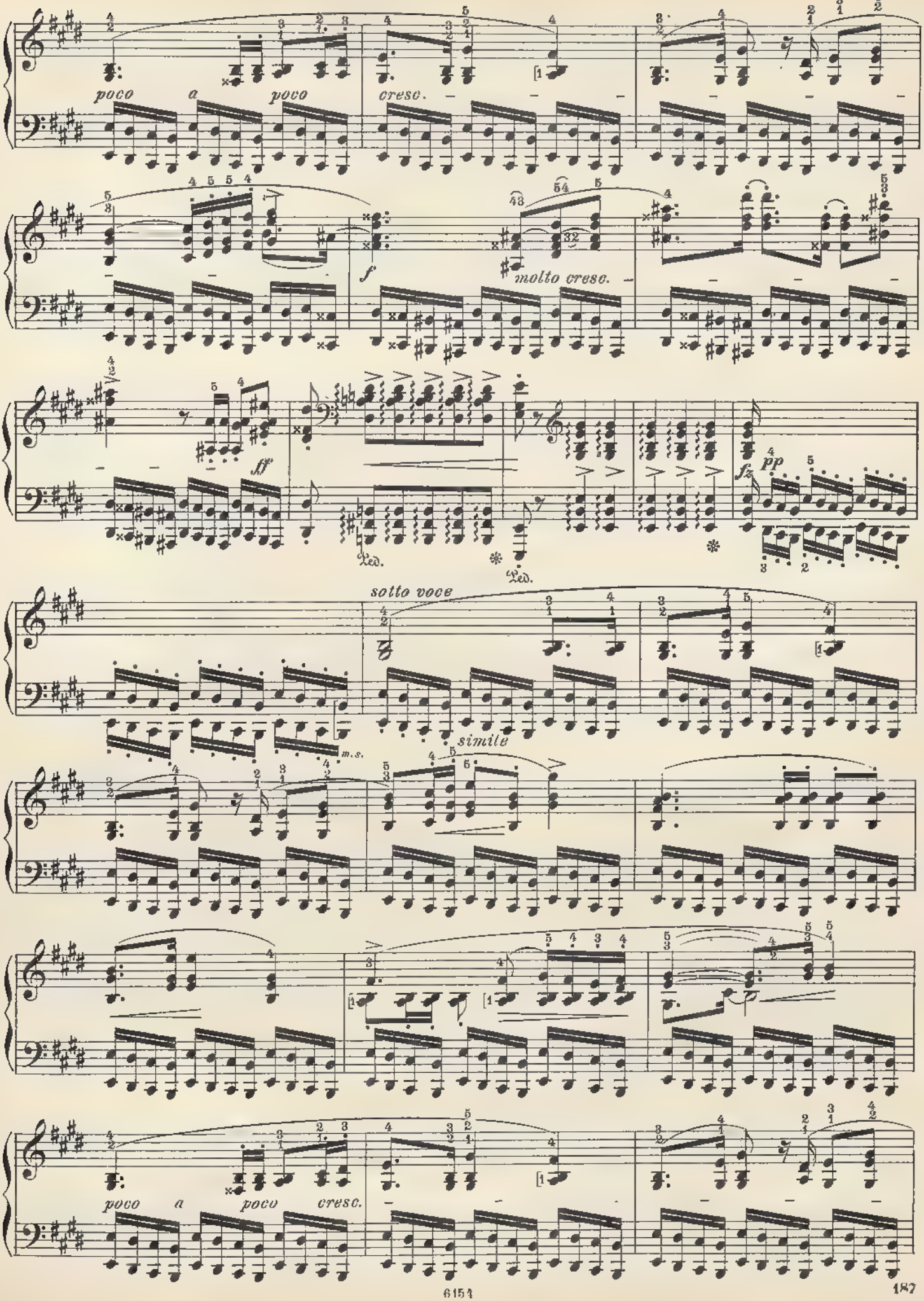

p
Ped.
f
stretto
cresc.
a tempo
ff
sempre
poco a poco ritenuto e diminuendo sin al fine
pp
ff

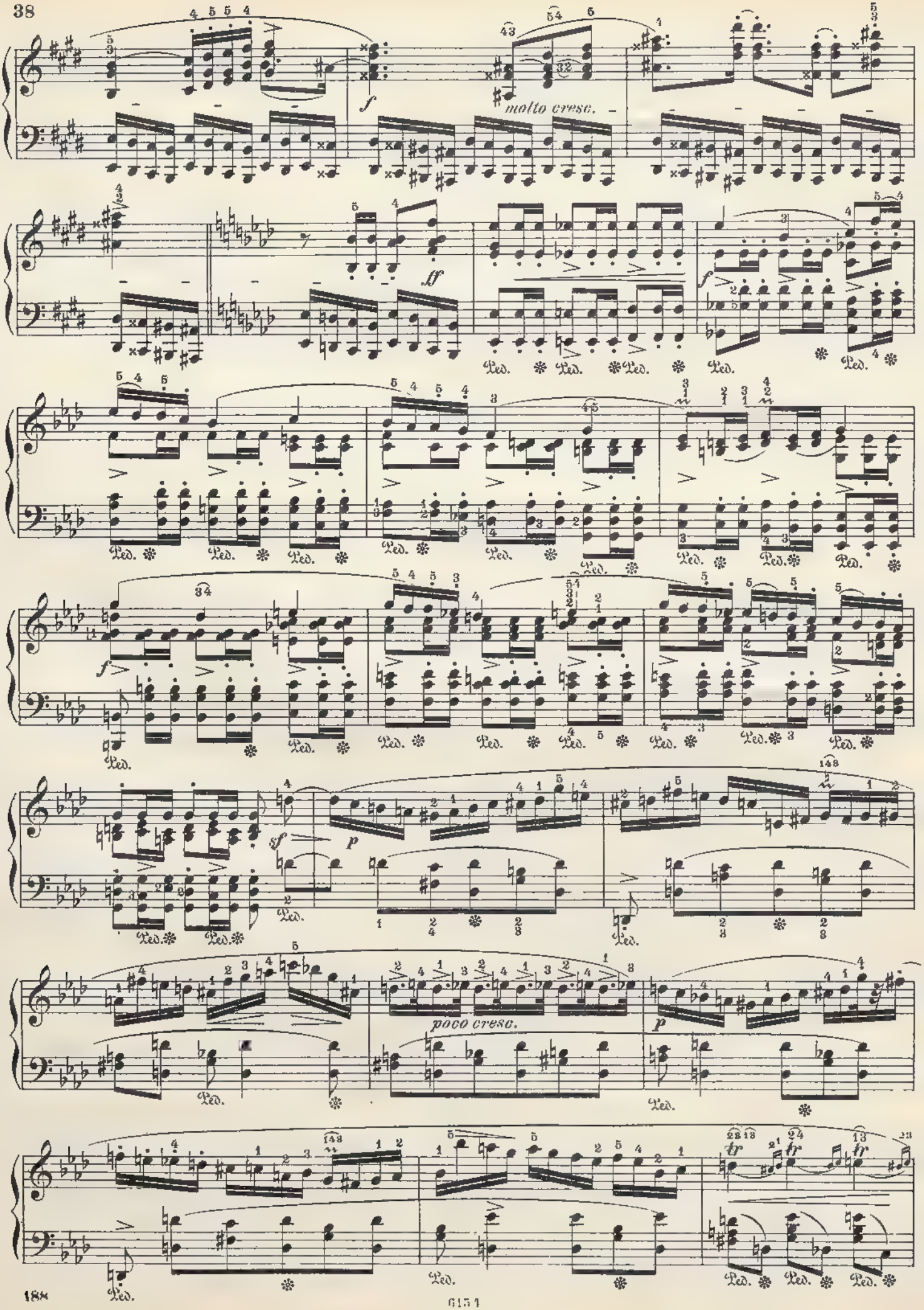

Maestoso.
6.
cresc.
cresc.

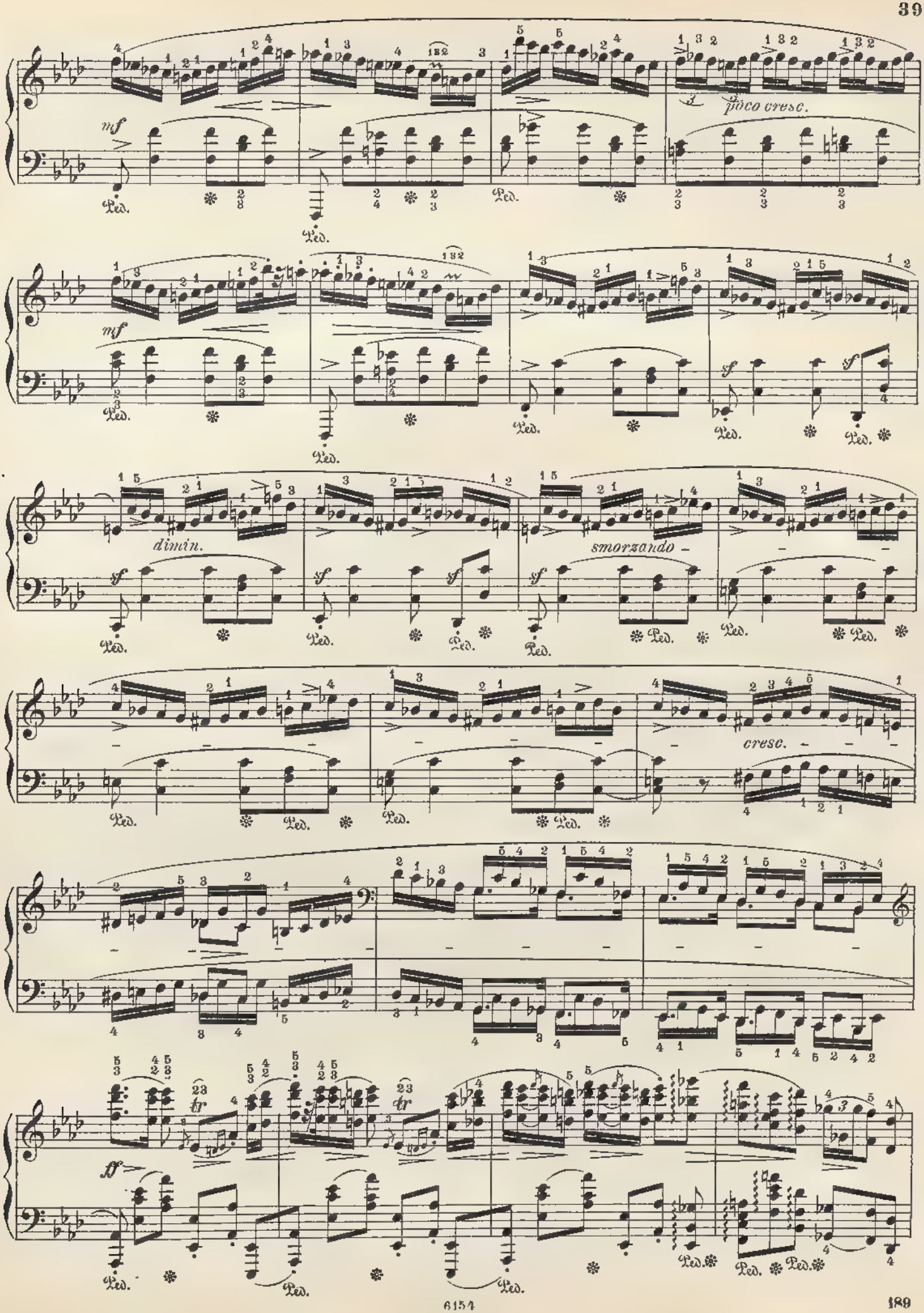

più f
cresc
ff
più f
ff

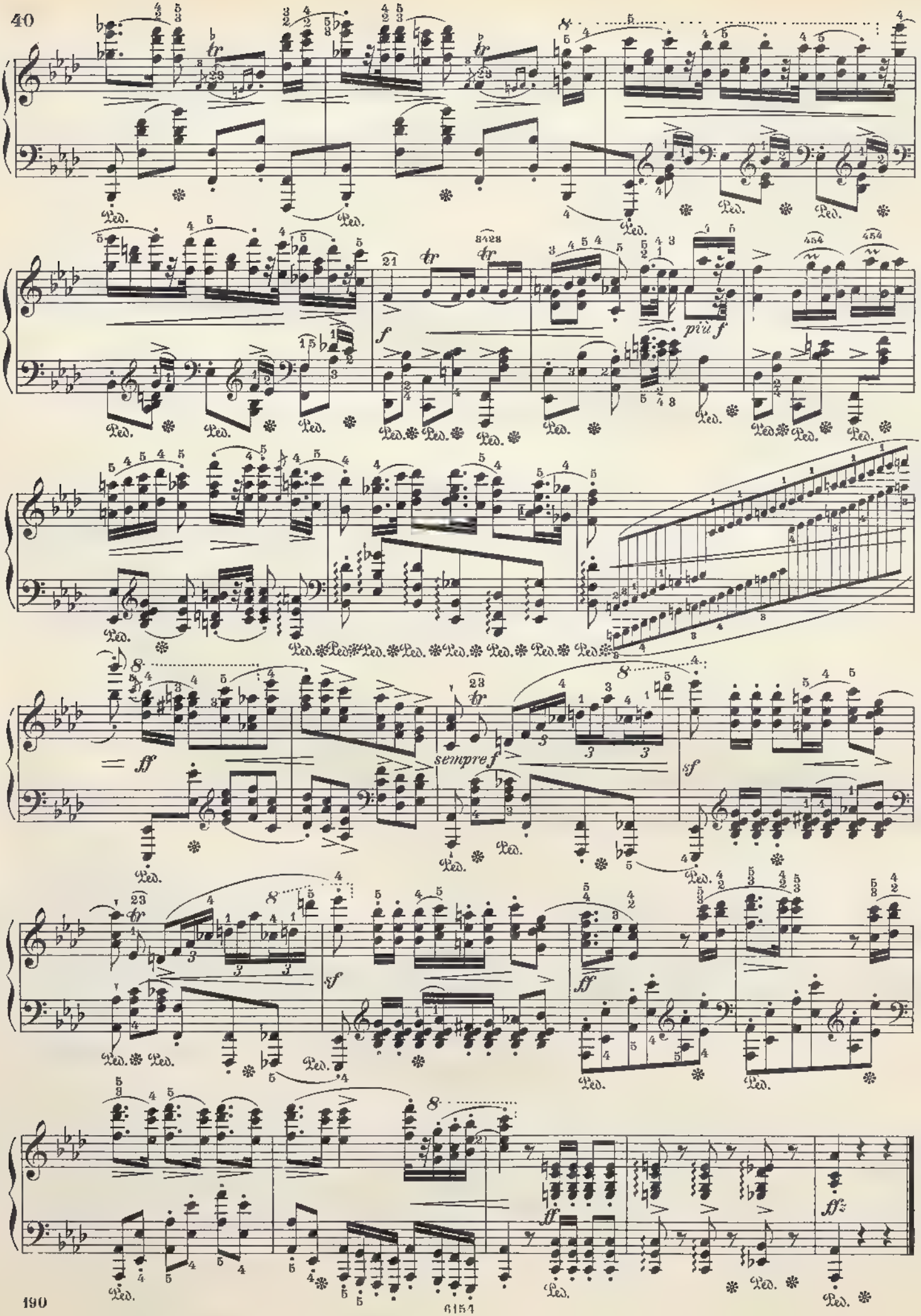

fz
cresc. molto
ff
fz
cresc. molto
ff
sostenuto
f
più f
cresc.
ff
ff


f
più f
ff
pp
sotto voce
sempre stacc.


poco a poco cresc.
f
molto cresc.
ff
Ped.
Ped.
sotto voce
m.s.
simile
fz
pp
poco a poco cresc.


molto cresc.
poco cresc.


mf
poco cresc.
mf
dimin.
smorzando
cresc.
ff
tr
tr

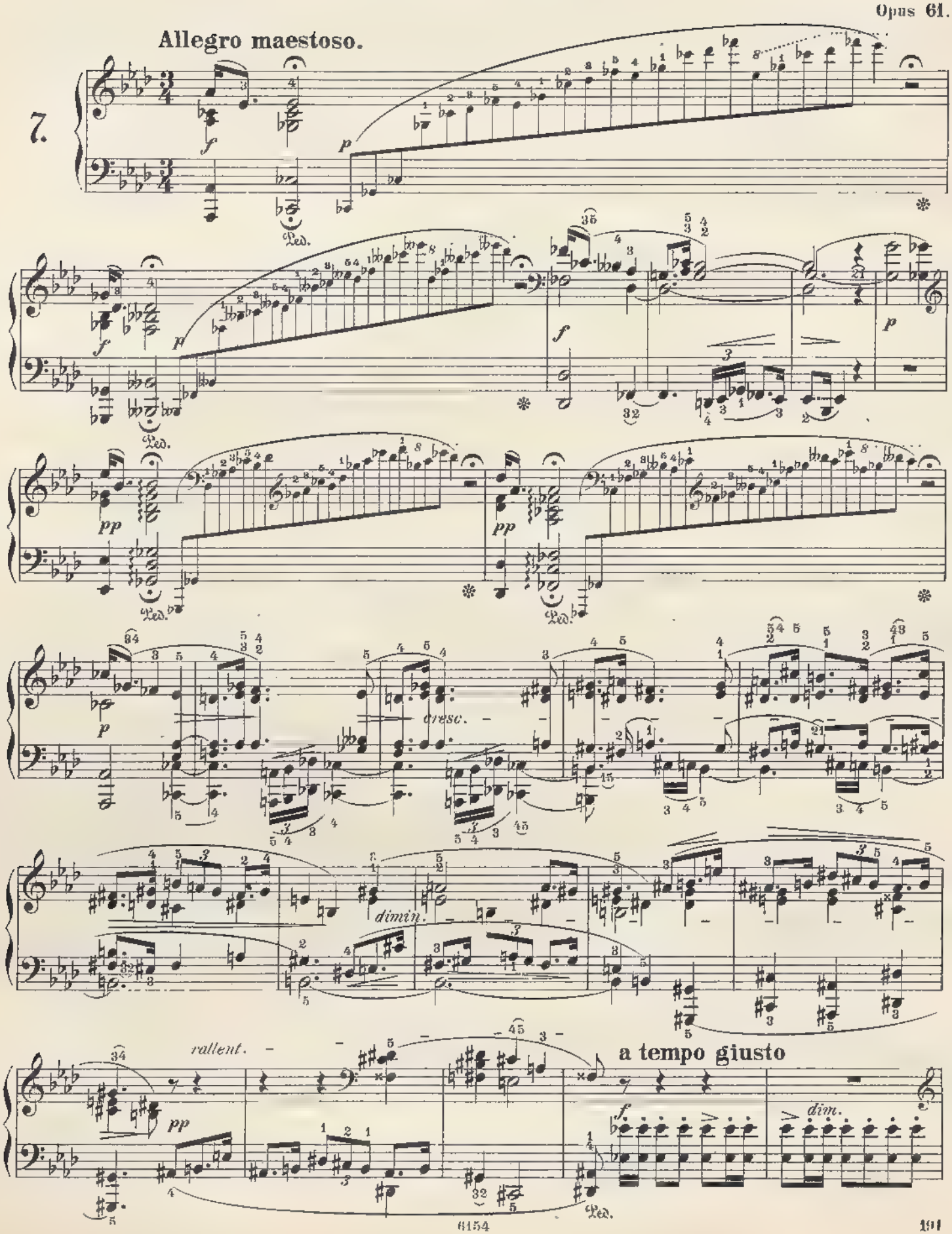

40
tr
Ped.
f
più f
ff
sempre f
sf
ff
ffz

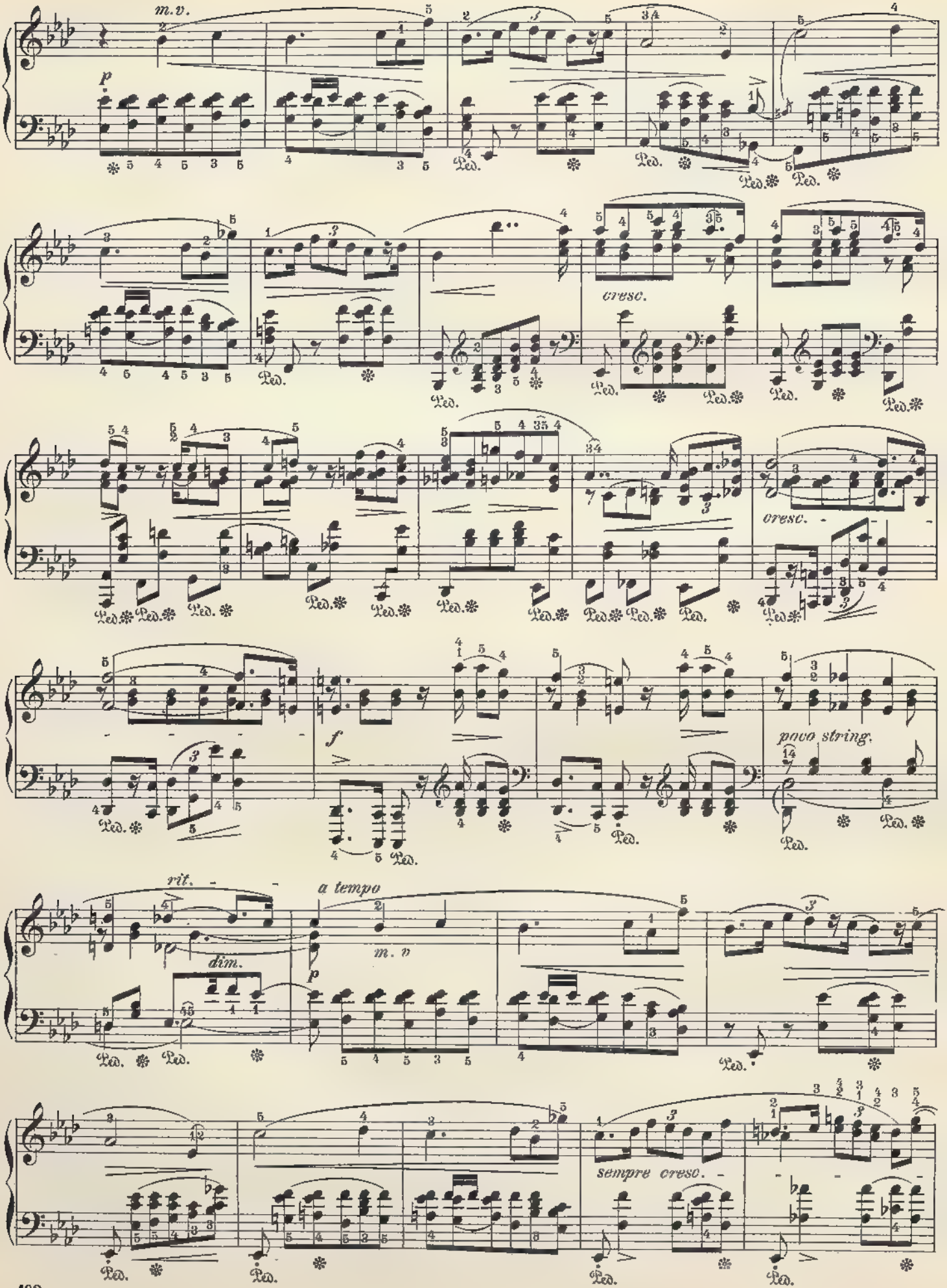
# Polonaise-Fantaisie.

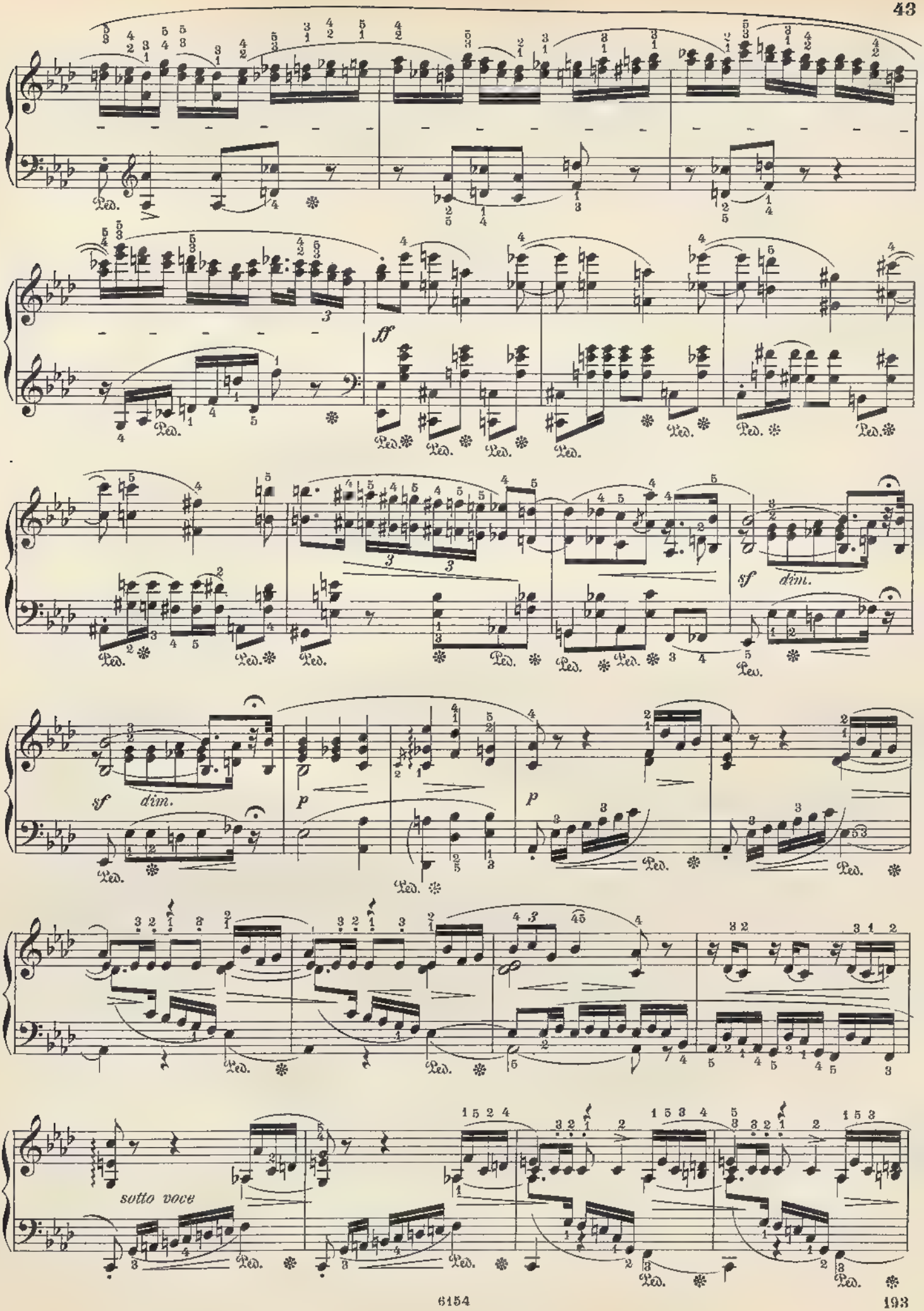
Opus 61.

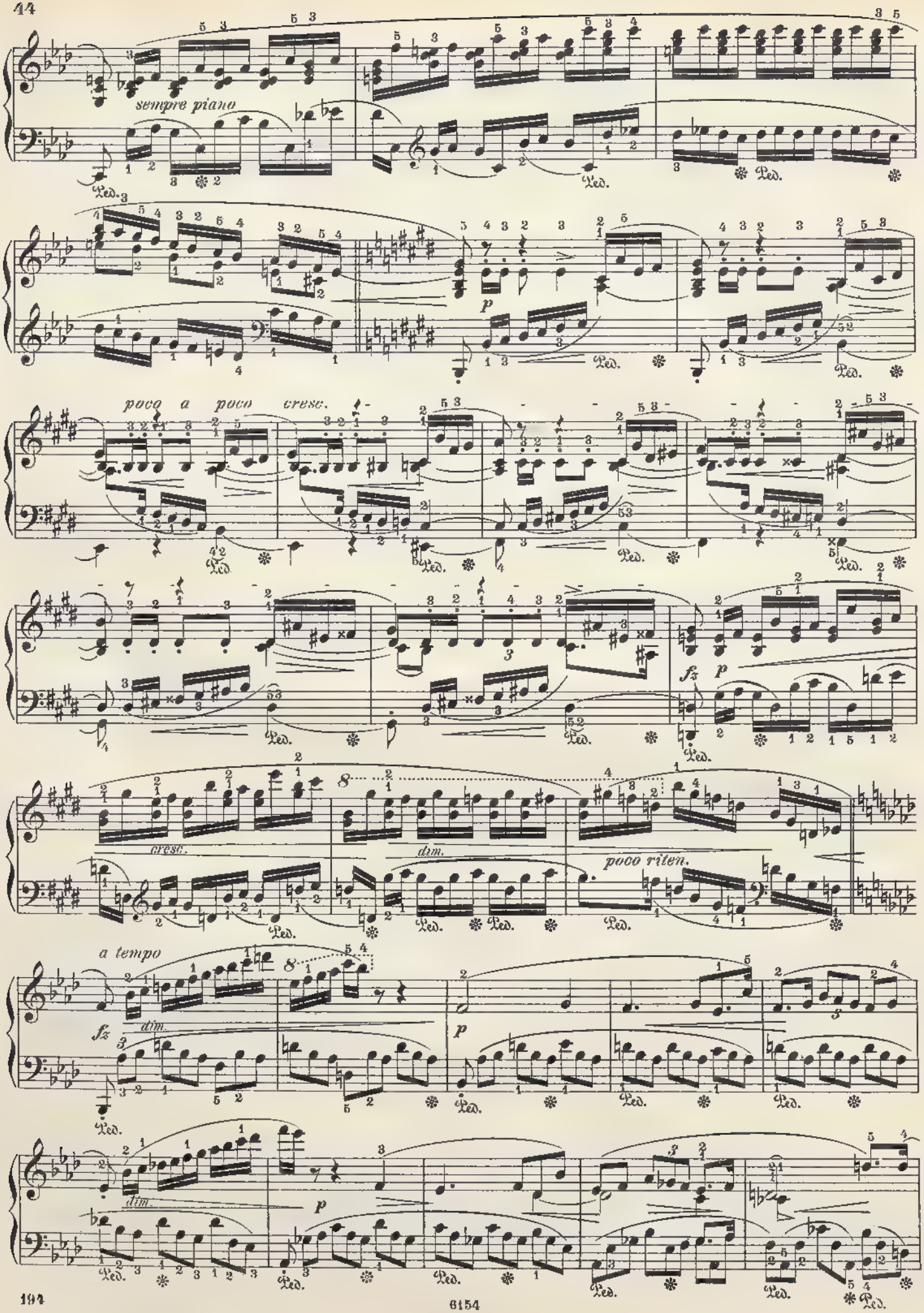
## Allegro maestoso.

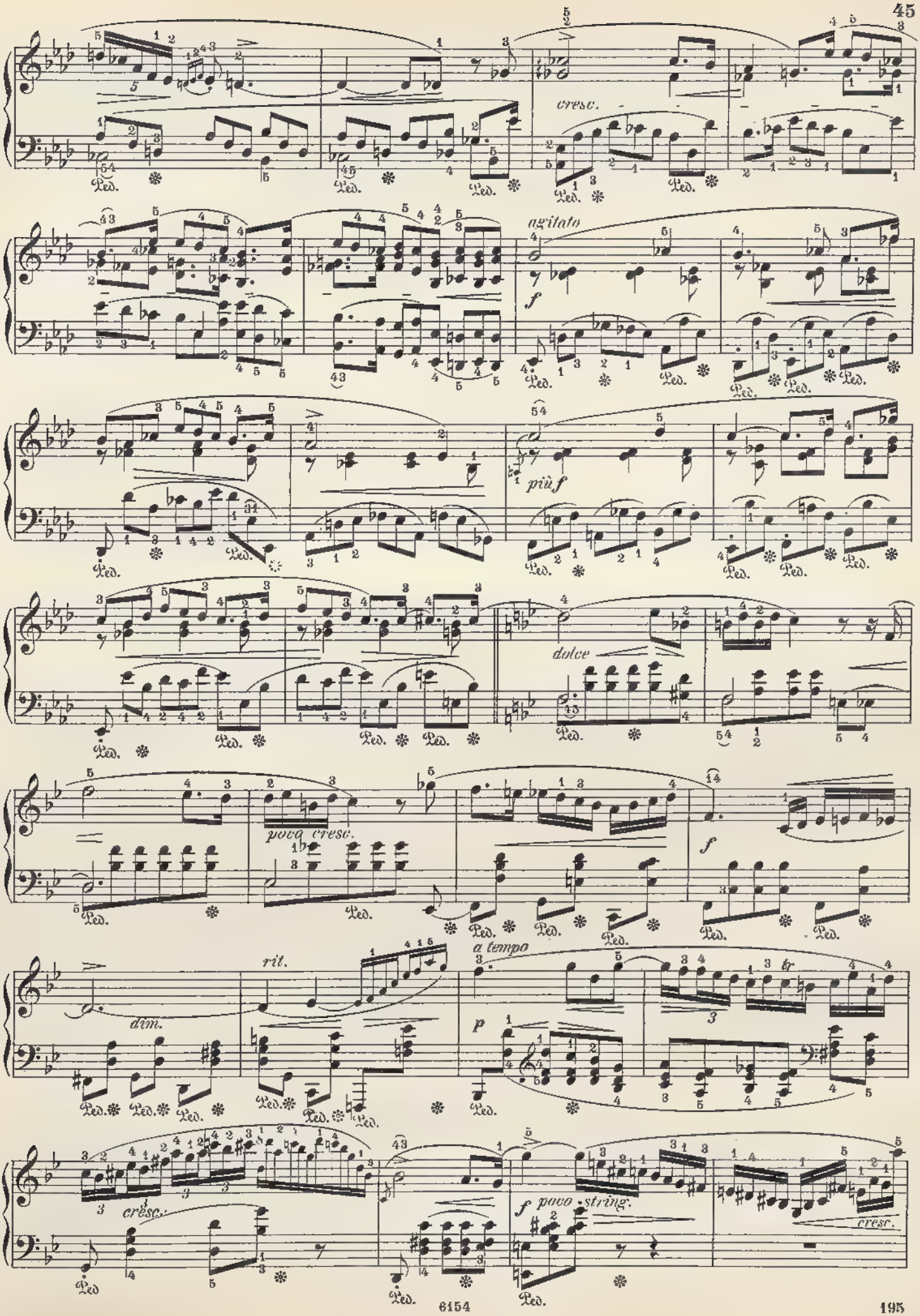
7.

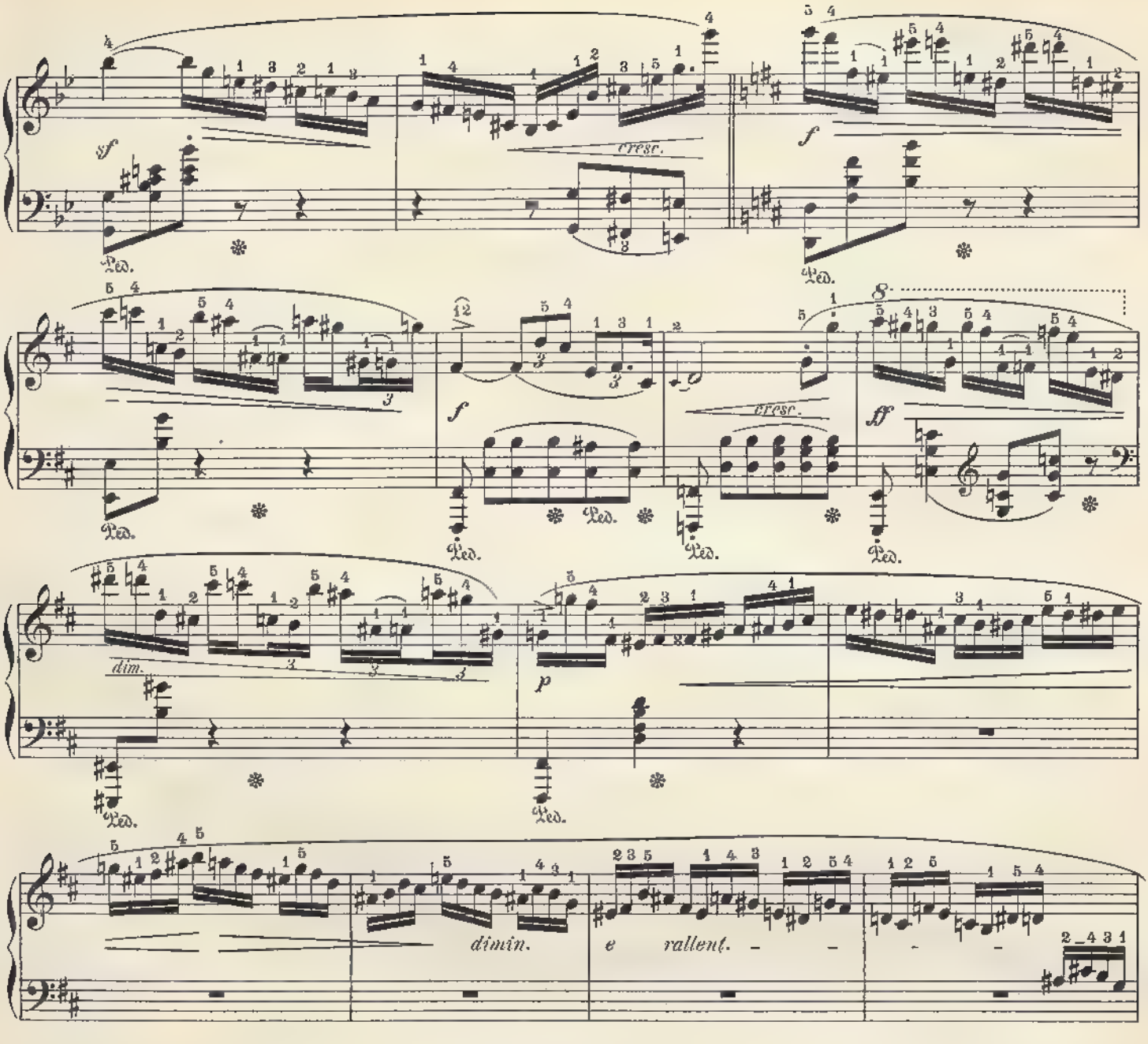



m.v.
p
Ped.
cresc.
f
poco string.
rit.
dim.
a tempo
m. p
sempre cresc.

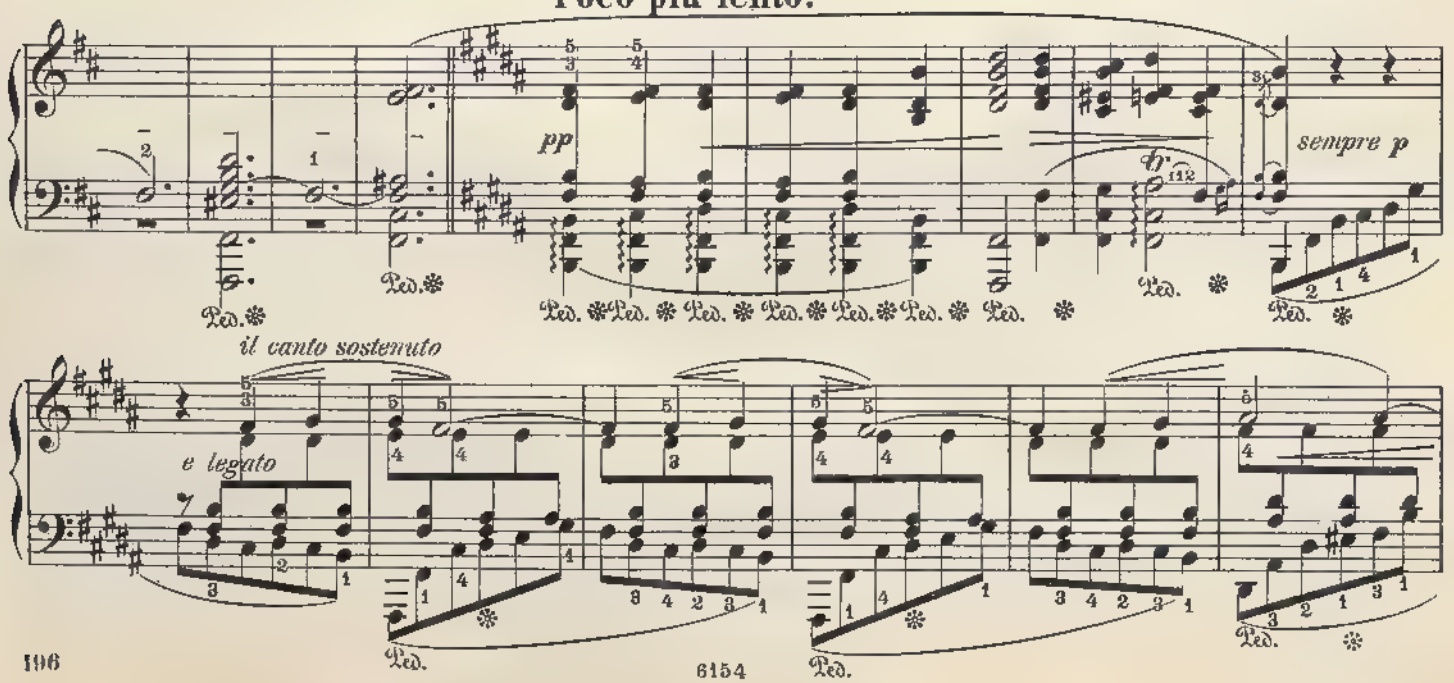

ff
sf
dim.
p
sf
dim.
sotto voce

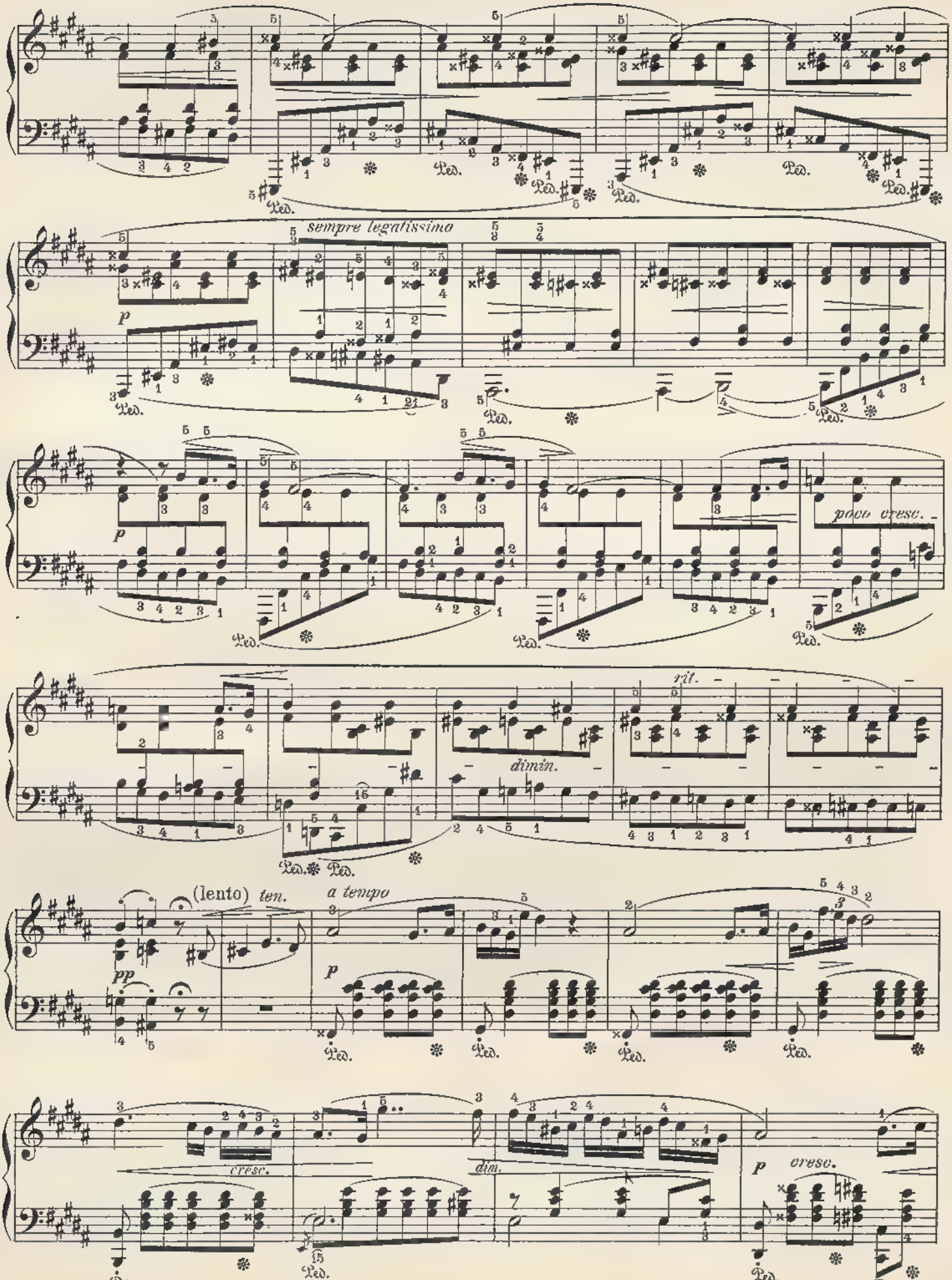

sempre piano
p
poco a poco cresc.
fz
p
cresc.
dim.
poco riten.
a tempo
fz
dim.
p
dim.
p

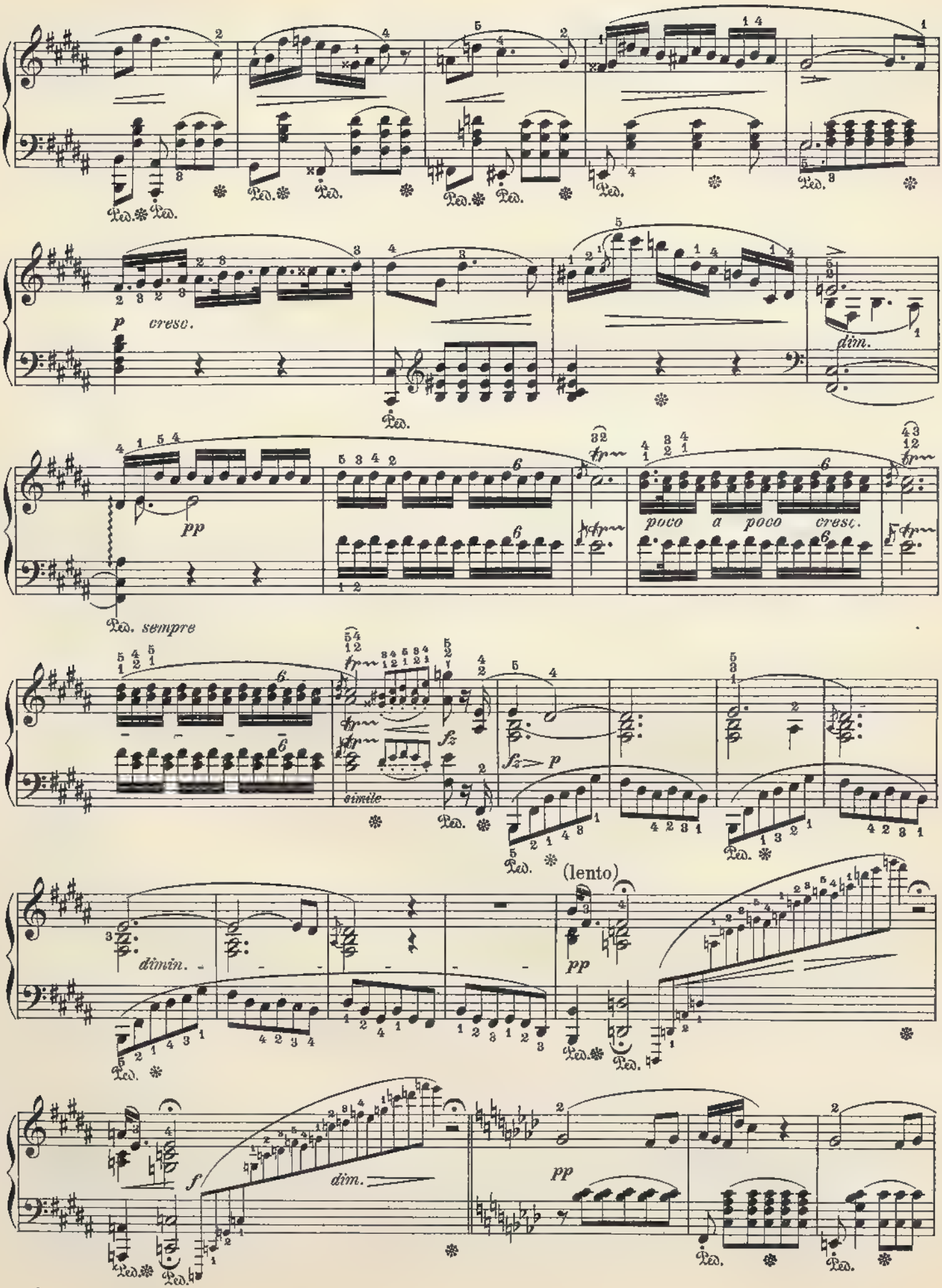

cresc.
agitato
f
più f
dolce
poco cresc.
f
dim.
rit.
a tempo
p
cresc.
f poco string.
cresc.

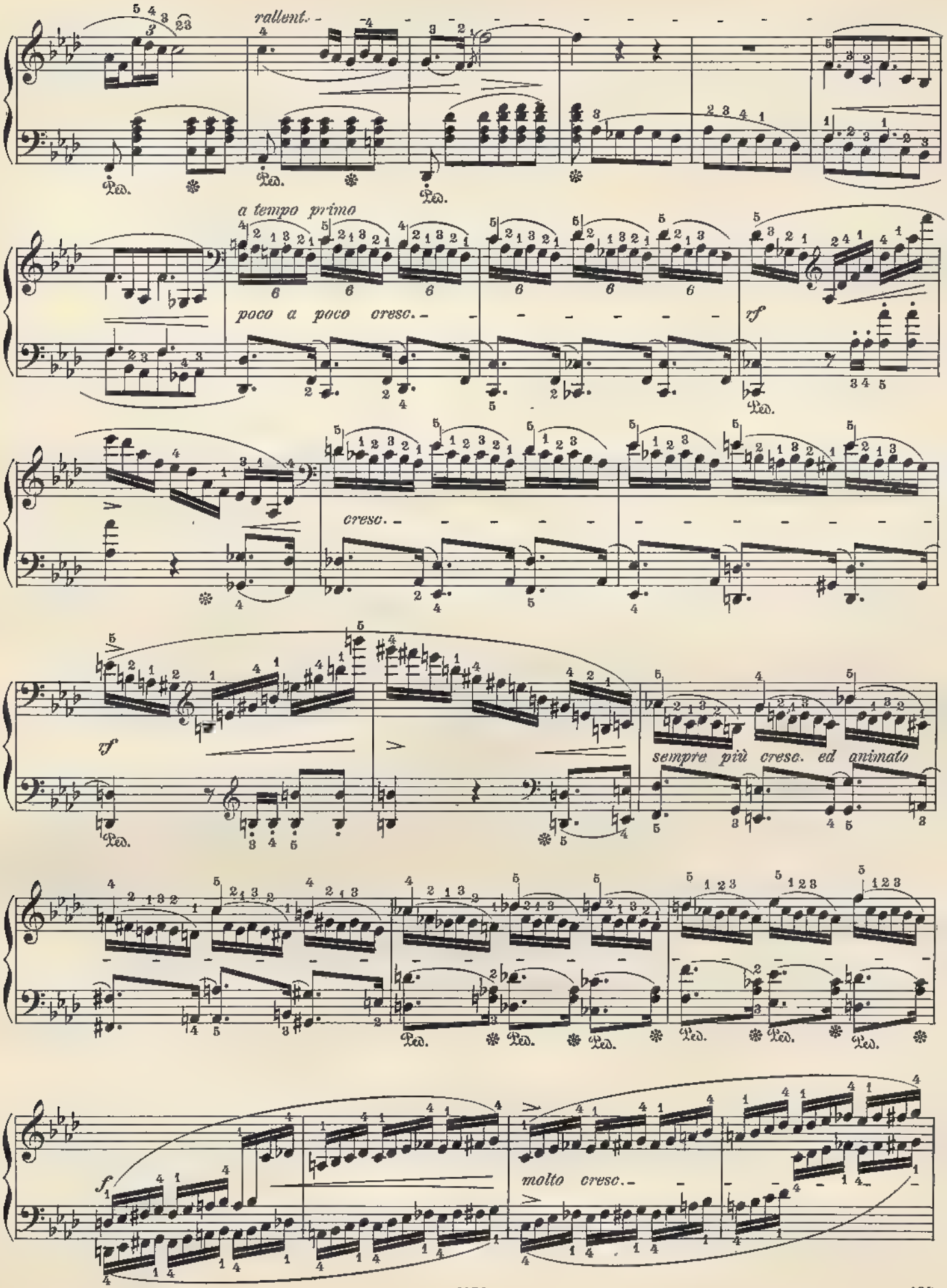


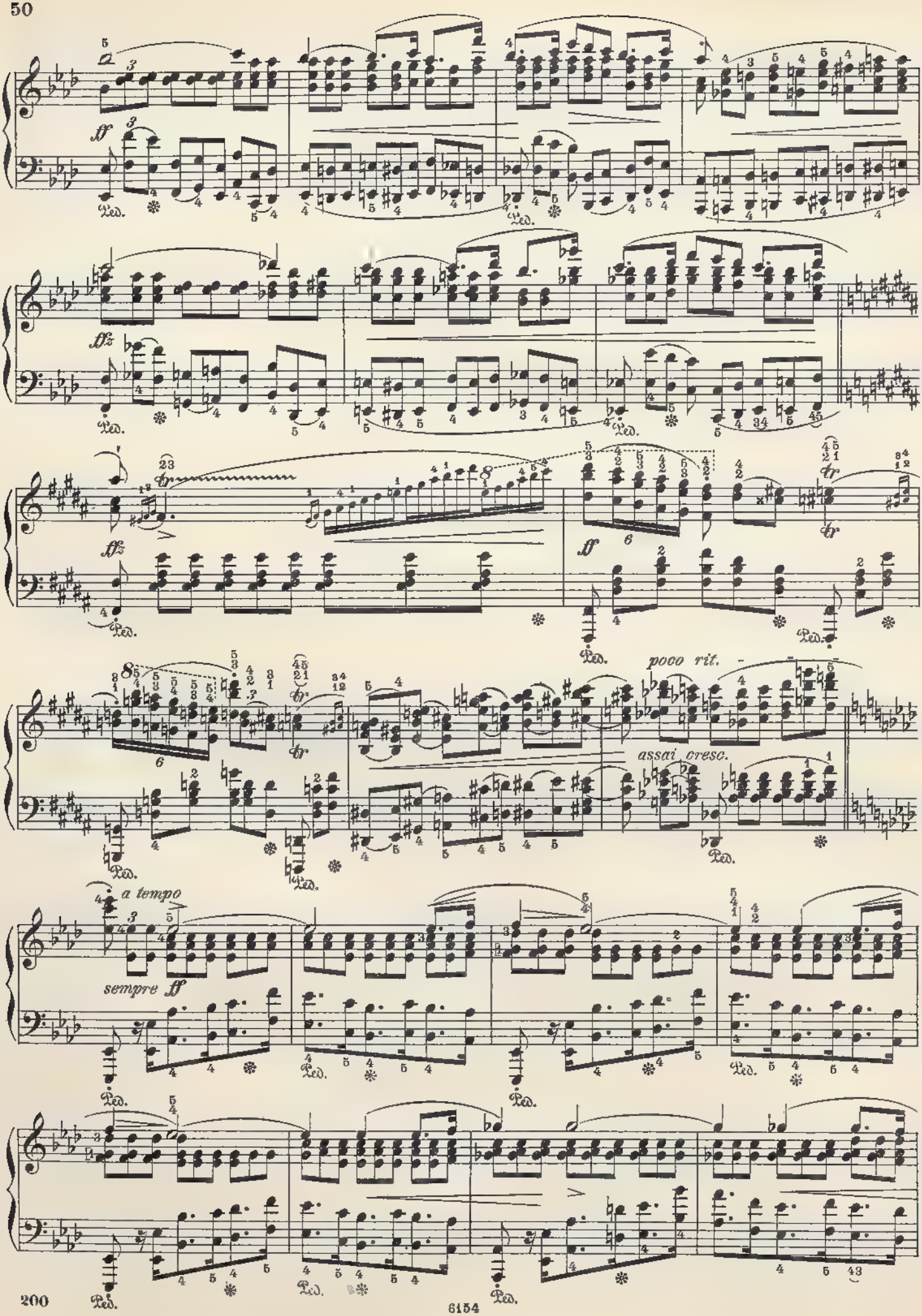

## Poco più lento.

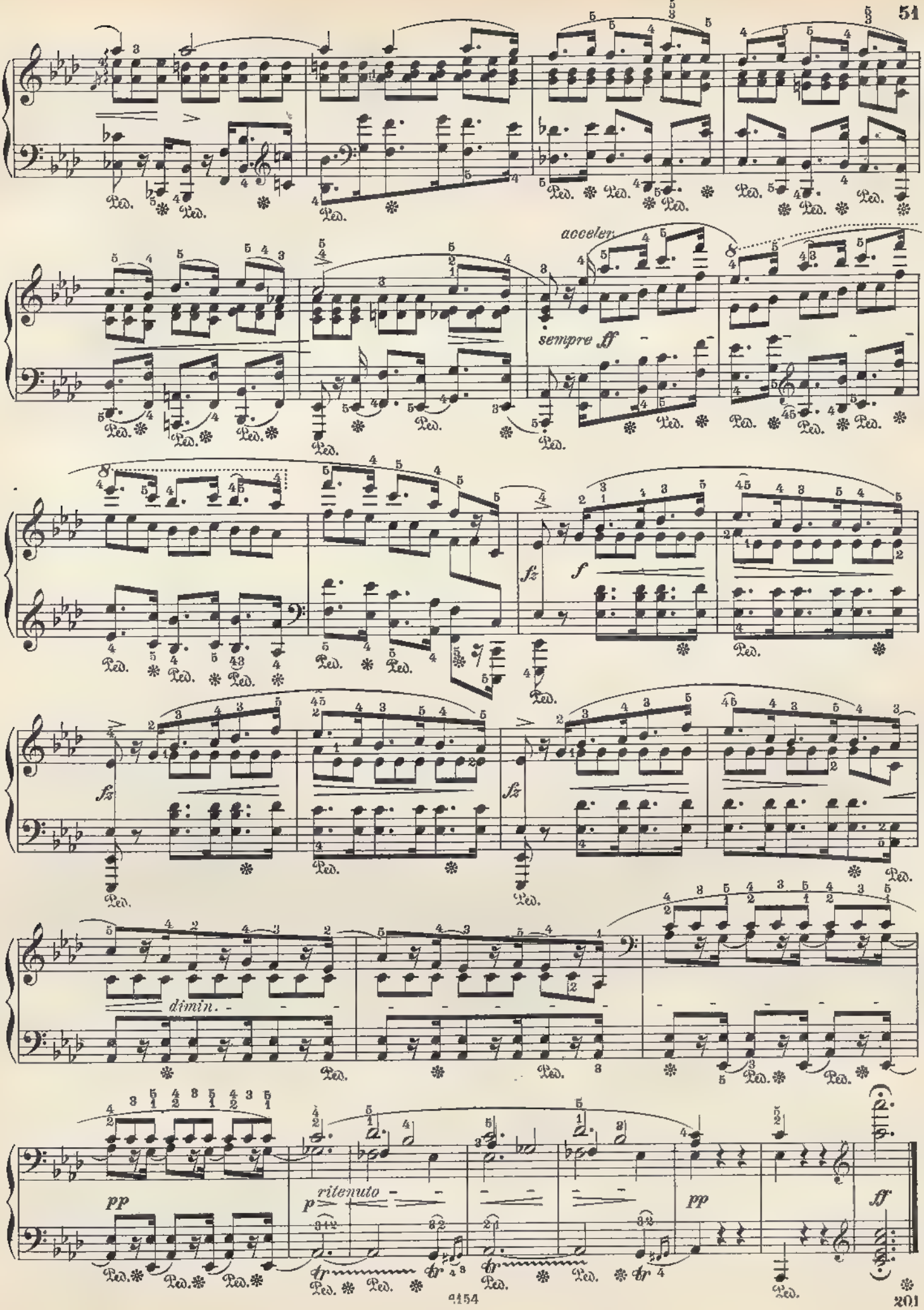



sempre legatissimo
poco cresc.
rit.
dimin.
(lento) ten.
a tempo
cresc.
dim.
p cresc.


Ped. sempre
poco a poco cresc.
simile
(lento)
dim.
pp
f
dim.
pp


rallent.
Ped.
a tempo primo
poco a poco cresc.
cresc.
sempre più cresc. ed animato
molto cresc.


ff
Ped.
ffz
tr
6
pooo rit.
assai cresc.
a tempo
sempre ff


acceler.
sempre ff
fz
f
dimin.
pp
ritenuto
p
pp
ff

Op. 71, № I.

## 8.

**Allegro maestoso.** (♩ = 84.)

*f*

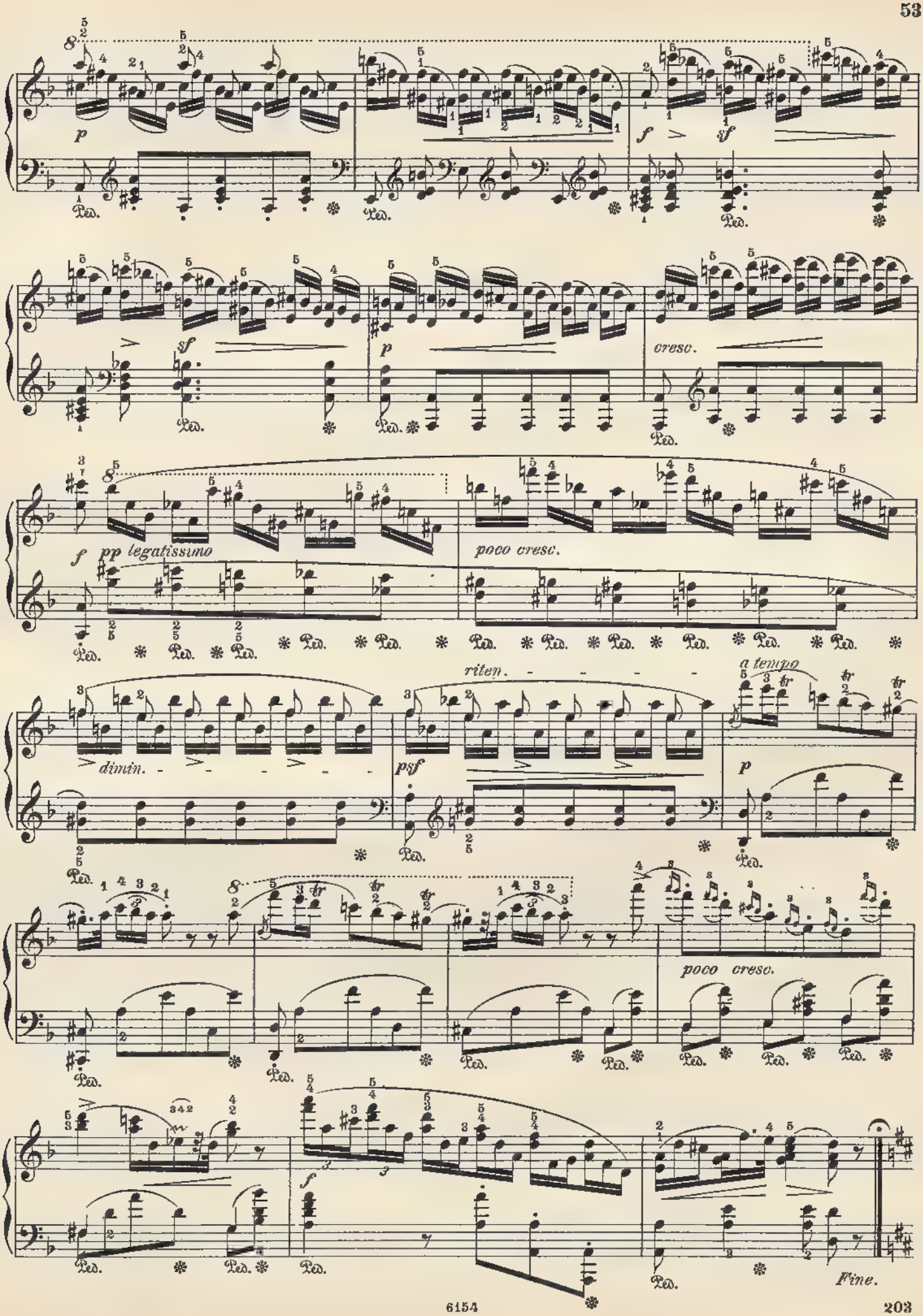
*rit.* *dim.* *a tempo* *p*

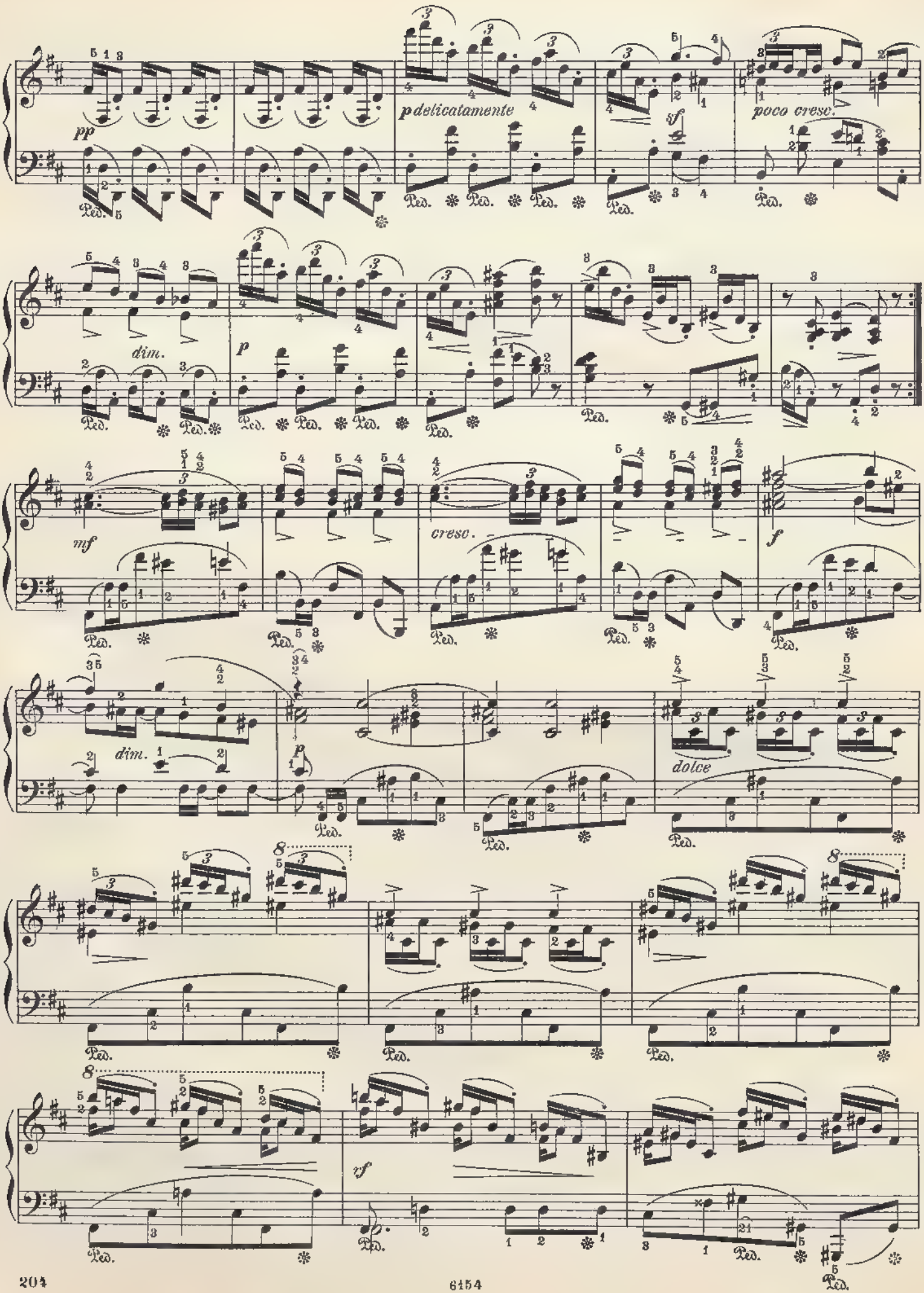
*poco cresc.*

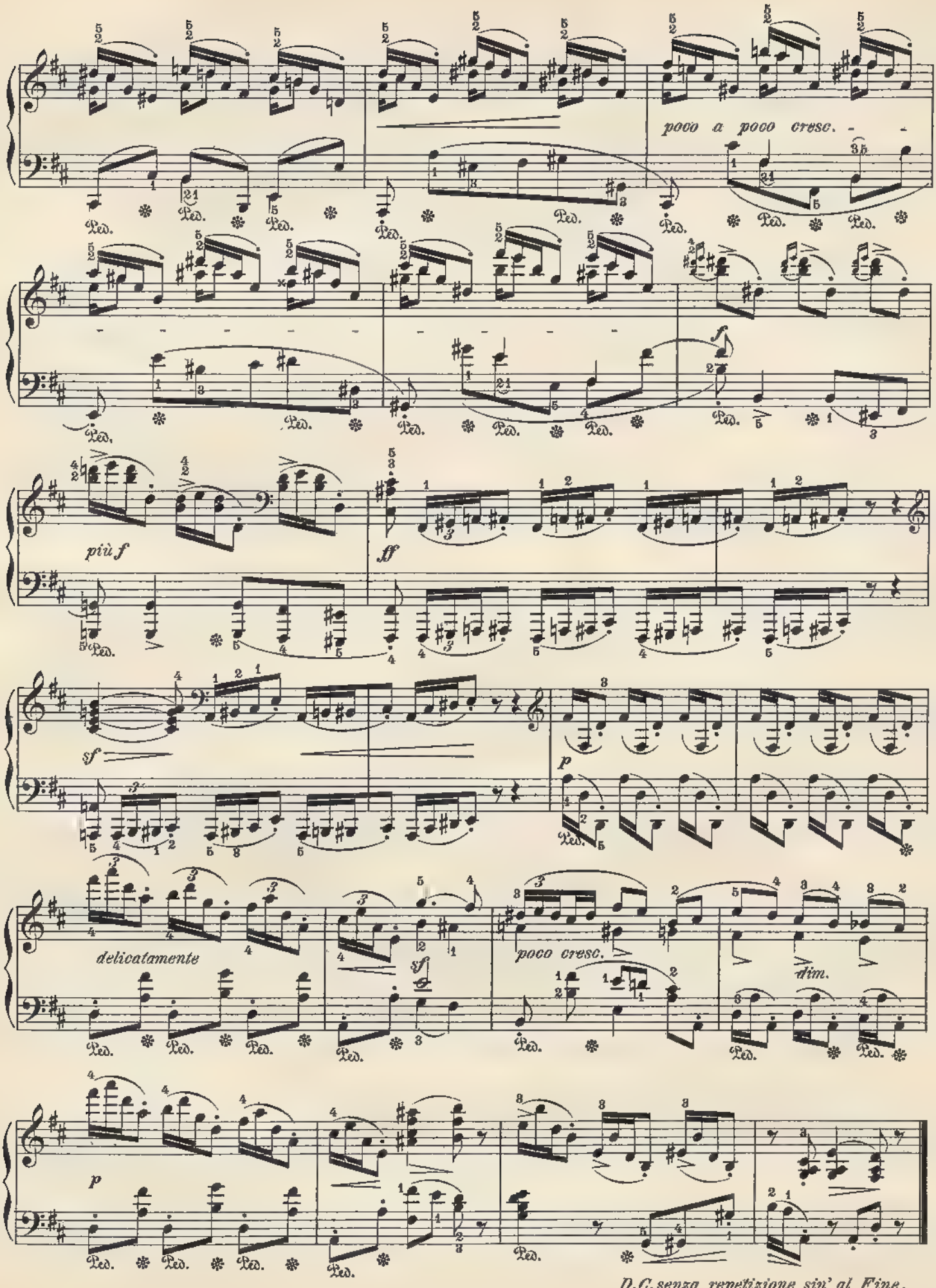
*brillante* *sf* *poco*

*a 3 poco* *sf* *cresc.*

*sempre f*

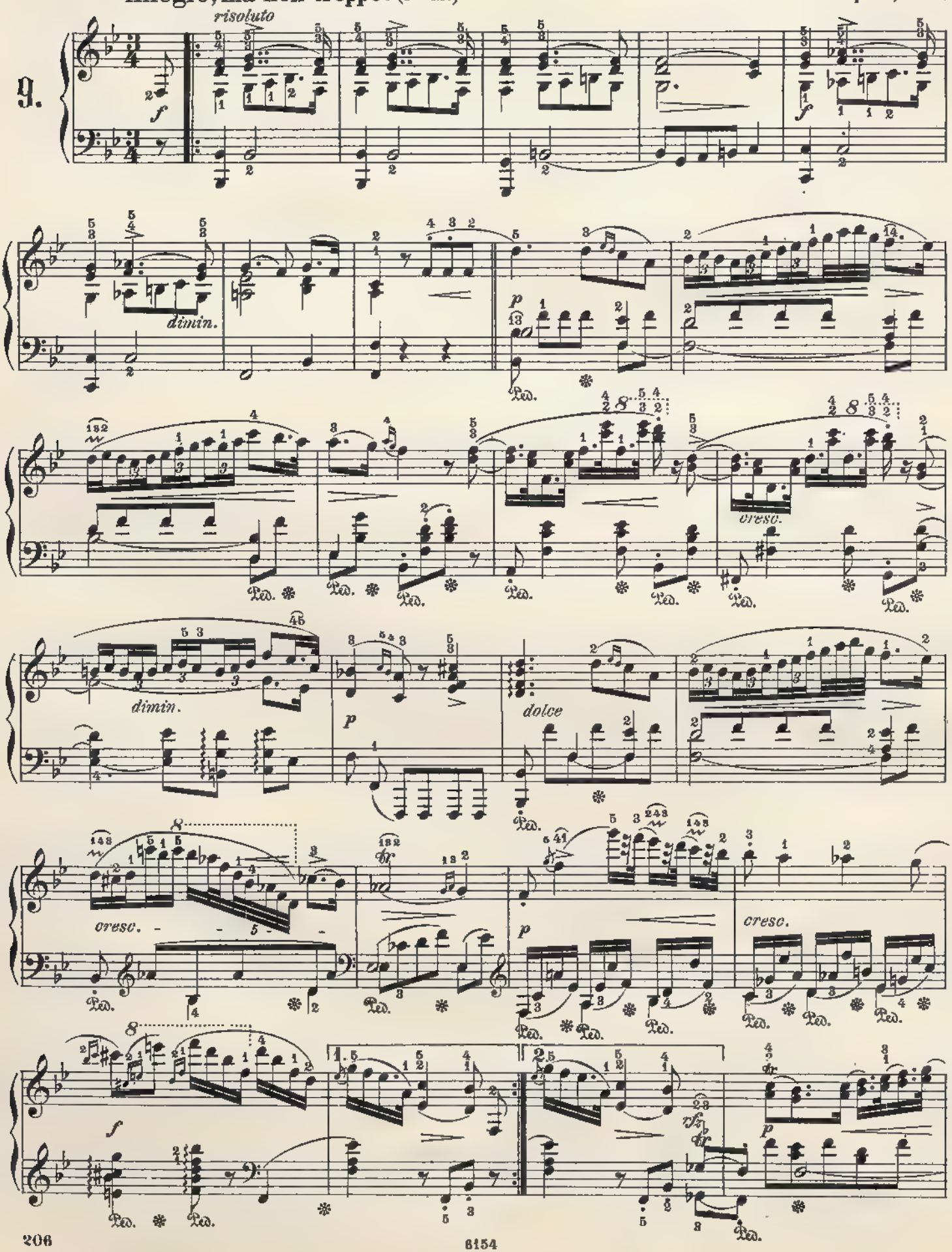

p
f
sf
sf
p
cresc.
f
pp legatissimo
poco cresc.
dimin.
riten.
psf
a tempo
p
poco cresc.
f
Fine.

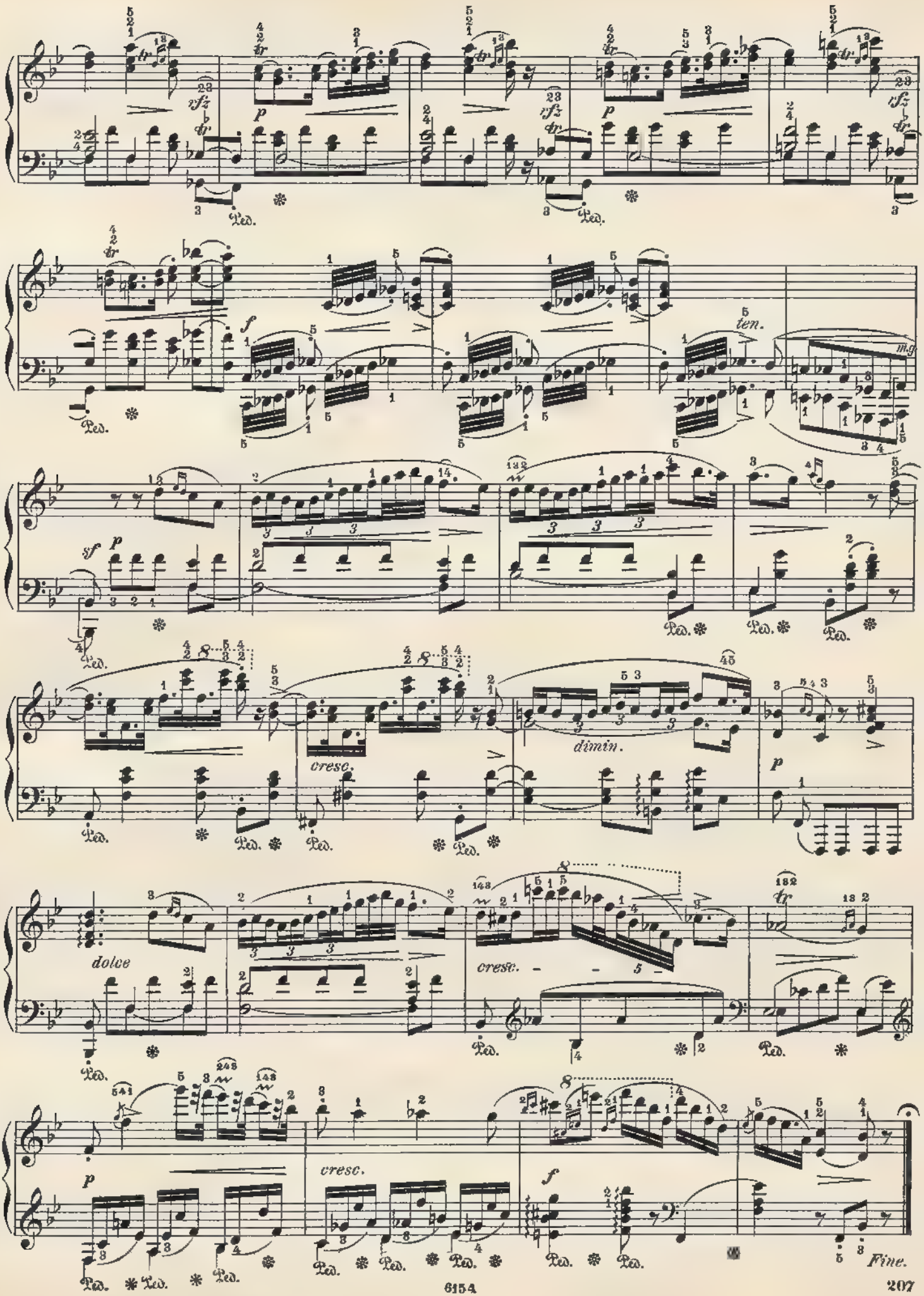

pp
pdelicatamente
sf
poco cresc.
dim.
p
mf
cresc.
f
dim.
p
dolce
rf
Ped.

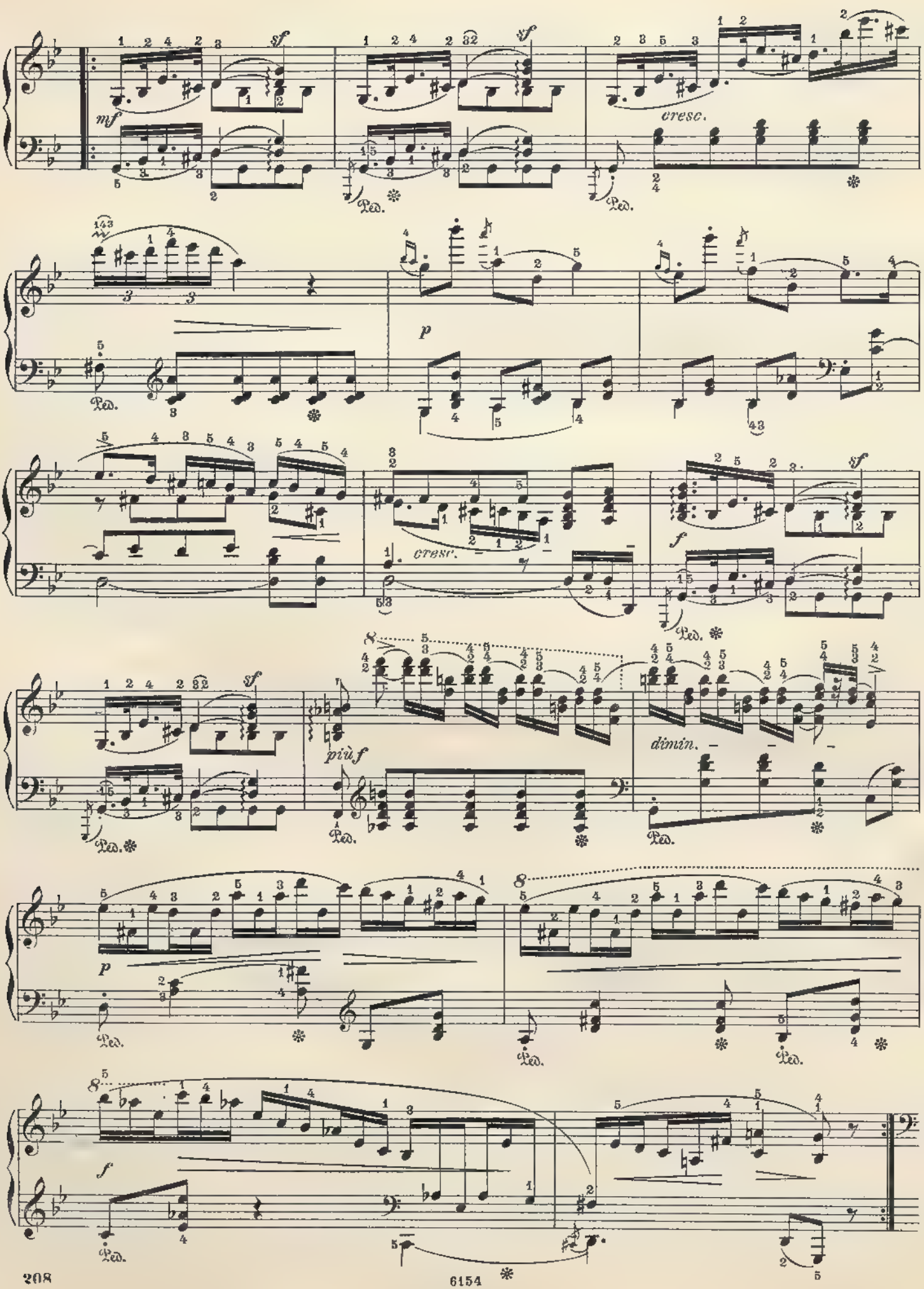

poco a poco cresc.
più f
ff
sf
p
delicatamente
sf
poco cresc.
dim.
p
D.C. senza repetizione sin' al Fine.

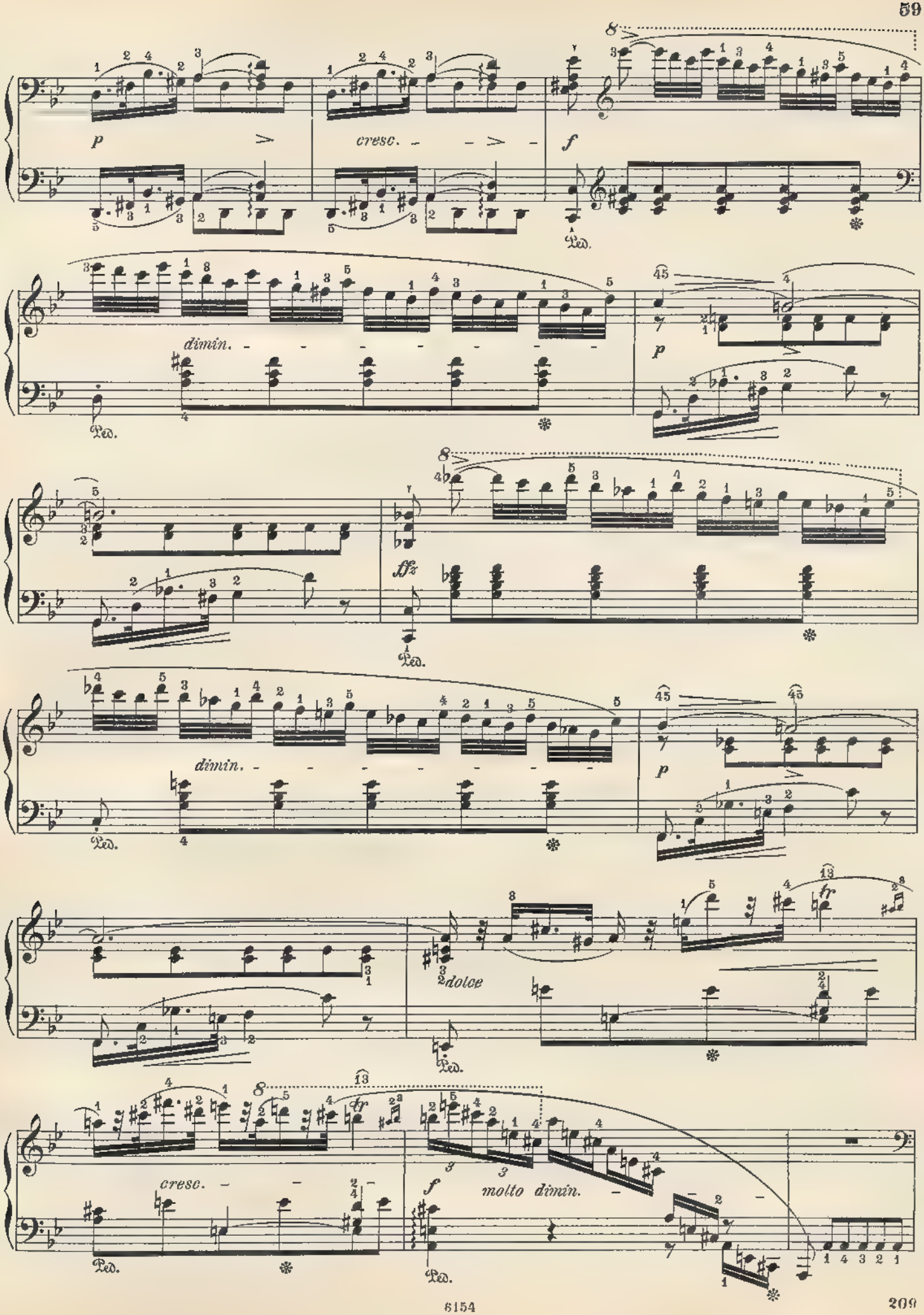
**Allegro, ma non troppo.** (♩ = 92.)

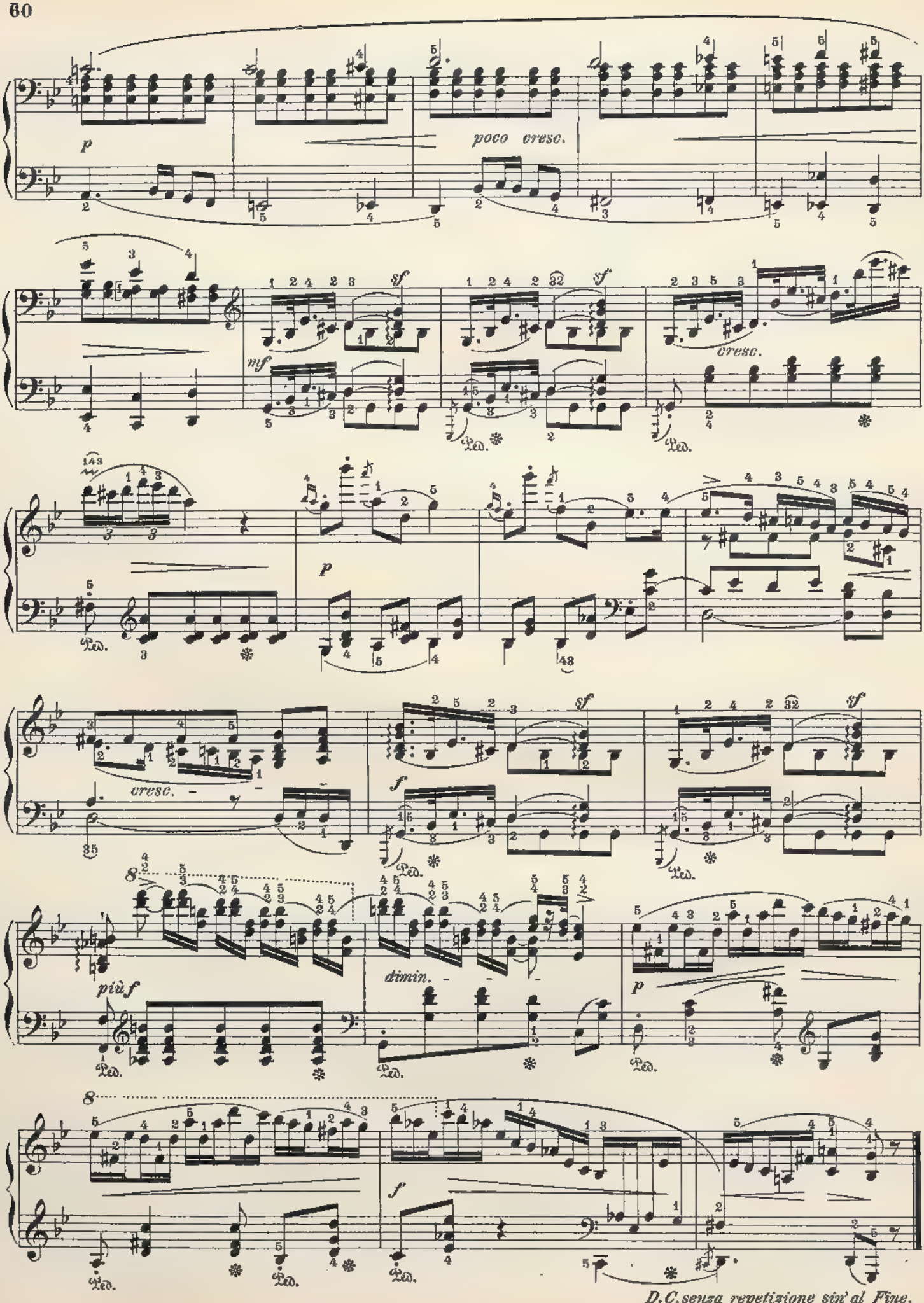
Op. 71, № II.




sfz
p
f
ten.
m.g
sf
cresc.
dimin.
dolce
cresc.
cresc.
f
Fine.


mf
sf
cresc.
p
cresc.
f
sf
più f
dimin.
p
f

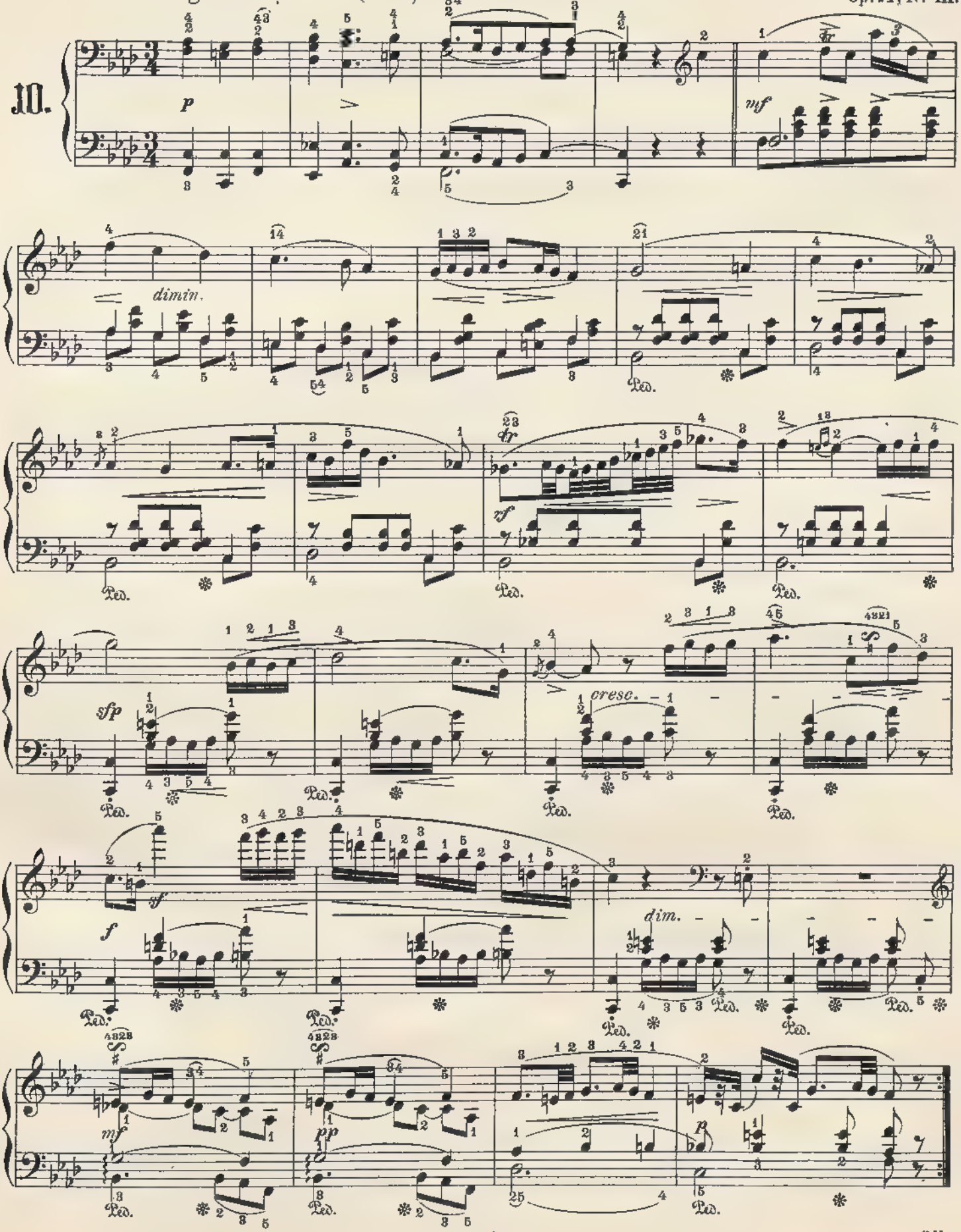

p
cresc.
f
Ped.
dimin.
p
ffz
dolce
fr
molto dimin.

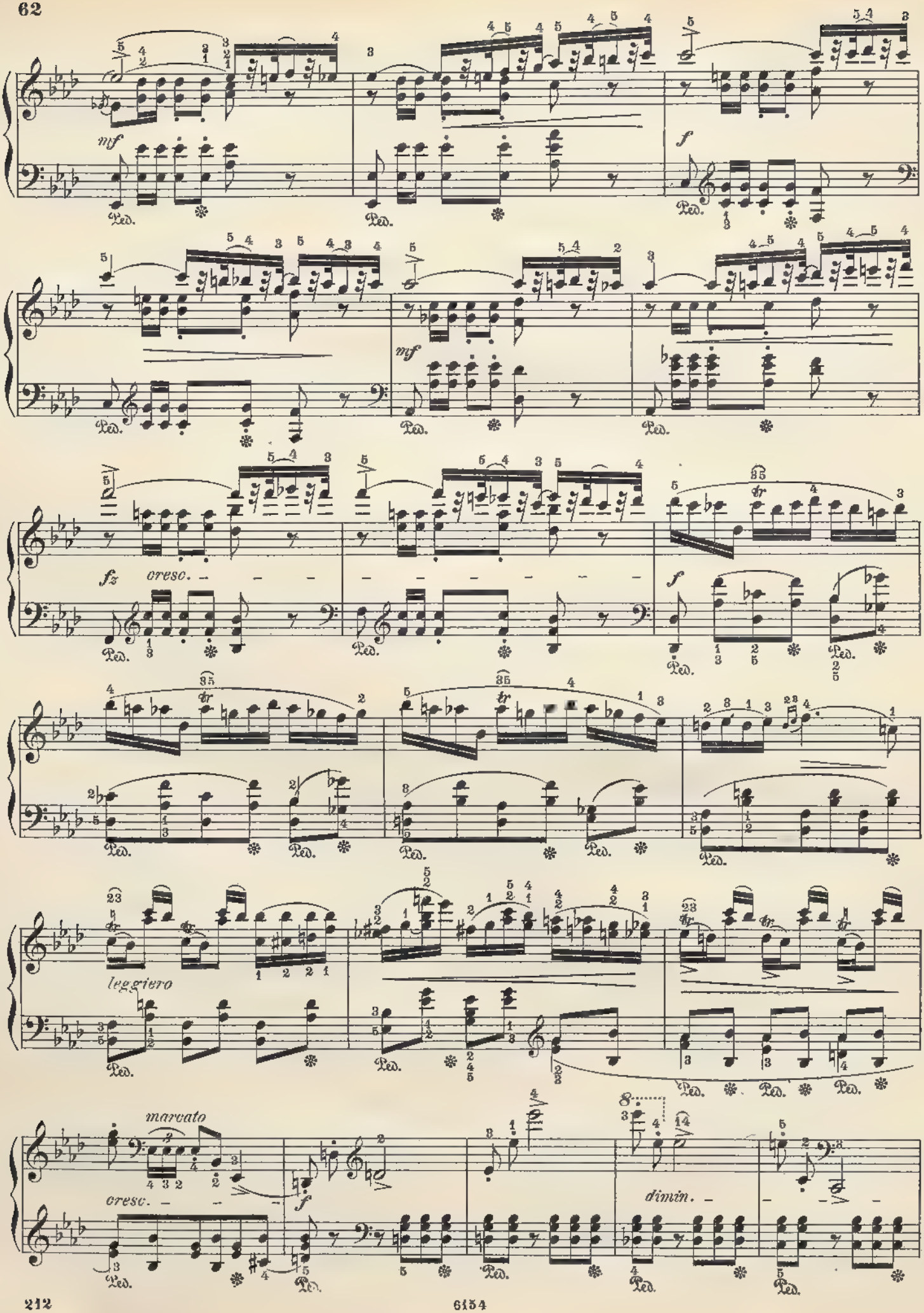

p
poco cresc.
sf
mf
cresc.
143
p
sf
cresc.
f
più f
dimin.
p
f
D.C. senza repetizione sin' al Fine.

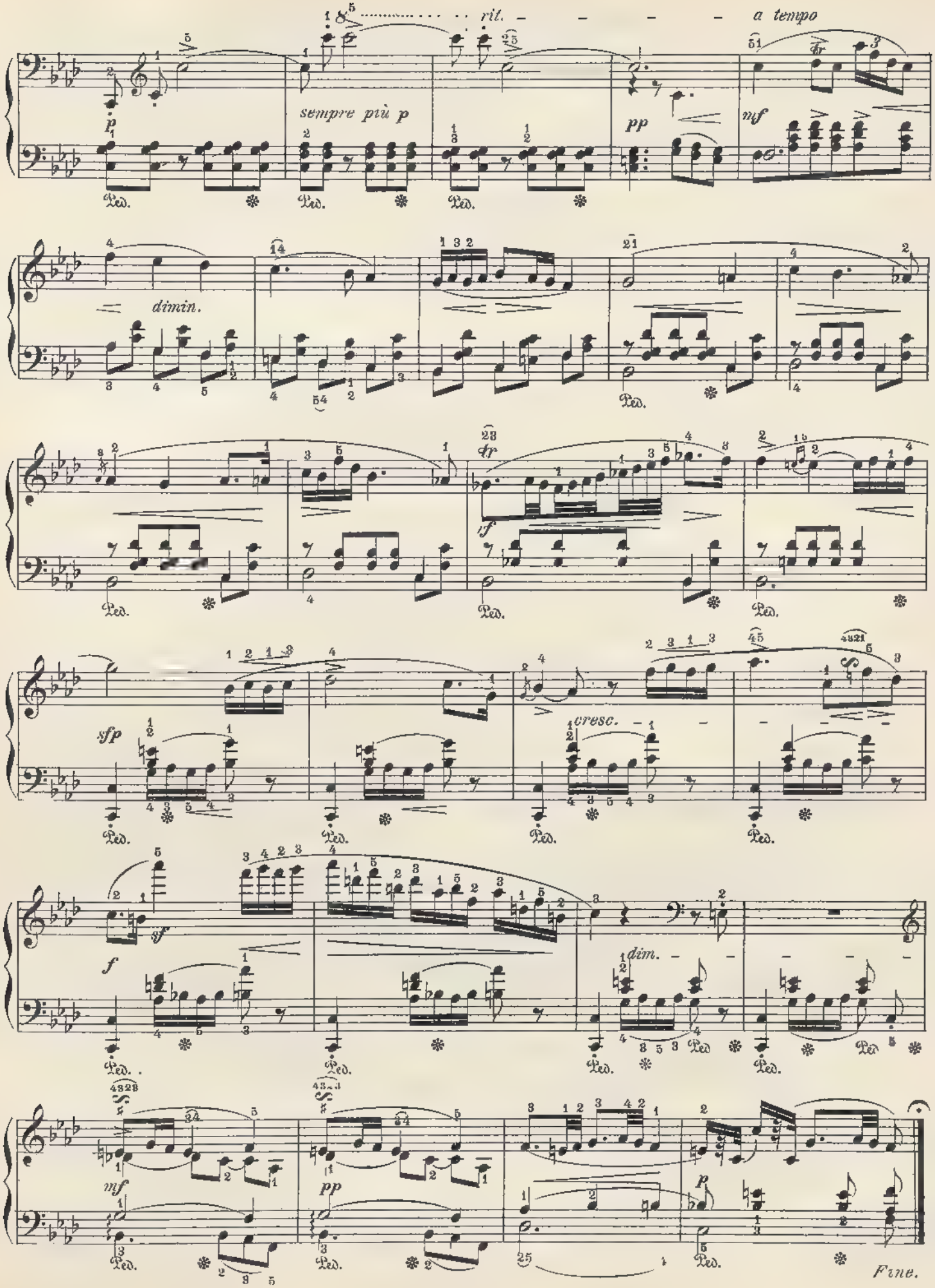
Allegro moderato. (♩= 80.)

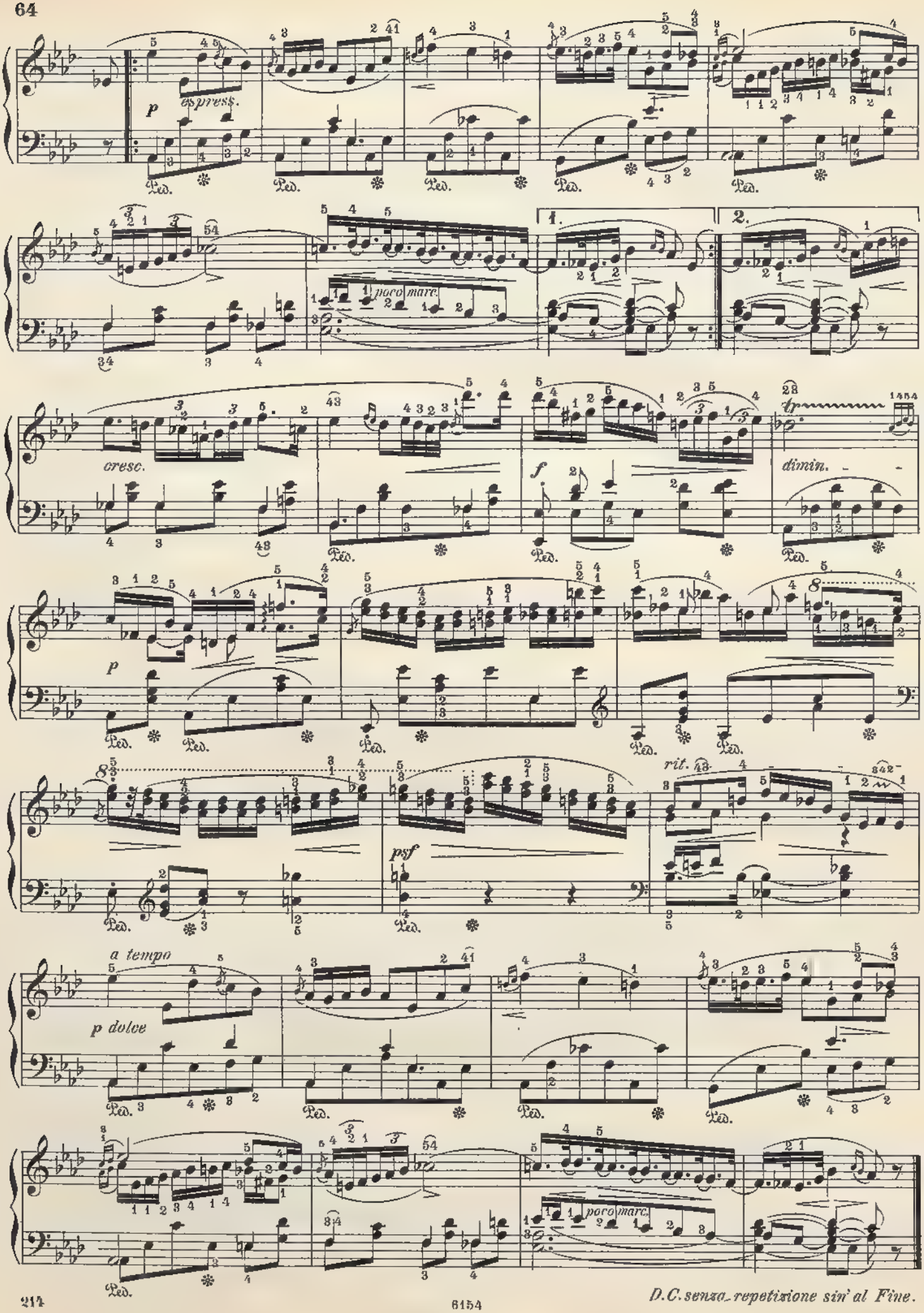
Op. 71, № III.

10.




mf
f
mf
fz
cresc.
f
leggiero
marcato
cresc.
f
dimin.

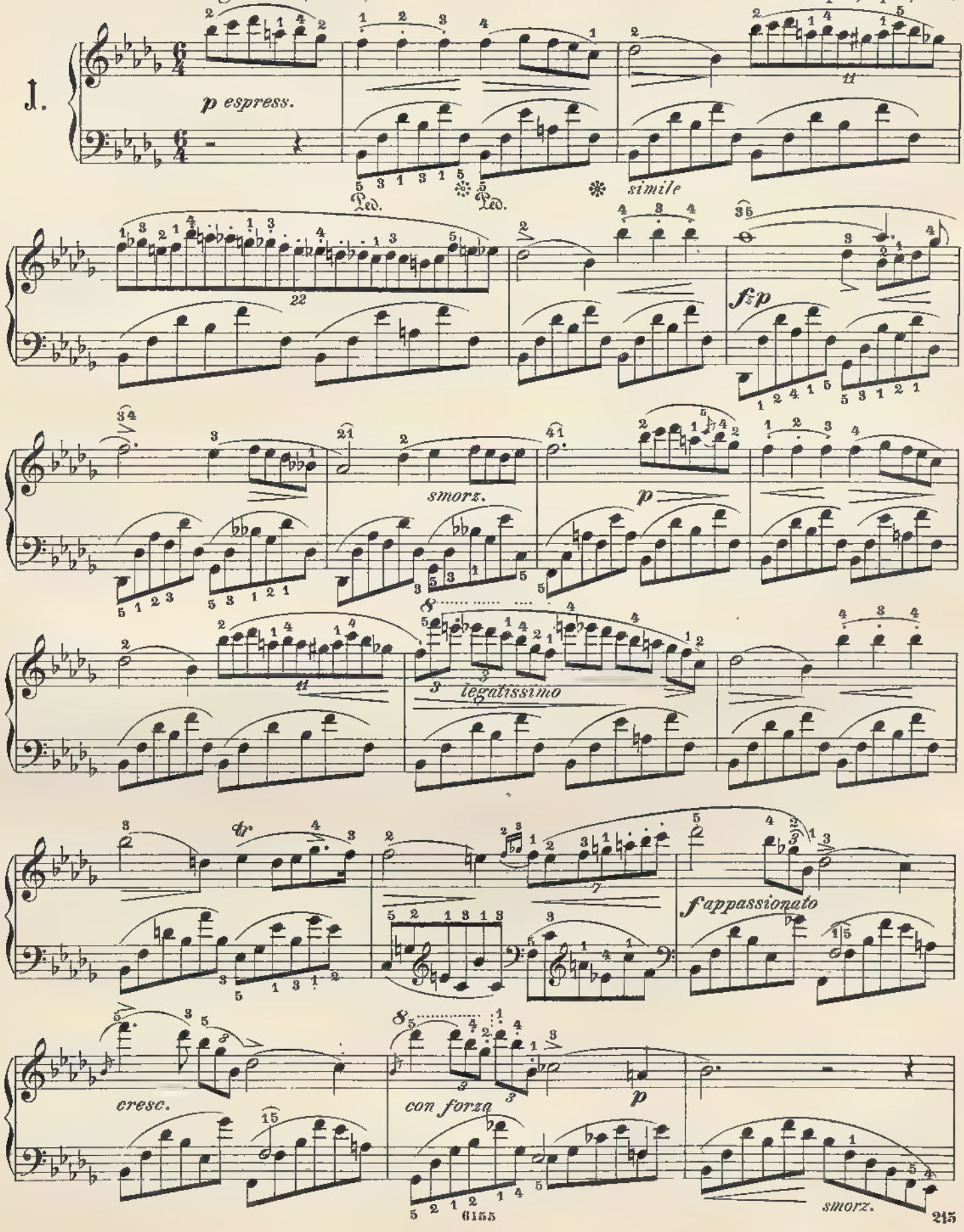

rit.
a tempo
sempre più p
dimin.
dim.
Fine.

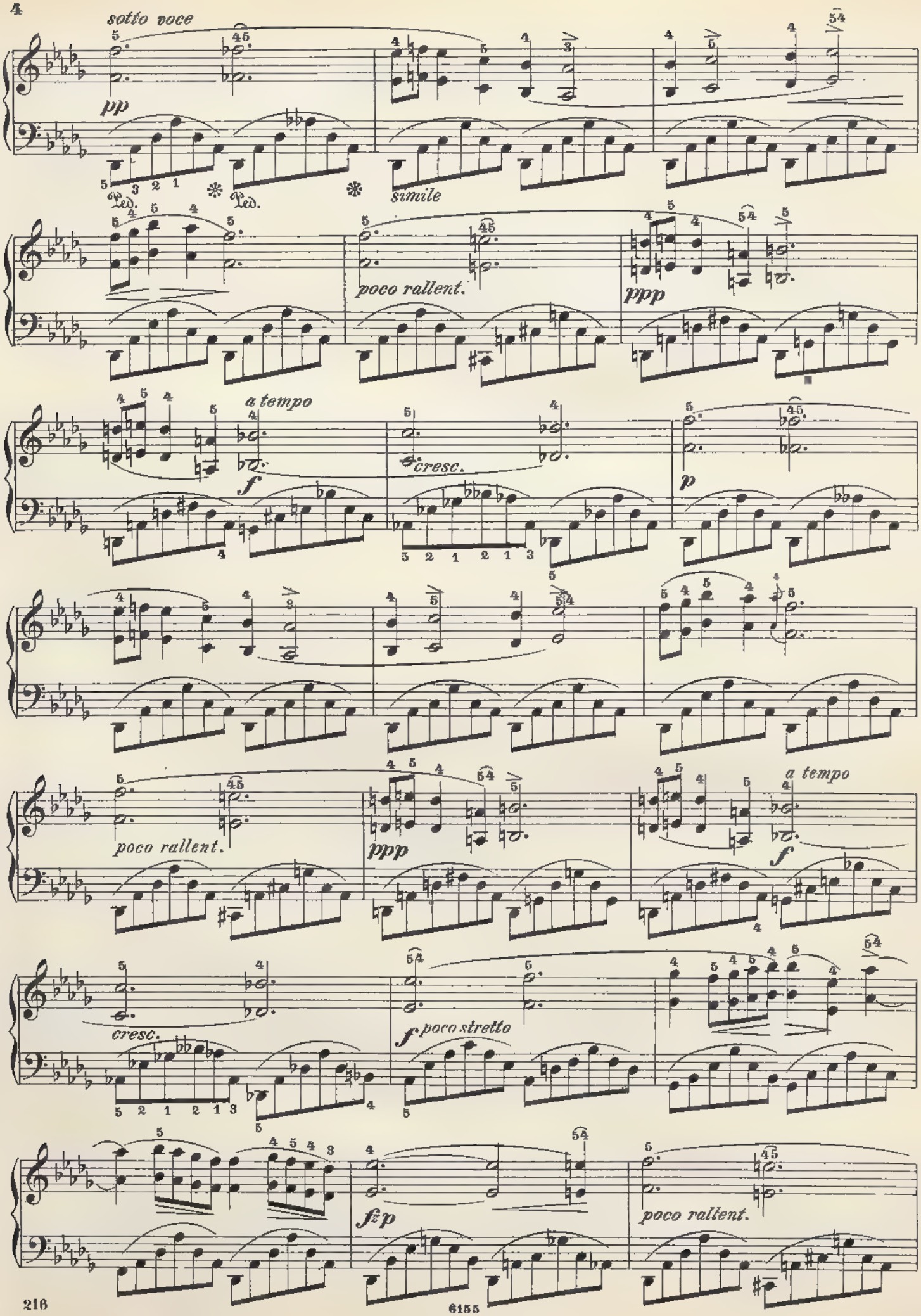


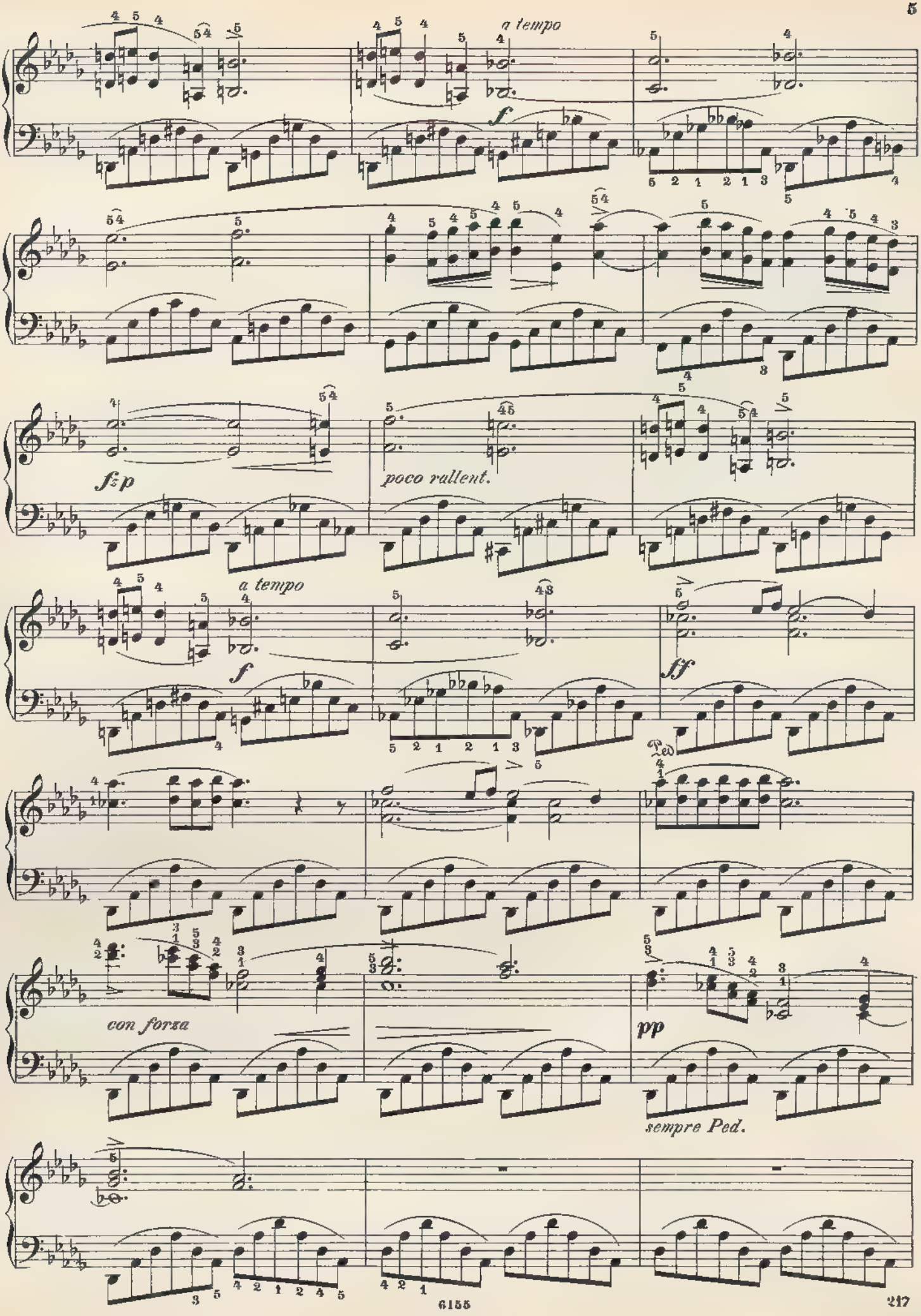

D.C. senza repetizione sin' al Fine.

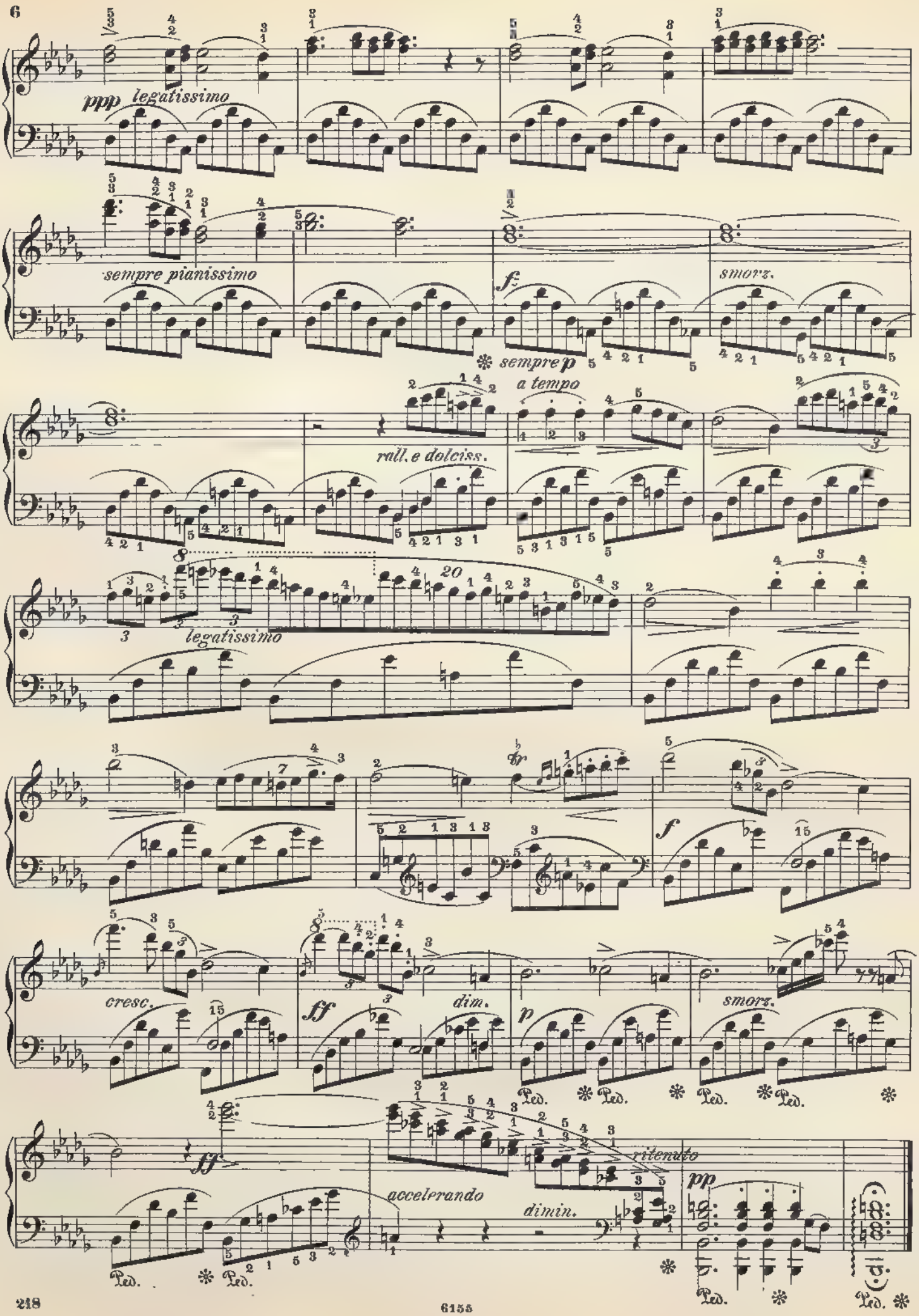
# Nocturnes.

**Larghetto.** (♩ = 116.) Chopin, Op. 9, №1.




sotto voce
pp
Ped.
Ped.
simile
poco rallent.
ppp
a tempo
f
cresc.
p
poco rallent.
ppp
a tempo
f
cresc.
f poco stretto
fp
poco rallent.


a tempo
f
fz p
poco rallent.
a tempo
f
ff
Ped
con forza
pp
sempre Ped.


6
ppp legatissimo
sempre pianissimo
f
smorz.
sempre p
a tempo
rall. e dolciss.
legatissimo
cresc.
ff
dim.
p
smorz.
ff
accelerando
dimin.
ritenuto
pp
Ped.

**Andante.** (♪ = 132.)

9.

*espress. dolce*

*p*

*cresc.* *f* *p*

*cresc.*

*poco ritard.*

*a tempo*

*f*

*pp*

*poco rall.*

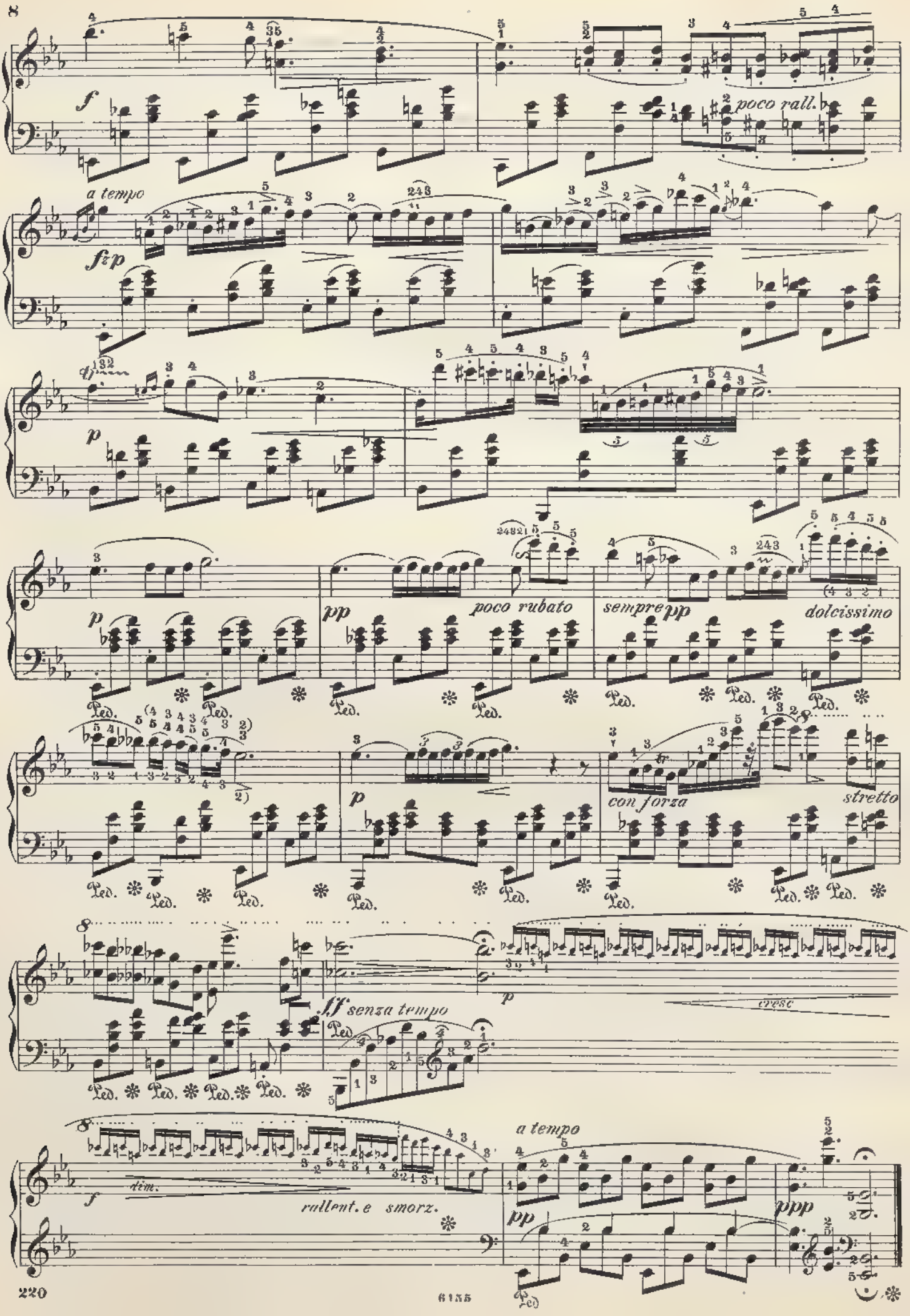
*a tempo*

*fz p*

*simile*

*cresc.*

*p*


8
f
poco rall.
a tempo
fzp
p
pp
poco rubato
sempre pp
dolcissimo
Ped.
con forza
stretto
ff senza tempo
cresc
dim.
rallent. e smorz.
ppp

Allegretto. (♩.= 66.)

Op. 9, No. 3.

3.

*p* *scherzando*

*leggierissimo*

*espress.*

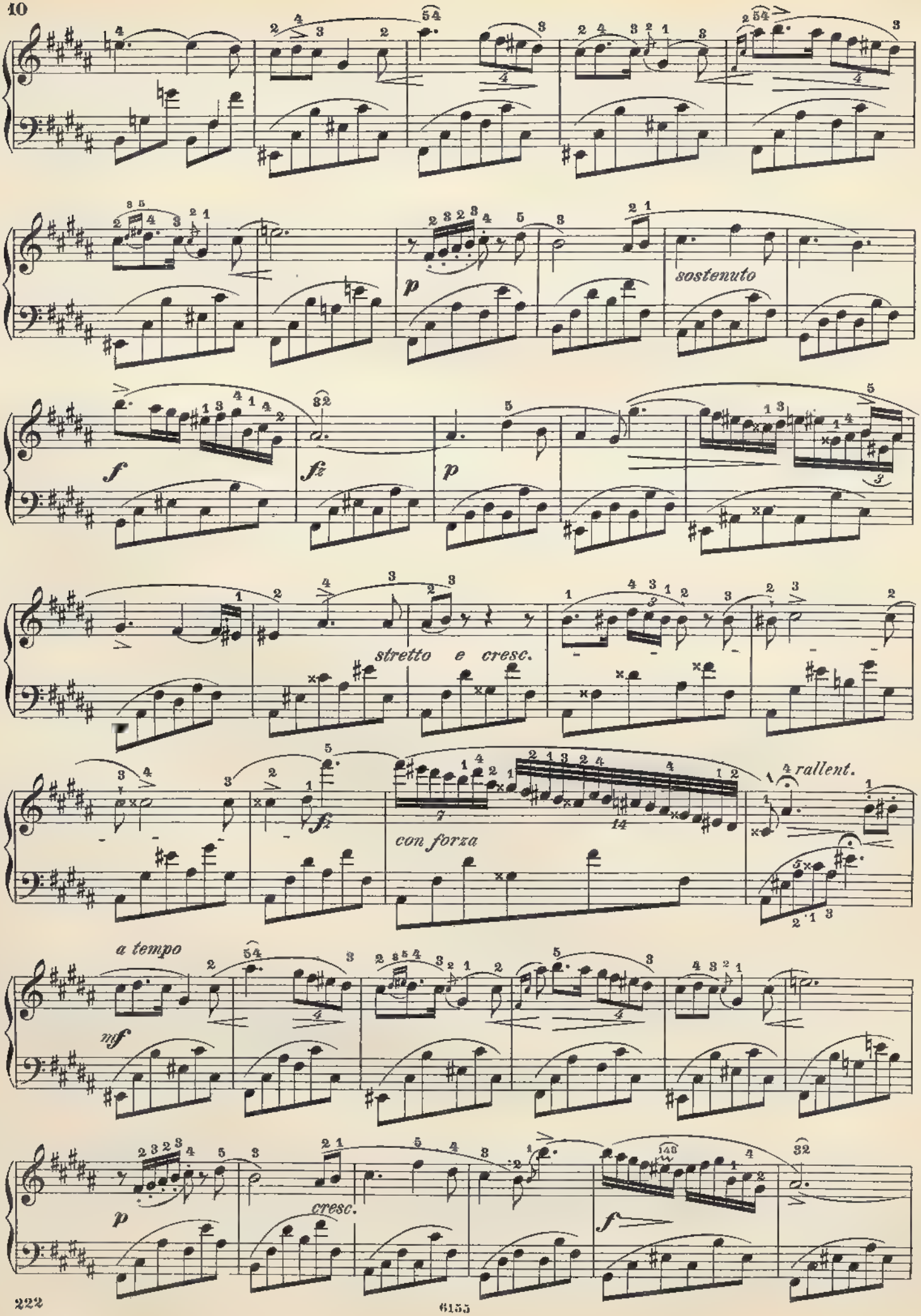
*f*

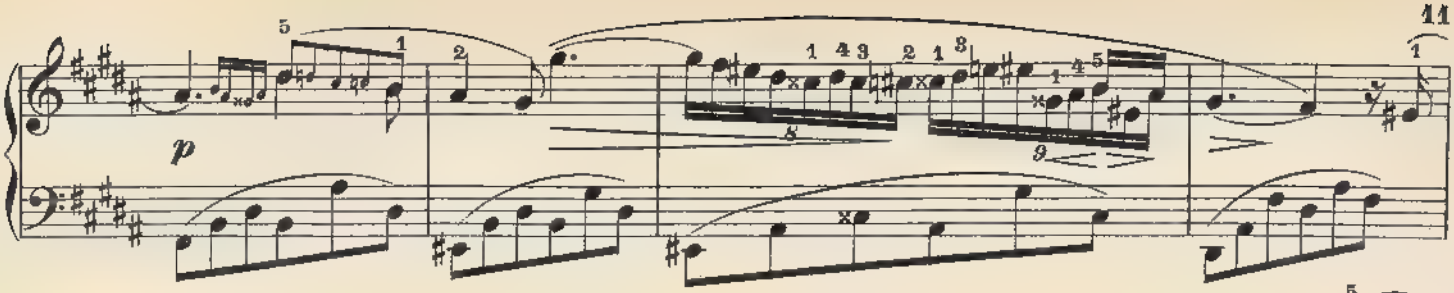
*p*

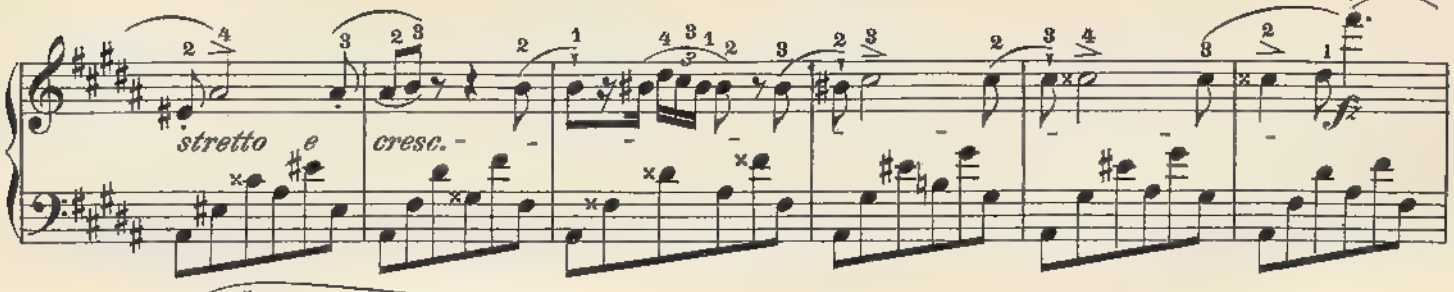
*p*

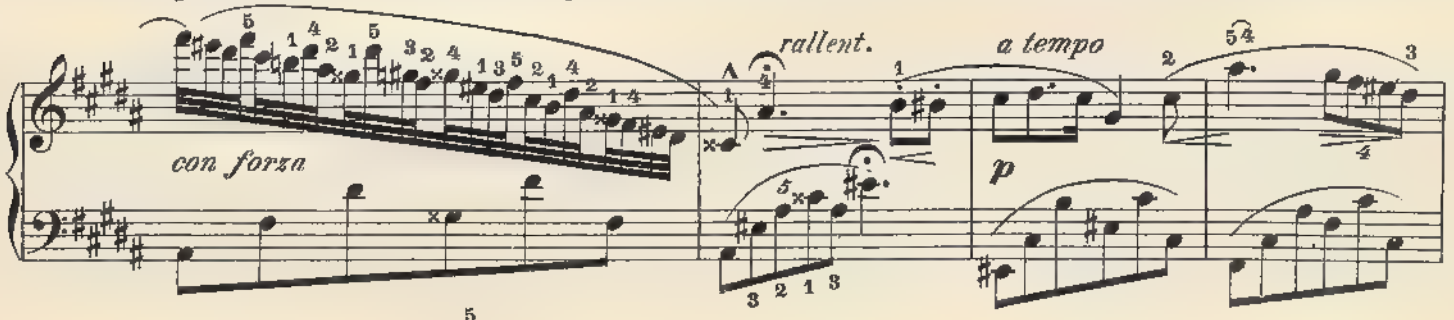
*dolciss.*

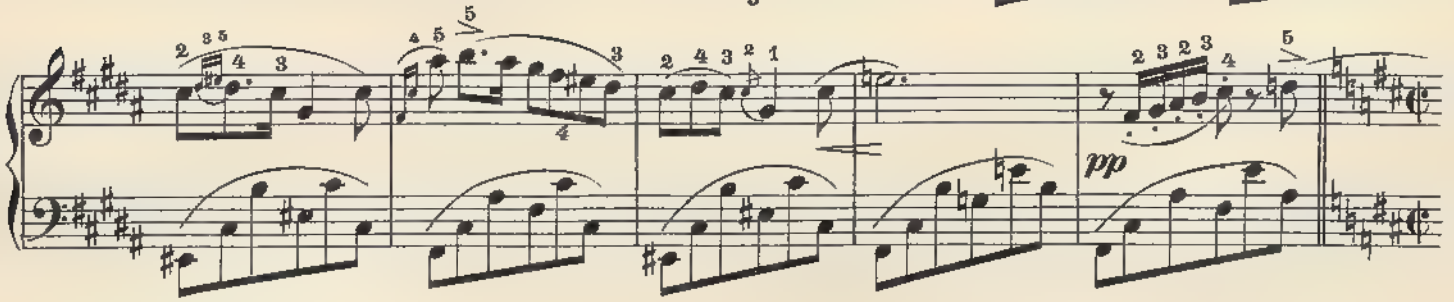
*scherz.*


sostenuto
stretto e cresc.
con forza
rallent.
a tempo
cresc.

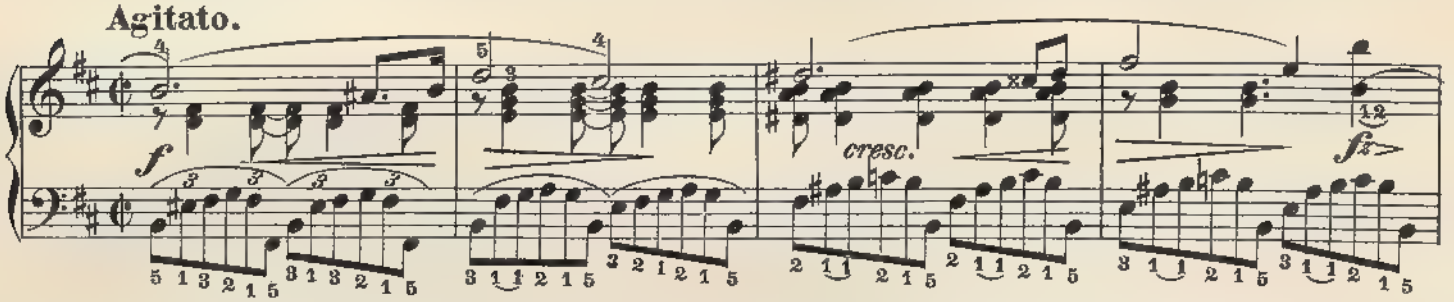

p

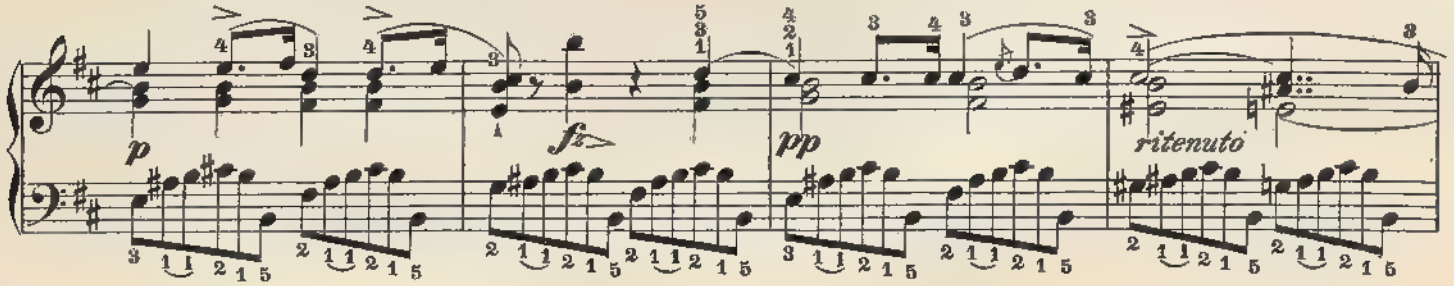

stretto
e
cresc.
fz

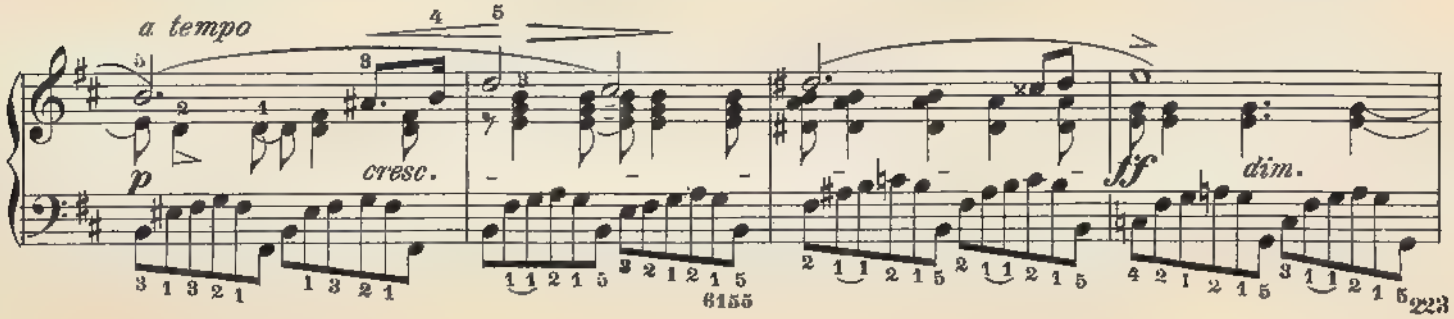

con forza
rallent.
a tempo
p

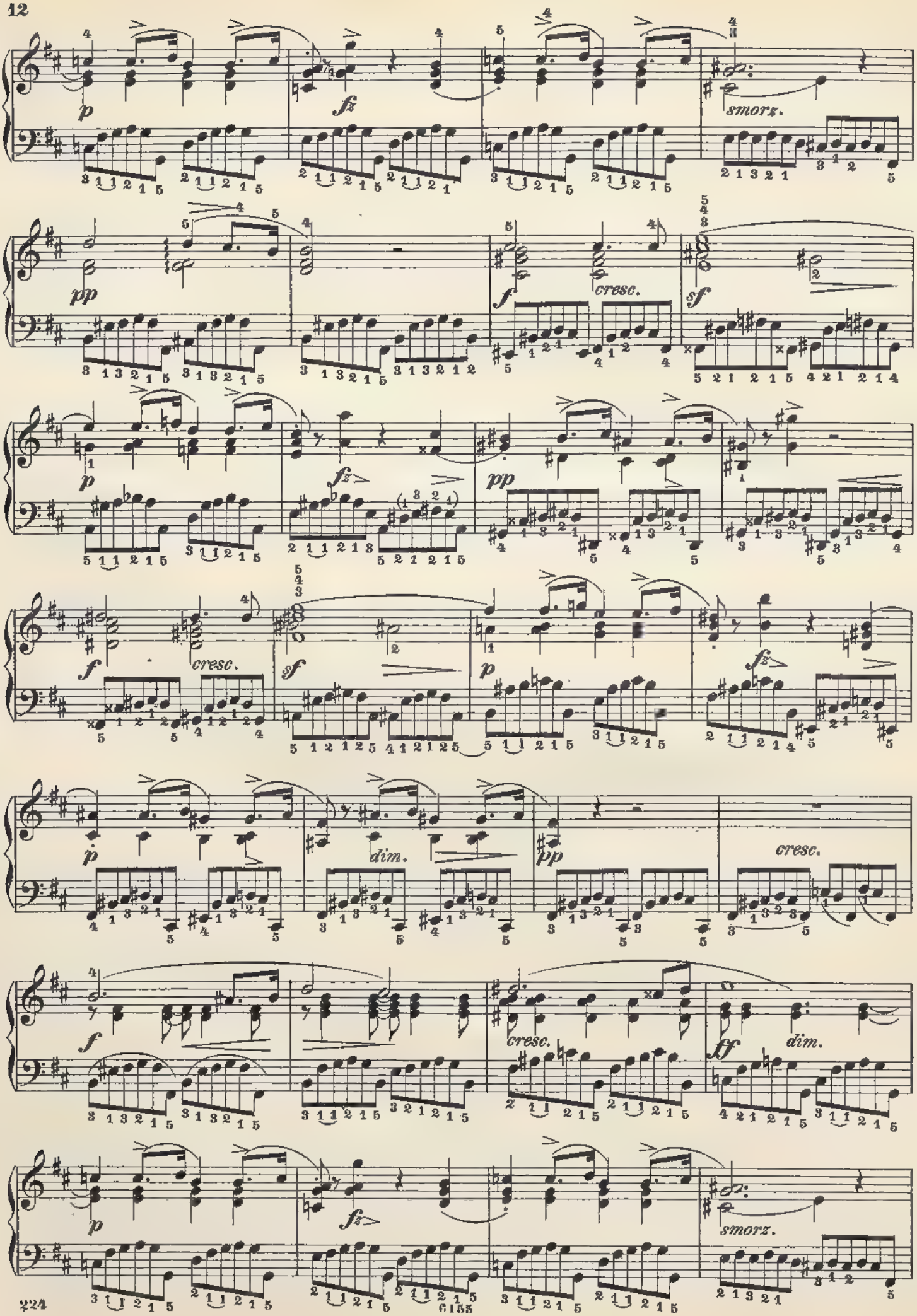

pp

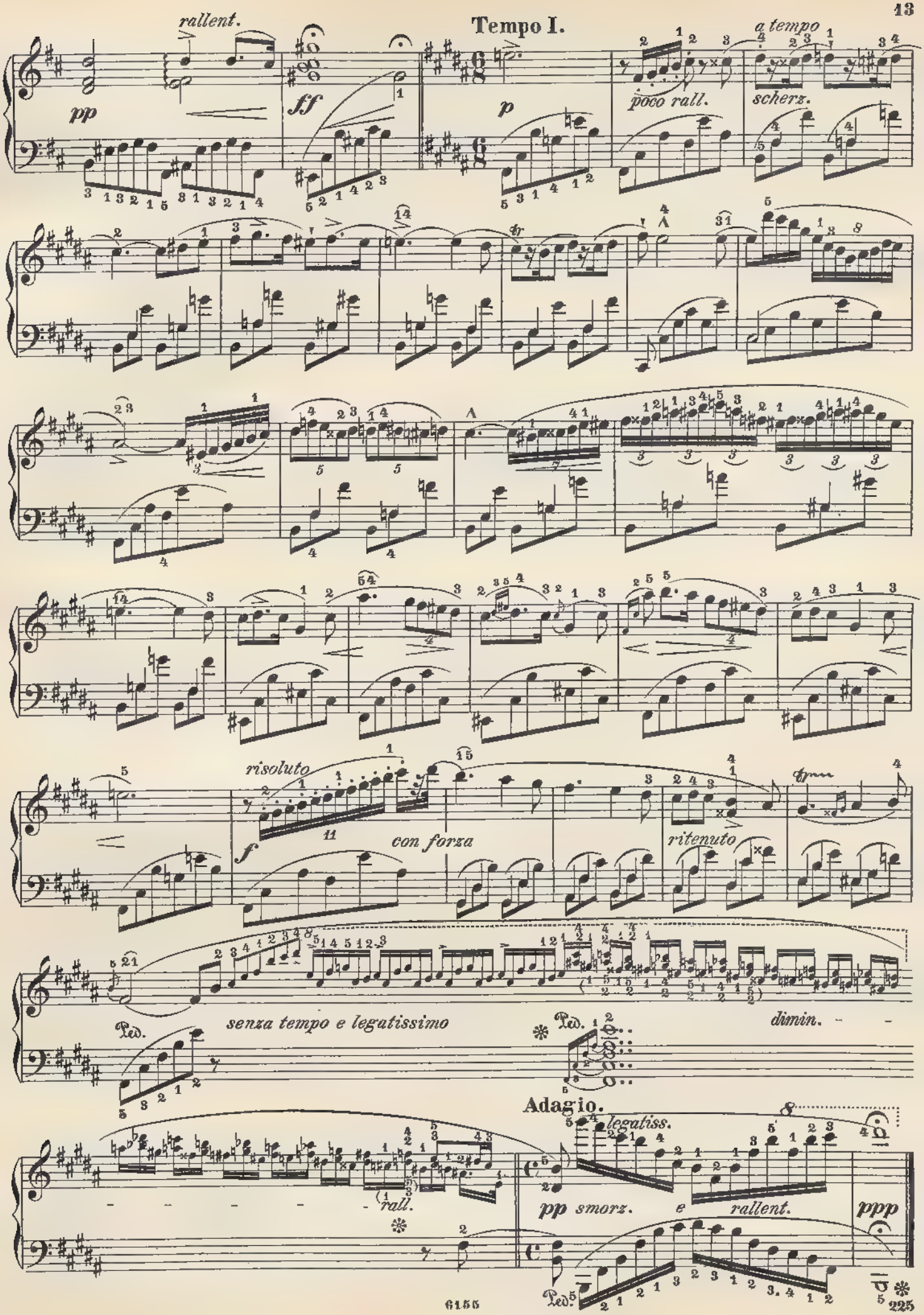
Agitato.


f
cresc.
fz


p
fz
pp
ritenuto


a tempo
p
cresc.
ff
dim.


p
fz
smorz.
pp
f
cresc.
sf
fz
pp
f
cresc.
sf
p
fz
p
dim.
pp
cresc.
f
cresc.
ff
dim.
p
fz
smorz.


rallent.
Tempo I.
a tempo
pp
ff
p
poco rall.
scherz.
risoluto
con forza
ritenuto
senza tempo e legatissimo
dimin.
Adagio.
legatiss.
rall.
pp smorz.
e
rallent.
ppp

## Andante cantabile. (♩ = 69.)

Op. 15, №1.

4.

*semplice e tranquillo*

*p*

*sempre legato*

*poco cresc. e ritenuto*

*dolciss.*

*dim.*

*a tempo*

*delicatiss.*

*p*

*dolciss.*

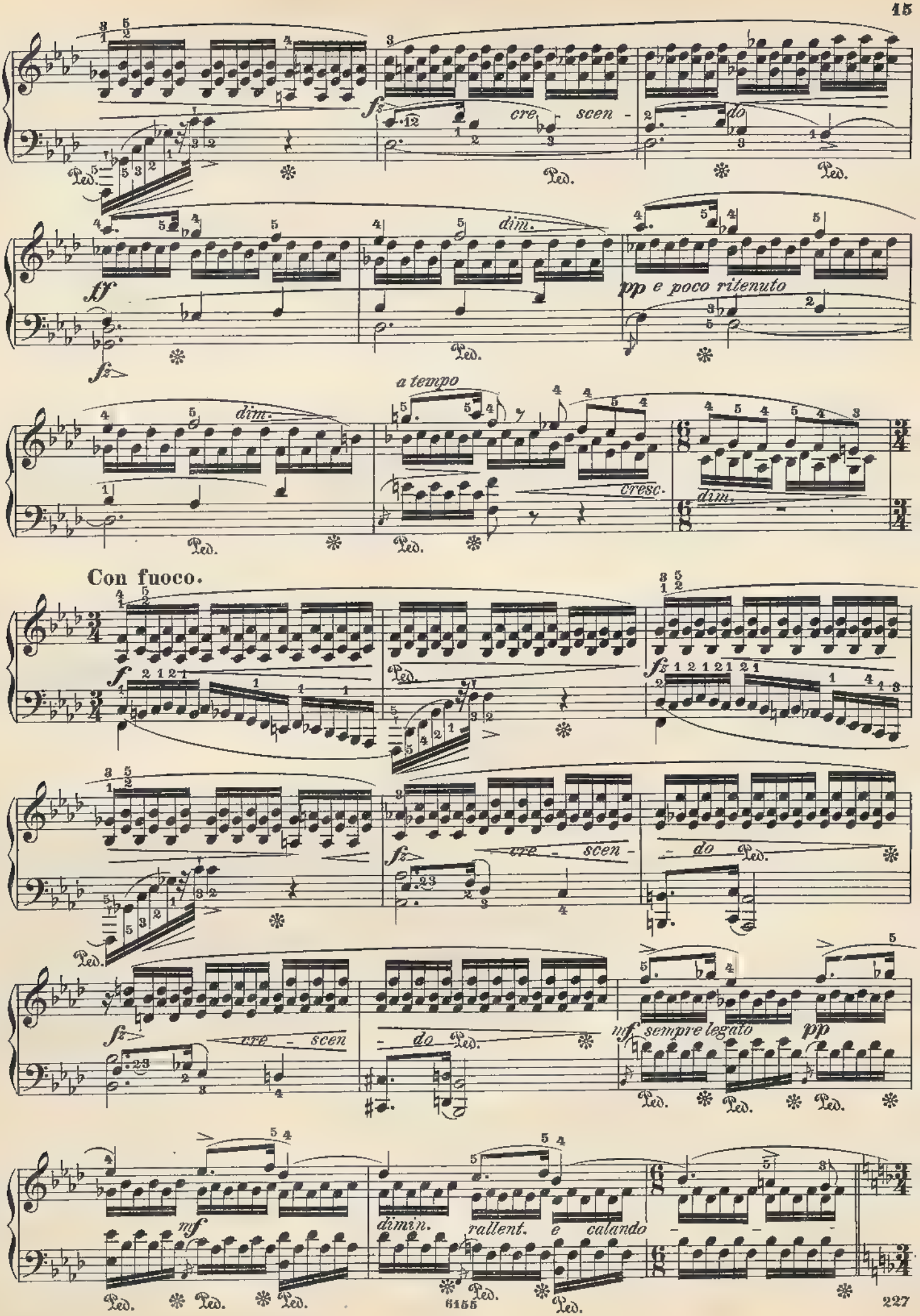
*p*

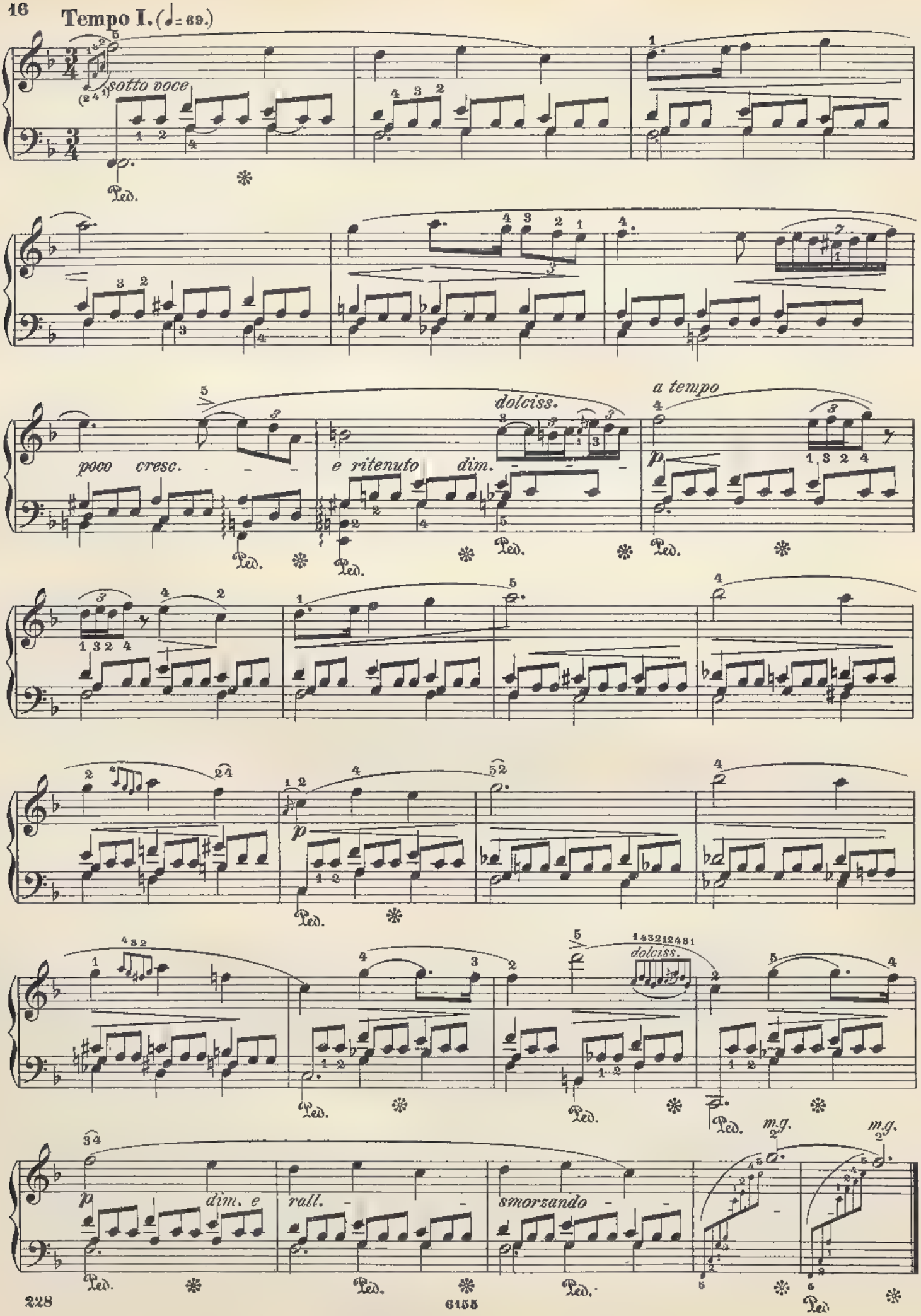
*smor - zan - do*

## Con fuoco. (♩ = 84.)

*f*

*fz*


fz
cre - scen - do
Ped.
fx
dim.
pp e poco ritenuto
fz
a tempo
dim.
cresc.
dim.
Con fuoco.
f
fz
cre - scen - do
fz
cre - scen - do
mf sempre legato
pp
mf
dimin. rallent. e calando


Tempo I. (♩= 69.)
sotto voce
Ped.
poco cresc.
e ritenuto
dim.
dolciss.
a tempo
p
dim. e
rall.
smorzando
m.g.

**Larghetto.**(♩= 40.)



5.

*p sostenuto*

*leggiero*

*con forza*

*dolciss.*

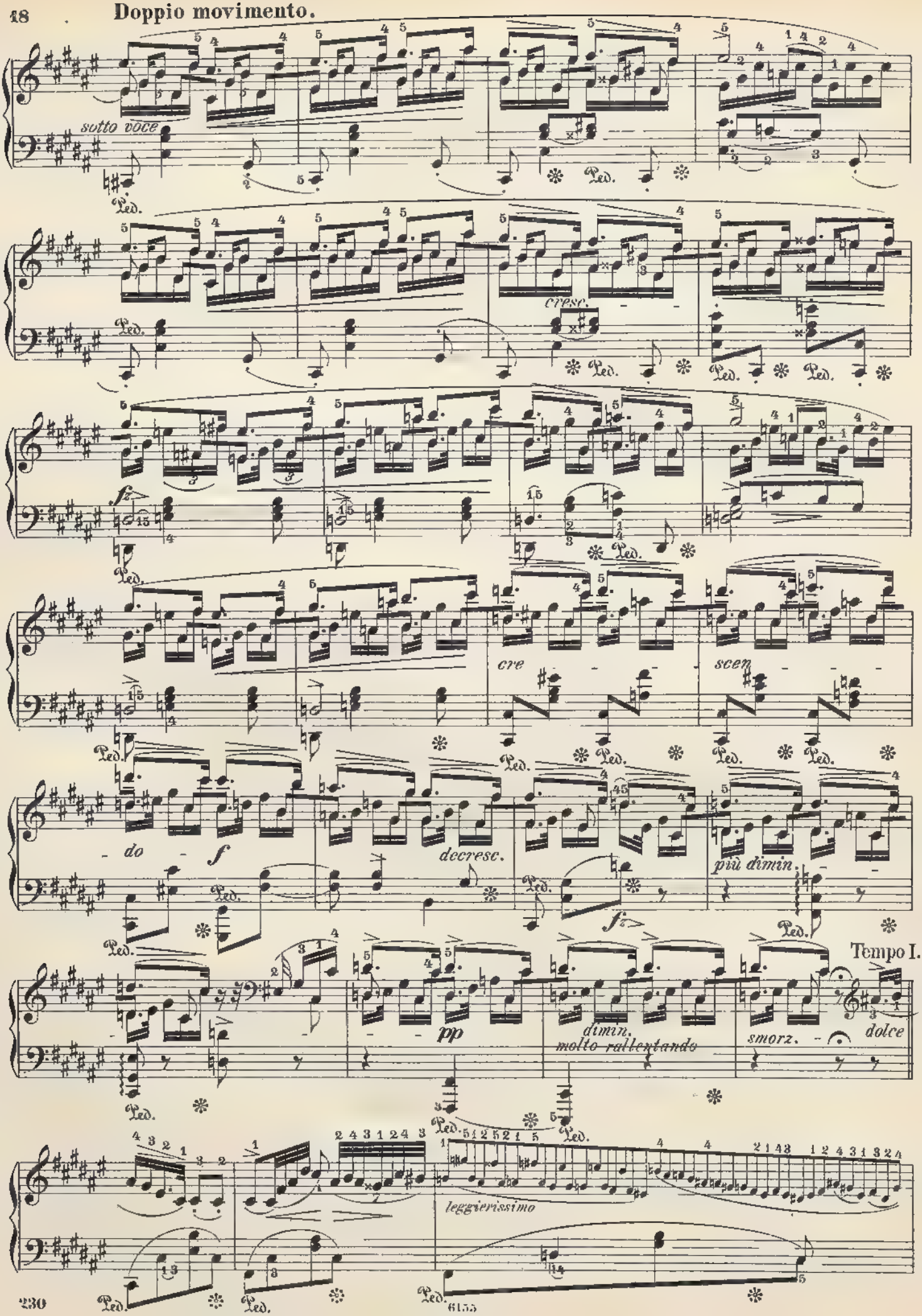
*pp e poco riten.*

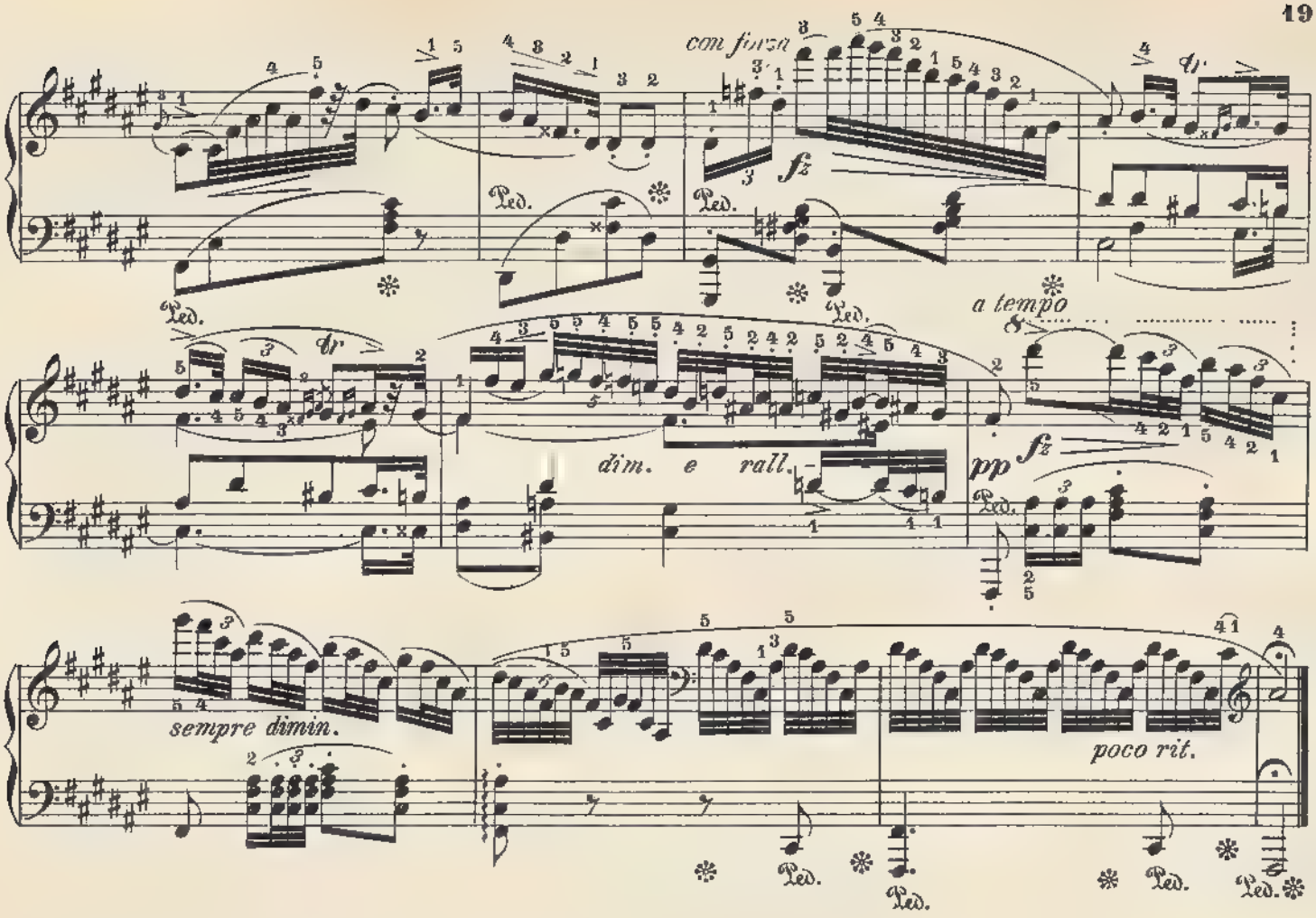
*cresc.*

*con forza*

*string.*

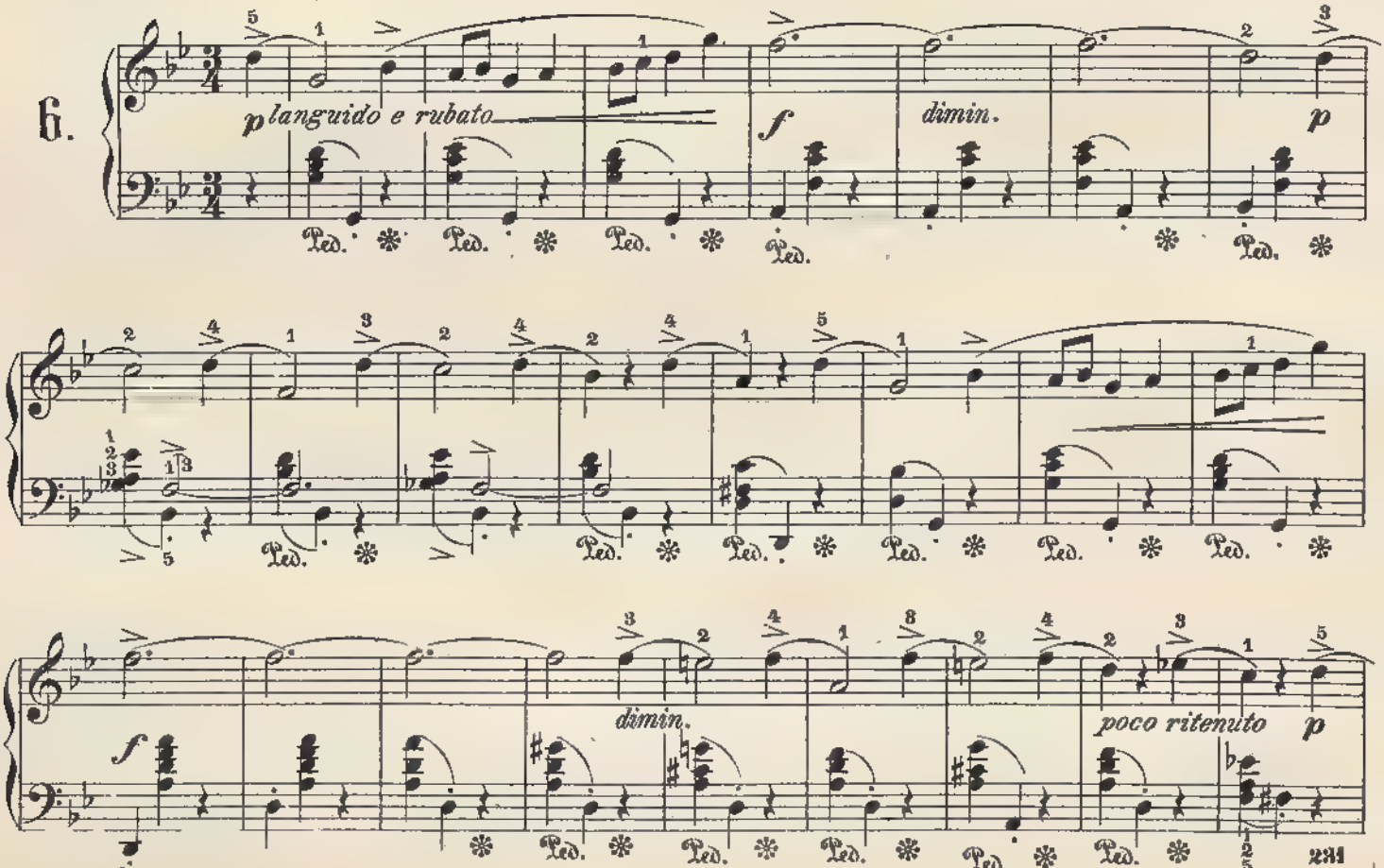
*riten.*

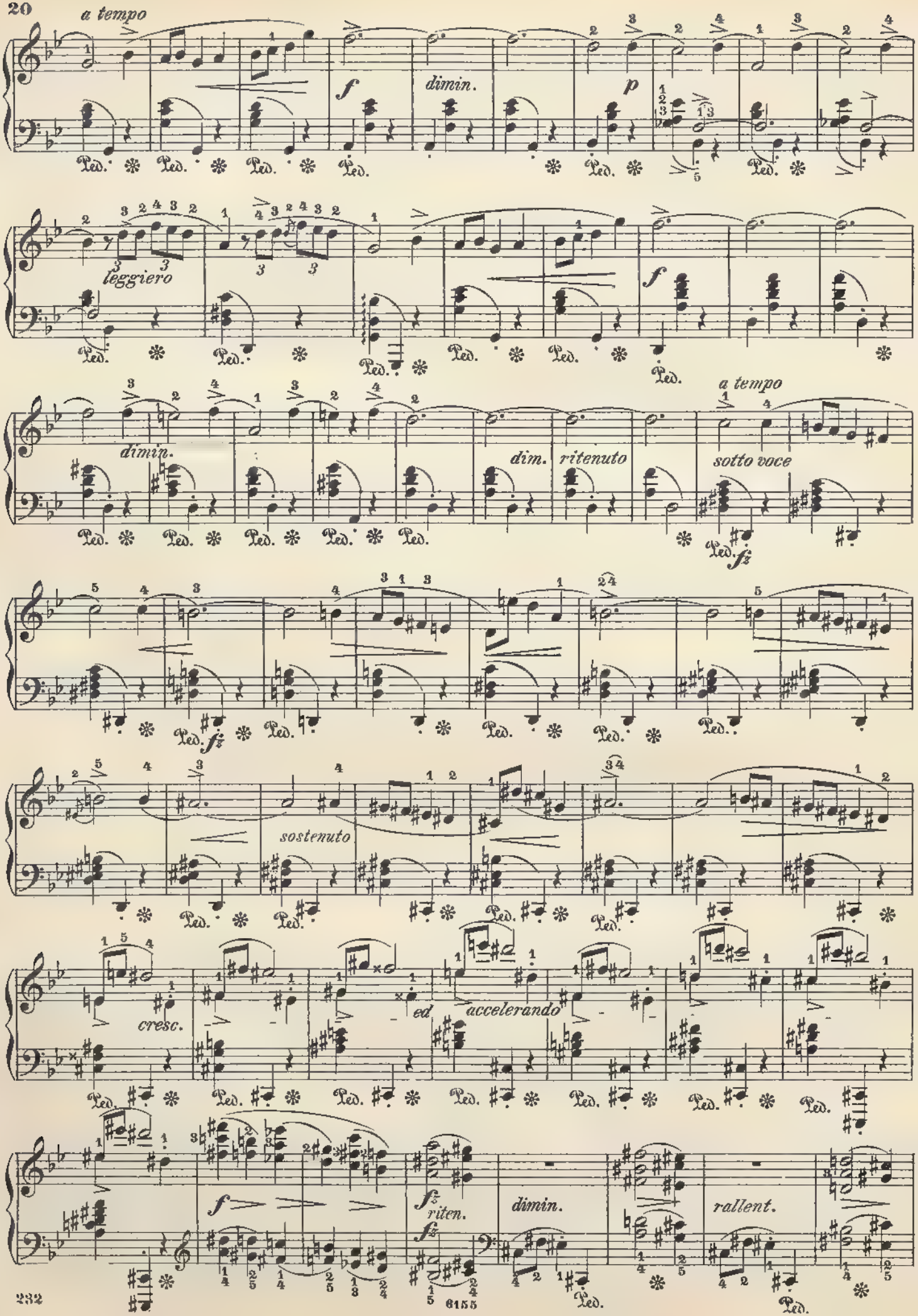

Doppio movimento.
sotto voce
Ped.
cresc.
fz
cre
scen
do
f
decresc.
più dimin.
fz
Tempo I.
pp
dimn.
molto rallentando
smorz.
dolce
leggierissimo

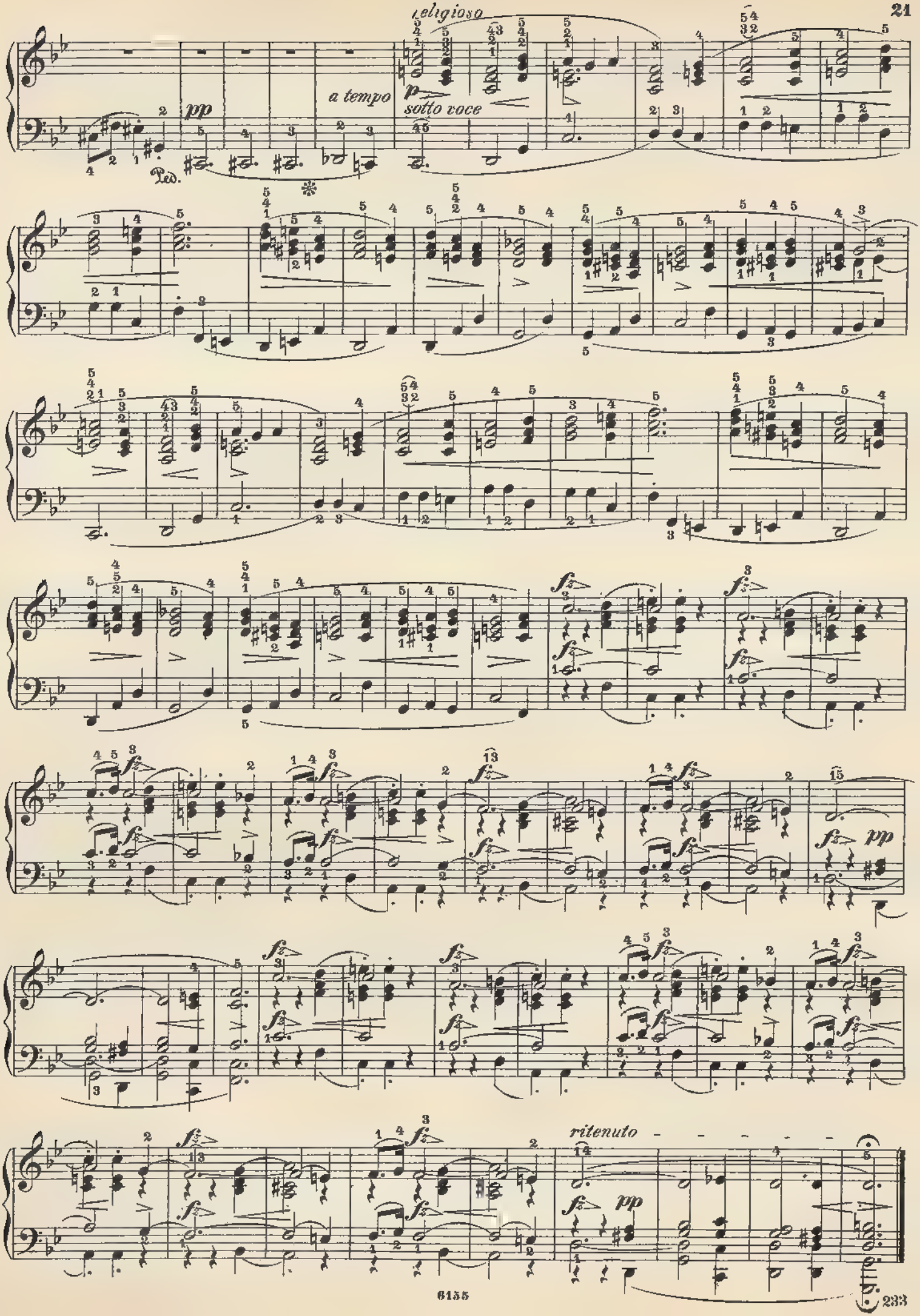



**Lento.** (♩.=60.) **Op. 15, No. 3.**

6.




a tempo
f
dimin.
p
leggiero
f
dimin.
dim.
ritenuto
a tempo
sotto voce
fz
sostenuto
cresc.
ed
accelerando
f
fz
riten.
fz
dimin.
rallent.


religioso
pp
Ped.
a tempo
p
sotto voce
ritenuto
pp

Larghetto. (♩ = 42)

7.

pp

sotto voce

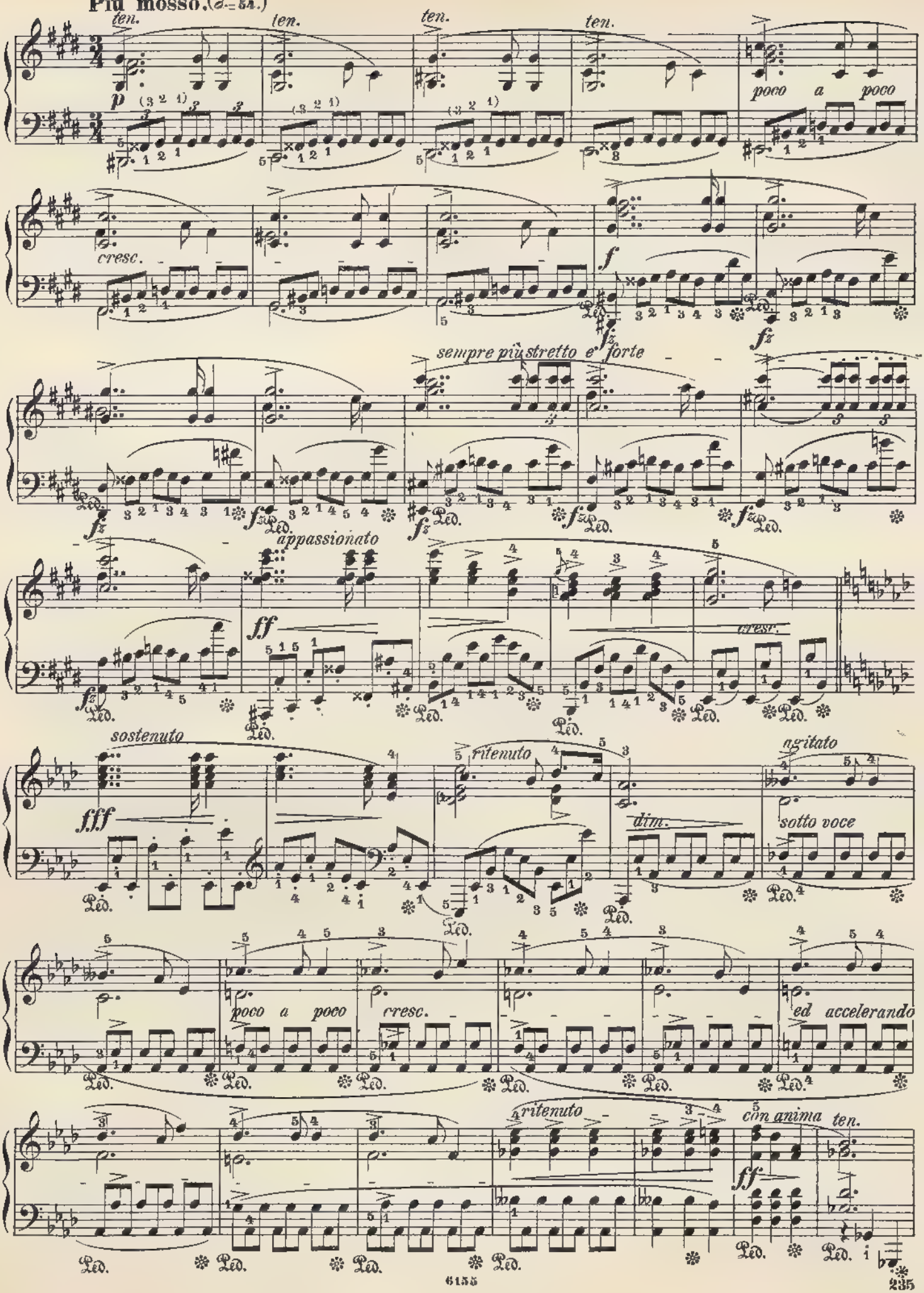
sempre legato

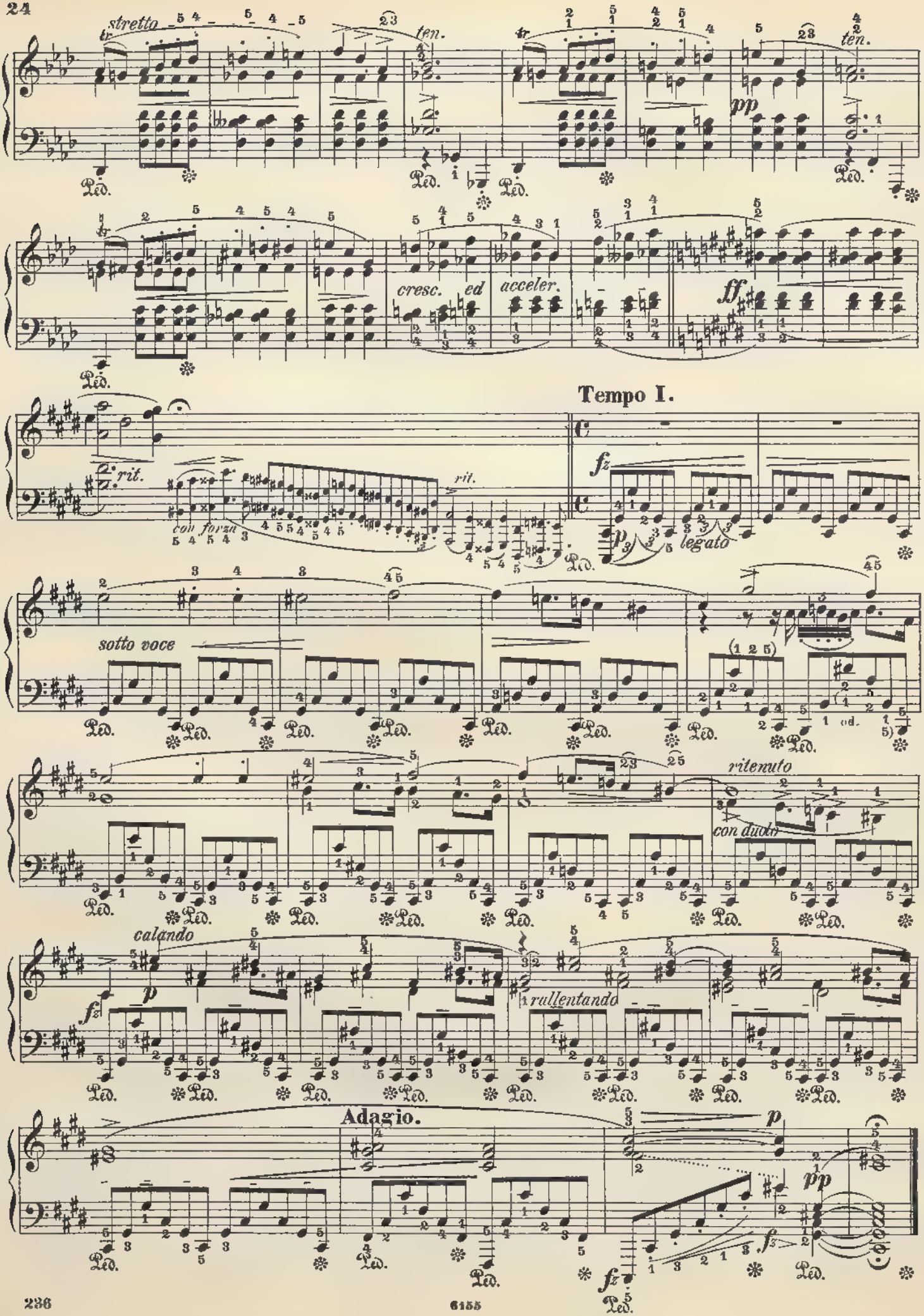
dim.

pp

ritenuto e dimin.

pp


Più mosso. (♩= 54.)
ten.
p
poco a poco
cresc.
f
fz
sempre più stretto e forte
appassionato
ff
cresc.
sostenuto
fff
ritenuto
dim.
agitato
sotto voce
poco a poco
cresc.
ed accelerando
ritenuto
con anima
ten.
Ped.


stretto
ten.
ten.
pp
cresc. ed
acceler.
ff
Tempo I.
rit.
rit.
con forza
fz
p
legato
sotto voce
ritenuto
con duolo
calando
p
fz
rallentando
Adagio.
p
pp
fz

8.

Lento sostenuto. (♩. = 50)

*p* *dolce* *sempre legato*

*espressivo*

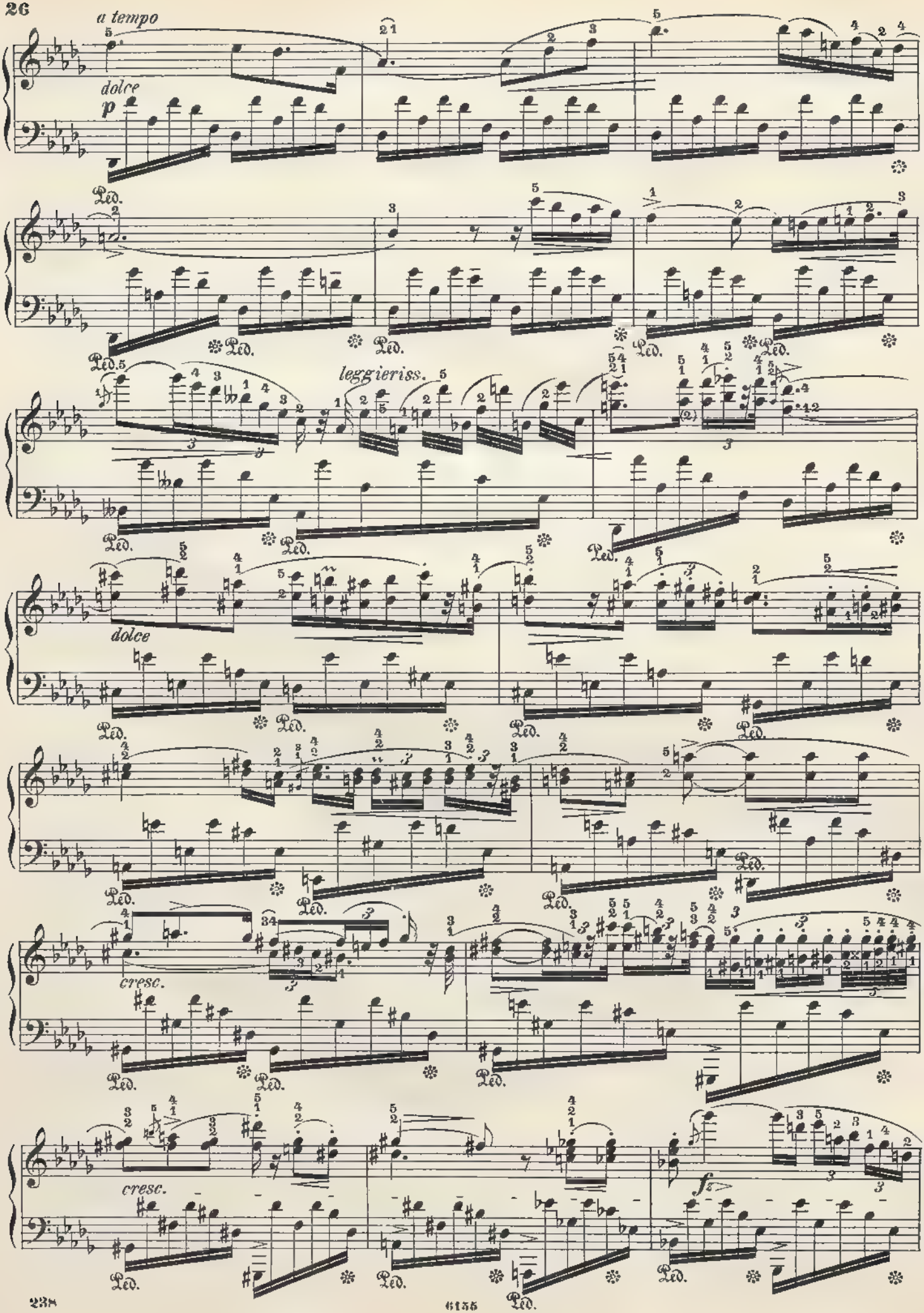
*fz*

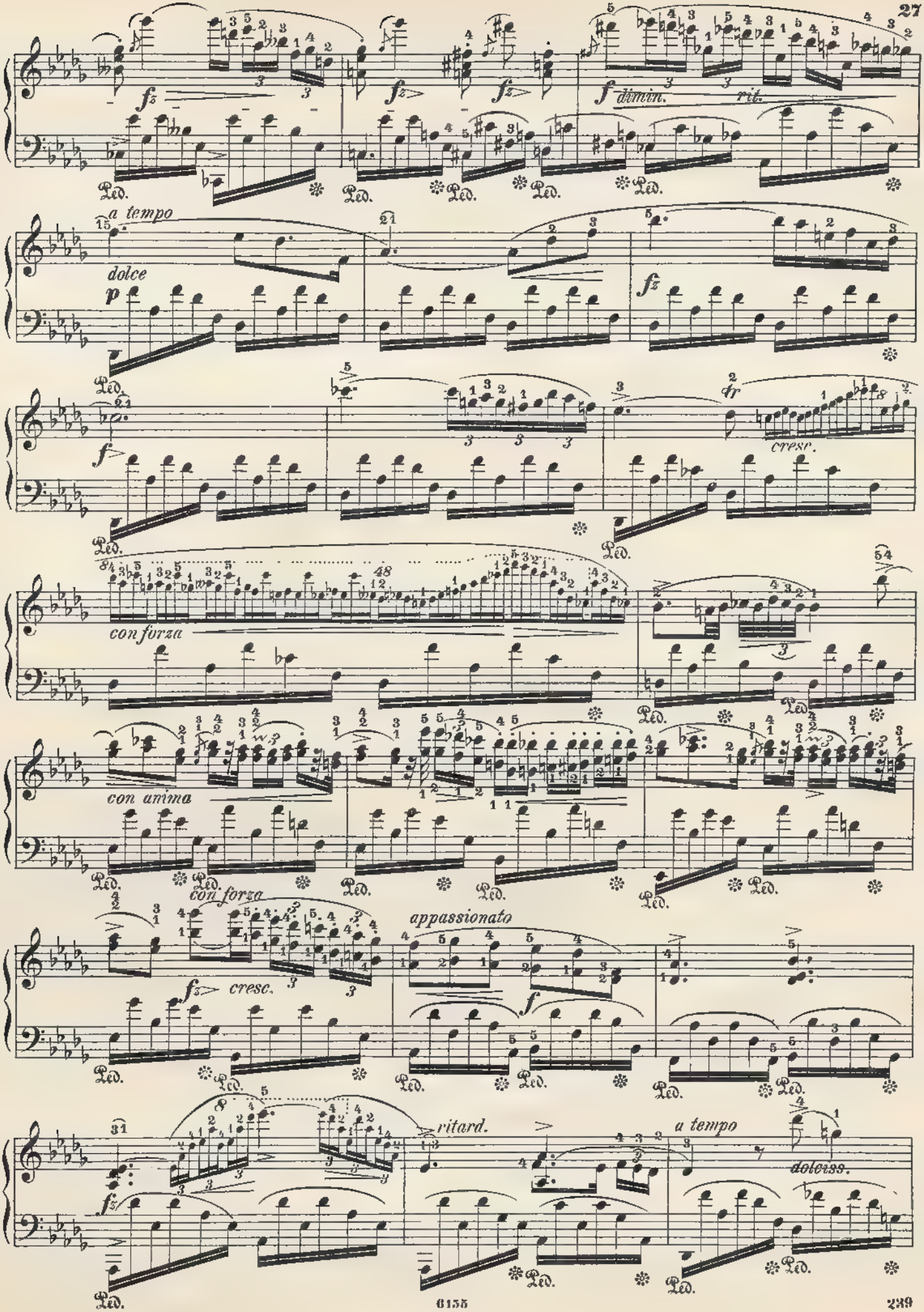
*cresc.*

*f* *con forza*

*p* *f* *fz* *pp*

*mf* *ritenuto*


a tempo
dolce
p
Ped.
leggieriss.
dolce
cresc.
cresc.
f


fz
fz
fz
f
dimin.
rit.
Ped.
a tempo
dolce
p
fz
f
cresc.
con forza
con anima
con forza
appassionato
f
fz
cresc.
ritard.
a tempo
dolciss.

dimin.

dolciss.

dim.

calando

smorzando

dolciss. e dimin.

pp

Andante sostenuto.

Op. 32. № 1.

9.

dolce

p

stretto

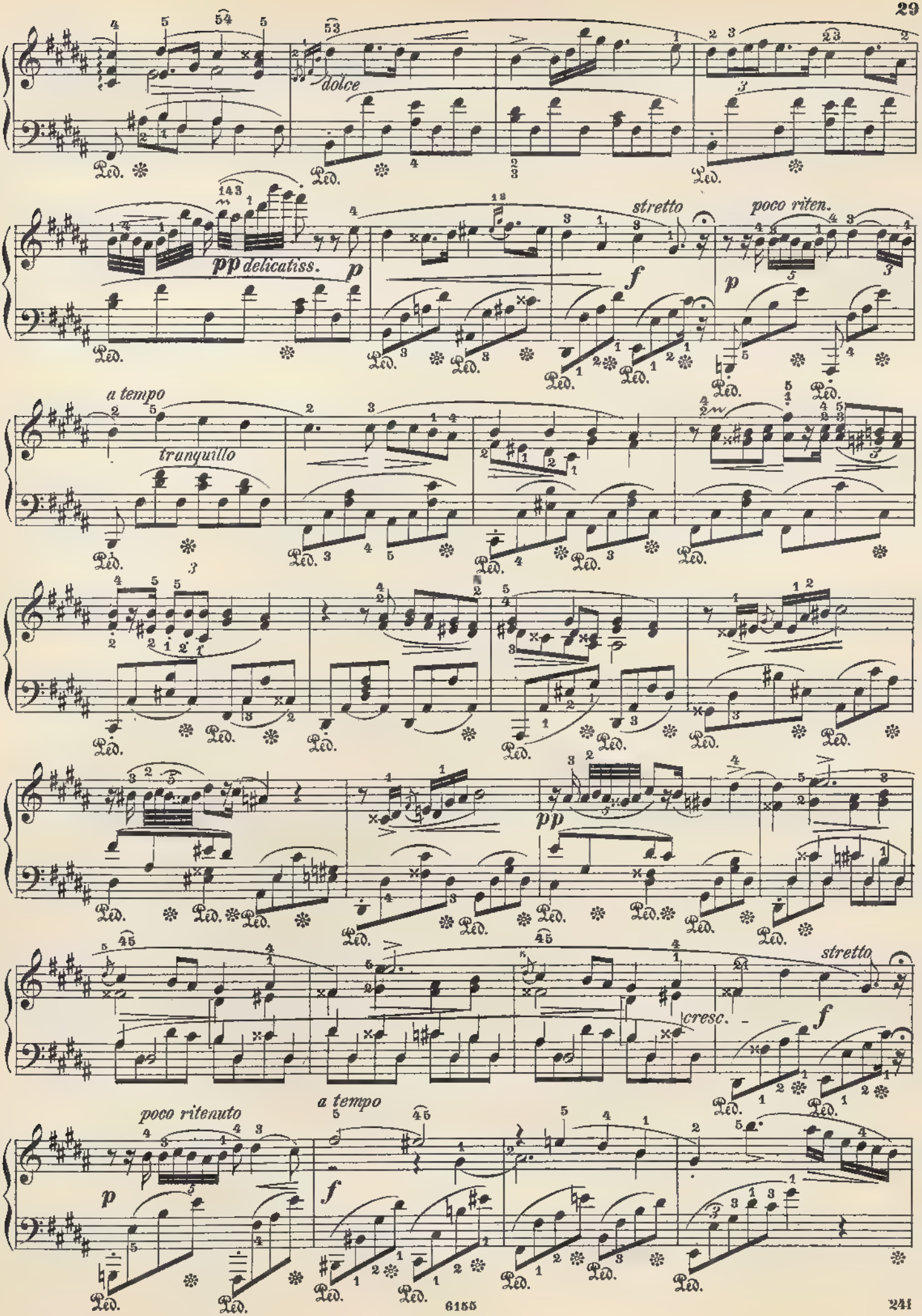
f

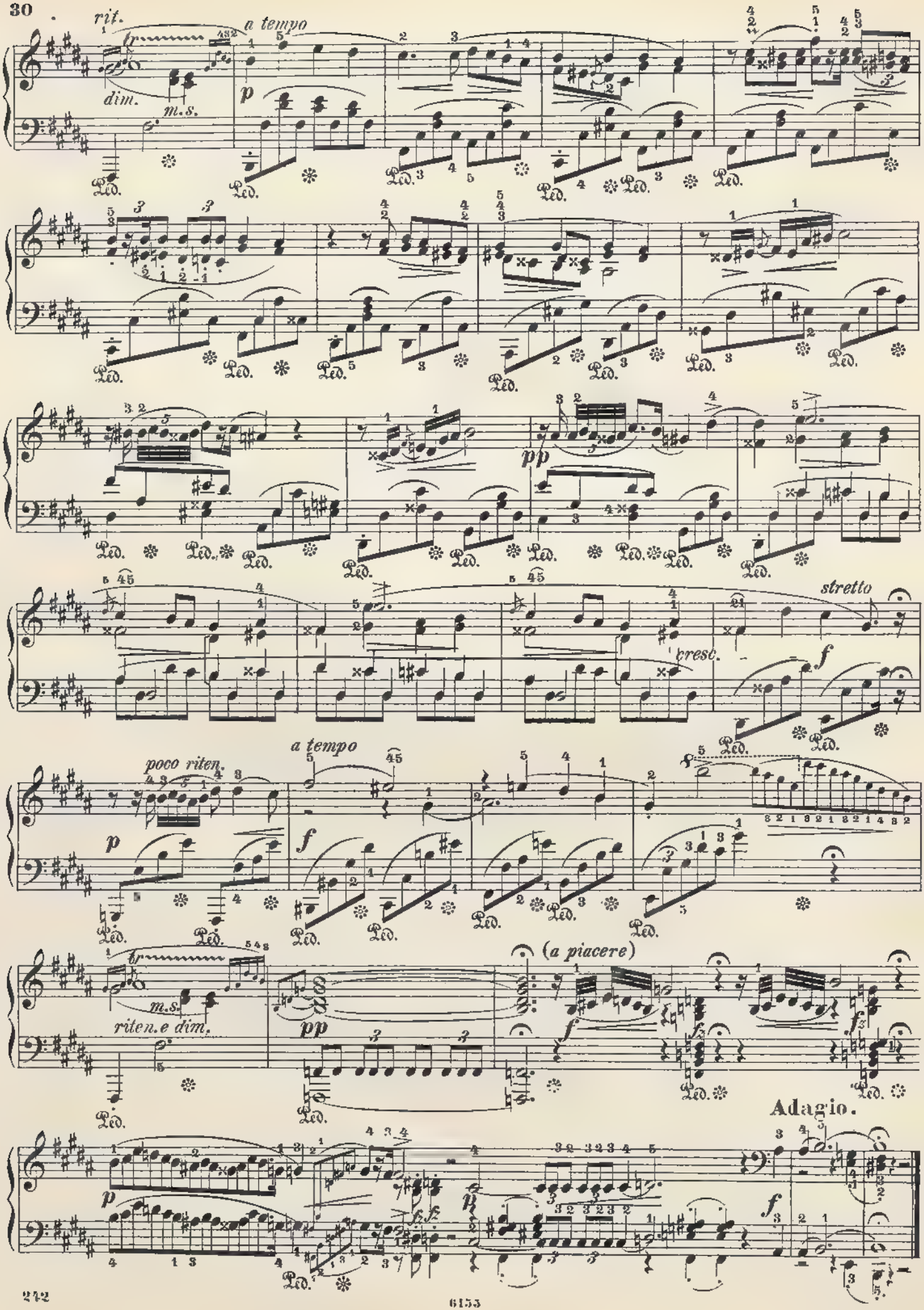
poco riten.

p

delicatiss.

a tempo

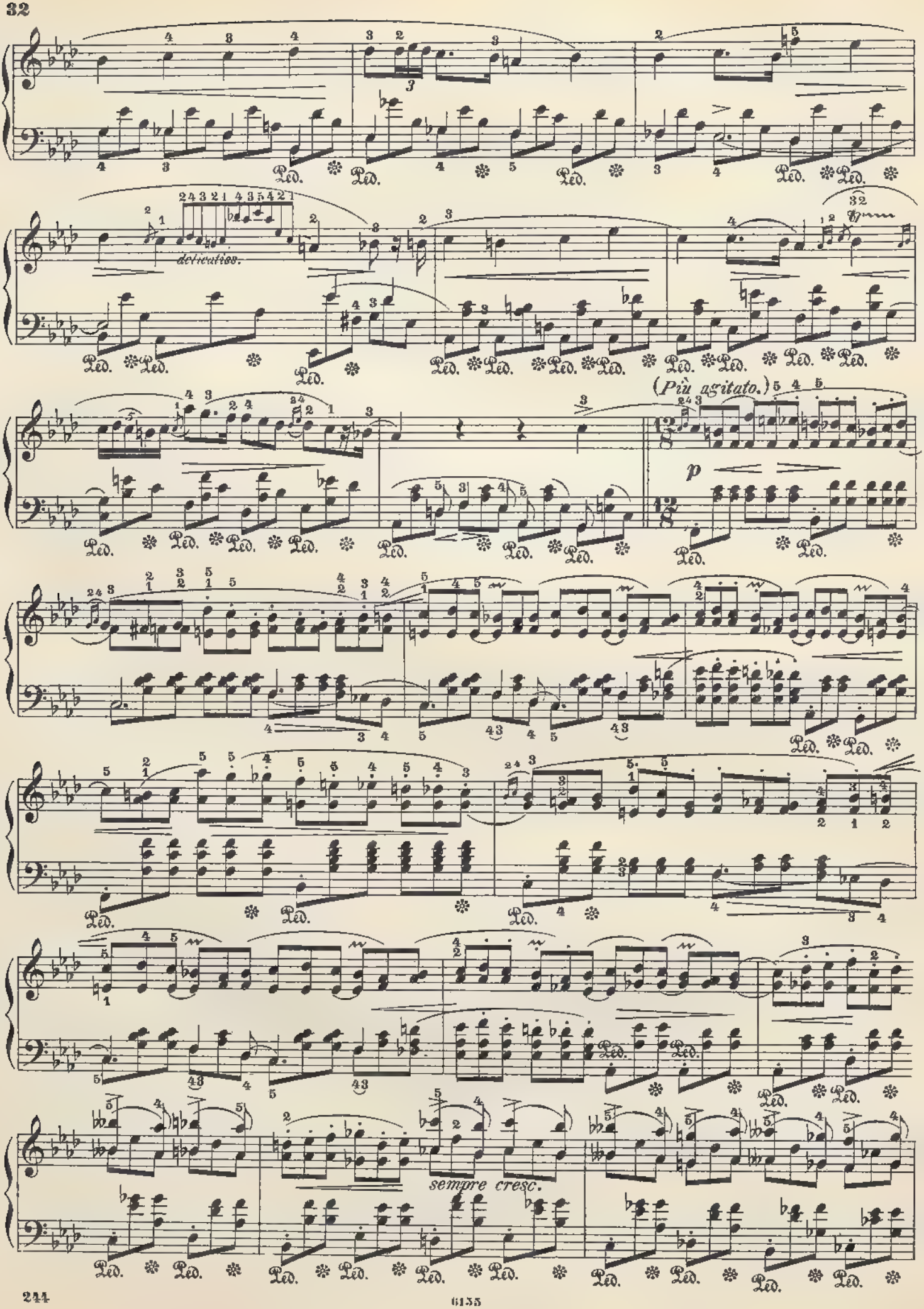

dolce
pp delicatiss.
p
stretto
f
poco riten.
p
a tempo
tranquillo
pp
stretto
cresc.
f
poco ritenuto
p
a tempo
f


rit.
a tempo
dim.
m.s.
p
pp
cresc.
stretto
f
poco riten.
a tempo
riten.e dim.
(a piacere)
Adagio.

10. **Lento.** Op. 32, № 2.

*p* *sempre piano e legato*

*delicatiss.*


delicatiss.
(Più agitato.)
p
sempre cresc.

fz

cresc.

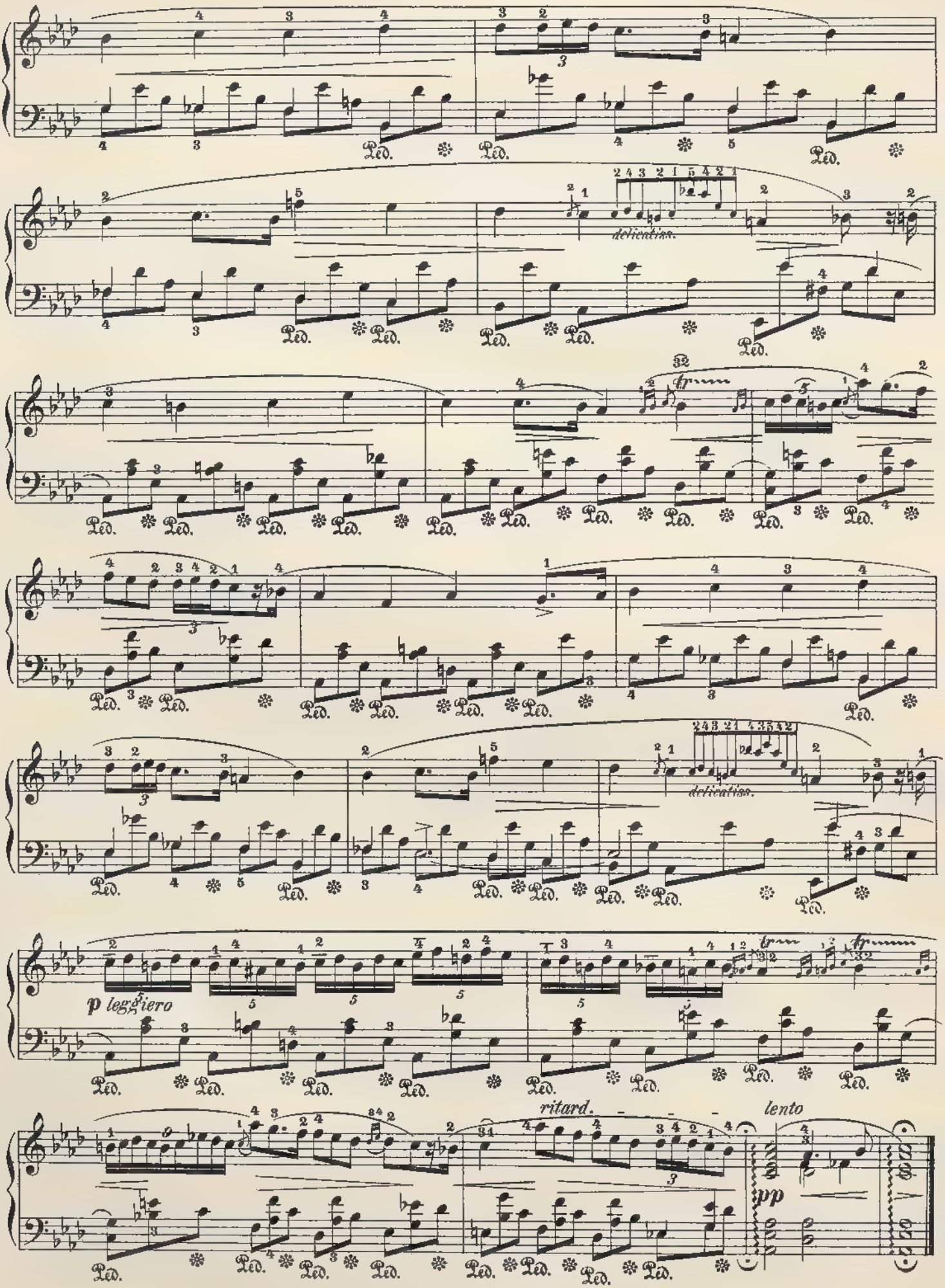
ff

sempre cre - - scen - - -

do

ff appassionato

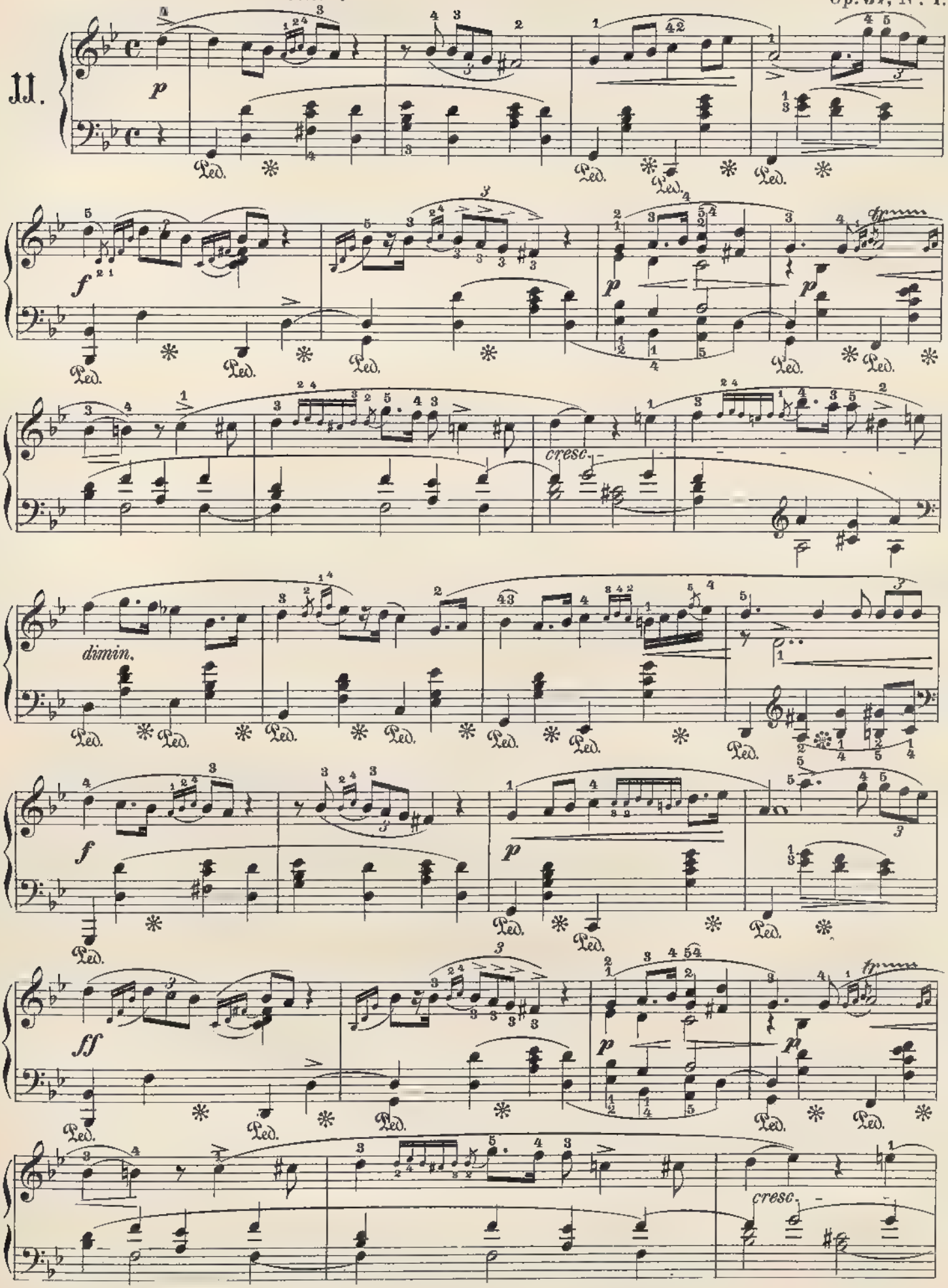
fp

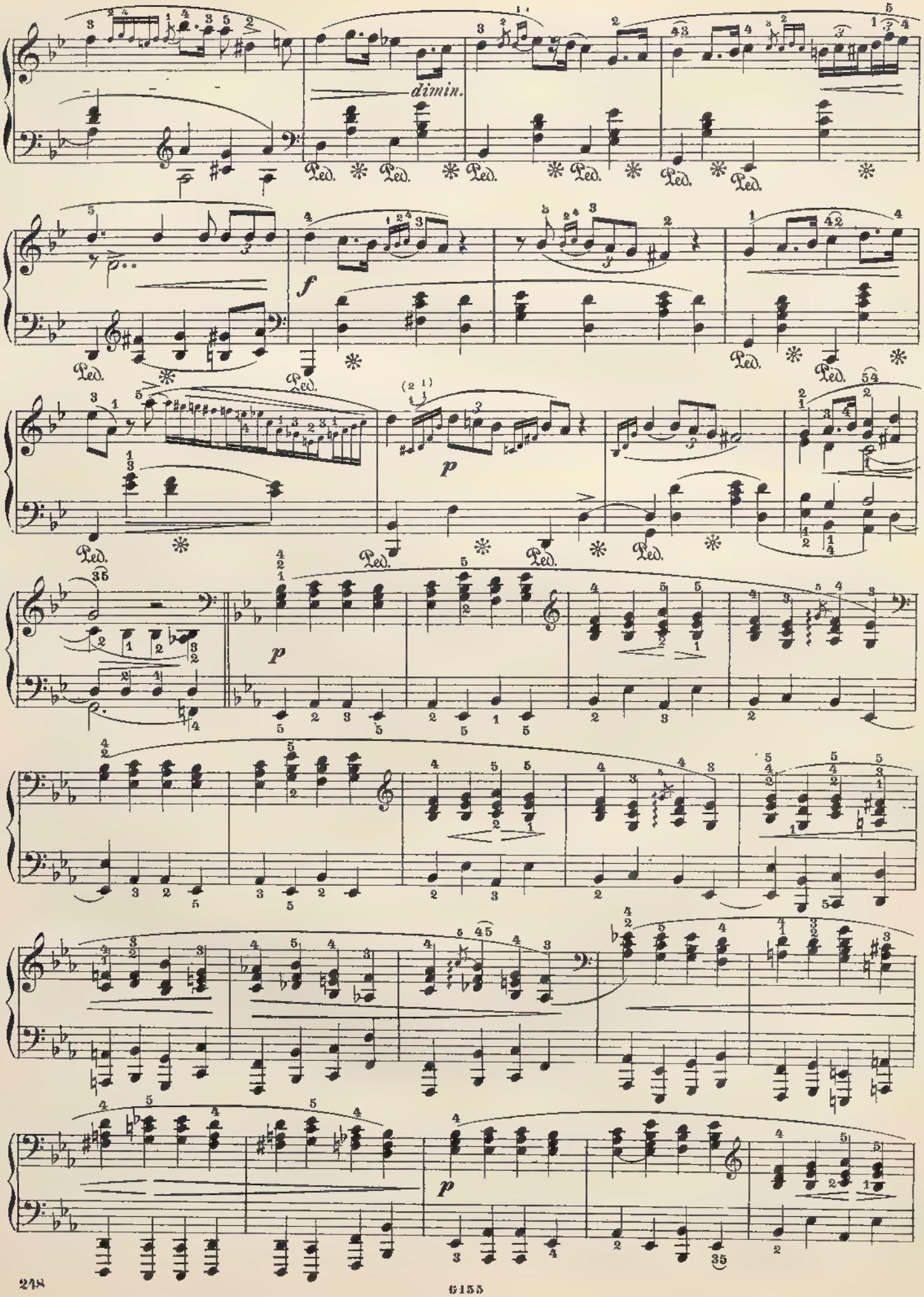

delicatiss.
delicatiss.
p leggiero
ritard.
lento
pp

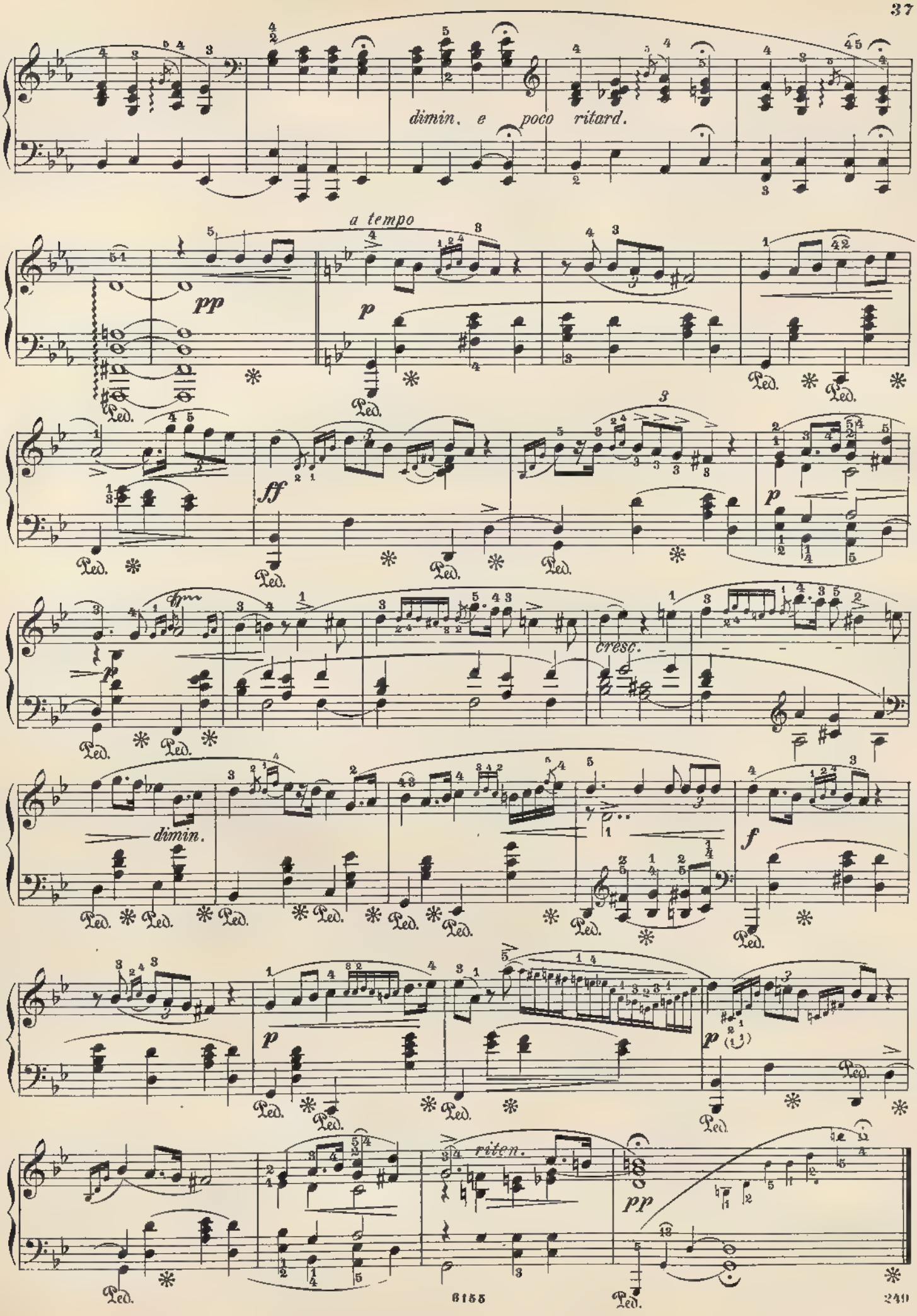
## Andante sostenuto.

Op. 37, No 1.

II.




dimin.
Ped.
f
p
35

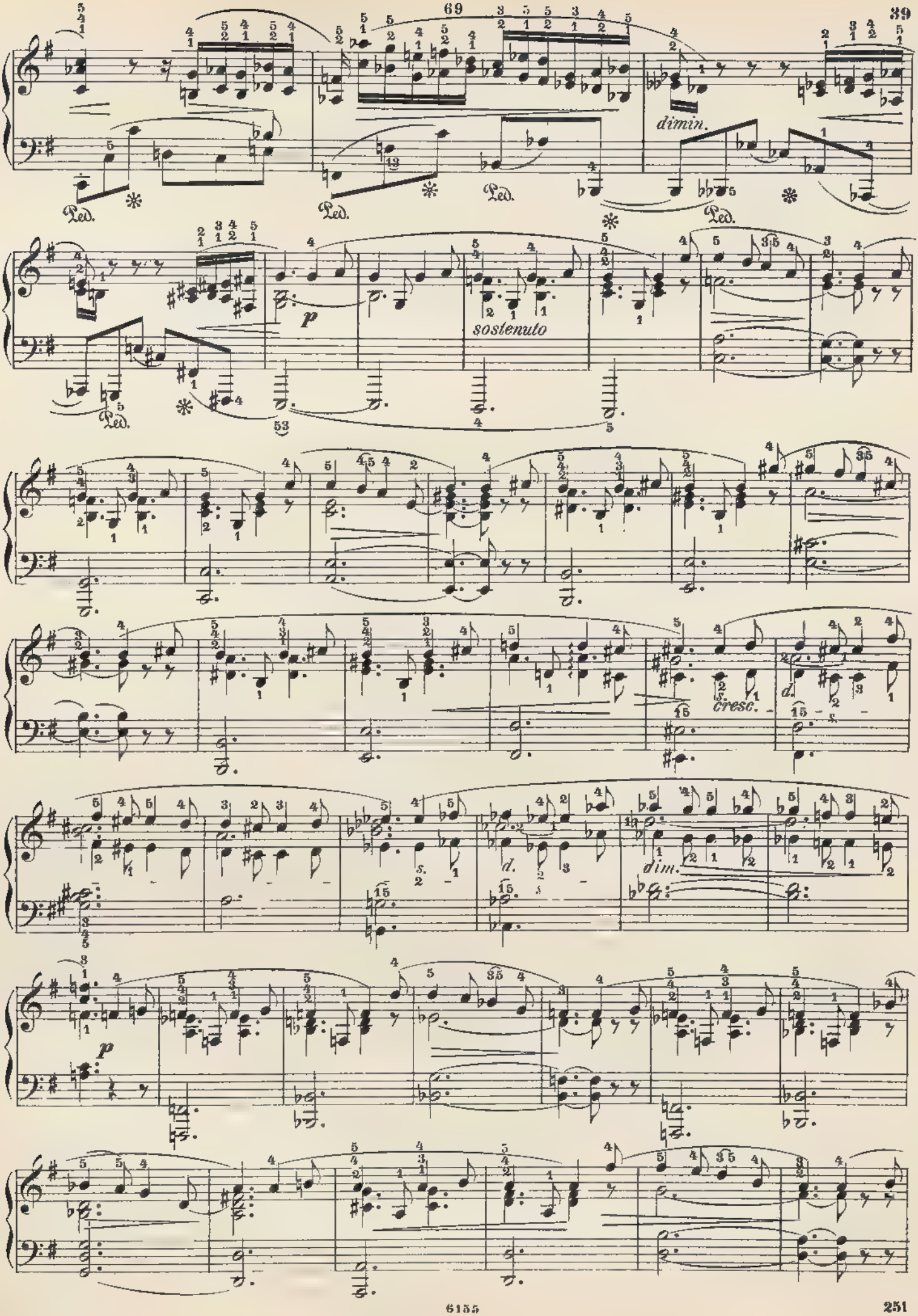

dimin. e poco ritard.
a tempo
pp
p
ff
p
cresc.
dimin.
f
p
p
riten.
pp
Ped.

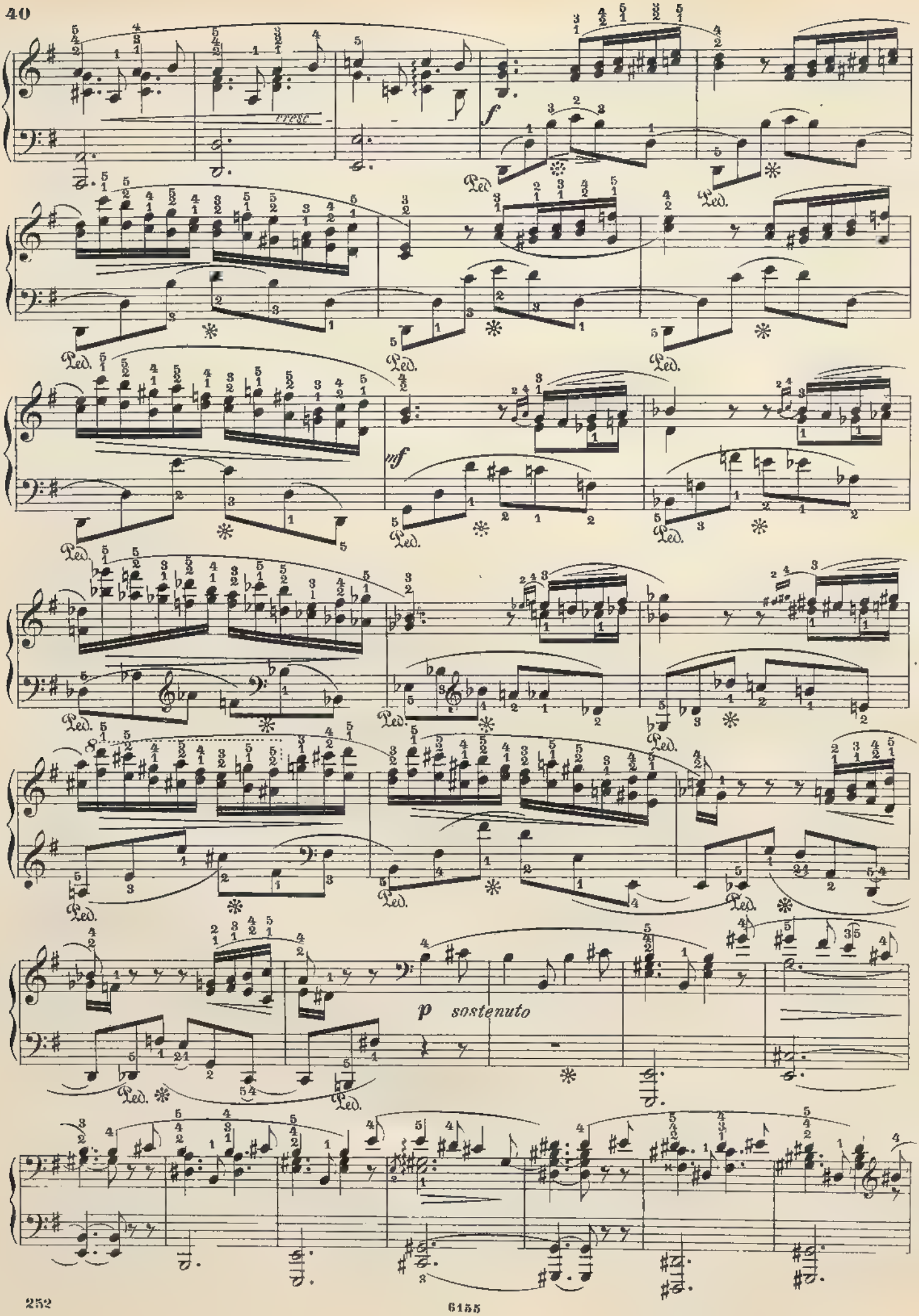
Andantino.

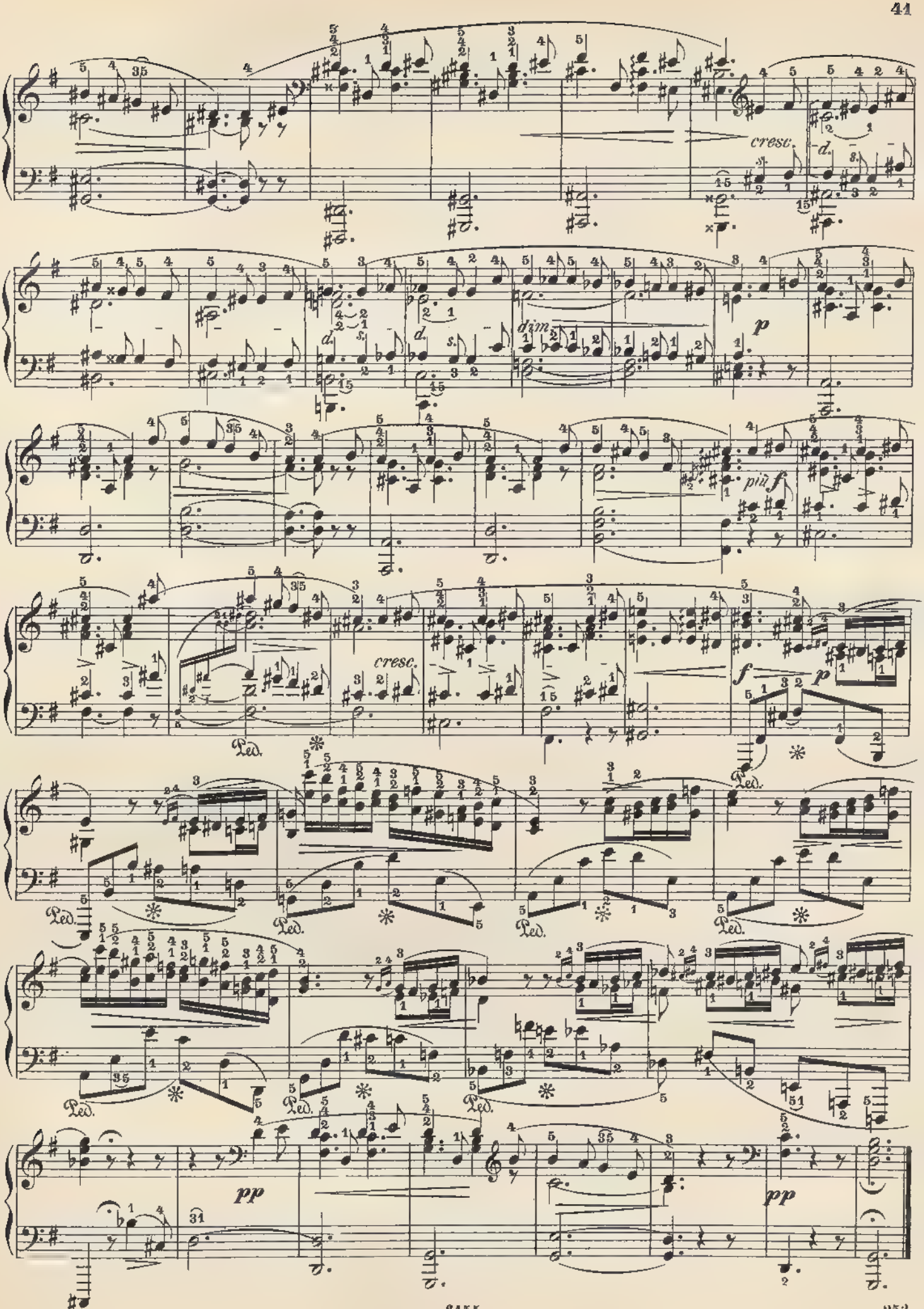
12.

*dolce*

*p*


dimin.
Ped.
p
sostenuto
cresc.
dim.


f
Ped.
mf
p sostenuto


cresc.
dim.
più f
Ped.
pp

Lento.

13.

*mezza voce*

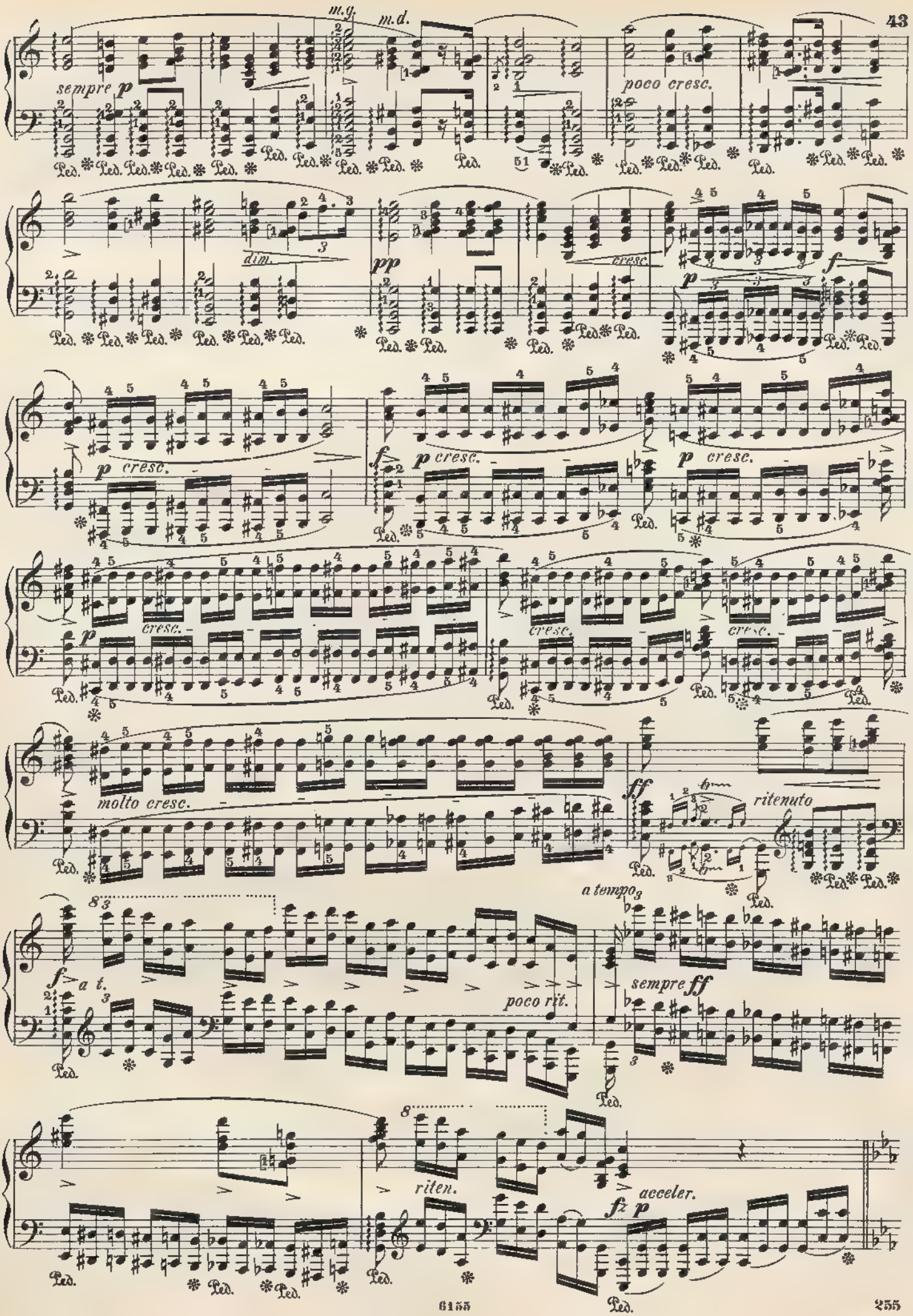
*cresc.*

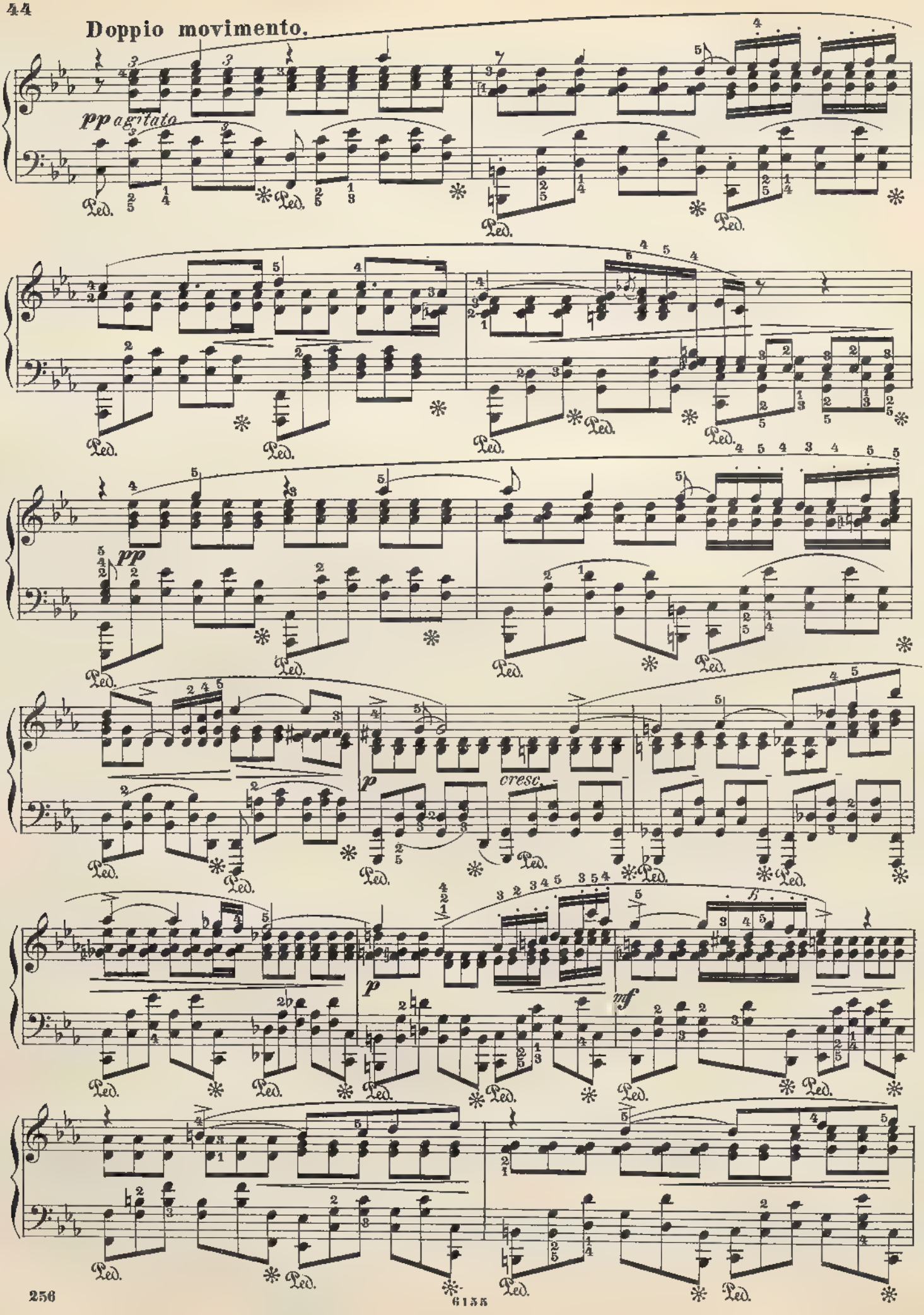
*ten.*

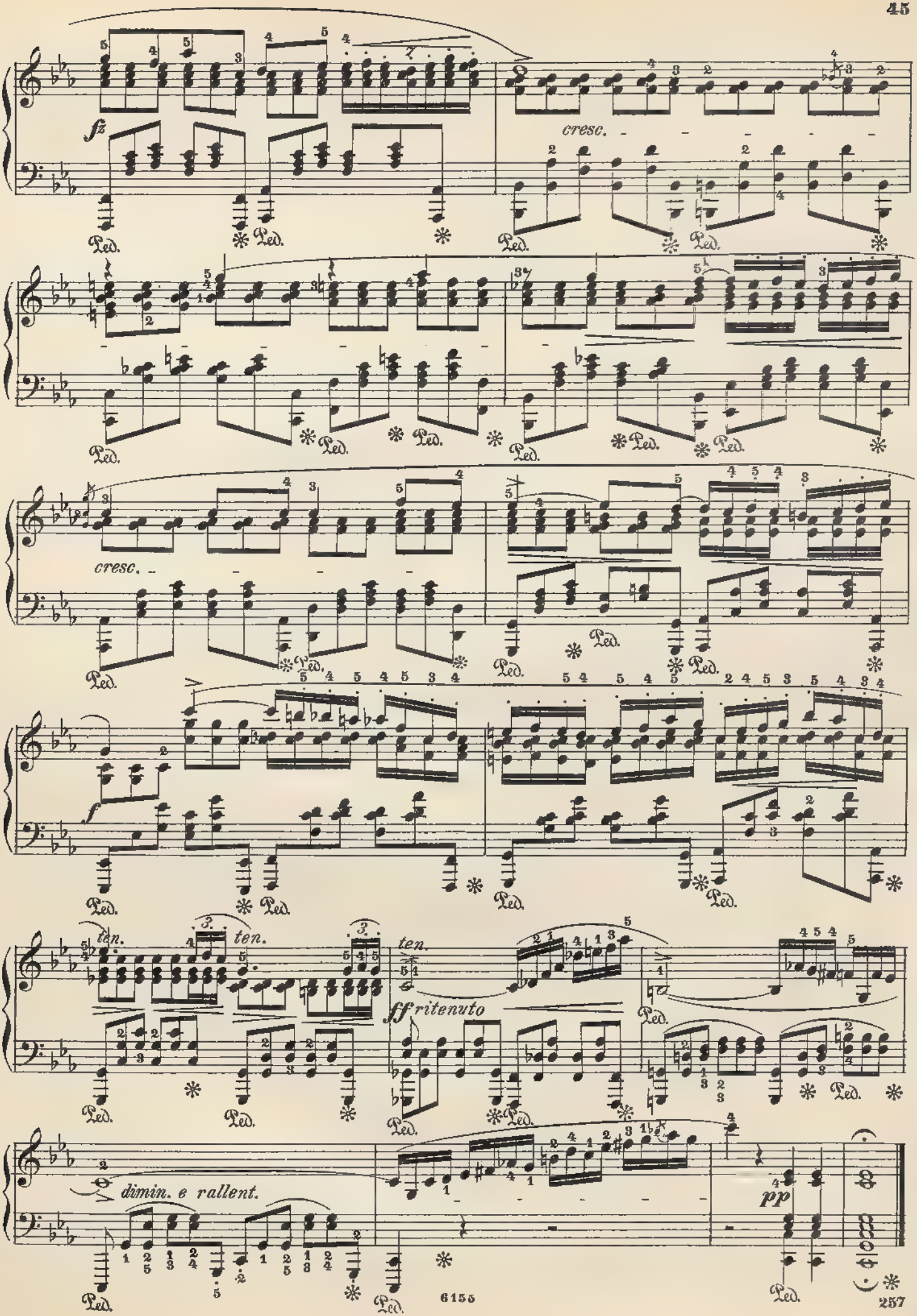
*ten.*

Poco più lento.

*sotto voce*


m.g.
m.d.
sempre p
poco cresc.
dim.
pp
cresc.
f
p
p cresc.
molto cresc.
ff
ritenuto
a tempo
f a t.
poco rit.
sempre ff
riten.
acceler.
fz p


Doppio movimento.
pp agitato
Ped.
pp
p
cresc.
p
mf
f


fz
cresc.
cresc.
f
ten.
ten.
ten.
ff ritenuto
dimin. e rallent.
pp
Ped.

## Andantino.

Op. 48. Nº 2.

14.

*p*

*poco a*

*poco cresc.*

*f*

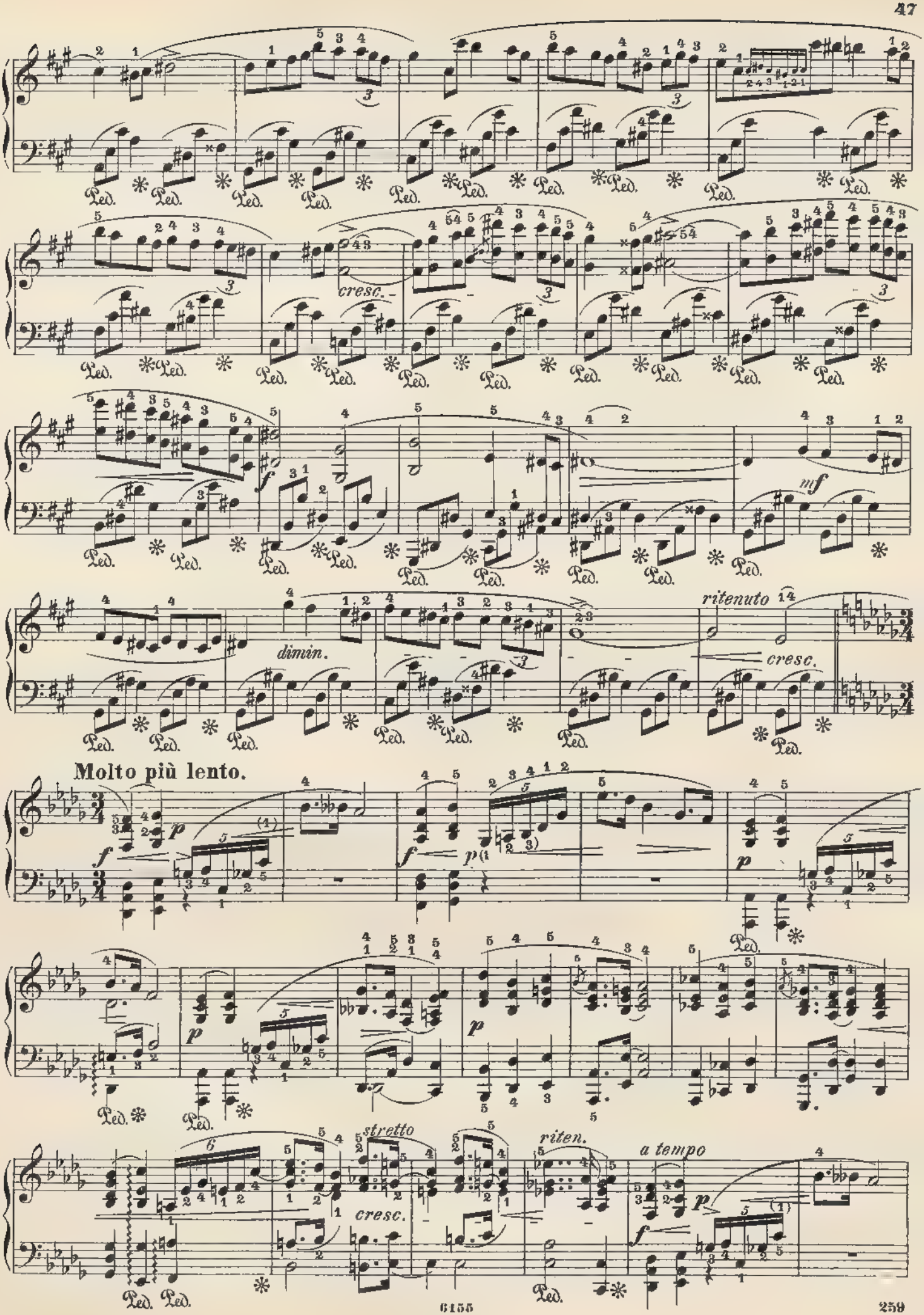
*ten.*

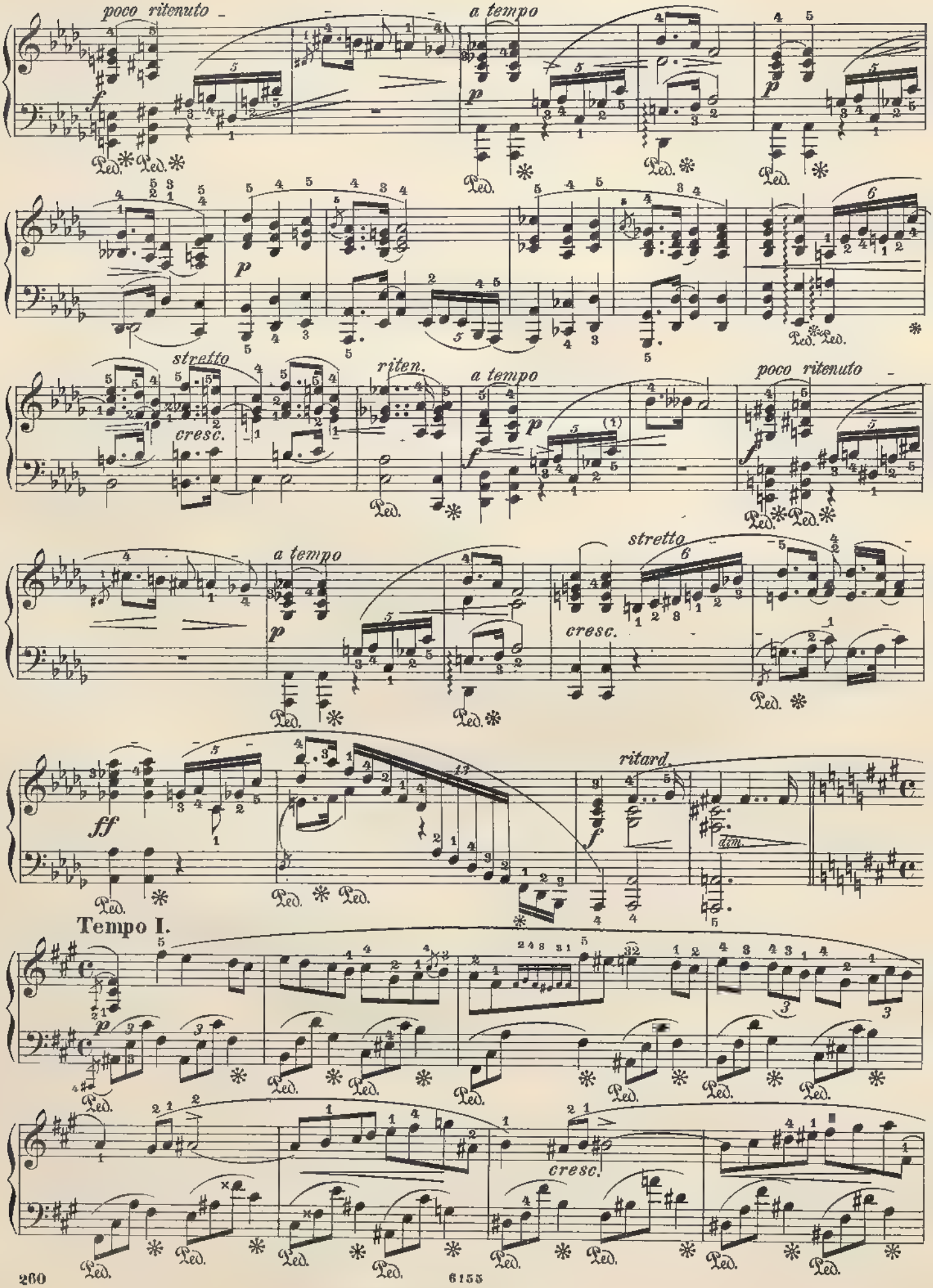
*mf*

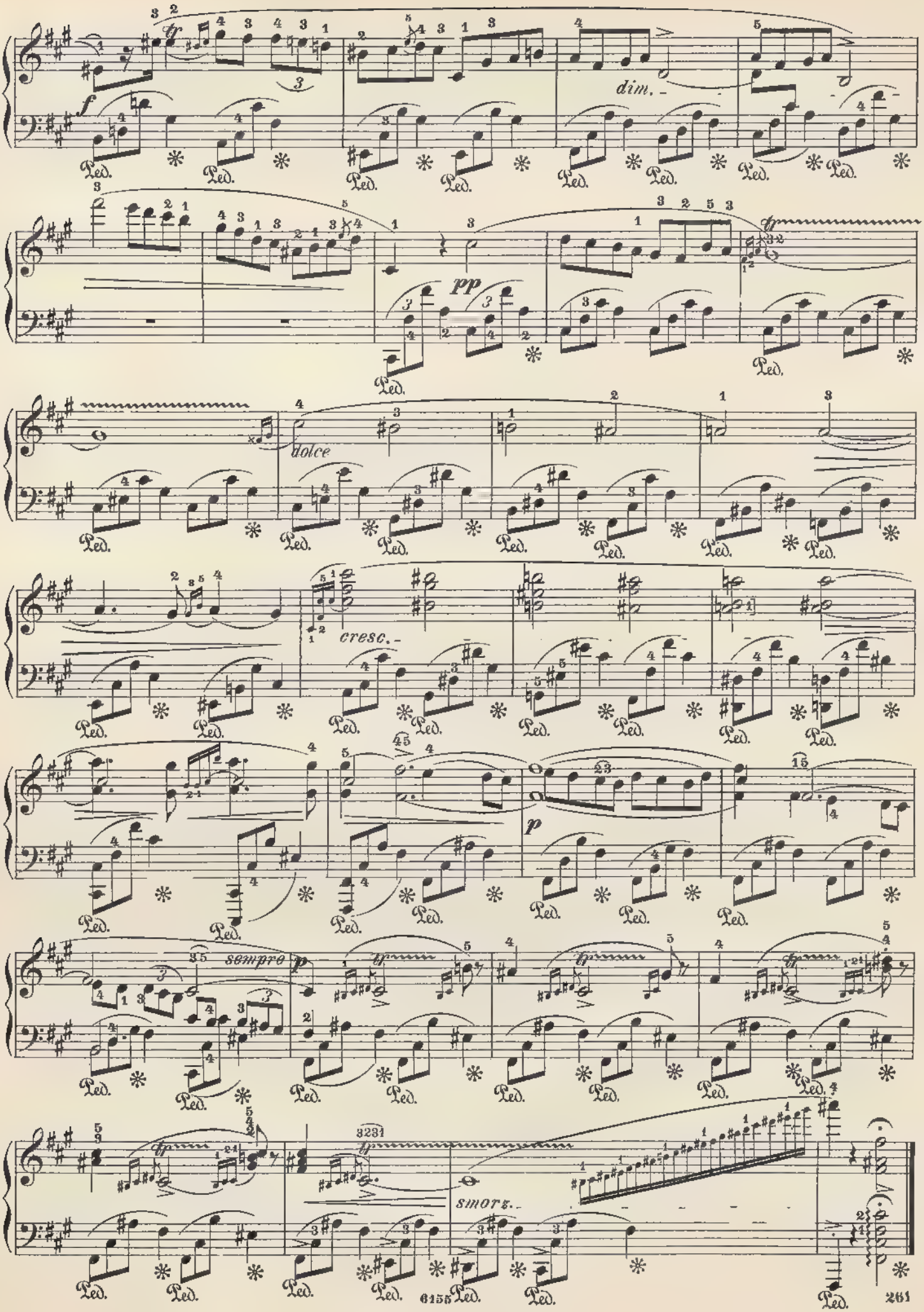
*dimin.*

*pp*

*p*


cresc.
dimin.
ritenuto
cresc.
Molto più lento.
stretto
cresc.
riten.
a tempo

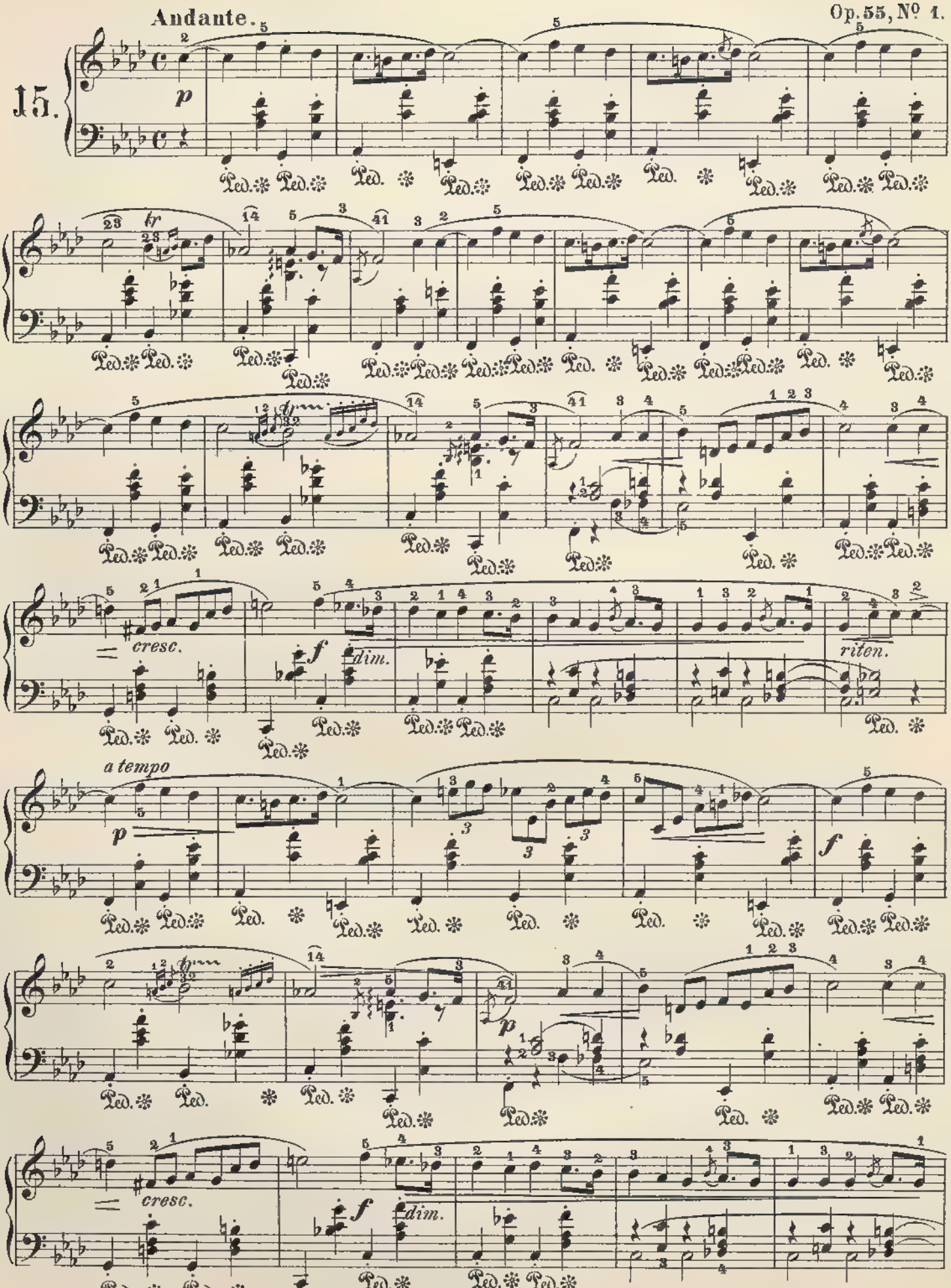

poco ritenuto
a tempo
stretto
cresc.
riten.
a tempo
poco ritenuto
a tempo
stretto
cresc.
ritard.
dim.
Tempo I.
cresc.

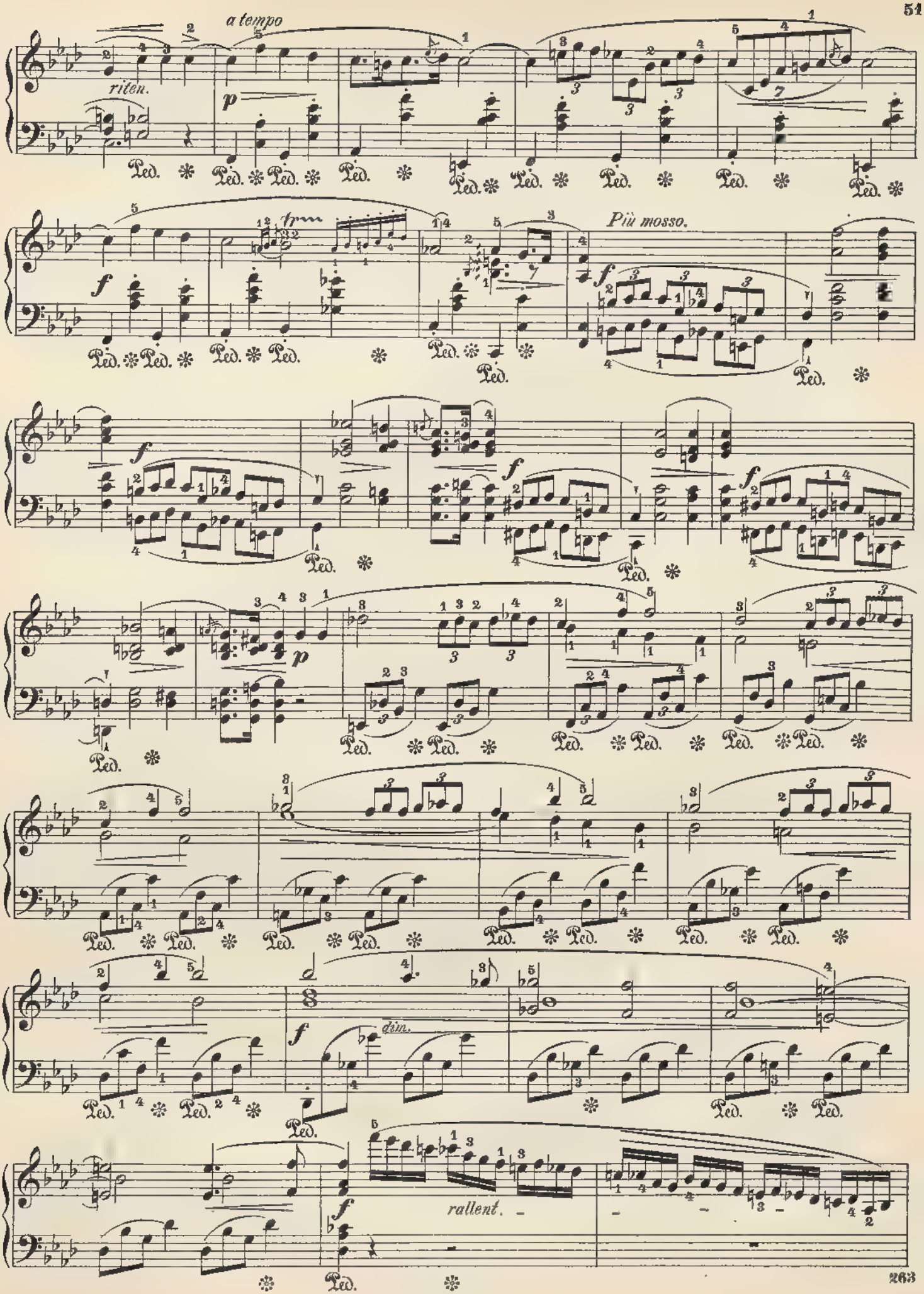

dim.
pp
dolce
cresc.
sempre p
smorz.

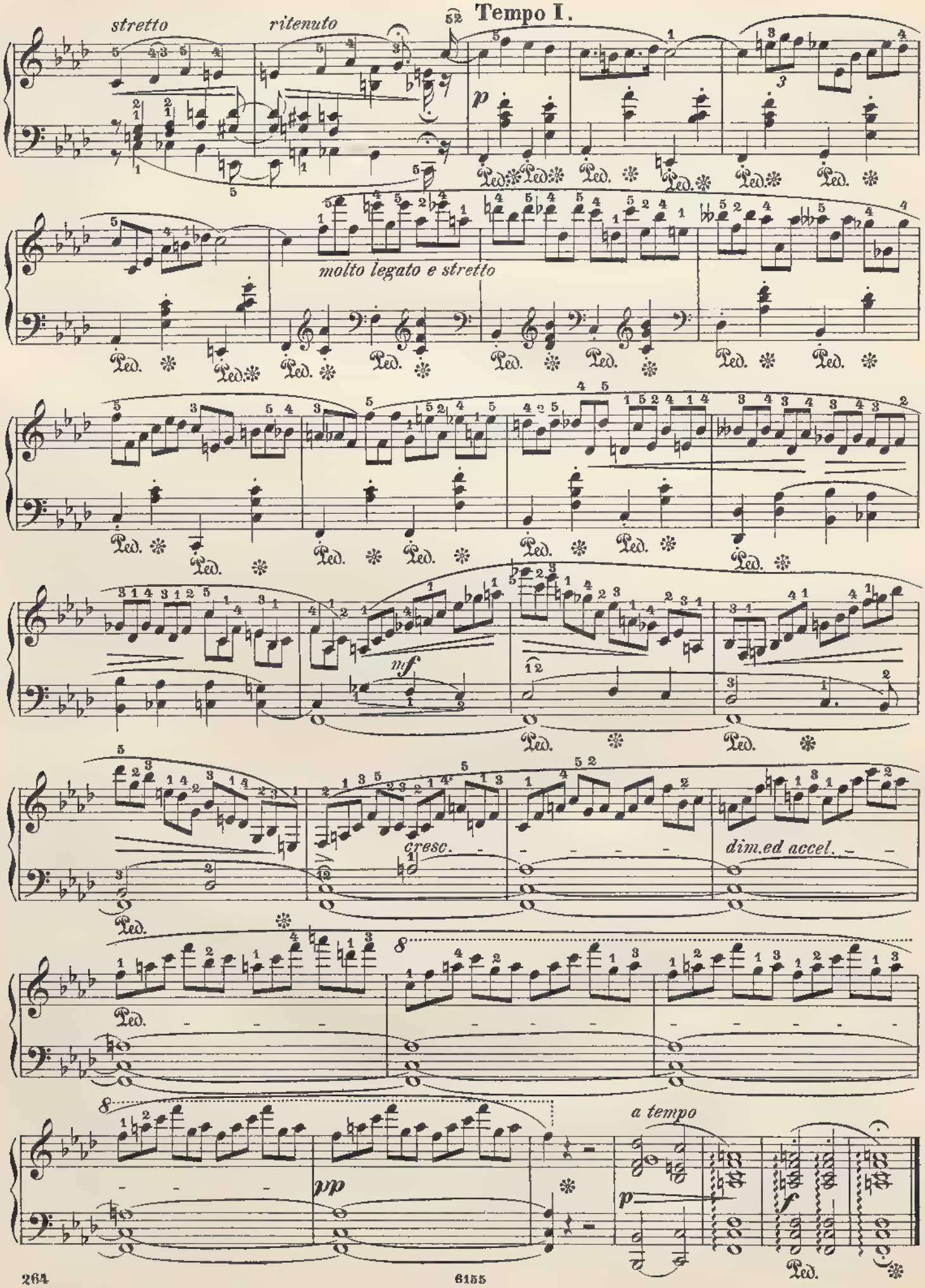
Andante.

Op. 55, № 1.

15.



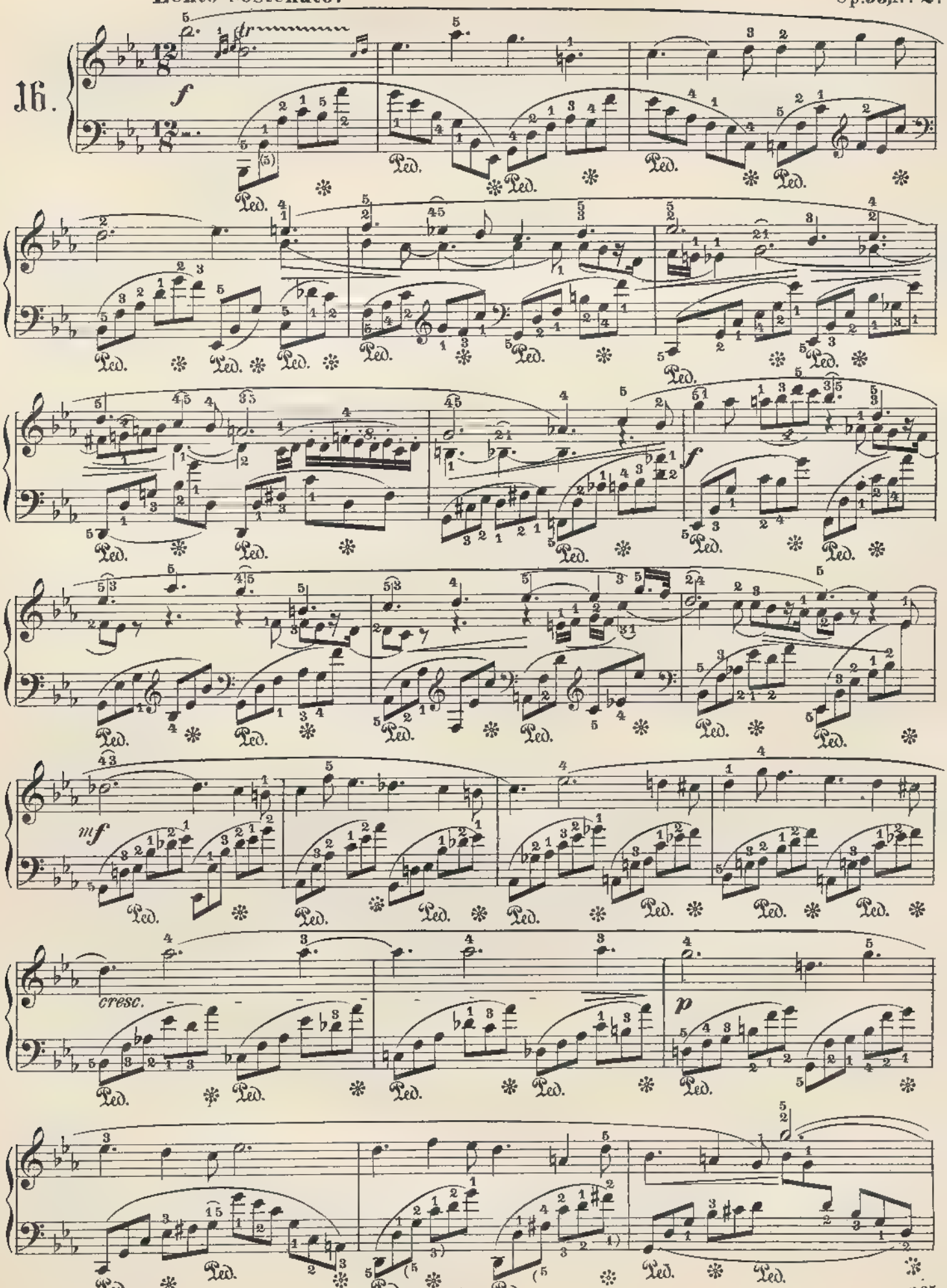

a tempo
riten.
p
f
Più mosso.
f
f
f
p
f
dim.
f
rallent.

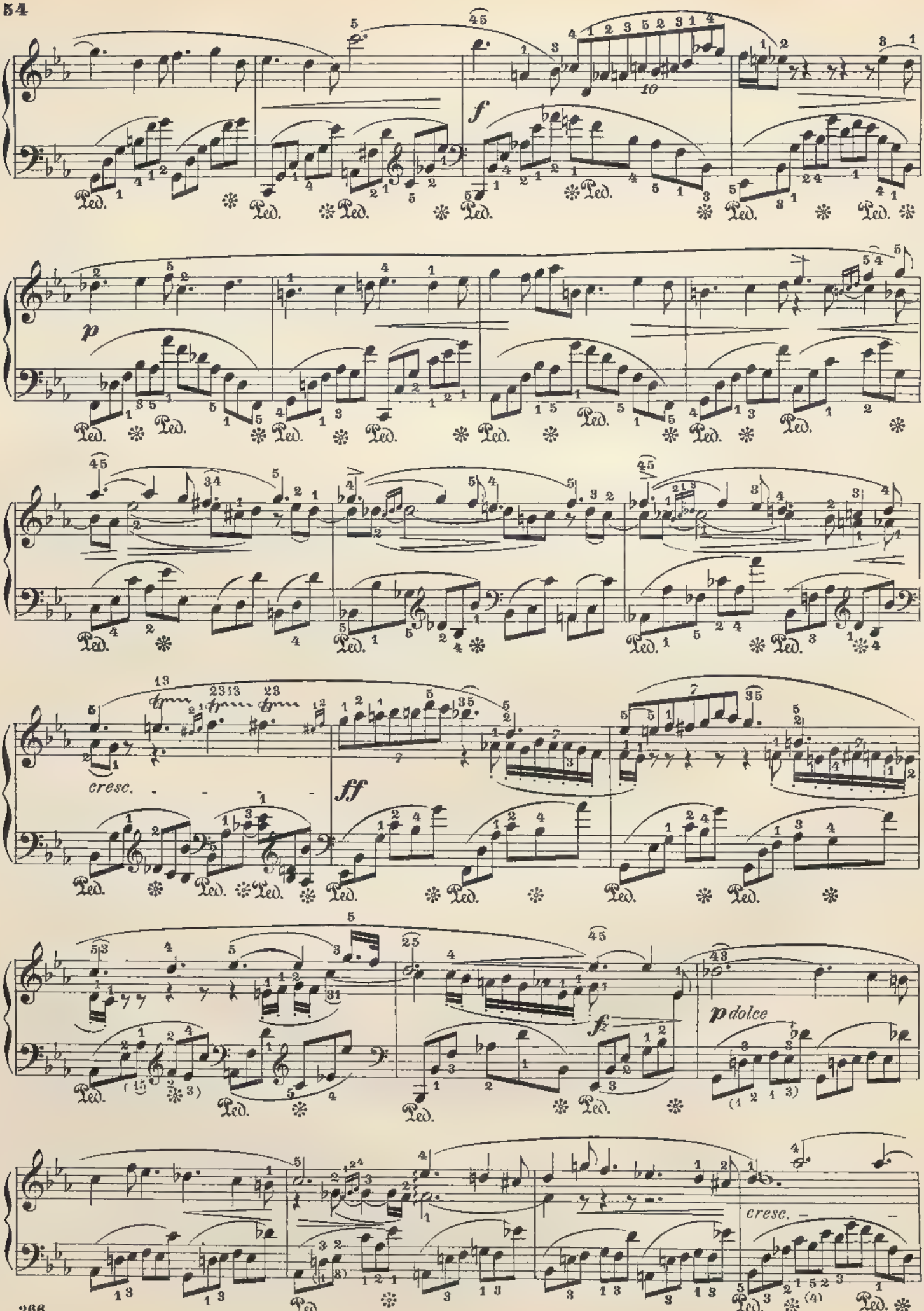

stretto
ritenuto
52
Tempo I.
p
molto legato e stretto
mf
cresc.
dim.ed accel.
8
pp
a tempo
p
f
Ped.

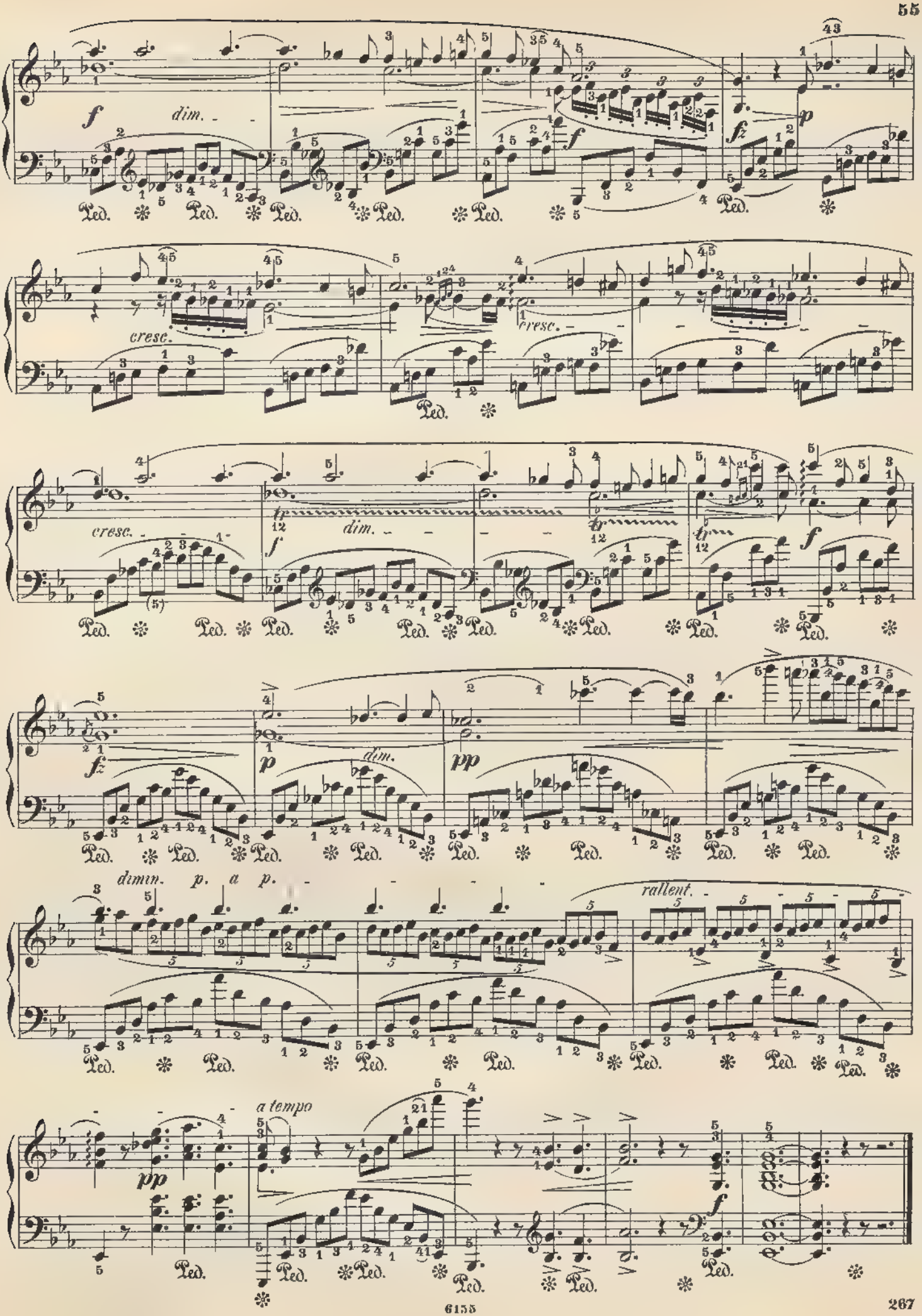
Lento sostenuto.

Op. 55, No. 2.

16.




f
p
cresc.
ff
p dolce
cresc.


f
dim.
fz
p
cresc.
tr
dim.
pp
dimin. p. a p.
rallent.
a tempo

Op. 62, No. 1.

## Andante.

17.

*f*

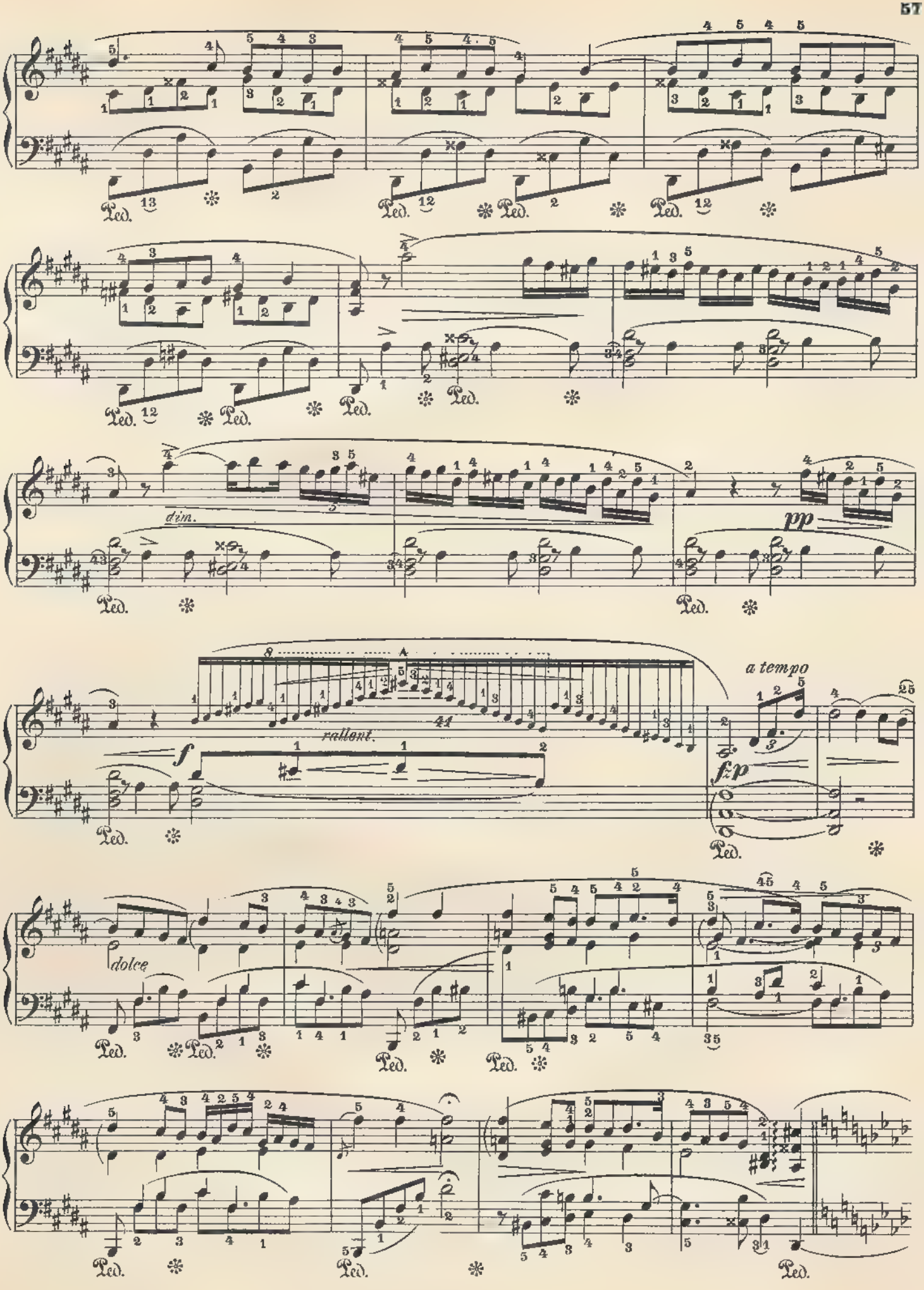
*dolce e legato*

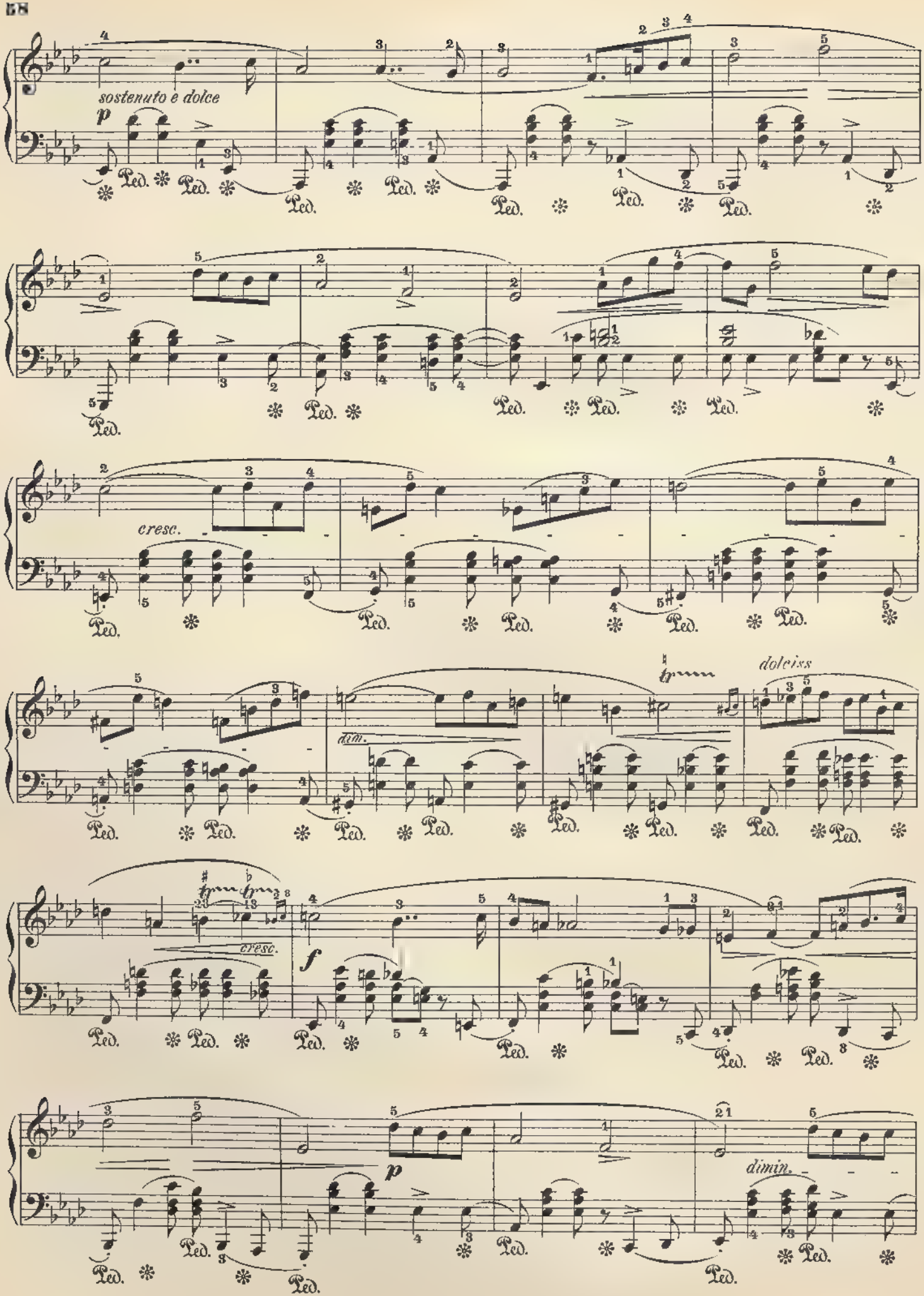
*p*

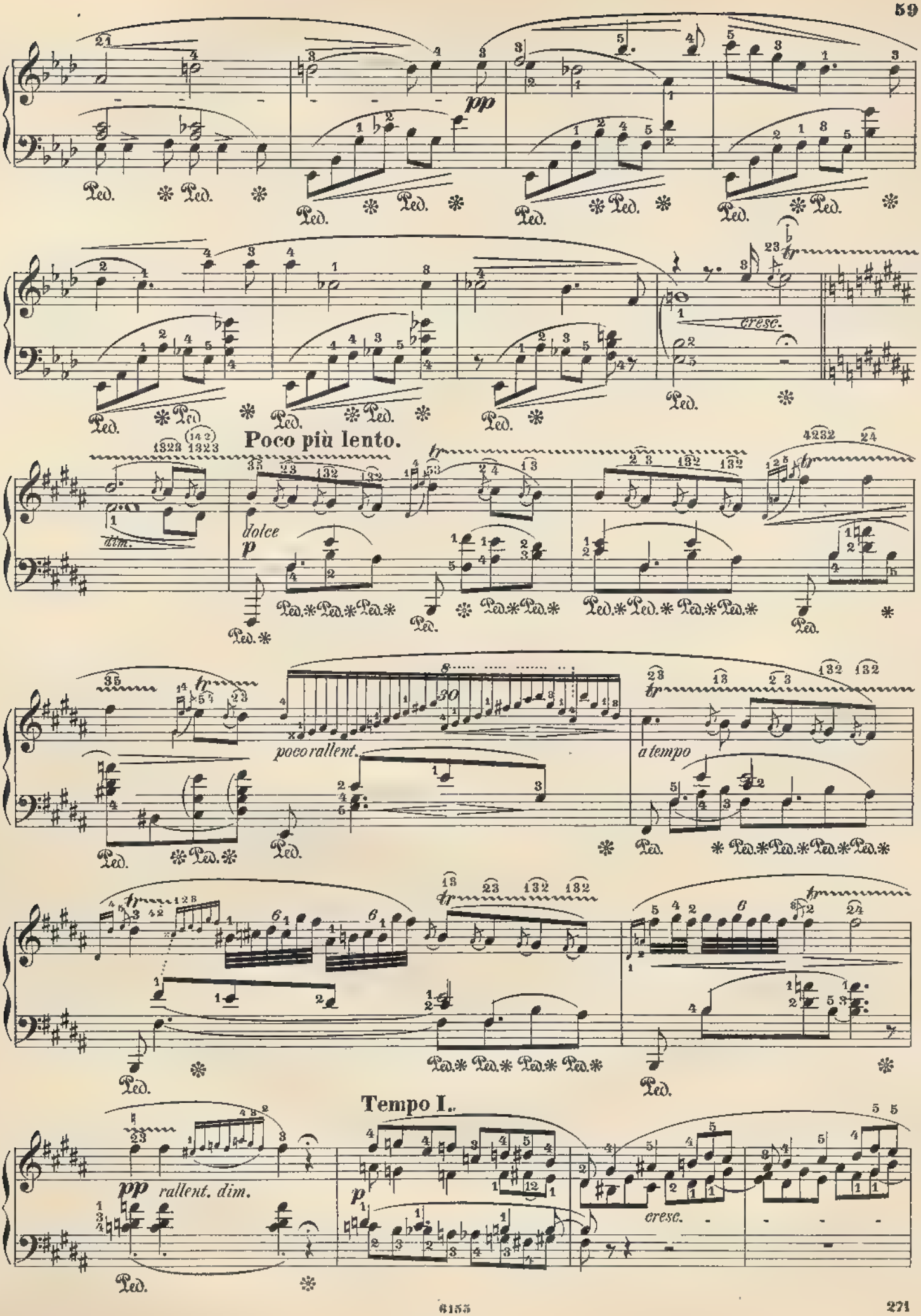
*poco cresc.*

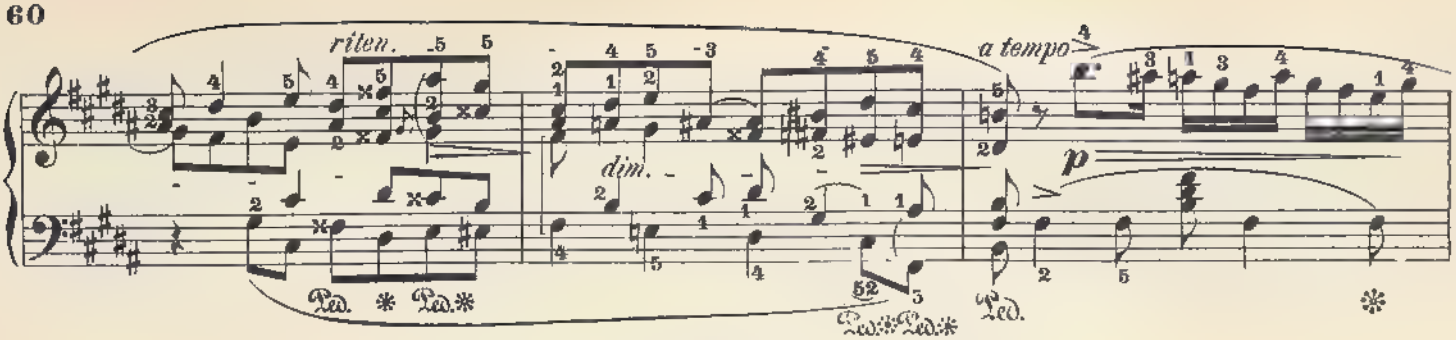
*m.g.*

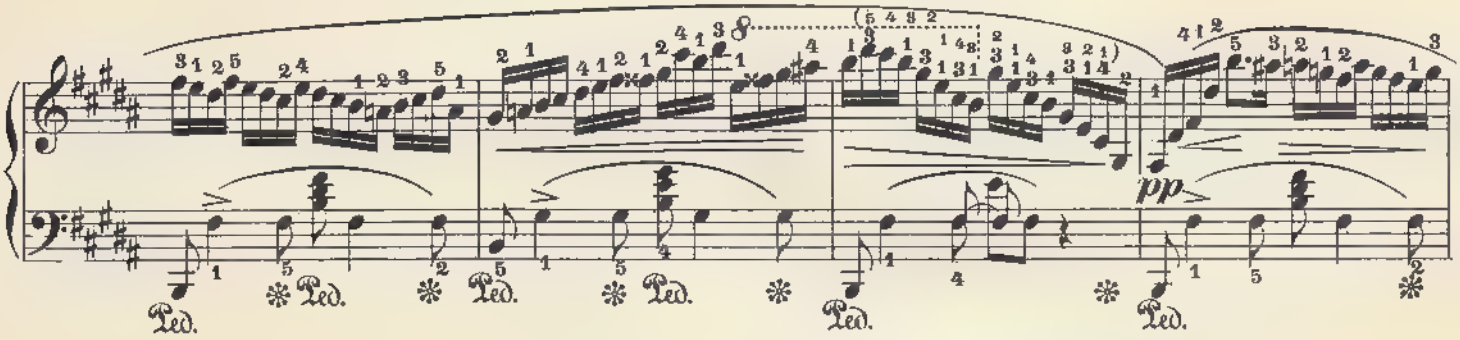
*sempre legato*

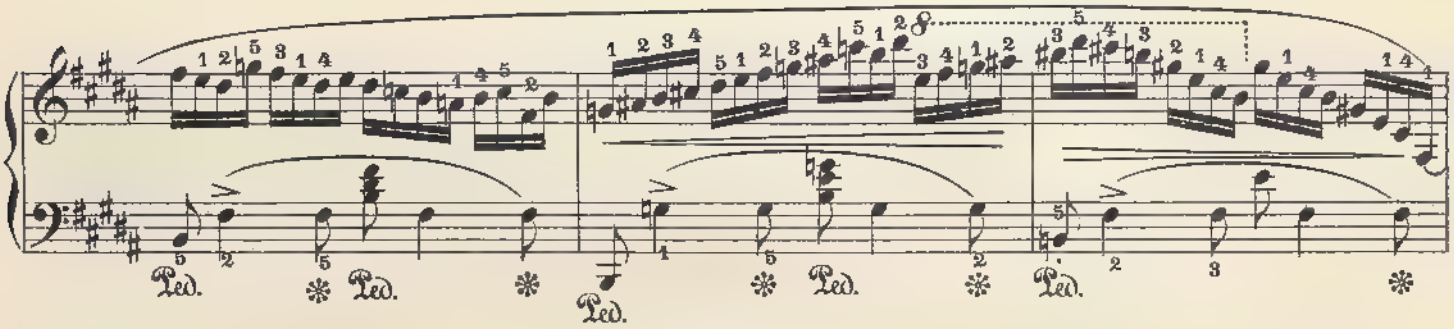

dim.
pp
rallent.
f
a tempo
f p
dolce

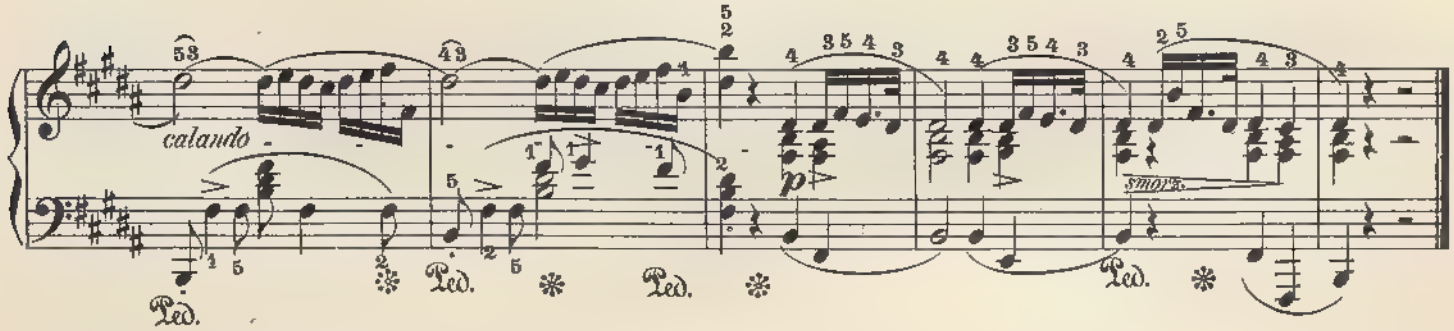

sostenuto e dolce
p
Ped.
cresc.
dim.
tr
dolciss
cresc.
f
p
dimin.


pp
cresc.
Poco più lento.
dolce
p
poco rallent.
a tempo
Tempo I.
pp
rallent. dim.
p
cresc.



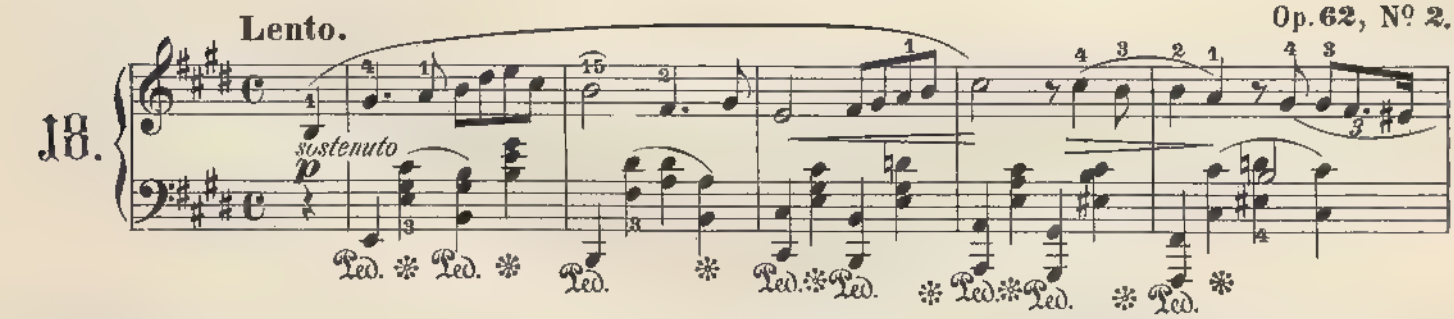



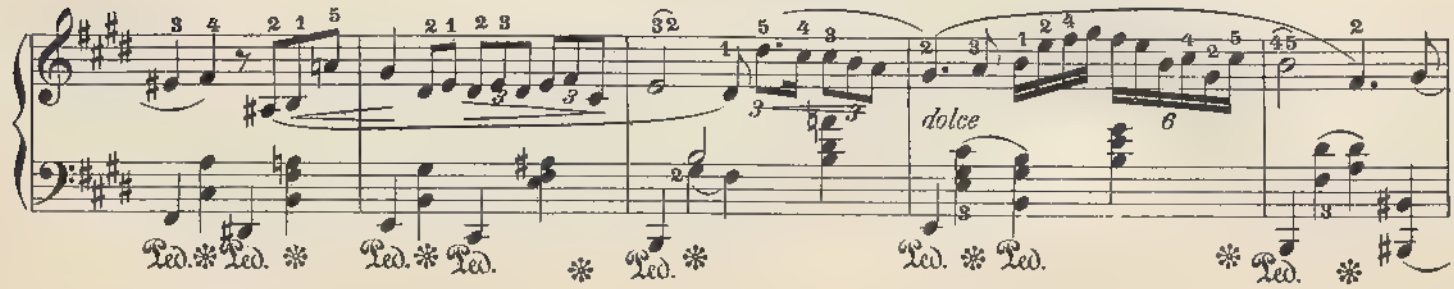


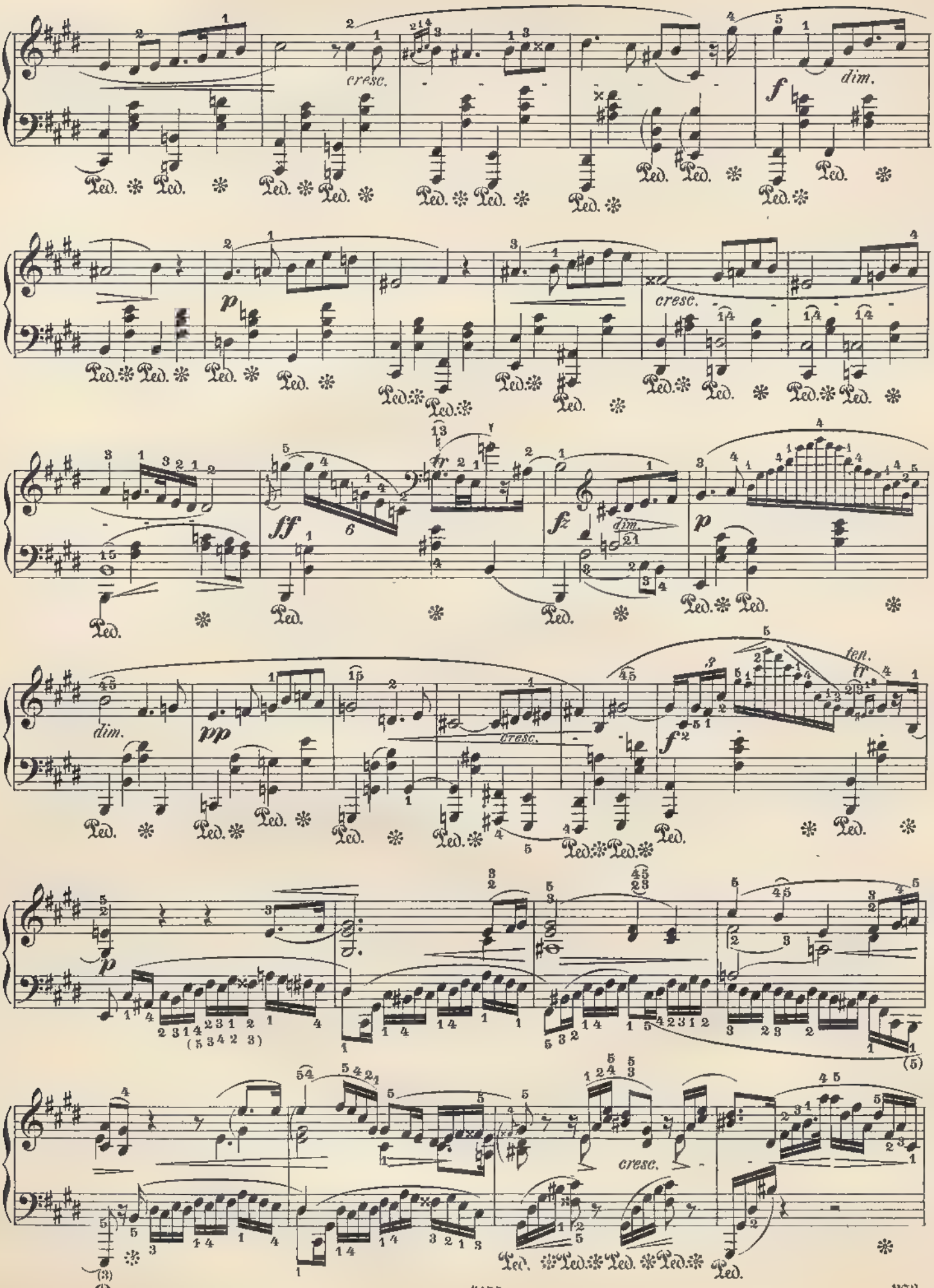

Op. 62, № 2.

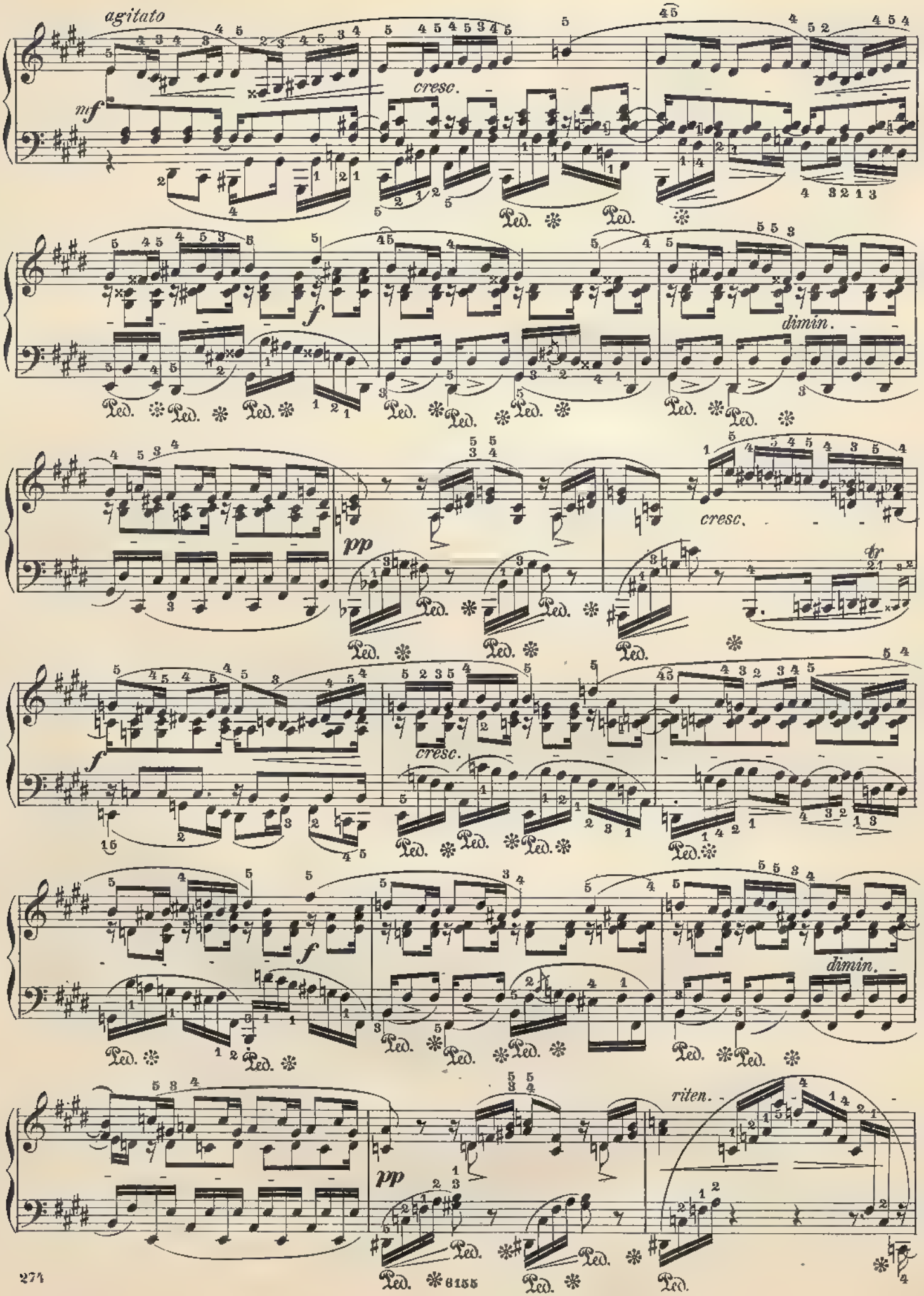
18.

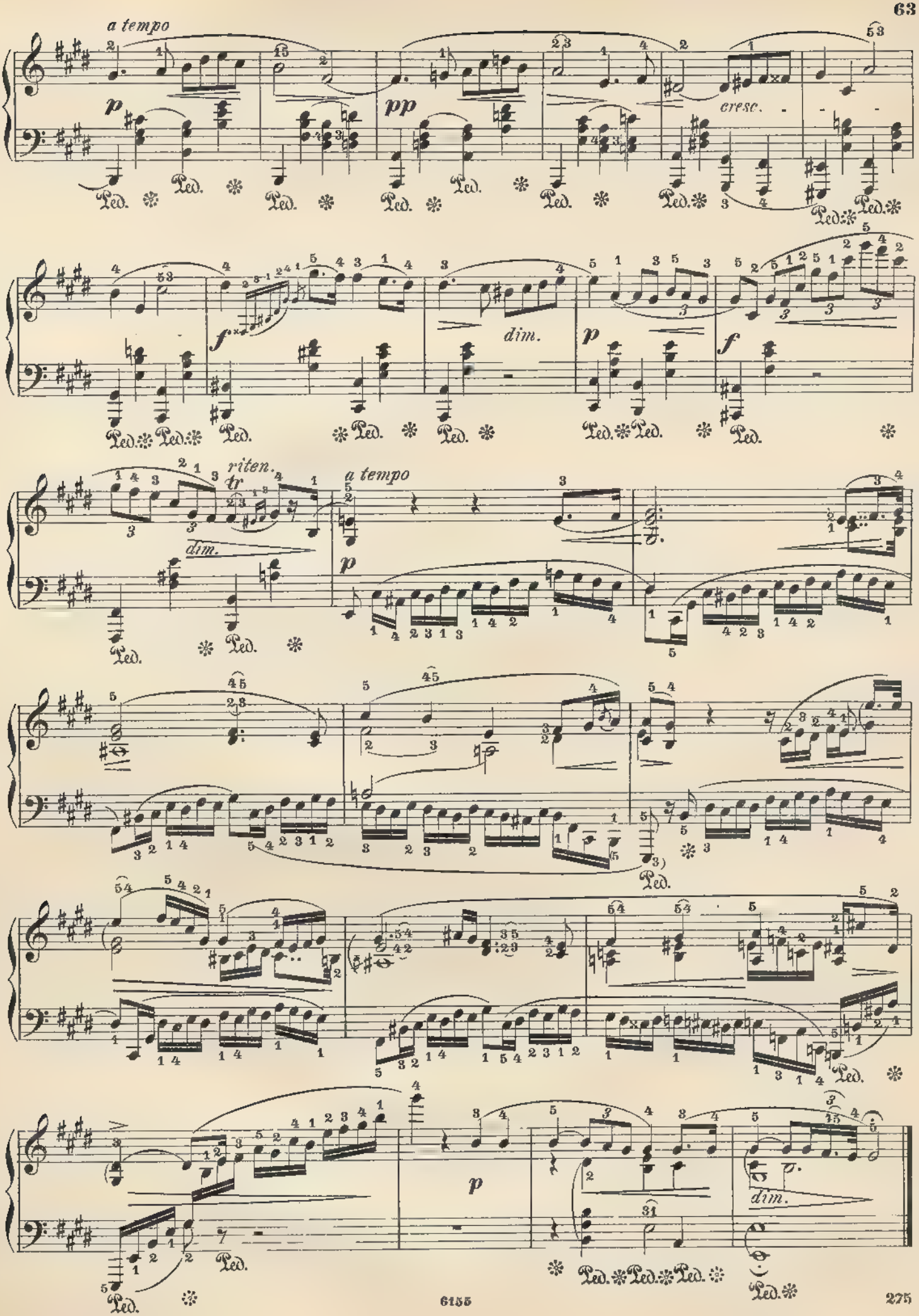
Lento.




cresc.
dim.
f
p
cresc.
ff
fz
dim.
p
dim.
pp
cresc.
ten.
ff
f
p
cresc.


agitato
mf
cresc.
f
dimin.
pp
cresc.
tr
f
cresc.
f
dimin.
pp
riten.


a tempo
cresc.
dim.
riten.
a tempo
dim.

19.

Andante. (♩ = 69.)

*espress.*

*dolce*

*sempre molto legato*

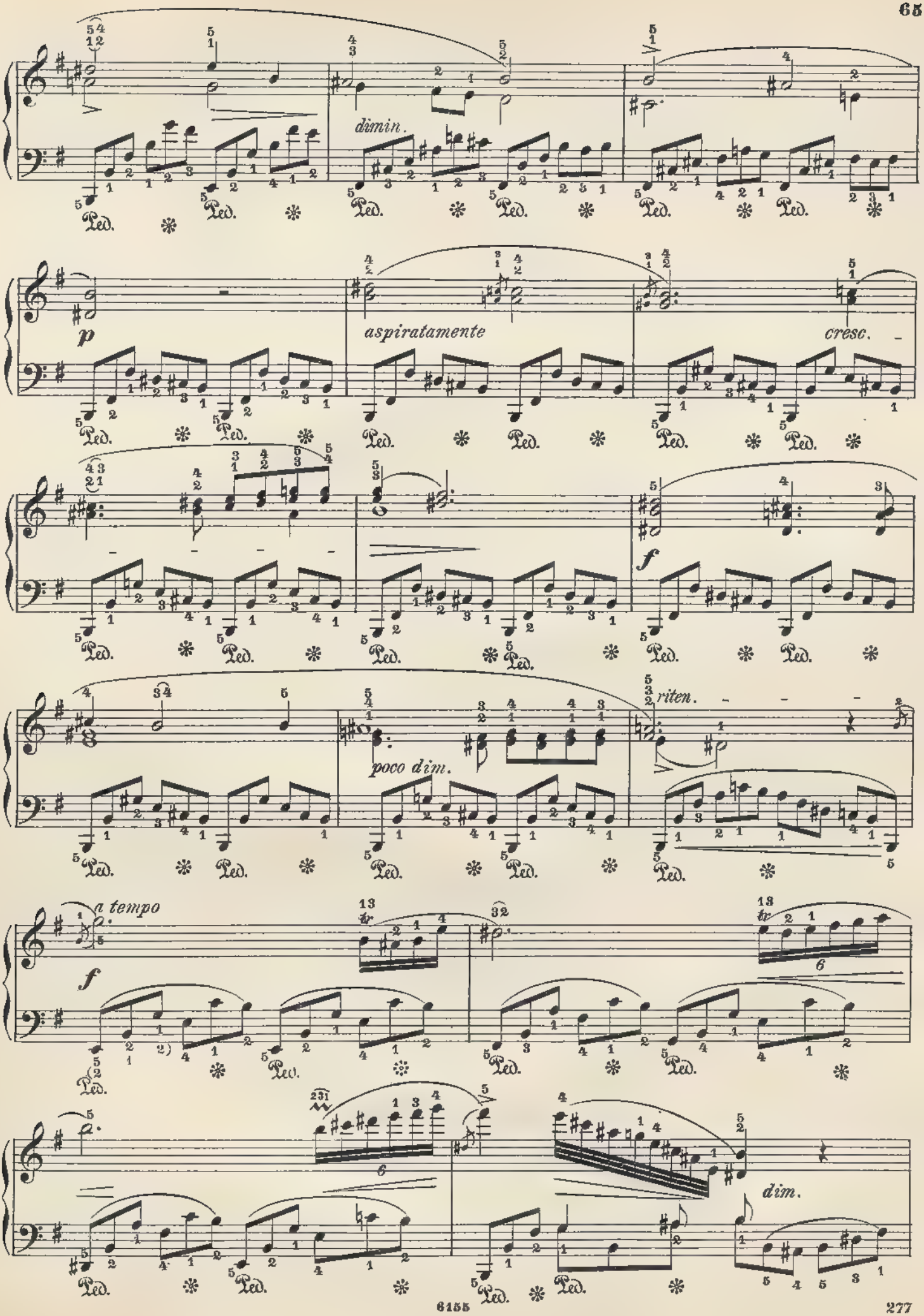
*cresc.*

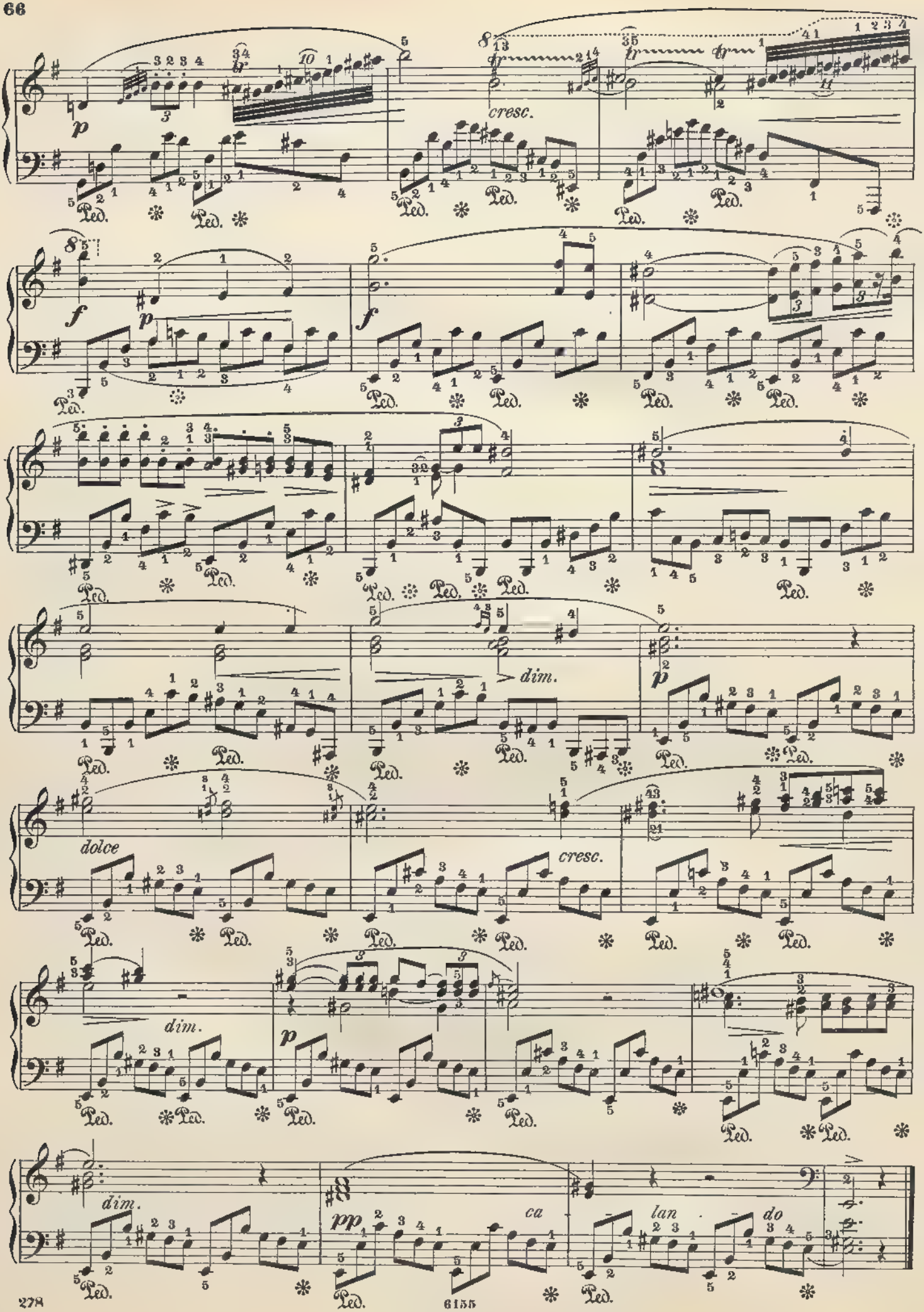
*dimin.*

*riten.*

*a tempo*

*poco a poco cresc.*


dimin.
p
aspiratamente
cresc.
f
poco dim.
riten.
a tempo
f
dim.


cresc.
dim.
dolce
cresc.
dim.
dim.
ca
lan
do

## Klavier zu 2 Händen.

Bach, J. S., Sämmtliche Werke.
1820 — Album.
276 Bach, Ph. E., 6 Sonaten (Bülow).
760 Bach, W. F., Fugen u. Polonaisen.
Beethoven, Sämmtliche Sonaten.
287 — Sämmtl. Stücke, Rondos etc.
298 — Sämmtl. Variationen (Köhler).
114 — Sämmtl. Concert. Fant. Op. 80
758 — Leichteste Comp. (Köhler).
196 — Sämmtl. Sinfonien (Wittmann).
490 — Septett, Op. 20.
1300 6 Quartette Op. 18 (Rösler).
1301 — Romanzen & Polonaisen.
371 — Lieder (Kirchner).
1894 Album.
*1130 Bendel, Spannrädchen.
*1137 Dornröschen.
1250 Am Genfer See.
1315 Berger, Etuden Op. 12.
*181 Bertini, Etuden.
Chopin, Sämmtl. Werke (Scholtz).
146 Clementi, Sonaten (Kühler).
145 — Sämmtl. Sonatinen (do.)
*147 — Gradus ad Parnassum.
1101 — Préludes & Exercices.
184 Cramer, Etuden.
*185 Pianoforte-Schule.
*1400 Czerny, Op. 299. Geläufigkeit.
*1401 — Op. 740. Fingerfertigkeit.
1896 Diabelli, Sonaten Op. 151.
1962 Sonatinen Op. 168.
274 Dussek, Sonaten & Stücke.
1402 - Sonatinen Op. 20.
491 Field, 17 Nocturnes (Köhler).
1827 Glück, Album.
1356 Grieg, Post. Tonbilder Op. 3.
1120 — Humoresken Op. 6.
1209 — Lyrische Stückchen Op. 12.
1210 Aus dem Volksleben Op. 19.
1470 — Ballade Op. 24.
1870 — Albumblätter Op. 28.
4 Händel, Compositionen (Köhler).
1821 Album.
713 Haydn, Sämmtl. Sonaten (Köhler).
484 - Compositionen.
107 - 12 berühmte Sinfonien.
1308 — Quartett-Sätze.
1822 — Album.
*290 Herz, Gammes.
*291 Exercices Op. 21.
*1067 — Bagatelles Op. 85.
275 Hummel, Sonaten und Stücke.
714 — Concerte (Am. & Hm.),
1981 — Septett.
* 1058.72 Hünten, Rondos etc.
1148 Jensen, Wanderbilder Op. 17.
1317 — Etuden Op. 32.
*.899 Kalkbrenner, Etuden.
1064 kirchner, Aquarellen Op. 21.
1185 - Walzer Op. 28.
1040 Köhler, Kinder-Uebungen Op. 218.
1812 Kinderfreund Op. 243.
1969 Praktische Klavierschule Op. 300
715 Kuhlau, Sonatinen (Kohler).
372 — Rondos (Rontzsch).
1392a Lanner-Album. Beliebte Walzer).
*1377 Liszt, 12 Schubert Lieder.
*1185 - Soirées de Vienne.
*1186 - Opernfantasien.
1187 Ungarische Fantasie.
1318 19 Löschhorn, Etuden Op. 38 u. 52.
1410 Klavier-Technik.
Mendelssohn, Sämtl. Compositionen.
1705 — Sinfonien.
1707 — Lieder
1709 Duette.
1763 — Märsche.
1 3 Album.
*1402 Moscheles, Etuden Op. 51.
Mozart, Sämmtl. Sonaten.
6 — Sämmtl. Stücke (Köhler).
278 — Sämtl. Variationen (do.)
765 — 7 Concerte (Dörffel).
198 6 berühmte Sinfonien
1305.6 Quartett- und Quintett-Sätze
1823 Album
1320 Müller, Capriees.
279 — Uebungen.
1101 Raff, Suite Op. 91.
*1162 — Cachoucha Op. 79.
1154 Impromptu-Valse Op. 54
*1165 Polka de la Reine Op. 35.
*1.69 Rubinstein, Sonate Op. 12.
*1009 Etuden Op. 23.
*1171 - Concert Op. 25
*1188 Polnische Tänze
*1189 — Album (Impromptus etc.)
277 Scarlatti, 18 Stücke (Bülow).
Schubert, Sämmtl. Sonaten.
Sämmtl. Stücke
Sämmtl. Tänze.
150 Sämmtl. Märsche.
151 4 — Lieder (Wittmann).
1307 - Octett und Quintette (Stark).
1400 — Quartette (Jadassohn).
1410 - Rosamunde (do.)
1911 — Sinfonie Hmoll (Jadassohn).
126 Sinfonie Cdur (Ulrich).
726 — Sämmtl. Märsche (Jadassohn).
1383 — Polonaisen (Jadassohn).
182. Album.
*1192 Schulhoff, Salon-Tänze.

*Schumann, Op. 1 Variationen, Op. 2 Papillons, Op. 3 Studien, Op. 4 Intermezzi, Op. 5 Impromptus, Op. 6 Davidsbündler, Op. 7 Toccata, Op. 8 Allegro, Op. 10 Etuden, Op. 11 Sonate, Op. 13 Etudes symphoniques, Op. 14 Concert, Op. 16 Kreisleriana, Op. 18 Arabeske, Op. 19 Blumenstück, Op. 20 Humoreske, Op. 23 Nachtstücke, Op. 26 Fasching, Op. 32 Klavierstücke, Op. 68 Jugend-Album, Op. 99 Bunte Blätter, Op. 111 Fantasiestücke, Op. 118 Sonate für die Jugend, Op. 124 Albumblätter.

## Klavier zu 2 Händen.

*479 Schumann, Myrthen Op. (Kirchner).
*785 — Liederkreis Op. 39 (Kirchner).
*786 — Frauenliebe Op. 42 (do.)
*1391 Dichterliebe Op. 48 (do.)
*1392 — Romanzen u. Balladen (do.)
*1393 Lieder und Gesänge (do.)
1176 Spindler, Frisches Grün Op. 5.
11 7 — Wehrspruch Op. 6.
*1518 9 Potpourri-Album.
873 Steibelt, Etuden.
* Strauss-Album I—VII, (Tänze).
*1474 Strauss-Album für die Jugend.
*1190 Thalberg, Opernfantasien.
1191 Volkmann, Buch der Lieder
476 Fantasie Bdur
*1179 Voss, Perle de Perles Op. 95.
1151 Reine de Champagne Op. 161
1107a Wagner, Kaisermarsch (Ulrich).
469 Weber, Sämmtl. Compositionen.
Album
1826 Wieck, Pianoforte-Studien.
1322 Wohlfahrt, Volks-Klavierschule.
1314 Alte Klaviermusik.
1895 Ballet-Album.
1567 Etuden-Album.
1884 Gavotte-Album.
1895 Liederschatz ohne Worte.
*396 Melodien-Album (Köhler).
763 Menuett-Album (do.)
*784 Salon-Album: Beliebte Salonstücke v. Badarzewska, Jaell, Jungmann, Kontski, Kuhe, Leybach, Liszt, Oesten, Raff, Richards, Rubinstein, Spindler, Voss, Wollenhaupt.)
1233 Sonatinen-Album.
* Leichte Transcriptionen und Opern-Potpourris (Felix).
* Opern Potpourris in Form von Fantasien (Oliviert).

## Ouverturen zu 2 und 4 Händen.

Beethoven. Bellini, Rossini. —*Boieldieu, Herold, Auber *Cherubini. — Gluck, Haydn, Mehul, Paër. — Mendelssohn. — Mozart. Schubert, Spohr — *Schumann Suppé. — Weber.

## Klavierauszüge zu 2 u. 4 Händen.

(ohne Text.)

*Stumme von Portici.—*Maurer u. Schlosser. — Matthäus-Passion. — Fidelio. - Egmont - Norma. —Nachtwandlerin.—*Weisse Dame Johann von Paris *Wasserträger Heimliche Ehe *Lucia. Orpheus -- Messias Schöpfung Jahreszeiten - Zauberflöte - Zar - Waffenschmied - Undine — Wilhelm Tell. Paulus Elias. Sommernachtstraum - Walpurgisnacht. — Lobgesang — Athalia Antigone. - Oedipus. — Entführung. — Don Juan Figaro. Zauberflöte Requiem Barbier - Jessonda Freischütz — Oberon Euryanthe. Preciosa — *Trovatore *Martha. Nachtlager

## Klavier zu 4 Händen.

Bach, J. S., Orgelcompositionen Sonaten
1056 Bach, Ph. Em., Sinfonie Ddur
1057 Bach, W. F., Orgelconcert
255 Beethoven, Original Compositionen
9,10 Sinfonien.
935 36 Violin- und Violoncell-Sonaten.
937/38 — Streich- und Klavier-Trios.
939,40 — Streichquartette und Quintette, Klavierquintett und Sextette.
941 — Septett.
11 — Concerte.
992 — Concerte.
*183 Bertini, Etuden Op. 97.
*1324 Cherubini, Quartette.
1921/4 Chopin, Walzer, Mazurkas etc.
1923 Clementi, Sonaten.
1872 Diabelli, Sonatinen.
1005 Gade, Märsche Op. 18.
1430 Grieg, Symphonische Stücke.
1058 Händel, Fugen
186 Haydn, Sinfonien
993,94 Trios und Quartette.
725 Hummel, Sonaten und Nocturno.
1325 — Septett.
1006 Kiel, Kleine Sonaten Op. 6.
728 Kuhlau, Sonatinen
1382b Lanner-Album (Beliebte Walzer).
1716 Mendelssohn, Sinfonien
1717 21 Octett, Quintette, Quartette, Trios, Concerte
1722 Lieder und Gesänge
1723 Lieder ohne Worte.
1734 — Märsche
13 Mozart, Sämmtl. Original-Compos.
187 Sinfonien
905 — Trios.
906 - Klavierquartette und Quintett.
907 08 - Streich-Quartette und Quintett.
999 Concerte.
1327 — Original-Compos. für 2 Pianos.
*1326 Onslow, Sonaten.
Schubert, Original-Compositionen.
155 - Sämmtl. 16 Märsche
749 Sämmtl. Polonaisen.
787 Sämmtl. Tänze
719 720 28 — Lieder
752 - Sonaten
724 — Stücke.
769/70 — Duos und Trios.
771 72 Quintette und Quartette.
773 - Octett. Op. 166.
127 Cdur-Sinfonie.
766/69 — Tragische, Bdur u. Hmoll-Sinf.
*784 Schumann, Klavierquart. Op. 47.
*1498 — Studien für Pedalflügel Op. 56.
*1403 - Cdur Sinfonie Op. 61.
*1478 Fantasie Op. 73.
*1.18 Marsche Op. 76.
*1847 — 12 Klavierstücke Op. 85.
*1848 — Ball-Scenen Op. 109.

## Klavier zu 4 Händen.

1 12 Spohr, Nocturne Op. 34
* Strauss-Album I—VII, (Tänze).
1108 Wagner, Kaisermarsch
1884 Weber, Sämtl. Original-Compositionen
1585 — Compositionen Op. 21, 62, 65, 72
1063 Concertstücke Op. 26 und 79.
1064 — Concertstück Op. 79.
1330 Wohlfahrt, Kinderfreund Op. 87
*1164 Melodien-Album. 3 Bde.
1978 Pianoforte-Album.
1109 Salon-Album.

## 2 Klaviere zu 8 Händen.

1115 Beethoven, Septett
1106,8 Beethoven, Mozart, Weber, Ouvert
1780 Mendelssohn, Ouverturen
1409 Schumann, Genoveva-Ouverture.
1226 Wagner, Kaisermarsch.

## Violine allein.

228 Bach, Sonaten.
* Dancla, Etuden Op. 68, 78, 74.
283 Fiorillo, 36 Etuden (Hermann).
1981 Gavinies, Etuden (Hermann).
1897 Hermann, Violinschule.
2031 — Etuden für Anfänger.
284 Kreutzer, 40 Etuden.
1810 Mazas, Etudes spéciales.
*1984 Paganini, 24 Capricen.
281 Rode, 24 Capricen
*1983 Rode, Kreutzer, Baillot, Schule.
*1867 Strauss-Album.

## 2 Violinen.

*1081 Dancla, Duos Cah. I—XI
1080 Gebauer, Duos Faciles
1082 Hauptmann, Duos Op. 2.
1083 Jansa, Duos Op. 16, 51, 81
1084 Kalliwoda, Duos Op. 178—181.
1055.6 Mazas, Duos Op. 38a Op. 52 1
1776 Mendelssohn, Lieder ohne Worte
1085 Pleyel, Op. 8, 48, 59 (David).
1086 Spohr, Op. 3, 9, 39, 67, 148, 150, 153.
1087 Viotti, Duos Cah. I XIII
1987/9 Melodien-Album.

## Klavier und Violine.

Bach, Sämmtliche Werke.
13a Beethoven, Sämtl. Sonaten (David).
13b — Sämmtl. Variat. u. Rondos (do.)
189 - Concert Op. 61 und Romanzen
.18a Sämmtl. Violoncell-Sonaten arr
1011 Sämmtl. Streich-Trios. Hermann
1335 — Quartette Op. 18 (Hermann).
1337 Septett Op. 20
Berühmte Ouverturen.
Bellini, Rossini, Boi Ouverturen
19 67 Chopin, Walzer, Mazurkas, Nocturnes.
*1088 Dancla, 6 ital. Opern Op. 83.
1.01 Grieg, Sonate Op. 8.
287 88 Hauptmann, Sonat. Op. 5 u. 23.
130 Haydn, Sämmtl. Sonaten (David).
1331 - 6 Sinfonien (Hermann).
1332 6 Quartette (do.)
*1085 Jansa, Opernfrei. I—XII.
1090 Kalliwoda, Walzer Op. 103.
1091 Kreutzer, Conc. 13, 14, 18, 19
1382c Lanner-Album. (Beliebte Walzer.
1092/93 Laub, Romanze und Polonaise.
1.31 Mendelssohn, Concert
1788 — Lieder und Gesänge.
1734 Lieder ohne Worte.
1736 Berühmte Ouverturen.
1786 Märsche
1 Mozart, Sämmtl. Sonaten.
1333 3 Sinfonien (Hermann).
1334/35 - Quartette, 3 Quintette.
Berühmte Ouverturen.
*1 90 Paganini, Compositionen.
1084 Rode, Airs variés.
1095 — Conc. 4, 6, 7, 8 (Hermann).
*1338 Rubinstein, Sonate Op. 13.
*1339 Concert Op. 46.
1341 Rust, Sonate (David)
Schubert, Sonatinen (David).
156a Duos Op. 30. 137, 160. 162 (David
156l — Lieder (Hermann).
1112 Märsche (do.
*1157a Schumann, Op. 73 Fantasiestücke
1158a — Op. 102 Stücke im Volkston
*1159 — Op. 113 Märchenbilder
1096 Spohr, Potpourri Op. 40
1097 — 6 Salonstücke Op. 145.
1098 - Concert 2, 5, 7, 8, 11 (David)
* Strauss-Album I—VII, (Tänze).
1449 Suppé, Berühmte Ouverturen.
1.00 Tartini, Sonaten
110 Viotti, Concert 22, 23, 28 29 Horn)
191 Weber, Sämmtl. Sonaten (David).
391 Berühmte Ouverturen
*729 Melodien-Album.
1413 Sammlung klassischer Stücke
*1028 Potpourri-Album (Spindler).
*1110 Salon-Album.

## Klavier und Violoncell.

748 Beethoven, Sonaten.
1.18 Chopin, Walzer Mazurkas etc.
1.13 Romberg, Concerte.
*1.07b Schumann, Op. 73 Fantasiestücke
*1458b — Stücke im Volkston.

## Trios.

196 Beethoven, Klavier Trios
194 - Sämtl. Trios u. Serenade.
192 Haydn, Klavier-Trios.
753 Hummel, Klavier-Trios.

## Trios.

17 Mendelssohn, Klavier-Trio
193 Mozart, Klavier-Trios.
1077 Reissiger, Klavier-Trios.
1.7 Schubert, Klavier-Trios.

## Quartette.

1.5 Beethoven, Streichquartette.
*1.96 Cherubini, Streichquartette
16 Haydn, Streichquartette.
272 Mozart, Klavierquartette.
1617 — Streichquartette.
1.68 Schubert, Streichquartette.
*783 Schumann, Klavierquartett

## Quintette.

599 Beethoven, Streichquintette.
1743 Mendelssohn, Streichquintette.
1819 Mozart, Streichquintette.
Schubert, Klavier- u. Streichquint.

## Harmonium.

984 Album I—X. (Stapf und Bibl.)

## Gesänge.

Abt, Album I—II hoch u. tief
*1446 Aprile, Exercices.
180 Beethoven, Sämmtliche Lieder
1425 Brauns, Duette Op. 28.
1460 — Lieder Op. 48
* Concone, Leçons de Chant.
1044 Curschmann, Album, hoch u. tief
Franz, Album I—VI.
466a/c Grieg, Album I—III.
1119 Gumbert, Album hoch u. tief
1851 Haydn, Sämmtliche Lieder
1453 Jensen, Album, hoch u. tief.
1268 kirchner, 1 Lieder Op. 1
Klicken, Album I—III, hoch u. tief.
781 - Duette Op. 8.
1105 Loewe, Album (Balladen) 2 Bde.
1358 Lützen, Kleine Lieder Album
1774 Mendelssohn, Sämmtliche Lieder
1747 — Duette
290 Mozart, Lieder, hoch u. tief
1442 Proch, Album
2014 Reissiger, Album
*1444 Rossini, Solfèges
Schubert, Sämmtl. 333 Lieder.
1055 — Terzette, Op. 74 u. 104
*775 Schumann, Album I—III. (Lieder)
116 Duette Op. 78.
1357 Taubert, Kinderlieder, hoch u. tief.
478 Weber, Lieder, hoch u. tief
1115 Winter, Sargesänge
Arien-Album f. Sopran, Mezzo-Sopran
Alt, Tenor, Bariton u. Bass
1124 Chor-Album für hohe Stimmen
1125 Choralbuch für hohe
738 Duett-Album 42 Duette.
1315 Instructives Album.
*1350 Italienisches Album (Ital. Arien).
383 Jugend-Album (12 Kinderlieder)
1348 Lieder-Album m. Piano u. Viol.
396 Lieder-Schatz (60 Volks-, Vaterl.-, Soldaten-, Jäger- etc. Lieder
*984 Solfeggien-Album hoch, mittel u. tief
797 Terzett-Album (8 Terzette
1011 Volkslieder-Album (80 Volksliedern).

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*Stumme *Maurer Matthäus-Passion Hmoll-Messe. — Weihnachts-Oratorium Johannes-Passion. — 96 Cantaten. — 4 Messen Bach. Fidelio. Egmont Missa solemnis. — Norma. Nachtwandlerin. Romeo. *Weisse Dame — Johann von Paris Dornröschen *Medea. *Wasserträger. Ambroise. — *Americaner Lodoiska — Faniska Lodoiska EF — Lucia Lebestrank — Martha *Stumme v. Orpheus Alceste Paris und Helena Iphigenia in Aulis — Armide Iphigenia auf Tauris. Tod Jesu. Messias. — Judas Maccabäus. — Josua. Samson — Israel in Egypten Alexanderfest Schöpfung Jahreszeiten Zauberflöte Nachtlager — Wasserträger. Vampyr. Undine Templer und Jüdin Preciosa — Freischütz Oberon Euryanthe Wehrspruch und Lobgesang Sommernachtstraum Walpurgisnacht — Athalia Antigone Oedipus Lorelay Loreley Lobgesang Entführung. Don Juan. — Zauberflöte. — Titus — Cosi fan tutte — *Lustige Weiber Barbier *Faust (Spohr). — *Vestalin. — *Trovatore Africaine — Freischütz Oberon Euryanthe — Abu Hassan.

## Partituren und Chorstimmen.

Bach. Chöre. Matthäus-Passion; Hmoll-Messe, Weihnachts-Oratorium, Johannes-Passion, Motette, Magnificat Orgelwerke. Beethoven. Symphonien, Ouverturen, Streich-Trios, Quartette, *Quintette, Septett, Concert Fidelio, Missa solemnis, Egmont, Coriolan, Prometheus, Bellini, *Weisse Dame, Gluck, Orpheus. Händel, Messias, Haydn, Schöpfung, Jahreszeiten, Quartette, Symphonien, Messe. Joseph Mendelssohn, Symphonien, Ouverturen, Octett, Quartette, Quintette, Psalm 42, Sommernachtstraum, Walpurgisnacht, Lobgesang, Märchenmusik, Lieder für gem. Chor und Männerchor. Mozart, Requiem, Quartette, Symphonien, Figaro, Don Juan, Zauberflöte. Schubert. Quartett, Quartettsatz, Octett, Symphonien, Gesänge für gem. Chor und Männerchor. Pfeiffer-Chor. Schumann, *Faust, Genoveva. Wagner, Kaisermarsch. Weber, Freischütz.

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